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### Holland City News, Volume 21, Number 2: February 6, 1892

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XXI.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1892.

NO. 2.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

L. Mulder - Publisher.

Rates of advertising made known on application. "GRODWER and NAWs" Steam Printing House, River Street, Holland, Mich.

## FOR SALE.

AT A BARGAIN. I have a house and lot for sale at a great bargain, and on very easy terms, if sold at once.

This is an opportunity that does not often present itself. It will pay you to investigate.

Also a few more lots at the low price of \$200.

W. C. WALSH.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 18, '91

IF YOU WILL WRITE TO

J. H. BACHELER, M. D.,  
CANCER SPECIALIST, 28 MOYRE ST.,  
Grand Rapids, Michigan.

HE will send you free a Circular, that carefully and fully describes the symptoms of all forms of cancer. The circular also gives the names and post office address of more than 100 persons he has cured of cancer by his plaster treatment. — Office hours: 10 to 12; 2 to 4 p. m. — Telephone No. 1088. 9-1y

J. G. Huizinga, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat.

Office in Meyer & Son's building, one door north of the music store, River street. Office hours: 11 to 12 a. m., 1:30 to 4 p. m., and evenings. Can also be found at his office during the night. Holland, Mich., April 28, 1891. 23 ly

## Newspapers and Periodicals

Can be obtained at reduced rates of the local agent in this city. Leave your orders for any publication in the U. S. or Canada at the Post Office, with

C. De Keyzer,

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891. 15lf

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### Attorneys and Justices.

DIEKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, L. J., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, John Pessink Proprietor, Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

### Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK, with Savings Department, Capital, \$35,000. L. Cappon, President; I. Marsille, Cashier. Eighth street.

### Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlors, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

### Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

KANE, P. W., druggist and bookseller. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

### Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishings, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

CRANDALL, S. B., dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DE JONGH, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DEVRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEEKETEE, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Groceries in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc., Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats, and Caps, Flour, Produce, etc. River Street

WISE, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street.

### Furniture.

BROUWER, JAS. A., Dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer & Co's old stand, River St.

### Hardware.

KANTERSBROS., dealers in general hardware, Steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52 Eighth street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FLEEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kleyn, Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street.

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, Scott & Schuurman, Proprietors, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and brick. River street.

### Merchant Tailors.

PRUSSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

### Meat Markets.

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER, dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, River street.

### Physicians.

HUIZINGA, J. G., M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office cor. of River and Eighth Sts. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m. Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat a specialty.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market. Office at the drug store of H. Kremers. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MARBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's drug at residence, corner of Eighth and Fish streets. In the house formerly occupied by L. S. Speltz. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., and 5 to 6 p. m.

### Saloons.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

### Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

STEVENSON, C. A., successor to H. Wykhuyzen, Jeweler and Optician, Eighth street opposite Walsh's drug store.

### Miscellaneous.

WOLTMAN, A., Manufacturer of Fine Havana Cigars, and dealer in Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, etc.

KEPPEL, T., dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, salt, lead and calced plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar street.

## SOCIETIES.

### F. & A. M.

Regular communications of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening, Jan. 13, Feb. 10, March 9, April 6, May 11, June 8, July 6, August 3, Oct. 5, Nov. 2, Nov. 30. St. John's days June 24 and December 27. D. L. BOYD, W. M. O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

### K. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 68, meets in K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 p. m., on Monday night next. All true Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance ever known. Full particulars given on application.

### A Hound.

A full blooded greyhound has stopped with me, for about two weeks. The owner can obtain the same by paying for the keeping. GEORGE HUNTLEY. Holland, Mich., Feb. 4, 1892.

### W. H. Burton

Desires to announce to the citizens of Holland that he has bought out the meat market and business of P. A. Kleis, on River street, and leased the premises for a stated period.

He will continue to carry on the business to the satisfaction of all the old patrons and as many new ones as may favor him with their trade.

A choice selection of meats, and poultry in its season, will be constantly kept on hand. Holland, Mich., Feb. 2, 1892. 1w.

### Back at the Old Stand.

Dr. M. Veenboer again resides for the present, in his new block No. 50 Bostwick Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Telephone No.—Residence 1057; Office 708. Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Sundays 9 to 10 a. m. Evenings hours Wednesdays and Saturdays from 7 to 8 o'clock. 1-ly

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions; and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at P. W. Kane's Drug Store.

Vitalized Air administered for the painless extraction of teeth, at the Central Dental Parlors.

At Takken & De Spelder's Bob Sleights can be bought at cost price.

All kinds of metal plate work done at the Central Dental Parlors. Call and see samples.

Barler's Oil Heaters are neatly finished and perfectly odorless. For sale at KANTERS BROS.

Bob Sleights at cost, at TAKKEN & DE SPELDER.

All kinds of job work neatly executed at the News office.

## CITY AND VICINITY.

Gradually the days are lengthening.

St. Valentine Day—a week from Sunday.

Wm. Swift has resigned his position as passenger conductor on the C. & W. M.

The board of supervisors will meet in adjourned session week from next Monday.

January closed with a thaw, breaking up the fine sleighing and checking the ice harvest.

George Huntley has in his possession a full-blooded greyhound, which is at the disposal of the owner.—See notice.

The C. & W. M. will erect a \$50,000 union depot building at Muskegon upon a site adjoining the lake, recently acquired.

At the residence of the late James C. Souther, on the Lake Shore, an auction sale will be held by Geo. H. Souther, on Friday, Feb. 12. See notice.

The annual pew-renting of the Third Ref. church came off Monday evening. The scale of prices governing last year was adopted for this year, and the demand for pews was quite spirited.

Says the Coopersville Observer: "Prof. A. W. Taylor's condition is extremely critical. He has been very near death's door during the past week. His friends throughout the county are in hopes of a change for the better."

A Holland woman at Kalamazoo gave birth to a child one day last week which is in a measure a freak. On the right arm is as well-developed foot and on the left leg a hand. The child is large and healthy and otherwise perfectly developed.

The township of Zeeland is the banner town in the county this year, having collected its taxes and made the settlement with the county treasurer all within the month of January. Only one parcel was returned delinquent for state and county tax, amounting to \$5.37.

State Oil Inspector O'Brien's report shows that the total number of barrels inspected during the year was 325,041, an increase of 25,767 bbls over 1890. This represents the extra quantity of oil which consumers were required to purchase last year because of the squawbuck oil law, which lowered both the test and the quality of Michigan oil, thus requiring the consumption of a greater amount to produce the desired effect.

For the information of parties engaged in cutting ice we quote the following provision of the state law: "It shall be the duty of any person or persons who are, or who may hereafter be, engaged in the procuring of ice from any of the streams or lakes of this state, to erect or cause to be erected, place, or cause to be placed, at or near all places where they shall be cutting ice, suitable danger signals." The penalty for a violation of the above is \$100 fine, or 90 days in the county jail.

The Oakland County Lincoln Club will hold its annual meeting and banquet at Pontiac, on Friday, the 12th inst. In the list of speakers we notice also the name of G. J. Diekema, of this city, who will respond to the following: "The people's will can only be expressed where there is a free ballot and a fair election." (It is better and safer to hold men up than to hold them down, and the ballot in their hands is less dangerous to society than a sense of wrong is in their heads.—James Russell Lowell.) Among noted men of this state whose presence will grace the occasion are Gen. R. A. Alger, Ex-Gov. Luce, Hon. John T. Rich, E. P. Allen, Judge Moore, and Gen. B. M. Cutcheon.

Monday was a busy day in the criminal courts of our local magistrates. Four of our matured young men were arraigned for drunken conduct at and near the skating rink Saturday evening, and upon their plea of guilty were let off each with paying a fine of eight dollars and costs of prosecution. A Swedish new-comer, guilty that same evening while under the influence of liquor of insolent conduct on the street towards a lady, was made to realize that such misbehavior was not tolerated in this locality, and upon a due apology to the offended party was let off with a fine of ten dollars and costs. Another case of drunk and disorderly was dismissed upon a remittance of seven dollars fine and costs. That same evening Adrian and Frank Kuite were detained by the city marshal and placed in the city lock-up for a serious disturbance of the peace in the saloon of C. J. Richardson. They will be tried next Saturday, before justice Van Schelven, on the charge of assault and battery.

Wheat 90 cents.

Ex-Gov. Blair is laid up with the gripe.

Lainsburg, Shiawassee county, shipped 1,600 rabbits in one day.

At the house of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Roost, Wednesday night—a dangle.

The validity of the new tax law was argued before the supreme court at Lansing, Wednesday.

The American Express Co. has gladdened the heart of its agent in this city, Mr. O. Breyman, with a new delivery wagon.

J. E. Benjamins has become the proprietor of Robert Kleyn's incubator, and is getting ready for the Chicago poultry market, of 1893.

On Friday, Feb. 12, a public auction will be held at the farm of Henry Barneveld, Sec. 33, Allendale. C. D. Schilleman, auctioneer.

If your cellar is damp put a box of lime in it to absorb the moisture. It will also serve to prevent foul and unwholesome odors. Lime is a great purifier.

unions jointly constitute the Central Labor Union of the city of Holland, its sessions being made up of three delegates from each union, and meeting whenever occasion may require.

Asa Williams, passenger conductor on the Allegan-Muskegon division of the C. & W. M. since the road was first opened, has been compelled by reason of ill-health to resign his position.

John Vollpert, an employe at the Grand Rapids office of the C. & B. Leather Co. had his left foot amputated this week, below the ankle, as the result of an injury received about one year ago.

At a meeting of the directors of the Holland City State Bank, held Monday last, a dividend of ten per cent was declared after first setting aside a like amount for the surplus fund, as required by law.

List of letters advertised for the week ending Feb. 4th 1892 at the Holland Mich. P. O.

Mrs. Beniah Belding, Mrs. Calvescart, Mrs. Ellis Cheuey, Miss Gertie Van Leroy, Mr. John Ream.

G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.

Evert Takken, lately removed to this city from Douglas, has occupied his new blacksmith shop on Market street, and elsewhere in this issue announces himself prepared to do all kinds of work required in this line. Mr. Takken is no stranger to this community and his reputation as a first-class mechanic is thoroughly established.

During the week the press in this and other states have again and again repeated the rumors of the absorption of the C. & W. M. and D. L. & N. railroads by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, with a view of preventing these roads falling into the hands of the Grand Trunk. However, in every instance these statements were accompanied by a denial on the part of some of the officials of the roads involved.

The members of the Fire Department have succeeded in raising by subscription among the businessmen and citizens of Holland a purse sufficient to procure them a neat uniform. The list foots up \$340, and will be divided equally between the two Hose Companies, Eagle No. 1, and Columbia No. 2, each with a membership of twelve. No. 1's uniform will be a blue and No. 2's a gray color. The cloth is already in the hands of Messrs. W. Brusse & Co. and Bosman Brothers. At the annual meeting of Eagle Hose Co. Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected: Foreman, G. Anderson; ass't foreman, Frank Molegraaf; sec'y, John Dyk; treas., David Blom.

The mechanical trades of this city have been gradually organizing until to-day Holland can muster five separate organizations or unions, to-wit: Tanners and Carriers, Bricklayers and Masons, Knights of Labor, Carpenters and Joiners, and the Industrials. The last named is not confined to any one particular trade, but takes in all vocations not particularly designated by the others. Of the above the Carpenters and Joiners union is the latest, having just perfected its organization by the election of the following officers: President, E. Takken; vice pres., Geo. E. Lawson; sec'y, W. Van Arooy; treas. John Donahue. They are known as Assembly No. 441 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, and will meet regularly on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month, in Harrington's hall. The ultimate object of these several organizations is to regulate a fair and equitable scale of wages for its members. These several

Zeeland township is also having its full quota of gripe sufferers.

The Odd Fellows in Grand Rapids will build a fourteen-story temple.

On Monday auctioneer C. D. Schilleman will hold a public sale at the farm of John Vereke, Noordeloos.

The fruits of Mackinac were bridged over by ice last week, teams crossing from one shore to the other.

It is said that it will take 20 years yet before all the pine tributary to the Muskegon river will be cut off.

We are requested to give notice that the Rev. Sam Small will deliver his popular lecture in the Opera House, at Grand Haven, March 3, 1892.

W. H. Burton has bought out the meat market of P. Kleis, on River street, and will continue the business at the old stand. See notice.

Ex-president Cleveland has been invited by the citizens of Detroit to visit them on Feb. 23, the day following his address before the University students at Ann Arbor.

Our friend M. Coburn, at present at the Detroit College of Medicine, has been honored with the election of president of the Literary Society connected with that institution.

G. R. Democrat: The field work of the survey for the freight line between Grand Rapids and Grand Haven by way of Jenison is completed and the profiles are being prepared by Surveyor Skeels.

The members of the national democratic executive committee have no fear that the recent water famine in Chicago will in anywise injure the prospects of the great convention to be held there in June. If necessary a democrat can go without water a whole week.

The Y. M. C. A. of the Market street H. C. Ref. church, will hold a public meeting on Thursday, Feb. 11, at 7:30 p. m., in the church. An entertaining program of literary exercises will be rendered, interspersed with music. A general invitation is extended.

The Junior Class of Hope College will give their annual exhibition to the public on Friday evening, Feb. 12, at 7:30 p. m., in the college chapel. The day being the anniversary of President Lincoln's birth, the program has been arranged commemorative of that event. The public are cordially invited.

G. R. Democrat: "The friends of the Rev. R. C. Crawford called on the aged couple Thursday evening and aided in celebrating the seventy fifth birthday of Mr. Crawford. The company left many substantial remembrances of their visit. Both Mr. and Mrs. Crawford are recovering from a long illness."

The N. N. A. Club of this city will give its first annual party at Lyceum Opera House, Friday evening, Feb. 12, 1891. Prof. Braun's orchestra of Grand Rapids will be in attendance. Committee on Arrangements—Messrs. F. M. Gillespie, Will Breyman, W. D. Hopkins, C. E. Lemley. Committee on Reception—Messrs. J. D. Kanters, Will Boyd, F. M. Gillespie, Will Laureaux, W. D. Hopkins. Tickets \$2.00, to be procured at O. Breyman & Son.

CHURCH ITEMS.—Theol. student A. M. Van Duine has received a call from Holland, Neb.—Rev. J. J. Van Zanten of Grand Haven has declined the call from Graafschap.—Rev. H. E. Dosker, of the Third Ref. church of this city will again occupy his pulpit, Sunday.—Rev. W. H. Williamson of Irving Park, Ill., was in the city Tuesday, and in the evening delivered his lecture, "The Legacy of Calvinism," before the students of the Theol. Seminary, in the First Ref. church.—Rev. W. Moerdyk of Muskegon has declined a call to Rochester, N. Y.—Rev. J. Keizer of Graafschap has received a call from Pella, Ia.

At the meeting of the Holland Improvement Association, held in G. A. R. hall, Friday evening, it was announced that there was a fair prospect of securing to this city a boat building establishment, which would give employment to about thirty hands. The parties who thus contemplate locating here are Messrs. Truscott & Co., of Grand Rapids. The conditions incident to their coming here were explained to the meeting. They involve a site, with water frontage, and a donation of \$1,000 towards erecting the factory. The project was well received by those present, and a committee appointed to make a canvass among our citizens, with a view of obtaining the required amount. As such committee president Beach appointed Messrs. A. M. Kanters, P. H. McBride, W. C. Walsh, S. Habing, and J. P. Smith.

The 8th Mich. Infy will re-une June 17, at Bancroft.

There will be service in Grace Episcopal church, next Sunday evening.

The date for the next Allegan County fair has been fixed for Sept. 27—Oct. 1.

The Walsh-De Roo roller mills are engaged in placing an immense derrick in position, near their engine house.

The state of Georgia raised last year and will continue to raise annually \$400,000, for pensions to the widows of its Confederate dead.

Benton Harbor is not going to receive the tack factory that was promised from Grand Crossing Ill., although a site and a side track had been prepared for it. The stockholders have had a disagreement.

The next lecture in the students course will be delivered by the Rev. J. T. Bergen, in the First Reformed church, on Tuesday evening next, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "A critical study in the Crito." Everybody is invited.

The almanacs tell us that in 1892 there will be four eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon. There will also be an eclipse of the Squawbuck Reform element of Michigan, in November, visible all over the state.

Det. Journal: Bröder Jones, parson ob de culled Baptist flock ob Kal'mazoo, nebber done gone stole no can fruit from nobody. Fo'de Justis ob de Peace Wattles he was sot free, an' one ob his magnitudinous par'shioners what's name is Lucas swoe he done gib de parson de partieklar can ob choke cherries foe he was 'rested on 'spicion. De liberatin' jubilee will be held in de meetin' house nex' Sabbath mornin'.

## Personal Mention.

Sheriff Vaupell was in the city Monday.

Tony De Kruif of Zeeland is seriously ill.

Miss Gertie Van Haften is on the sick list.

T. M. Clark was in Grand Rapids, Saturday.

P. Boot went to Grand Rapids Wednesday.

Geo. S. Harrington is out again, though not entirely better.

Ja's Huntley and daughter were in Muskegon, Wednesday.

Miss Mary Herold spent the week with friends in Grand Rapids.

G. J. Diekema's law business called him to Grand Haven, Monday.

Geo. H. Sipp and wife are both recovering from their recent illness.

C. Blom, Sr., and daughter Martha took in the Valley city, Wednesday.

I. Verwey, of the *Grondbodet*, made Muskegon a business visit this week.

H. Wykhuyzen has recovered from his recent illness and resumed business.

Dr. Wm. Van Putten was not so well again this week as the week before.

Henry Vincent, one of the fruit growers of Grand Haven town, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. T. Koetsier and daughter of Grand Haven, visited with friends in the city, this week.

Miss Edie Doornink of Grand Rapids has been visiting with her sister Mrs. Rev. H. E. Dosker.

T. Keppel returned from his visit to Milwaukee, Friday, and is again enjoying fairly good health.

Mrs. Emily Goss has taken a position as bookkeeper with Eaton, Lyon & Co., Grand Rapids.

John Van der Veen returned Saturday, from a two weeks' visit with his brothers in Grand Rapids.

Drs. O. E. Yates and H. Kremers attended the banquet of the Grand Rapids Medical Association, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Beucus of Cedar Springs, visited two days this week with friends and relatives in the city.

# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## NOW GARZA MUST "GIT."

HE IS SHOOTING UNCLE SAM'S SCOUTS.

Another Horrifying Disaster at New York—After a Delinquent Railroad—Important Question in Wisconsin—A Michigan Freak—A Vicious Cincinnati Mob.

The Lawmakers. In the Senate, the 2d, House bill to amend the act for the construction of a railroad and wagon bridge across the Mississippi River at South St. Paul, Minn., was reported and passed. It extends the time and changes the location about one mile. The Committee on Privileges and Elections made a report in the case of the Claggett-Dubois contest for a seat in the Senate from the State of Idaho, in favor of Mr. Dubois. The report and resolutions lie on the table and will be taken up at an early day. Mr. Palmer introduced a joint resolution to amend the Constitution so as to have United States Senators elected by popular vote, and gave notice that he would on some convenient occasion address the Senate on the subject. The following bills were then passed: Appropriating \$10,000 for a public building in Grand Forks, N. D. To increase the endowment of the Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College and the Southern University of Louisiana. (Granting \$2,000 acres of the public lands in Louisiana.) The Senate then went into executive session, in which some nominations were referred to committees, and adjourned. The House is still discussing rules.

### SHOT DOWN BY REVOLUTIONISTS.

R. B. Glover, an American Scout, Killed by Garza's Bushwhackers.

More American blood has been shed by Garza's band of revolutionists. A telegram was received at Fort McIntosh from Captain Chase, of D troop, which announced that while scouting ahead of the main forces a scout and trapper, R. B. Glover, was shot and killed by the revolutionists. Juan Moreno's horse was also killed. Captain Chase, with D troop, was moving in pursuit of a band of these desperate bushwhackers, and Glover was sent ahead to scout through the bush. Some time late in the afternoon Captain Chase came upon the dead body of the scout. The shooting occurred out of hearing of the troop, and it is not known at what time he was killed. Glover was a noted trapper and scout.

### TENEMENT HOUSE HORROR.

Russian Hebrews Hemmed In by Fire in a New York Tenement.

In New York a fire occurred in a rear four-story tenement house at 87 Hester street, which was occupied by eight families of Russian Hebrews, numbering in all forty persons. The fire originated through the accidental upsetting of a kerosene oil lamp in the apartments of Solomon Zalinski on the second floor, and spread with amazing rapidity through the rickety old tenement. The escape of the inmates by the stairway was cut off, and, panic-stricken, they fled to the roof and to the fire-escapes. Seven of them were so badly frightened by the near approach of the fire that they leaped to the courtyard below. All sustained serious injuries and two of the injured will die.

### ATTACHED A DEPOT.

A Missouri Collector Trying to Squeeze Taxes Out of a Railway Company.

At Carthage, Mo., the County Collector was told by so many taxpayers that they would not pay their taxes until he compelled the St. Louis and San Francisco Road to pay up its back taxes that he decided to make a determined effort to get the money. He, with two Deputy Sheriffs, went to the depot with the intention of seizing the freight locomotives as they passed, but word went over the line, and the train whizzed through the depot so rapidly that he could do nothing. He then attached the depot, with all furniture and freight therein, and completely blocked the business of the road as far as that town is concerned, as he holds the books.

### McMAHON HALL OF PHILOSOPHY.

The Second Building of the Catholic University to Be Begun This Year.

The donation of Father McMahon to the Catholic University having become available, the McMahon Hall of Philosophy will be under way in Washington before the close of next season. The corner-stone will, it is expected, be laid in April. The building, the second of six that are to make the university circle, will be 250 feet in length, and will contain accommodations for the biological department, the school of law and social science, natural philosophy, art and literature. A statue of the Redeemer, the "Light of the World," will surmount the central portion of the building.

### BOMBARDED BY AN ANGRY MOB.

The House in Which the Hicks Murder Occurred Rendered Untenable.

"Lynch the murderer" was the placard found on the front door of the "house of horrors" on West Sixth street by the police of Cincinnati. A large crowd of men and boys had gathered in front of the den where Nick Delmore, the Italian, murdered Farmer Hicks and committed other crimes. An attack made on the house the other day was repeated by the mob. The bombardment started shortly after 9 o'clock. The crowd was led by a half-drunken fellow, and they began to demolish the old frame building, and would have razed it had it not been for the prompt arrival of the police.

### Have an Eyeless Child.

A child has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Jaglar, living near St. Joseph, Mich., which may be regarded as one of the greatest living curiosities. The babe is absolutely without eyes, there being no cavities even where the orbs of vision should be located. It is a strong, healthy child, and perfectly developed in every other respect.

### Badgers in a Fight.

The Wisconsin Supreme Court formally granted leave to have suit brought to test the constitutionality of the appointment law of the last session of the Legislature.

### Values His Lost Wife at \$5,000.

At Connersville, Ind., James Davitt fled suit against Jesse Murphy, a wealthy merchant, for alienating his wife's affection and aiding and giving her money to get a divorce. The sum of \$5,000 damages is asked. Murphy married the lady in question about a week ago.

### Defended Mother Against Father.

David Porter, Deputy Collector of Savannah, Ga., an officer in the local post of the Grand Army of the Republic and a prominent Odd-Fellow, was shot dead by his son. Porter was beating his wife.

## DIED BY THE WAYSIDE OF THE GRIP.

A Moving Settler's Family Without Food and Shelter in a Blizzard.

One of the most horrible cases of destitution and suffering on record comes from the Pottawatomie Reservation, O. T. When the lands were opened R. V. Burnett and family, consisting of his wife and three children and his brother, went into the Pottawatomie Reservation from the Chickasaw country, having come there from Southern Missouri. They secured a claim, but, being poor and without sufficient food or shelter, they suffered much. Finally they determined to go to some town, and started in a wagon, but, being overtaken by the recent blizzard, took refuge in an old shed. Here they were taken with la grippe and lay without covering or fire for several days, when passers by discovered them. The father was dead. The mother and children were taken to a farm house and everything possible done for them, but the mother died in a few days. The two older children, whose limbs and vitals were frozen, soon followed. The baby, whom the mother held to her breast and had wrapped in her own clothes, still lives, but suffers terrible torture. The brother, who was a grown man, was not so badly frozen and will live, but his reason is gone. Many other cases of suffering and destitution are reported from the new lands.

### MUSTARD SEEDS.

Miss Marguerite Palmer Cut a Dash on Them for Two Years.

Miss Marguerite Palmer was found guilty at Topeka, Kan., of obtaining money under false pretenses. For two years Miss Palmer has been the observed of all observers. She boarded at the leading hotel, gave theater parties and swell dinners, which were the talk of the town. She wore diamonds galore, and her entire appearance was striking. She announced that she had discovered a new species of silk worm and that she was sole agent for the eggs. The Kansas climate was just the thing to bring about the best results. The country newspapers devoted columns to her and the entire State was exercised. P. L. McClelland, a retired merchant, was smitten by her charms and offered to give her all the money necessary. He was the silent member of the firm, and the business grew until nearly every town in the State had sub-agencies. The purchasers of eggs finally complained that they would not hatch, and McClelland, who had been putting more money in Miss Palmer's hands, finally grew suspicious. He had a chemist examine the eggs, and the testimony showed that they were nothing but English mustard seed. The extent of the swindling is not known, but will run way up into the thousands. One firm in Wichita purchased \$2,000 worth of seed and another in Salina \$1,000.

### FARMERS MEET.

Annual Session of the National Alliance Opened in Chicago.

The annual meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance opened in Chicago the other day. Among the delegates present were: Iowa, Will N. Sargent, J. H. Sanders, T. D. Wilcox, J. E. Jones, W. H. Pope, W. E. Bell, Edward Furness, Frank Falston, O. G. Duffur, P. H. Donlan, E. A. Booth, W. B. Seaman, M. T. Whiting; Nebraska, James Clark, N. D. Allen, George Abbott, Thomas C. Donohue, Frank Roth, Allan Root, F. A. Allen, N. O. Alberts, E. S. Whitaker, D. Collins, Charles Nowmes, H. Dahlsten, S. P. Groat, N. Dutcher, W. I. Huxstock, Edward Arnold, William Collingham, T. A. Taylor, R. B. Snodgrass, Ohio, George E. Lawrence, R. B. McCammon, Joshua Crawford; Pennsylvania, G. D. Brown, S. S. Brockway, G. W. Moore; Minnesota, J. J. Furlong, J. B. Furrow, G. W. Wilson; Indiana, William Kurneck; Illinois, E. Bronson, A. S. Langdon, J. H. Devore, S. A. Converse.

### OIL IN MICHIGAN.

Crude Petroleum in Paying Quantities Found Near Ithaca.

Great excitement prevails at Ithaca, Mich., over indications of an immense oil field around near there. For some time indications of crude oil have been found on the surface and in dry wells. Owen Perry drilled a well on his farm, and it is due to his success that others are starting wells of their own. Oil experts, who have examined the indication and Perry's well, say that if wells are put down they will prove paying investments.

### Values Are Lower.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

It is undeniable that there exists a considerable feeling of disappointment. More business, but at lower prices, seems to be the rule. That the volume of trade is gradually increasing, even in branches which have been dulled, there seems to be no doubt. But in an unusual number of cases increased sales appear to be the result of some yielding in prices, so that the average decline in prices of all commodities during the past week has been more than half of 1 per cent. The money markets throughout the country are unusually well supplied, but in part because the demand is only moderate. Collections are generally improving or decidedly good. The course of foreign trade makes the absence of gold imports somewhat noteworthy.

### Military Suit to Ruin Halifax Society.

Rev. Henry F. Adams, pastor of the First Baptist Church, made a speech at a temperance meeting in Halifax, N. S., the other night which set the whole city astir. He declared that the army and navy were a curse to Halifax and did more to injure the social life of the city than any other element. He denounced the British officers as parasites, who enjoyed the hospitality of citizens and then laughed at them.

### Nearly Died at His Sister's Grave.

At Wilkesbarre, Pa., William Benninger, hearing that the body of his sister was to be taken from Ashley Cemetery, kept vigil behind a tree in the graveyard for two days, armed with a shotgun. He became unconscious from the cold, but the sexton of the graveyard rescued him before he was frozen to death. The grave so fully watched was subsequently found desecrated.

### Yellow Fever on Board.

The British steamer Marica, from Santos, is detained in quarantine for fumigation, having lost her captain, Thomas R. Metcalf, of Shields; Third Engineer John Anderson, Chief Mate Andrew Smith and Fireman Alexander McDonald from yellow fever.

### "Jack the Sinner" Declared Insane.

The New York jury in the case of Henry Dowd, who has earned the title of "The Sinner," returned a verdict of "not guilty" on the ground of insanity at the "time" of the commission of the crime. Judge Fitzgerald committed Dowd to the State Insane Asylum.

### Begged and Quoted Bible.

Detective Clarke arrested Luke Kennedy for begging in New York. Kennedy approached people asking them for money and shouted out Bible verses on charity. When he was arrested he knelt down and prayed.

## STUBBORN BRITISHER.

REFUSED TO SHOW THE STARS AND STRIPES.

Big Decrease in Estimates of North Dakota's Crops—The Federal Supreme Court Decides Adversely to Thayer—Virginia Train Robber Caught.

### Train Wrecker Run Down.

The Richmond & Danville officials have succeeded in securing the arrest of a man who, by his confession, the leader of the gang of train wreckers who derailed the passenger train on the Western Railway of North Carolina in September last. In this disaster twenty lives were lost and a large amount of jewelry and money was stolen. The railroad company determined to find the miscreants and offered \$10,000 for the arrest of the wreckers.

### BOYD IS GOVERNOR.

Decision by the Supreme Court in the Celebrated Thayer Case.

The United States Supreme Court has rendered its decision in the Nebraska Governorship case in favor of Mr. Boyd. The decision of the Court settles a long controversy over the right to the seat which the Supreme Court has given to Governor Boyd. It overrules the decision of the Supreme Court of Nebraska, holding that Mr. Boyd was not a citizen of the United States, and that Governor Thayer, whom he was elected to succeed, was entitled to hold over until a successor had been duly elected. The main question in the case on which the decision hinged was whether Mr. Boyd became a citizen of the United States without taking out naturalization papers, his father, a British subject, never having become fully naturalized, although he had declared his intention to take out the necessary papers. The elder Boyd came to this country from Ireland when his son, the plaintiff in the case, was a mere child. They settled in Ohio, and the father gave notice of his intention to become a citizen. He failed, however, to become naturalized. The son went to Nebraska when it was a territory, and was one of the foremost of the pioneers who developed it. He held several public offices, fought in the late war, and was a member of the convention that framed the State's constitution after it was admitted into the sisterhood of States. No one questioned Mr. Boyd's right to vote and to exercise all the other privileges of citizenship, and it was not until after he had served for some time as Governor of the State that the question concerning citizenship was raised. A long controversy ensued as to whether Boyd or the former Governor, Thayer, was entitled to the seat. In reviewing Gov. Boyd's career, in which the public offices he held are detailed, the court says that the fact that he voted and for a long time held public offices is sufficient to establish his right to citizenship. The enabling act of Congress allowing the Territory of Nebraska to prepare itself for admission as a State recognized as citizens those persons of foreign birth in the Territory who had declared their intentions.

### WANTED THE STARS AND STRIPES.

Connecticut Citizens Roused by the Insolence of a British Sea Captain.

Bridgeport, Conn., was thrown into a state of great excitement the other day. The big three-master schooner Glendon, Capt. Trowbridge, of St. John, N. B., came slowly up the harbor flying the English jack. The stars and stripes were not visible. This is in direct violation of the United States laws, and Bridgeport's citizens were not slow in noticing it. They gathered along the docks to the number of several thousand. The vessel was to land near the Fourth Regiment Armory, but on arriving there the captain found a big mob and some fifty members of Company B. There were cries: "Down with the flag!" "Riddle it with bullets!" Captain Trowbridge was told to take down the flag or leave the harbor. He dropped anchor in the middle of the stream, and, still refusing to lower the flag, was arrested.

### NORTH DAKOTA'S CROP.

Experts Put It at a More Conservative Figure.

Col. Charles A. Morton, one of the leading grain dealers in North Dakota, takes exception to the crop statistics of 1891 furnished by the State Commissioner of Agriculture, H. T. Hilgerson. The latter holds that the average yield to the acre in this State was twenty-three bushels or over—the former says it is not over eighteen. A conservative estimate of the crop would make the latter figure much nearer the truth, so that the total yield, instead of being 44,000,000 bushels, is nearer 50,000,000. There was an enormous crop, and the truth is good enough and the conservative estimate will do the farmer more good than the boom estimate. The Cincinnati Price Current gives North Dakota a crop of about 46,000,000 bushels.

### SPURGEON IS NO MORE

After Months of Illness the Noted London Preacher Succumbs.

A cablegram announces the death at Mentone, in the south of France, of Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon, pastor of the Metropolitan Tabernacle in London. Mr. Spurgeon had long been a sufferer from gout. At Mentone the mild climate proved beneficial, and the famous preacher's physicians were beginning to look for their patient's complete recovery. A few days ago alarming symptoms made their appearance. The reverend gentleman grew steadily worse, became unconscious, and died quietly.

### SUSTAIN THE STRIKERS.

Finding of the Arbitrators in the Indianapolis Street Car Trouble.

The board of arbitrators which was chosen to settle the difference which caused the street car tie-up at Indianapolis has rendered a decision conceding to be a victory for the strikers. The board finds the company could not withdraw pass-badges, but that it could not do so under the contract of employment without providing other compensation for extra labor required of the men. The unqualified recall of these badges precipitated the strike.

### The Elder Ashore.

The steamship Elder, of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, Captain Heinicke, went ashore on the Atherfield rocks, nine miles west of Ventnor, Isle of Wight, and her passengers and crew had a narrow escape. For many hours their lives were in peril, owing to the difficulty experienced by the life-saving crew in reaching the vessel, but the last boatload was safely taken ashore. No lives were lost.

### Ten Cars Wrecked and Burned.

A long freight train on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad broke in two while going down a grade in Cecil County, Maryland. The two sections collided and ten cars were wrecked. There were three oil-tank cars among those wrecked, which took fire and set fire to the rest of the train.

## AIDED CONTRACT LABORERS.

Ocean Steamboat Agents Indicted by the Federal Grand Jury.

R. J. Cortis, agent of the Hamburg-American Steamship Line, has been indicted by the United States Grand Jury at Trenton, N. J., for four true bills having been brought in against him. He is charged with allowing four Russian Jews to escape from the steamer Normannia who had been debarred from landing on the ground that they were contract laborers. The men are now working in a mine in West Virginia. Peter Wright, of Peter Wright & Co., agents of the Red Star Steamship Line, has been indicted by the United States Grand Jury at Trenton, N. J., for allowing two paupers who had been debarred to escape from the steamer upon which they had been placed to be returned to their homes.

### PENNINGTON AGAIN BOBS UP.

He Is Telling the People of Washington About His Altruism.

Pennington, the altruist crank, is in Washington telling the people that a company comprising some of the wealthiest and most prominent citizens of Chicago has been organized with a paid-up capital of \$300,000,000 to build his altruism. "We are engaged in constructing several small ones," he said, "at our works, located at Mount Carmel, Ill., and will be long proceeded to manufacture a ship with which to cross the Atlantic and capable of carrying fifty passengers. The last will require about a year to complete. As soon as it is finished I will cross the ocean in it. In fact, it is perfectly feasible to travel in it all over the globe."

### Death Grapple in a Caboose.

At Bloomington, Ill., Harvey L. Kippenbrock, a brakeman on the Illinois Central Railroad, shot John Rogers, of Normal, Rogers, who is baggage-master at Normal, got aboard a through freight going to Bloomington. Kippenbrock ordered him to alight, and pulled his revolver to enforce his order. A scuffle ensued and Rogers was shot in the neck. No one but Rogers and Kippenbrock was in the caboose when the shooting occurred. Rogers has since been unconscious and will die. It is believed that the shooting was dastardly and with murderous intent. Kippenbrock is in jail.

### Found an Indian Treasure Cave.

A cave has been found under the suburb of Highland Park, near Chattanooga, Tenn. The finder is a half-breed Indian, who probably had pointers from the Cherokee, whose traditions are to the effect that treasures are concealed hereabout. Twenty-five men are at work blasting out the passage which is at first very narrow, widening into large underground rooms. The subterranean mystery will be thoroughly investigated by men who believe there is money in it.

### End of a Bad Man.

At San Antonio, Texas, Henry Krempack, proprietor of a saloon, shot and instantly killed Juan Coy, one of the most notorious fighters the frontier of Texas has produced. But one shot was fired from a Colt six-shooter, the bullet breaking the desperado's neck.

### Killed for Driving Too Fast.

Harry De Greayer, a well-known San Francisco contractor, was fatally shot in Golden Gate Park by Mounted Policeman Harper. The policeman claims that De Greayer was driving too fast.

### Mugrave Given a Ten-Year Sentence.

At Terre Haute, Ind., the jury in the Mugrave life insurance swindling case brought in a verdict after being out six hours, giving him ten years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$500.

### Dan Lamont Ill.

Colonel Dan Lamont is confined to his home in New York with an aggravated attack of the grip, complicated with other ailments, and his friends are somewhat alarmed at his condition.

### To Build an Odd-Fellows' Temple.

The Odd Fellows of Grand Rapids, Mich., have had plans prepared for a fourteen-story steel and brick temple to cost \$300,000, which they propose to erect next season.

### Negro Murderer Lynched.

At Owenton, Ky., Lee Gibson, a colored man, twenty years old, was taken out of jail by a mob and hanged for the murder of Frank Leggers.

### Shaken by Dynamite.

Miller, Ga., was shaken by a terrific explosion of dynamite. The explosion caused a fire which destroyed two stores. The loss is about \$12,000; partially insured.

### Four Persons Burned to Death.

Four miles west of Brainerd, Minn., four persons were burned to death. George Cramer's house caught fire, and his wife and three children were cremated.

### Tug and Scows Still Missing.

Nothing has yet been seen of the missing tug Welster and her scows, and the fate of the eighteen men aboard is still unknown.

### MARKET QUOTATIONS.

| CHICAGO.                         |         |           |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| CATTLE—Common to Prime.....      | \$3.57  | @ 5.75    |
| HOGS—Shipping Grades.....        | 3.50    | @ 4.75    |
| SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....        | 3.00    | @ 5.50    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....             | .85     | @ .87     |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .39     | @ .40     |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .29     | @ .30     |
| RYE—No. 2.....                   | .50     | @ .51     |
| BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....      | .30     | @ .32     |
| CHEESE—Full Cream, flats.....    | .12     | @ .13     |
| EGGS—Fresh.....                  | .25     | @ .24     |
| POTATOES—Car. loads, per bu..... | .30     | @ .40     |
| INDIANAPOLIS.                    |         |           |
| CATTLE—Shipping.....             | 3.25    | @ 5.00    |
| HOGS—Choice Light.....           | 3.50    | @ 4.75    |
| SHEEP—Common to Prime.....       | 3.00    | @ 5.25    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....             | .90 1/2 | @ .91 1/2 |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .40 1/2 | @ .41 1/2 |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .35 1/2 | @ .36 1/2 |
| ST. LOUIS.                       |         |           |
| CATTLE.....                      | 3.50    | @ 4.50    |
| HOGS.....                        | 3.50    | @ 4.75    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....             | .84     | @ .87     |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .37     | @ .38     |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .29     | @ .31     |
| RYE—No. 2.....                   | .51     | @ .54     |
| CINCINNATI.                      |         |           |
| CATTLE.....                      | 3.50    | @ 4.75    |
| HOGS.....                        | 3.50    | @ 4.75    |
| SHEEP.....                       | 3.00    | @ 5.25    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....             | .83 1/2 | @ .84 1/2 |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .37     | @ .38     |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .29     | @ .31     |
| RYE—No. 2.....                   | .51     | @ .54     |
| DETROIT.                         |         |           |
| CATTLE.....                      | 3.00    | @ 4.75    |
| HOGS.....                        | 3.00    | @ 4.25    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....             | 3.50    | @ 5.00    |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .38 1/2 | @ .39 1/2 |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .33 1/2 | @ .34 1/2 |
| TOLEDO.                          |         |           |
| WHEAT—No. 1.....                 | .92     | @ .93     |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .39     | @ .40     |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .29     | @ .31     |
| RYE.....                         | .44     | @ .45     |
| BUFFALO.                         |         |           |
| BEEF—CATTLE.....                 | 4.00    | @ 5.75    |
| LARD—H. Gs.....                  | 1.75    | @ 1.75    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....            | 1.00    | @ 1.02    |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .45     | @ .46     |
| NEW WAUKEE.                      |         |           |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....          | .45     | @ .47     |
| CORN—No. 3.....                  | .37     | @ .38     |
| OATS—No. 2.....                  | .31     | @ .32     |
| RYE—No. 1.....                   | .60     | @ .62     |
| BUTTER—No. 2.....                | .25     | @ .27     |
| POKE—Meas.....                   | 11.50   | @ 12.25   |
| NEW YORK.                        |         |           |
| CATTLE.....                      | 4.00    | @ 5.25    |
| HOGS.....                        | 3.50    | @ 4.75    |
| SHEEP.....                       | 3.00    | @ 5.00    |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....             | 1.00    | @ 1.02    |
| CORN—No. 2.....                  | .50     | @ .52     |
| OATS—Mixed Western.....          | .35     | @ .37     |
| BUTTER—Creamery.....             | .25     | @ .27     |
| POKE—Meas.....                   | 9.75    | @ 10.75   |

## CHILI MAKES APOLOGY.

ALL DIFFERENCES TO BE SATISFACTORILY ADJUSTED.

The President Sends a Message to Congress Inclosing the Latest Correspondence and Saying that Only Minor Questions Remain to Be Adjusted.

### White-Winged Peace.

Since the President's message was presented to Congress Chili has, through her Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Pereira, made formal apology to the United States. The full text of the apologetic document, which is too voluminous to give herewith, has been received from Minister Egan, and, in connection with the Montt and Blaine letters, laid before Congress by the President. The message of the President in transmitting the additional correspondence is brief, and in full is as follows: To the Senate and House of Representatives: I transmit herewith additional correspondence between this Government and the Government of Chili, consisting of a note of Mr. Montt, the Chilean Minister at this capital, to Mr. Blaine, dated Jan. 21, a reply of Mr. Blaine to the note of date of Jan. 27, and a dispatch from Mr. Egan, our Minister at Santiago, transmitting the response of Mr. Pereira, the Chilean Minister of Foreign Affairs, to the note of Mr. Blaine of Jan. 21, which was received by me on the 25th inst. The note of Mr. Montt to Mr. Blaine, though dated Jan. 21, was not delivered at the State Department until after 12 o'clock m. of the 25th, and was not translated and its receipt notified to me until late in the afternoon of that day.

The response of Mr. Pereira to our note of the 21st withdraws, with acceptable expressions of regret, the offensive note of Mr. Montt of the 11th ult. and also the request for the recall of Mr. Egan. The treatment of the field in the assault upon the sailors of the Baltimore is so conciliatory and friendly that I am of the opinion that there is a good prospect that the difference growing out of that serious affair can now be adjusted upon terms satisfactory to this Government by the usual methods, and without special powers from Congress. This turn in the affairs is very gratifying to me, as I am sure it will be to the Congress and to our people. The general support of the efforts of the executive to enforce the just rights of the nation in this matter has given an instructive and useful illustration of the unity and patriotism of our people.

Should it be necessary, I will again communicate with the Congress upon the subject.

BREXIDEN HARRISON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28, 1891.

The reply of Minister Pereira to the Government's ultimatum is of a friendly and satisfactory character. It will relieve Congress from any further jurisdiction, since the few remaining details requiring settlement can be arranged by



PRESIDENT HARRISON.

Mr. Blaine according to the ordinary methods. Briefly stated, Chili expresses the deepest regret for the Baltimore outrage, disclaims any hostile feelings toward the uniform of the United States navy, regrets the unavoidable delays in the Chilean judicial examination, declares its willingness not to await the decision of the examining Judge, and submits "to the honorable Secretary of State of the Department of Foreign Relations of Washington the designation of either the Supreme Court of Justice of the United States or a tribunal of arbitration to determine the reparation which Chili will have to make for that lamentable occurrence." As to the offensive Matia note to the Chilean Ministers abroad, it disavows any intention to inflict offense, deprecates the expressions used, and withdraws them. As to the request for the recall of Minister Egan, it says it will take no steps without the accord of the United States. In making these concessions Chili evinces a friendly and conciliatory spirit. After the statement as to the Baltimore affair, Minister Pereira says:

The undersigned trusts that this frank and explicit declaration, which confirms that which had already been made to the honorable Secretary of State in Washington, will carry to the mind of his Excellency Mr. Harrison and his Government that the people of Chili, far from entertaining a

## SHE WHO IS MINE.

She who is mine, whose soul is all my own  
As mine is here, long loved and early  
known,  
With what warm hands, with what a lov-  
ing face,  
She gives me welcome to this quiet place.  
This cottage hearth, where we two dwell  
alone.  
We have the poor for neighbors; we are one,  
Content with simple duties simply done;  
And she, at least, of no ambitious race,  
The who is mine.

Ah, yes; Life's vain results have come and  
gone;  
And the dry heart, like a cold kernel at the  
Within its withered pulp and shrunken  
case.  
Might well have lost such fineness and such  
grace  
As once it had, but for this love, full grown  
And resolute and pure, that she hath shown,  
She who is mine.

—[The Academy.]

## POPPIE'S DILEMMA

A biting wind has everything its own  
way out of doors to-day. It whirled away  
in triumph the few brown leaves that  
have clung obstinately until now to the  
shivering branches of the big copper  
beech opposite to the library window; it  
moans dismally in chimneys, whistles  
shrilly through loose fitting window  
frames, and, in short, makes itself as  
disagreeable as possible. But I, sitting  
in my favorite chair in the snug library,  
and with a new and exciting "yellow-  
back" in my hand, bid defiance to the  
weather, congratulate myself that I have  
the afternoon free to enjoy myself in  
and need not go outside.

I have reckoned without my host, how-  
ever, for before I have read more than  
two chapters of my book, I hear a door  
opened behind me and a voice say in-  
quiringly:

"Susan!"  
It is Poppie, and I know she will want  
to talk. I bend lower down over the fire,  
with my elbows on my knees, and pre-  
tend not to hear; perhaps she will go  
away again. Vain hope! She closes the  
door and comes toward me.

"Susan!" she says again.  
"Well?" I reply unwillingly and with-  
out turning or raising my eyes.  
"I want to talk to you," says Poppie,  
coaxingly.

"I know you did," is my inward re-  
mark. "Well," I repeat aloud, "what is  
it about?" And still I keep my eyes  
fixed on the page, devoutly praying that  
Poppie will repent of disturbing me when  
she sees how engrossed I am, and will  
leave me in peace. But she does no such  
thing; on the contrary she kneels down  
upon the hearth rug beside me and lays  
her two hands upon my book.

"Don't read, Susan," she says, in her  
pretty imperative way. "I really have  
something to say to you."

With a faint sigh I lay down the book  
and turn to my sister. I do not know  
why or how it is, but I always find my-  
self obeying Poppie with most exemplary  
meekness.

"What have you to say?" I asked re-  
signedly.  
"It is about something that happened  
while I was at the Nugents," begins Pop-  
pie.

"Oh, I'm sure you must have told me  
everything about that visit!" I interrupt  
impatently.  
"Did I ever say anything of a Mr.  
Harris?"

"No, I think not—I don't remember,"  
I reply doubtfully.  
"Well, then, you must know he was  
staying there, too, nearly all the time  
that I was," says Poppie, sitting on the  
floor beside me, her hands clasped round  
her knees and her face turned towards  
the fire. "He is a youngish-oldish man  
—you know what I mean—not particular-  
age—very tall and big, with a large  
round face, like a red moon more than  
anything else. He is a retired merchant  
or manufacturer, and has heaps of  
money, which he has made in business.  
He has a lovely place somewhere in the  
lake country and a splendid house in  
Park lane; and Mrs. Nugent told us he  
must have at least twenty thousand a  
year." She pauses, and, taking up the  
poker, begins most unnecessarily to stir  
the fire.

"Well, is that all?" I ask after a short  
silence.  
"Not quite all," replies Poppie calmly,  
with her back still toward me and em-  
phasizing her words with little taps of  
the poker upon a sputtering, fizzing log.  
"He asked me to marry him."

She speaks with such utter unconcern  
that for a moment I do not believe her.  
"You are joking," I cry wrathfully,  
taking up my "yellow back" again;  
"and I call it a very poor joke indeed, if  
you care for my opinion on the subject."

"It is not a joke, Susan; really and  
truly it is not!" declares Poppie, drop-  
ping the poker with a clatter into the  
fender and turning round to me, "I am  
quite in earnest, I assure you!"

For a few seconds I stare at her in  
silent amazement. Then she begins to  
laugh.

"Is it then so surprising?" she asks,  
putting her lovely face close to mine and  
glancing saucily up at me. "Susan, do  
for pity sake, shut your eyes and  
mouth! You look so utterly absurd!"

"Well," I ejaculated, "I must confess  
I am surprised; I have not quite taken  
it in yet. But why did you not tell me  
of it before?" I add reproachfully. "You  
came home on Monday last, and this is  
Thursday—I call it a shame!"

"But, now that I have told you, what  
do you say?"  
"I think it is by far the most delig-  
htful piece of news I ever heard!" I an-  
swered excitedly. "To think that you  
will have twenty thousand a year and a  
house in Park lane and—"

"Stop, stop!" cries Poppie. "You  
are running on much too fast, Susan, for  
I did not accept him."

"Didn't accept him?" I echo blankly.  
"My poor Susan," says Poppie, laugh-  
ing again as she puts her soft little hand  
upon mine, "are you terribly disap-  
pointed?"

"I am," I replied solemnly and mourn-  
fully—"dreadfully disappointed! It would  
be, oh, so nice if you were mar-  
ried to such a delightfully rich man as  
this Mr. Harris seems to be! But, of

course, there is no use in my saying  
anything now, since you have refused  
him," and I end with a regretful sigh.

Poppie gets up from the floor and,  
drawing a chair close to mine, sits down.  
"Susan," she says, "I want to ask  
your advice."

I do my best to suppress my astonish-  
ment at this remark, for never before was  
my sister Poppie known to seek advice—  
at any rate, of me—and respond inquir-  
ingly—

"Yes, dear?"  
"I did not exactly refuse Mr. Harris—  
wait a moment until I have done,  
please!"—as I prepare to give vent to a  
volley of delighted exclamations—"I said  
'No' over and over again when he asked  
me; but—I don't know why it was—he  
would not take 'No' for an answer—per-  
haps"—smiling a little—"he was too con-  
fident—at any rate he could not bring  
himself to believe that I really meant to  
decline the honor he wished to confer  
upon me. He declared that a woman's  
'No' always meant 'Yes,' and he bothered  
me so that for the sake of peace I agreed  
to take a week to think over the matter,  
and at the end of that time to write and  
give him my final answer. The week  
will be up to-morrow, so I must come to a  
speedy decision. I told him at the time  
that thinking it over would not make  
any difference, that my reply must  
always be the same; but now—I don't  
know—perhaps he was right—I have  
thought and rethought until I am half  
distracted, and I don't know in the least  
what to say to him, after all. There,  
now—I have told you the whole story,  
Susan, and I want you to help me."

"It is hard for me to advise you, Pop-  
pie," I say slowly, after we have sat for  
some time in silence. "You see, I have  
never seen this Mr. Harris, and never  
even heard of him until this afternoon.  
What kind of a man is he?"

"I don't think he is anything out of  
the common, one way or the other," my  
sister answers reflectively. "He is good-  
natured and generous after a fashion; he  
has an exalted opinion of his own merits  
and his money; and—yes, decidedly  
there is a touch of vulgarity about him."

"But he is fond of you?" I asked  
quickly.  
Poppie smiles slightly.

"Well, yes, I think so," she replies;  
at any rate, he no doubt considers that I  
should suit his purpose very well. He  
wants some one to wear his diamonds for  
him, drive in his carriages and fill his  
great houses with smart people—in fact,  
to help to show off his wealth; and all  
that I could do very well."

"It would be very nice to be rich,  
though," I murmur half to myself.  
"Yes, I know that; but is money  
everything?" says Poppie.

"Of course you could not be expected  
to love him," I begin hesitatingly.  
"Of course not. What an idea!"  
"But so many people marry for money  
nowadays; and you don't—I pause for  
a few seconds, and then continue nerv-  
ously—"you don't love any one else, I  
suppose, Poppie?"

"I suppose not," she returns.  
"Are you sure?" I ask inwardly quak-  
ing as to the result of my boldness. "Be-  
cause—" "Because what?" she says a little  
sharply.

"Because I once fancied—I may have  
been wrong, and you must not be vexed  
with me if I was—but I did fancy there  
was something between you and Jack  
Neville. I blurted out desperately.

Poppie flushes scarlet and frowns;  
then she asks quietly:—  
"What made you think so?"

"Oh, I don't know—lots of things!"  
I reply. "You have been a great deal  
together all your lives, and—But I  
suppose I was wrong; there was nothing."

"Nothing whatever—you are quite  
wrong!" she answers, but she avoids my  
glance and moves restlessly in her  
chair.

"I am sorry," I say stupidly. "I should  
have liked Jack for my brother-in-law,  
and—"

I come to a sudden stop, for Poppie  
has risen quickly from her seat and  
stands before me with angry eyes and  
flushed cheeks. The next minute, how-  
ever, she presses her quivering lips to-  
gether and turns away.

"You have wandered from the point  
as usual, Susan," she says coldly. "We  
were discussing Mr. Harris, not Jack  
Neville, and we do not seem to be get-  
ting any nearer to a decision."

"Suppose you write a letter and see  
what it looks like," I suggest.  
She walks over to the little writing  
table by the window and, sitting down  
before it, opens the blotter and dips a  
pen into the ink.

"Which ought I to put, Susan, 'Dear  
Mr. Harris,' or 'My Dear Mr. Harris'?"  
she asks, doubtfully.

"That will depend, I think, on what  
you are going to say," I reply. "Try  
'Dear first.'"

"What comes next, supposing this to  
be a refusal, you know?"  
"Much as I appreciate the honor you  
have done me," I prompt glibly, "I  
regret that I must adhere to my former  
decision."

"It sounds just like a Polite Letter  
Writer," objects Poppie; but I suppose  
I must put something like that; and she  
writes it down. "It looks perfectly hor-  
rid, Susan!" she goes on plaintively.

"Oh, why did I ever say that I would  
write? I had no idea it would be so dif-  
ficult. If one could put just plain 'Yes'  
or 'No,' and sign one's name to it, how  
much easier it would be!"

"Try something else then; see what  
it would look like if you said 'Yes.'"  
She takes a fresh sheet of paper.

"I suppose it must be 'My Dear' this  
time," she says, sighing. Well, Susan,  
I've committed myself so far; but it  
seems more hopelessly hard than the re-  
fusal. How in the world am I to word  
it?"

While I rack my brains for a suitable  
sentence Poppie gazes disconsolately  
out of the window. Suddenly the pen  
falls from her fingers and she pushes  
back her chair with a suppressed ex-  
clamation as some one on a brown cob  
rides swiftly past the window.

"Who was it?" I asked eagerly, get-  
ting up.  
"It was Jack," replies Poppie slowly.  
She has risen to her feet and stands with  
her hand on the back of the chair.

"How nice of him to come over and  
see us! I don't believe he has been here  
since before you went to the Nugents!"  
I say delightedly, as I throw another log

upon the fire in anticipation of our  
visitor. But when I turned again toward  
my sister I perceive that she has hurried  
to the door and is in the act of turning  
the handle. "Poppie," I cry, flying  
across the room to her side, "where are  
you going?"

"I have a headache—I— Oh, Susan,  
let me go! You can tell Jack I was  
sorry not to see him—anything you like;  
but—" She pulls her arm from my de-  
termining grasp and opens the door for  
flight; but she is too late—Jack Neville  
is already standing on the mat outside.

"How are you?" I say cheerfully, as I  
hold out a welcoming hand to him. "I  
have not seen you for so long that I had  
almost forgotten what you were like!"

He laughs a little as he shakes hands  
with me, and then turns quickly to Pop-  
pie, who is standing silently beside me  
with her eyes fixed on the carpet.

"So you have come back at last!" he  
says.  
"It appears so," she returns, still with-  
out looking at him.

"Before you went away we quarrelled,  
Poppie, didn't we?" he goes on hastily.  
"Are we friends again now, or are we  
enemies?"

Slowly Poppie looks up from the floor  
to his face; then she colors a little as  
she puts her hand into his and answers  
nervously:

"Let us be friends."  
"Well, Susan," says Jack a little later,  
as he stands with his back to the fire sip-  
ping hot tea, "have you any news to tell  
me?"

"No," I reply, shaking my head as I  
shut the lid of the teapot with a bang;  
"but I might have if—"

"What an enigmatical remark!" he  
exclaims, laughing. "What does it  
mean? You might have if—what?"  
"I am not sure if I may tell you," I  
answer, casting a doubtful look at Pop-  
pie.

"Oh, then it concerns Poppie, does it,  
this mysterious piece of news?" and he  
glances at her too.

"May I tell?" I ask persuasively.  
"Certainly, if you wish to do so," re-  
turns my sister.

"Well, then, Jack, Poppie has had a  
proposal from a very rich man, and she  
can't make up her mind whether to ac-  
cept him or not. Isn't it odd?"

"Isn't what odd?"  
"That she is not able to decide what to  
say to him. Of course it would not be a  
love match; but then she would have—  
oh, everything she could possibly want;  
and, if that would not satisfy her and  
make her happy forever after, as the  
story book says, what would?"

"What, indeed!" says Jack slowly and  
thoughtfully. "As you say, Susan, it is  
very odd."

I have known Jack Neville from my  
childhood; still I do not quite understand  
him. He has an uncomfortable way of  
seeming to agree with one, yet there is  
an indescribable something in his very  
quickness of face and manner which  
arouses a suspicion that he is laughing  
at one all the time. "Jack, I am really  
in earnest," I say, a little reproachfully.

He turns to me quickly.  
"So am I, Susan."

And as I look searchingly at him I can-  
not detect the faintest glimmer of a laugh  
on his grave handsome face or in his  
steady eyes.

"Well, then, I wish you would help me  
to decide for Poppie. Of course I only  
want to do what will be for her happi-  
ness."

"Of course," he interposes gravely;  
"but what way do Poppie's own inclina-  
tions lie?"

At this Poppie rises from her chair  
and, coming over to the tea table, puts  
down her empty cup and turns to Jack.

"I assure you I have no inclination  
one way or the other, she says hurriedly,  
with a faint, nervous little laugh; "I  
stand on perfectly neutral ground; it is  
a matter of absolute indifference to me."

"That being the case, would it not be  
the fairest and simplest way to draw  
lots?" Jack quietly suggests.

"Of course it would! How stupid not  
to have thought of that before," I cry,  
rising quickly and running over to the  
writing table. "I will just write 'Yes'  
on one piece of paper and 'No' on an-  
other, and then fold them in exactly the  
same way."

When I return with the neatly folded  
slips of paper in my hand I notice with  
some surprise that my sister is flushed  
and that her eyes gleam excitedly, which  
seems strange in a person who hardly  
five minutes ago declared herself per-  
fectly indifferent as to the upshot of the  
affair.

"Now, then, Poppie, will you draw?"  
I say briskly. "I myself do not really  
know which is which."

Quickly drawing back her dark head,  
Poppie steps forward. Jack is standing  
at a little distance behind her, intently  
watching as she stretches out her hand  
toward the paper that is to decide her  
fate. She hesitates for a moment, touch-  
ing the slips irresolutely, then her fingers  
close firmly upon one.

"I will take this," she says, a little  
excitedly.  
"Very Well. Now be quick and open  
it for I do not know which it is!" I cry  
eagerly.

As she stands before me without mov-  
ing all the pretty color fades out of her  
face.

"I am afraid to look," she says, in a  
tone that is only a little louder than a  
whisper; then she turns round suddenly  
to Jack. "Will you read it for me?" she  
says, putting the paper hurriedly into  
his hand and drawing a deep breath.

Slowly—oh, so slowly!—Jack unfolds  
the little slip and reads the one word  
written on it. Poppie is trembling all  
over, and her eyes are fixed on his face,  
which wears a curious expression, such  
as I never saw there before.

There is a short silence, and then Jack  
looks up, his eyes meet Poppie's eager  
ones and he laughs a little.

"The Fates have proved themselves  
kind for once, at any rate," he says. "I  
must congratulate you, Poppie."

"You mean—what?" she says, and  
then stops, unable to say more.

"You have drawn 'Yes,'" says Jack,  
slowly.

"Oh, how!" I begin excitedly, but  
got no further. What on earth has hap-  
pened to Poppie and Jack? She has  
started forward with a sudden cry, and  
they are now staring at each other in the  
most extraordinary way, while his face  
has become almost as pale as hers.

She snatches the paper he is holding  
out to her, tears it furiously across and  
across, and then, throwing away the  
pieces, bursts into tears.

"Poppie, Poppie," I cry, dismayed at  
this most unexpected turn of affairs,  
"why, how can you be such a baby? Of  
course you needn't!"

But here Jack gently puts me aside  
and, coming close up to my sobbing sis-  
ter, calmly takes one of her hands in his  
own.

"Poppie," he says kindly, "do not dis-  
tress yourself, do not cry so. Did you  
think for a moment that I would let you  
marry that man? And you actually  
dared to say it was a matter of indiffer-  
ence to you when you knew that I loved  
you, and when I knew— Oh, Poppie,  
my darling, did you think I did not  
know?"

He is not satisfied now with holding  
her hand; he puts his arm around her  
and draws her pretty head down upon  
his shoulder.

At this juncture it dawns upon me  
that my presence is most unnecessary,  
so I steal away softly, leaving them  
alone. And I am very certain that poor  
Mr. Harris will have to look out for an-  
other suitable person to wear his dia-  
monds now.

THE LONDON CABBY.  
A Unique Specimen of an Interesting  
Class of Broad-Winners.

By no means the least interesting  
feature of London life is the "cabby,"  
as he is called, the driver of the han-  
som cab. These cabs are so numerous  
that the city seems actually to swarm  
with them, and it is easy to believe  
the statement of the guide-books that  
there are 10,000 of these vehicles in  
the town. Of course, there is a great  
variety in the drivers, and it has more  
than once happened that the sons of  
families of considerable position have  
passed the better portion of their lives  
on the box of a hansom.

An American who was in London  
during the past summer encountered  
rather an odd specimen of cabby, a  
man who had in some way evidently  
come down in the world, unless un-  
lucky a box be regarded as a rise. The  
stranger took a cab for a drive one  
afternoon, and, having no definite  
idea what he wished to do, told the  
driver to take him to some place that  
was worth seeing.

The cabby looked him over, ap-  
parently making up his mind what  
manner of man he had as passenger,  
and then started off in a direction  
which was not in the line of the  
American's previous explorations, al-  
though he had been in England a  
number of times and knew London  
tolerably well. The passenger poked  
up the little trap-door to the roof of  
the cab and asked where they were  
going.

"Along a piece," the driver returned.  
"Do you see, sir, that crowd on the  
corner?" he added, pulling up.

The American looked in the direc-  
tion indicated, and saw a crowd of  
people gathered about a woman who  
was turning the crank of a barrel-  
organ. She was rather a pretty woman,  
and appeared strangely out of keeping  
with her occupation.

"That is Lady Linton," he said. And  
by subsequent inquiry the American  
found that this was not a mere "travel-  
ler's tale," designed to beguile him,  
but that the organ-grinder was, really  
a member of the nobility cast off by  
her family.

The hansom was started up again,  
and pretty soon the driver announced  
that they were in Chelsea.

"That house," he said, pointing it  
out, "is where that old crab-apple  
Carlyle lived. Further up the street,"  
he continued, waxing more communi-  
cative, "there is a funny fellow named  
Whistler. He's a painter, and the  
papers pitch into his things like  
blazes, and he gets as mad as a hatter  
and answers them back. They say  
it's great fun for them that is in it."

"You do not follow it up yourself,  
then," the American said.

"No, sir," the cabby said. "I like  
better to give my time to flowers.  
I have a place that is pretty to look  
at, if I do say it; and I've taken a  
very tidy lot of prizes, too, sir. I go  
in for chrysanthemums just now.  
That's the go, and I can make some-  
thing to help me on with in the green-  
houses and get the missis a new gown  
now and then."

The cabby who cultivated flowers  
for amusement and drove a casual  
passenger out to see the house of Car-  
lyle could hardly be looked upon as a  
type, but as a variation he was at  
least interesting.—Boston Courier.

Balls of Feathers.  
In the extreme South, more es-  
pecially in Louisiana, and in New  
Orleans, worst of all, where French,  
Spanish, Italian and African—all  
races peculiarly susceptible to occult  
influences—predominate, superstition  
runs riot. Perhaps the most peculiar  
of the many methods adopted to work  
upon the superstitious negroes was  
the insertion by apparently super-  
natural means of balls of feathers  
into pillows and bed. The closest  
scrutiny failed to discover rip or new-  
ly sewed seam in bed or pillow tick,  
and yet the balls were found buried  
in the mattresses and among the soft  
feathers of the pillows. They were  
made of soft, highly colored feathers,  
brilliant and gaudy, scarlet and gold,  
bright blue and vivid green, and were  
about the size and shape of an orange.  
A peculiar odor was exhaled, and  
when lightly struck an almost impal-  
able powder arose. One of the queer  
objects when cut in halves showed  
therein such an assortment as Shaks-  
peare puts into his witches' caldron,  
as they brewed in darkness and  
tempest.

He Had Noticed It.  
Jerrold, all his life long, bitterly  
protested against the fashion of trans-  
lating and adapting, which excluded  
the work of native writers and gave  
a reputation to men for work which  
they had not originated. Talking  
once with Mr. Planche (a noted  
adapter of plays) on this question,  
Planche insisted that some of his  
characters were original. "Don't you  
remember," he said, "my baroness in  
'Ask No Questions'?" "Yes, indeed.  
I don't think I ever saw a piece of  
yours without being struck by your  
barrenness," was the reply.

Raw Potatoes Clean Glass.  
To clean bottles, cut a raw potato  
into small pieces, and then put them  
into the bottle with a tablespoonful  
of salt and two tablespoonfuls of  
water. Shake well together until  
every mark is removed.

Don't Mention It.  
February, in 1900, will not contain  
twenty-nine days, although it will be  
leap year. February, in 1700, also  
contained only twenty-eight days.  
There is a slight error in the Grego-  
rian calendar, but it will only amount  
to one day in 3,225 years.

No Chimneys.  
Chimneys are scarce in the City of  
Mexico. There are not ten dwelling  
houses that have them. Charcoal is  
the only fuel used for cooking and  
heating.

## NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE

### ITEMS OF INTEREST TO MICHIGANERS.

Youthful Incurables Beyond the Reach  
of the Law—Brutal Treatment of a Boy-  
To Search for Sunken Treasure—Is  
Cutters' Warning.

From Far and Near.

AN Italian miner, John Colombo, was  
killed at the Pewabic mines, at Iron  
Mountain, by a piece of falling pipe.

PETER COUTURE, aged 70, of Bay  
City, is dying by inches. His legs are  
gradually turning black and all vitality  
leaves them.

JAMES TOBIAS, of Lansing Township,  
was killed by a Michigan Central train  
last October, while crossing the track  
on his way home. His wife has now be-  
gun suit for \$10,000.

Ice cutters may be interested to  
know that a State law with severe pen-  
alties appended requires them to post  
danger signals at points where they are  
removing the ice covering from sheets  
of water.

A MAN claiming to live at Escanaba,  
John Collins by name, was arrested at  
Port Huron, having a large number of  
watch chains on his person. His two  
companions were given fifteen minutes  
to go back to Canada, whence they  
came.

CHARLES PETERS, of Saginaw, had a  
lucky escape from a terrible scaw and  
perhaps even from death also. Shortly  
before the fire his father took him from  
the ill-fated hospital at Indianapolis, en-  
tertaining well grounded fears lest the  
thing should burn.

MISS GERTRUDE COBB, of Kalamazoo,  
has been appointed by the Michigan  
Board of World's Fair Managers Chair-  
man of the Committee on Women's  
Work for Kalamazoo County. She is a  
talented young lady and is every way  
fitted to fill the position acceptably.

FRED BAUM, of Saginaw, did not wish  
to freeze, and not having enough bed  
clothes he helped himself to some from  
his wife's bed, from whom he had been  
separated for some cause. Now he is  
considering in jail whether life is worth  
living, or whether a man might not just  
as well freeze to death.

M. F. CHALK, of Superior, Wis., has  
been offered \$1,000, all expenses and an  
insurance of \$14,000 on his life if he will  
undertake a submarine search for the  
treasures in the Pewabic, sunk off Al-  
pena twenty years ago. If this search  
is successful he will also receive half  
of the treasure, valued at \$100,000.

The express messengers on the D., L.  
& N., inasmuch as the express busi-  
ness was very light, asked the railroad com-  
pany if they could handle the baggage  
also, expecting extra compensation. The  
express company heard of it and made  
the men do the work, paying them  
no more, however, and pocketing them-  
selves an extra \$8 a month for every  
man.

HENRY GOLDBACKER, an orphan of  
Bay City, was sent to Paul Helmreich  
by the truant officer, but by mistake  
went to Fred Helmreich. After a two-  
months' stay, he went to Bay City al-  
most frozen to death, and complained of  
brutal treatment. Suit has been com-  
menced by the truant officer to recover  
compensation for the boy. Henry is re-  
ported to have been forced to

# HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, FEB. 6, 1892.

## Our New Contemporary.

The first number of the *Ottawa County Times* made its appearance last week. Judging from the strenuous efforts made in its behalf, the opportunity there exists for an opposition organ, and the legitimate desire on the part of the public for competition, we take it for granted that the *Times* can lay claim at once upon being ranked with the permanent establishments of our city.

As such then the *News* extends cordial greeting, and bids it welcome.

Aside from an unavoidable fulsome-ness the "salutatory" promises well for the cosmopolitan character of the paper, so far as this can be reasonably expected from an enterprise hampered at the outset by a pledge of democracy. Gratifying therefore it must be to the public whom it intends to serve and whose interests it is about to foster, guard and promote, to learn that "its political policy is only incidental."

The *Times* is the sixth effort at English journalism in the history of Holland. The *Hollander* was started in 1850, as an English organ, but drifted very soon into an absolute Dutch weekly, making room in 1859 for the *Ottawa Register*, which, under the editorship of Mr. H. D. Post, survived the presidential campaign of 1860 and gave up the ghost early in the year following. The *Register*, like our new contemporary, also started out as a county paper, with democratic proclivities. Next came the *Pioneer*, in 1868 or thereabouts, by Messrs Bahler and Nienhardt. And what a bright, sparkling, literary journal it promised to be! However, it died young, very young, lacking the necessary vitality of appearing more than once. The next and last failure was the *Holland Gazette*. Started during the summer of 1871, by Hadsell & Dunlap its star went under on the fatal morning of Oct. 9, of the same year. But for that general conflagration the *Gazette* no doubt would have been in existence today, and very likely there would have been no *HOLLAND CITY NEWS*.

Such have been the fates of English newspaper enterprise in Holland, in the past. It is a source of congratulation to the *News* to find in the personnel of its new contemporary a young gentleman worthy of all the journalistic good will it is in its power to bestow. In stepping a little to one side therefore, in order to make room for our new colleague, the *News* again bids him a right hearty welcome.

## The Famine Sufferers.

In regard to the contributions for the Russian famine sufferers we can state that notwithstanding the unfavorable and discouraging position taken by congress in the matter of transportation, the good work goes nobly on.

The *Northwestern Miller* places Michigan third on the list of contributing states, being only excelled by Minnesota and New York, and in its account of the donations from the several localities it makes the following graceful reference to the efforts made in this vicinity:

"This Company—the Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.—replied promptly to our first appeal and sent in a subscription of 3,500 pounds. Becoming interested in the work, they wrote us that they would endeavor to increase this donation by appealing to their neighbors in what is known as the 'Holland Colony.' We received many such promises, and therefore paid little attention to this particular one, supposing that little would come of it. We were pleased to learn that the Colony had raised a carload. A little later we were surprised by receiving a telegram to the effect that the subscription would exceed 50,000 pounds; but we were simply paralyzed to know from last advices that 50,000 pounds were actually donated and would be shipped January 23rd. This splendid gift comes from the people of the 'Holland Colony,' and will be shipped from the towns of Hamilton, Zeeland and Holland, Michigan. These great-hearted people have given the largest single donation, but one yet received for the Russian famine cargo. If we had a few more Holland colonies in America, it would be better for the country."

We can further state that one carload has already been forwarded from Zeeland station and one from this city, and that another car will be loaded the latter part of this week.

The committee having this matter in charge intend to close up their labors and make a report at an early date.

## A Reminiscence.

The following kind note was received this week by the party to whom it was addressed; and inasmuch as it involves also other parties and pertains to a matter which at one time absorbed the general attention of our citizens, we take the liberty to publish its contents:

GRAND RAPIDS BOARD OF TRADE,  
January 29, 1892.  
MR. G. VAN SCHELVEN,  
Holland, Mich.

DEAR SIR: I express you to-day, charges paid, the map of the proposed ship canal route via Holland.

We are about to move into new quarters, where it will be likely to become damaged if laid away, and remembering that you requested its return I have had it wrapped securely and sent by American Express Co.

I hope it will reach you in good shape and I desire on behalf of the Board to thank you and the citizens who were interested with you in the above mentioned matter for the interest taken in our project.

With esteem I am yours truly,

H. D. C. VAN ASMUS,  
Secretary.

What is here stated by the writer, that the project was one emanating from the Grand Rapids board of trade, and that while it was on the tapis our citizens manifested their interest in the matter, is correct.

It is also fact that when the matter was unceremoniously dropped by the Board of Trade, in favor of the Grand River improvement scheme, our citizens ceased to take any further interest in the matter.

And since then the *News* has been patiently awaiting the official report of the U. S. engineer, which by the Grand Rapids board of trade is expected to brush aside all previous reports on the inexpediency of the improvement of Grand River, and which will recommend this scheme to the annual favors of Uncle Samuel.

Up to date, however, such a report has not been forthcoming.

## Obituary.

Died in this city, Saturday, Jan. 30, Derk Te Roller, aged 71 years.

During the early years of his residence in Holland, for a period of 25 years, Mr. Te Roller was a man of recognized standing and influence in the community. He emigrated in 1847, resided a while in St. Louis, Mo., and Galena, Ill., and located here in 1853, opening with his late brother the first merchant tailoring establishment in Holland.

As a citizen and church member he served his people in various positions of honor and of trust. For thirty years he was either a deacon or an elder in the several organizations with which he was identified. Of Pilgrim Home cemetery he has long been a trustee and its treasurer, and many years he has served as treasurer of Holland township and as supervisor of the city. Under the late Mr. John Roost he was the assistant postmaster of Holland, while in many other respects the business and political relations between these two had been close and intimate. His kindness of heart and amiable disposition secured him a large degree of popularity with all classes.

The fire of 1871, in common with many of his contemporaries, crippled him seriously. But what was more deplorable is that within a comparative short period thereafter his mind began to lose its retentive faculties, and to such an extent that the last eight or ten years of his life have been to him but little more than a blank.

Mr. Te Roller was married twice. He leaves a widow, nee Boers, to whom he was married in 1852; also six children—three sons and three daughters. He was buried on Tuesday, from the H. C. Ref. church on Ninth street, Revs. E. Bos and N. M. Steffens conducting the services. The friends that laid him to rest were E. Van der Veen, K. Schaddelee, B. Kruidenier, A. Vennema, J. Smits and H. Geerlings.

During the week two Veterans of the late war have answered to their last roll call—Geo. B. Gillett on the Lake Shore, and H. Kaslander in Drenthe. The latter was a member of the 6th Mich. Cav., and Mr. Gillett of the 9th Mich. Infy.

Munday Antonio Dogger received a telegram from the Asylum at Kalamazoo that his wife, who had been an inmate of that retreat since April last, died there that morning. Her remains were ordered home for interment, and buried here Wednesday afternoon.

Died, Sunday morning, one mile south east of Fillmore station, Mrs. P. Moes.

The wife of Andrew Ferwerda, residing near the Van Duren place, east of the city, died Saturday.

James C. Souter, of Holland town,

died suddenly, of the grippe, Wednesday. He was 57 years of age, and leaves a widow, to whom he had been married less than a year. For 23 years, off and on, he resided on his place, on the lake shore. He was buried Friday afternoon from the M. E. church, near his home, Rev. H. S. Bargett of this city officiating.

## Washington Notes.

Rep. Burrows has introduced a bill for a special appropriation of \$50,000 for South Haven harbor.

Gen. B. M. Cutcheon of this state has been confirmed by the senate a member of the board of ordinance and fortifications.

Mills, of Texas, is still sore over his defeat, and ugly. The other day he wrote the following letter to a friend at home:

MY DEAR MR. PHILLIPS—I thank you for your dispatch of the 10 inst. It is very gratifying to me to know that my friends in Texas sympathize with me in my defeat. The blow to me is much less severe than it is to the democratic party. The authors of my defeat must be rebuked by the democratic party, or a large element that has been voting with us will abandon us in the coming struggle. The defeat of one man is nothing, but the defeat of a great cause is everywhere.

R. Q. MILLS.

The audacity of Senator Edmunds lecturing the Supreme Court on a point of law, the other day, recalls an anecdote of Henry Clay, who once, while arguing a case before that august tribunal, stopped in the middle of his speech, advanced to the bench, and helped himself to a pinch of snuff out of Mr. Justice Washington's box. Then as he returned to his place he remarked, "I see that your Honor still sticks to the Scotch." Clay was the only man of his time who could dare to do such a thing, as Edmund is of his own day.

Muskegon and Manistee have both had a hearing before the House committee on harbors, by delegations sent for that special purpose.

Congressman Belknap appeared before the sub-committee in charge of the public building bills, the other day, and was informed that in all probability the committee would not report favorably any new public building bills unless the sites were donated by the districts in which it is proposed to erect the buildings. Mr. Belknap was somewhat taken aback at this statement, but assumed the responsibility of pledging Grand Haven to present the government with a site.

This is again a fine specimen of the parsimonious spirit in which the Democratic party dispenses the public business. If Grand Haven is entitled to a public building, and if the government business at that place demands one, the citizens of that place should not be asked to contribute a site. It is beneath the dignity of the government to thus condition its actions.

## Slave Bolts Wanted!

We desire to purchase all the slave bolts we can possibly get, this winter. And offer the highest market price. All bolts to be delivered at the Holland Slave Factory, River street.

For further information, as to kind, quality, sizes and prices, apply to NOTER & VER SCHURE, 52 4w. Holland, Mich., Jan. 22, 1892.

Shakespeare will please excuse use if we modify him thus: Thrice is he clad who hath his system strengthened with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and but naked, though arrayed in furs, whose blood is poor or with disease corrupted. An incomparable medicine!

Rope, silk, Roman floss, wash linen, washcannel, at Mrs. Best's, Ninth St.

## All for \$65.

A horse, cutter and harness are offered for \$65. Inquire of E. TAKKEN, Holland, Mich., Jan. 20, 1892.

Notier & Ver Schure desire all the slave bolts they can get, at the Holland Slave Factory, 52 4w.

All operations known to the dental profession skillfully performed by experienced operators at the Central Dental Parlors. 36tf

## Oysters! Oysters!!

Fresh Baltimore Oysters in bulk or can, at 51 tf JOHN PESSINK.

We still sell Candies at Holiday prices. We have also something new in this line. It is Pearson's Taffee, imported from London. Try it. CITY BAKERY.

Go and do likewise. If your whiskers are grizzly and unbecoming use Buckingham's Dye and they will look as when you were younger.

Slave bolts wanted at the Holland Slave Factory, by NOTER & VER SCHURE, 52 4w.

## THE MARKETS.

|                                  |       |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| Wheat 7 bushel                   | 90    |
| Rye                              | 75    |
| Buckwheat                        | 50    |
| Barley 7 cwt                     | 1 05  |
| Corn 7 bushel                    | 40    |
| Oats 7 bushel                    | 30    |
| Clover seed 7 bushel             | 5 00  |
| Potatoes 7 bushel                | 20    |
| Flour 7 barrel                   | 4 80  |
| Commeal, bolted, 7 cwt           | 1 40  |
| Commeal, unbolted, 7 cwt         | 1 30  |
| Ground feed                      | 1 00  |
| Middlings 7 cwt                  | 1 00  |
| Hay 7 ton                        | 85    |
| Hay 7 ton                        | 11 00 |
| Hot 7                            | 15 18 |
| Butter                           | 18    |
| Eggs 7 dozen                     | 18    |
| Wood, hard, dry 7 cord           | 1 50  |
| Chickens, dressed, 12 live 4 & 5 | 8 15  |
| Beans 7 bushel                   | 1 30  |

## CHICAGO Jan. 3, 1892. AND WEST MICHIGAN R.V.

### Trains depart from Holland:

|                            |      |       |       |       |
|----------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| For Chicago                | a.m. | p.m.  | a.m.  | p.m.  |
| " Grand Rapids             | 9 55 | 12 45 | 12 55 | 3 45  |
| " Muskegon and Grand Haven | 3 00 | 5 30  | 5 30  | 8 00  |
| " Hart and Pentwater       | 5 30 | 8 00  | 8 00  | 10 30 |
| " Manistee and Ludington   | 5 30 | 8 00  | 8 00  | 10 30 |
| " Big Rapids               | 5 30 | 8 00  | 8 00  | 10 30 |
| " Traverse City            | 5 30 | 8 00  | 8 00  | 10 30 |
| " Allegan and Toledo       | 5 30 | 8 00  | 8 00  | 10 30 |

### Trains Arrive at Holland.

|                            |       |       |       |      |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| From Chicago               | a.m.  | p.m.  | a.m.  | p.m. |
| " Grand Rapids             | 2 35  | 5 25  | 5 30  | 8 20 |
| " Muskegon and Grand Haven | 9 55  | 12 45 | 12 55 | 3 45 |
| " Manistee and Ludington   | 9 55  | 12 45 | 12 55 | 3 45 |
| " Big Rapids               | 12 35 | 1 15  | 12 35 | 1 15 |
| " Traverse City            | 12 35 | 1 15  | 12 35 | 1 15 |
| " Allegan and Toledo       | 9 50  | 6 00  |       |      |

\*Daily, other trains week days only. Wagner Palace Sleeping Cars on night trains to and from Chicago. Wagner Parlor Buffet Cars on day trains to and from Chicago; 9:55 a.m. train from Holland has free chair car to Chicago. Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. Connections in Union Station, Grand Rapids with the favorite DETROIT, LANSING & NORTHERN R.R.

## DETROIT Jan. 3, 1892. LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

|                 |           |           |           |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Lv Grand Rapids | 7 15 a.m. | 1 00 p.m. | 5 45 p.m. |
| Ar Grand Rapids | 8 50      | 2 30      | 7 15      |
| " Lansing       | 9 15      | 2 55      | 7 35      |
| " Howell        | 10 22     | 3 55      | 9 01      |
| " Detroit       | 12 00     | 5 10      | 10 40     |
| Lv Grand Rapids | 7 05      | 4 15      |           |
| Ar Howard City  | 8 40      | 5 40      |           |
| " Edmore        | 9 25      | 6 25      |           |
| " Alma          | 10 17     | 7 10      |           |
| " St. Louis     | 10 25     | 7 27      |           |
| " Saginaw       | 11 45     | 9 00      |           |

7:15 a. m. runs through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c. 1:00 p. m. and 5:40 p. m. run through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.

GEO. DE HAVEN, General Passenger Agent, Grand Rapids, Mich.

## AUCTION SALE.

A public auction will be held at the residence of the late JAS. C. SOUTER, of the Dutch Reformed Church, on the Lake Shore, Friday, February 12th.

At 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of the following goods and chattels:

One good horse, 8 years old, 1 milch cow, 2 one-horse wagons, 1 plow, 1 double-furrow, 1 spring tooth cultivator, 1 three-toothed cultivator, 1 one-horse harrow, 1 fanning mill, 100 bush of corn in the ear, 6 bush of buckwheat, 1 bus. of clover seed, 1 grindstone, hay, straw, cornstalks, etc. 2 cows, both with pig, and other articles, too numerous to mention.

TERMS:—All sums below \$3, cash. On all sums over \$3, time until Oct. 1, 1892, without interest. Five per cent off for cash on time sales. GEO. H. SOUTER, Auctioneer. Holland, Mich., Feb. 4, 1892. 2 1w

## NEW BLACKSMITH-SHOP OF

## EVERT TAKKEN.

(Market Street.)

## General Repairing.

## Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

New work of any description and the repairing of Machinery and Implements solicited and promptly attended to.

Buggies of all sizes and styles made to order on short notice.

Give us a call in the new Shop on Market St.

EVERT TAKKEN, Holland, Mich., Feb. 4, 1892. 2 tf

## MONEY TO LOAN!

The Ottawa County Building and Loan Association, Inc.

One Thousand Dollars and Upwards

to loan to members every alternate Saturday at half past eight o'clock p. m. at their office in Kauters Block.

Only Real Estate Security will be Accepted.

Office open every Monday, Friday and Saturday.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

By order of the Board, C. A. STEVENSON, Secretary. Holland, Mich., Nov. 19, 1891. 43tf

EVERY one in need of information on the subject of advertising will do well to obtain a copy of "Book for Advertisers," 268 pages, one dollar. Mailed, postage paid, on receipt of price. Contains a careful compilation from the American Newspaper Directory of all the best papers and class journals; gives the circulation rating of every one, and a good deal of information about rates and other matters pertaining to the business of advertising. Address: ROWELL'S ADVERTISING BUREAU, 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

## SEIF'S

## Bottling Works, Cor. 10th and Maple Sts.

I have opened my new Bottling Works east of the Brewery. Am prepared to furnish

## Bottled Beer,

delivered free, at the following rates:

1 doz. 1-4 Bottles \$0.90

2 " 1-8 " \$1.00

A. SEIF, Holland, Mich., Sept. 10, 1891. 33 1y

## H. Wykhuyzen Jeweler, Zeeland, Mich.

Choice Assortment of

## Gold and Silver Watches, and Clocks.

Jewelry! Jewelry!

Special attention is called to the Low Prices at which I offer my Goods to the Public.

## Repairing

promptly and satisfactorily attended to at reasonable charges.

Store, next to De Kruij's Drug Store.

H. WYKHUYSEN

Zeeland, Mich., March 10th, 1891. 8-1y

If you wish to advertise anything anywhere at any time write to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., No. 10 Spruce St., New York. 45tf

## Slaughter Sale! at E.J. HARRINGTON.

aim closing out my large stock of

## Ready Made Clothing

and Gents' Furnishing

From now on to the close of the season.

Special Bargains in

## DRESS GOODS.

New arrivals of Dress Goods, direct from the manufacturers. New goods are offered at exceptionally low prices, and are of the most desirable patterns.

E. J. HARRINGTON, Holland, Mich., Dec. 18, 1891.

# 25 CENT Neck-Wear Sale!

Do You want a 75 cent Tie for 25 cents?

We are Leaders the Neckwear Trade.

We have on hand a line of \$1.00, 75c. 50c. and 25 cent Neckties, which we want to close out in a hurry. We offer the choice of any Tie in the store for 25 cents, as long as the supply lasts.

## WM. BRUSSE & CO.

# How Can it be Done?

Still We do it.

# WHAT?

Sell our large Surplus of Doors we have on hand 20 percent cheaper than regular retail prices. That is to say we retail at wholesale prices until all Doors are sold.

Also close out all our

## Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Window and Doorframes, Mouldings, Flooring and Siding.

at 10 to 15 percent below the regular price, until all is sold. Decided bargains in small job lots of lumber. We also offer for sale

## Ten City Lots, Two Houses and Lots, the Novelty Wood Works, and one Warehouse uptown.

Apply at J. R. KLEYN'S

## Novelty Wood Works.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 24, 1891.

## Wm. Van Der Veere PROPRIETOR OF

# CITY MEAT MARKET,

Cor. Eighth and Fish Sts. HOLLAND, MICH.

## Fresh and Salt Meats.

Cash Paid for Poultry.

A full and complete line of Choice Meats constantly on hand.

Orders taken at the Houses when requested and Goods delivered free of charge.

Holland, Mich. Feb. 20, 1891. 11y

# DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

## The Sanitary Convention.

The next sanitary convention in the regular series conducted under the auspices of the state board of health will be held in the city of Holland, Thursday and Friday, March 3 and 4, 1892.

This is the same convention that was to have been held in this city over a year ago, but which owing to a combination of circumstances has been postponed until now.

The admission to all the sessions of the convention will be free, and everybody is cordially invited to attend. The object being the presentation of facts, the comparison of views and the discussion of methods relating to matters of general sickness and health, it is especially desired that the public be present. It is not a medical convention but a sanitary convention, for the people.

The sessions will be held in the First Reformed church, the consistory of that congregation having kindly offered the use of their building for this purpose.

The opening exercises, address of welcome by the mayor and response by the president of the state board of health will be had at the first session of the convention, Thursday afternoon. The full program, giving topics and speakers, will be announced as soon as definitely arranged.

The appointment of officers and committees in connection with the convention has been as follows:

President—Mayor O. E. Yates.

Vice Presidents—Prof. G. J. Kollen, Holland; C. Van Loo, Zeeland; Dr. H. F. Thomas, Allegan; Dr. A. Van der Veen, Grand Haven; Dr. B. B. Godfrey, Hudsonville; W. Diekema, Holland town; J. W. Norrington, Olive.

Secretary—G. Van Schelven.

Com. from State Board of Health—Henry B. Baker, M. D., Lansing.

Local Committee—Dr. O. E. Yates, chairman, Rev. J. T. Bergen, Rev. H. E. Dosker, Rev. E. Bos, Prof. G. J. Kollen, I. Verwey, W. Benjaminse, Dr. J. A. Mathis, Dr. H. Kreners, P. H. McBride, G. J. Diekema, R. H. Habermann, Geo. P. Hummer, G. W. Mokma, I. Cappon, W. H. Beach, C. J. De Roo, R. Kanters, E. J. Harrington.

Executive Committee—W. H. Beach, chairman, C. J. De Roo, Dr. F. J. Schouten, R. H. Habermann, Dr. Henry B. Baker.

Reception Committee—Dr. O. E. Yates, G. J. Diekema, P. H. McBride.

Music Committee—Prof. J. B. Nykerk.

## (OFFICIAL.)

### Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 2nd, 1892.  
The common council met in regular session and in the absence of the mayor was called to order by the president pro tem.  
Present—Ald. Hummel, Schoon, Dalman, Oosting, and Hab. Ruann. President pro tem, and the clerk.  
Minutes of the last meeting read and approved.

### PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

L. Tor Beck petitioned that his tax be refunded—referred to the com. or poor.  
William Brock, Plumber Home Cemetery Association and four others petitioned as follows—

To the Commissioner of Highways for the Township of Holland and to the Common Council of the City of Holland.—The undersigned fresh holders of the Township of Holland and of the City of Holland, do hereby make application to you to lay out a highway in a part of said Township and city of Holland constituting the boundary line of said city and township, and respectfully ask that you will proceed to lay out a highway as follows:—Commencing on the section line between sections 28 and 33 in township five, north of range 13 west, at the corner of the s w 1/4 of the s w 1/4 of section 28, and running thence north on the line between the s w 1/4 of the s w 1/4 and the s e 1/4 of the s w 1/4 of said section 28 to where said line strikes the center line of a highway on said line and between the s w 1/4 of the s w 1/4 and the s e 1/4 of the s w 1/4 of said section 28 being a distance of about eighty rods.—Referred to the committee on streets and bridges.

J. C. Post and fourteen others petitioned as follows—

To the Common Council of the City of Holland, Holland, Mich.:  
GENTLEMEN:—We the undersigned citizens and freeholders of the City of Holland do hereby petition your Honorable body to place two street lamps on Thirtieth street, viz: one on the corner of First Avenue—on the corner of the corner of Van Baile Avenue.

Dated January 28, 1892.

Referred to the committee on street lighting.

The following bills were presented for payment, and allowed, viz:

Geo. H. Ship, salary as clerk \$45 88

B. D. Kappel, " " " " 40 00

M. De Feyter, " " " " 22 17

P. H. McBride 3 mo's salary city atty 18 75

J. Kruisenga, oil, "rooms, pell, etc. 4 97

Hose Co. No. 1, salaries of members 169 88

J. Van den Berg, labor on city sidewalk 50

A. C. Van Baile, 2 1/2 days drying hose 3 13

Kanters Bros., lanterns, etc. 6 57

Wm. Deur, 19 1/2 cts wood for city poor 32 15

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The committee on poor reported, presenting the semi-monthly report of the director of the poor and said committee, recommending \$21.50 for the support of the poor for the two weeks ending Feb. 17, 1892.—Approved and warrants ordered issued.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

The city marshal reported receipt of the city treasurer for \$363.21, water rent collected and paid into the water fund.—Filed.

The following claims, approved by the board of water commissioners were certified to the common council for payment, and allowed, viz:

C. & W. M. Ry Co., freight on oil \$1 60

G. Winter, " " " " 10 10

C. Bagan, 6 21 cords steam wood 8 73

Stienberg, 5 13-16 " " 7 51

G. Dekker, 11 14-32 " " 16 72

F. Boonstra, 11 31-32 " " 3 30

J. De Wit, 11 11-16 " " 3 30

J. Bakker, 11 31-32 " " 17 21

R. Platneyes, 7 1-2 " " 12 00

C. M. Kampen, 31-32 " " 14 15

K. V. Kampen, 31-32 " " 48 05

E. H. Adams, 21-32 " " 35 75

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

J. Witten, 18 1-32 " " 28 85  
J. Bagan, 11 1-32 " " 21 84  
J. Kruisenga, 11 1-32 " " 1 60  
G. W. Dekker, 6 17-32 " " 10 13  
The street commissioner reported for the month of Jan'y 1892.—Filed.  
The city clerk recommended that the following sums of money, transferred from the several funds named and placed to the credit of the general fund, be paid back into their respective funds, viz:  
Five hundred dollars transferred from Thirtieth street fund; two hundred dollars transferred from Land street fund; and two thousand dollars transferred from the water fund. Also recommended that the two thousand dollars loaned from the Holland City State Bank be paid to said bank—R. port accepted and recommended to be ordered carried out.  
MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.  
By Ald. Dalman.  
Whereas, Life Tor Vree and Freyman, through sickness are unable to attend to the investigation of an electric lighting plan for this city, therefore Resolved, that the mayor pro tem appoint one or more members of the common council as a committee to investigate the same.  
Carried.  
Ald. Dalman was appointed as such member.  
Carried and adjourned.  
Gro. H. Surr, City Clerk

## IT PAYS

To be cautious in the choice of medicines. Many are injured by trying experiments with compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, the principal recommendation of which would seem to be their "cheapness." Being made up of worthless, though not always harmless, ingredients, they may well be "cheap," but, in the end, they are dear. The most reliable medicines are costly, and can be retailed at moderate prices, only when the manufacturing chemist handles the raw materials in large quantities. It is economy, therefore,

## To Use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the valuable components of which are imported, wholesale, by the J. C. Ayer Co. from the regions where these articles are richest in medicinal properties.

"It is a wonder to me that any other than Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a show in the market. If people consulted their own interest, they would never use any other; for it is not only the best, but, on account of its concentrated strength and purity, it is the most economical."—James F. Duffy, Druggist, Washington St., Providence, R. I.  
Dr. A. L. Almond, Druggist, Liberty, Va., writes: "Leading physicians in this city prescribe

## Ayer's

Sarsaparilla. I have sold it for eighteen years, and have the highest regard for its healing qualities."

"Although the formula is known to the trade, there can be no successful imitation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Without having the enormous facilities of the J. C. Ayer Co., it is impossible for other parties to put together such valuable ingredients, at the low cost of Ayer's

## Sarsaparilla

It stands at the head of all similar preparations.—Mark A. Jones, 30 years a druggist, 60 Cambridge St., E. Cambridge, Mass.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.  
**Cures others, will cure you**

## Peuliar.

Whoever heard of a medicine that a drugist will let you take two or three doses of without charge, because there is just as much left after you and others have sampled it? Whoever heard of a medicine that will last one person a year or more, but which costs but 50c.—1,000 treatments for 50c? Whoever heard of a medicine that is pleasant to take, can be carried in the pocket, and will give relief in five minutes? These "peculiarities" and many more are true of Cushman's Menthol Inhaler, which is endorsed by the leading physicians of the world for curing Headache, Neuralgia, Cold, Catarrh, Sore throat, Asthma and Bronchitis. Prove the truth of these statements by a free trial at H. Walsh's drug store.

Fine rubbers, wrapped in silk, just the thing for Xmas presents.  
47-47 J. D. HELDER.

All kinds of Rubbers, at prices lower than anywhere else.  
J. D. HELDER.

Buell's man shoes, and Shafer's Woman's shoes, at  
J. D. HELDER.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist, Holland, Mich. 42-6m

Have your old, broken down teeth made useful by Gold Crowns, at one-half the usual price, at the Central Dental Parlor. 36-1f

Since the recent "discovery" of the antiseptic properties of Menthol, no more important application of it has been made than in Cushman's Menthol Balm. It relieves pain like magic. For curing cuts, bruises, burns, chapped hands, sores, ulcers, salt rheum and all skin diseases, and as an ointment for household use it is the best. Get a box free at H. Walsh's drug store. Large size 25c.

To Whom it may Concern.  
I am pleased to testify that one box of Dr. F. J. Schouten's Rheumatic Pills has cured me of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.  
JAS. A. BROUWER.  
Holland, Mich., July 13, 1891.

## Those Pills

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—For four years I have been troubled with rheumatism and have experimented with different medicines off and on, but without relief. This winter I was persuaded to try Dr. F. J. Schouten's Anti-rheumatic Pills. Two boxes were sufficient to cure me.  
P. WINTER.

## Abstracts of Titles!

Having purchased of JACOB BAAR

"The Old Reliable" and

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of Ottawa County. I am now prepared to furnish Abstracts to all

Lands and Platted Tracts

in the County, on short notice.

**MONEY SAVED**

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Address all orders to

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## NEW!

## A New Meat Market

AT THE

Old Stand

Having disposed of my Business in the First Ward, I am now located on

River Street.

My Friends will find me at the Market recently vacated by Mr. J. Neuwesen.

**CHOICE MEATS,**

Carefully selected and salted to each season of the year.

**P. Kleis.**

Holland, Mich., Feb. 3 91.

**H. J. Cronkright,**

**BARBER,**

Shop: North of E. KRAKER'S PLACE

River Street. Holland, Mich. 46

## Bran and Middlings.

As we make a large amount of flour we can always supply mill feed during the winter, as well as other seasons.

## Custom Grinding.

We have large capacity for all sorts of grinding and give prompt service.

## The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

Standard Roller Mills

**HOLLAND, - - MICH.**



**WHY IS THE**

**W. L. DOUGLAS**

**\$3 SHOE FOR**

**THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?**

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-made shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed red, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00; equals French imported shoes costing from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best custom-made shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

\$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them: fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; One trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.25 and \$2.00 Workingman's shoes to be very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make. Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' \$3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best imported shoes costing from \$3.00 to \$5.00.

Ladies' \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 shoe for ladies are the best fine long-styled and durable. Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

DO NOT TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. Insist on local authorized dealers supplying you. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Solely For Sale by G. J. Van Duren, Eighth Street, Holland, Mich. 1-1y

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## City Bakery

You can find all kinds of

**FRUIT,**

such as

California Pears,

Nice Michigan Apples,

Florida Oranges,

Lemons, Bananas,

Figs, Dates,

Cranberries,

Sweet Potatoes.

**Fresh Canned Goods,**

such as

Peaches, Apricots, Plums

Pears, Pumpkin, Corn,

Tomatoes, etc., etc.

If you want something very sweet, then

Buy Honey or Maple Sugar

If you are looking for

The Best 5 Cts. Cigar,

Then smoke the "Vim!"

**John Pessink,**

Trinidad Asphaltum and Mineral Fire-

Proof Roofing Process.

A new Liquid for Roofs, old and new. Applied while hot.

All Work Guaranteed.

Old Roofs Repaired.

The above Fire-proof Roofing Process is represented in

Holland by

Frank G. Swift.

Leave orders at the Hardware Store of Kanters Bros.

Holland, Mich., July 30 '91. 27 1f

## NEW ENTERPRISE

L. C. COTTS,

Manufacturer of

**BROOMS & BRUSHES.**

Constantly on hand a large assortment of hand-made brooms and brushes of different sizes, grades and prices. Orders by mail promptly filled.

Factory on Eleventh Street, east of King's Factory.

Holland, Mich., August 6, 1891.

Ask Your Local Dealer

for Cotts' Brooms.

28 1y

**COME TO**

**Chicago CLOTHING STORE.**

And SEE THE HANDY EGG CASE.

**WE GIVE IT AWAY TO OUR CUSTOMERS.**

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS!**

**OVERCOATS!**

AT COST!

We close out our stock of Overcoats at cost, for the balance of the season.

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BEST BOATS, QUICKEST TIME, MOST COMFORT, LOWEST RATES.

MULDER & VERWEY, Agents,

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NEW YORK and BALTIMORE, to BREMEN, HAMBURG.

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NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL.

Will close out our entire stock of Coal and Wood Stoves

**At Reduced Prices.**

call early while stock is complete.

**E. VANDER VEEN.**

Pioneer Hardware.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 18, 1891.

**CUSTOM-MILL**

OF

**H. H. Karsten,**

ZEELAND, MICH.

The highest price paid for Buckwheat.

Special attention paid to Grinding of Buckwheat.

I have just put in a new Buckwheat Huller and am now prepared to make the finest Buckwheat Flour in the State. Come and give me a trial.

Mill and office near R. R. depot. 30 1y

**FRUIT FARM.**

WANTED to exchange—23 acre fruit farm, lying within the corporation of the village of Saugatuck. Will sell or exchange for city property; either require or pay difference.

Address—Drawer No. 10, Saugatuck P. O. 48-3w

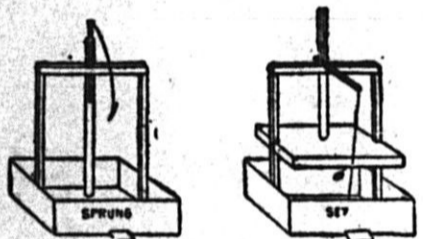
## HOME AND THE FARM.

A DEPARTMENT MADE UP FOR OUR RURAL FRIENDS.

The Productive Power of Weeds—How to Fatten Farrow Cows—Handling the Apple Crop—Agricultural Notes—Household and Kitchen Hints.

**Productive Power of Weeds.**  
To ascertain the productive power of weeds, the seeds upon a single plant of different species have been counted with the following results: Wild carrot, 1,200; dandelion, 81,500; chickweed, 2,000; cockle, 3,200; campion, 3,425; chess, 3,500; dock, 3,700; ragweed, 4,372; groundsel, 6,500; ox-eye daisy, 9,000; mallow, 16,500; motherwort, 18,000; foxtail, 19,500; sow thistle, 19,000; mustard, 31,000; Canadian thistle, 42,000; red poppy, 50,000; burdock, 400,328; purslane, 500,000; lambs' quarters, 825,000.

**A Model Rat Trap.**  
I give below, says a correspondent of Farm and Home, a design for a rat trap. Let the boys try it. The parts are a box about 6x14 inches, a drop, similar to a churn dasher, a frame over the box and a piece of shingle which is inserted in the slot in front of the box. There is also the contrivance to set it with, as shown in the illustration. Every part should be planned smoothly. The drop should be made small enough not to touch



any other part when falling. A broom handle may be used for the perpendicular part of the drop, and a heavy piece of plank on the bottom of it to make a heavy fall. A little notch is cut in the shingle a little past the middle, and another notch on inside of front of box, half way between the slot and top. The thin piece of wood on the string is put into these notches when the trap is set. The end of the shingle in the trap, on which the bait is put, should be raised clear from the bottom about a quarter of an inch when the trap is set correctly.

**Agricultural Briefings.**  
KEEP seed corn from getting damp. THERE is likely to be a good demand for canned products.

In the history of the farming industry in the United States the time has arrived when success depends more on good management than good luck.

THE result of the recent attempt to raise tea in North Carolina indicates that the soil and climate are favorable to such an industry, but that, owing to the expense of picking and curing, none but the highest grades could be produced profitably.

CANADA thistles can be killed by repeated cutting during the growing season, or by thorough plowing and cultivation. If cut closely while in bloom, and then repeatedly cut as often as they grow, there will be little left of them in fall; but frequent plowing, hoeing and cultivating will do more thorough work.

It has always been something of a wonder to us that more attention was not given to nut culture in this country. In every section of the country some varieties of nut trees will probably grow, and while the variety that may do well in a certain section, may not be very profitable so far as producing a salable nut is concerned, the tree will be a tree, and the nuts it bears will prove something for pleasant home consumption. For instance, the black walnut is not very profitable as a commercial nut, but when the tree will grow, it is a good tree, and the nuts are not to be despised by any means on winter evenings. It would be wisdom to ascertain what nut trees will do well in our particular location, and to plant a few of such nut bearing trees.—Western Rural.

### LIVE STOCK AND DAIRY.

#### Fattening Farrow Cows.

It is a difficult question to solve—to fatten farrow cows economically. Wheat straw serves merely to furnish a coarse fodder to mix with the grain foods without yielding much nutriment. But if the straw is well cut and the other foods are of good quality we think the following combination will effect his purpose: Fourteen pounds cut wheat straw, 2 pounds wheat bran, 4 pounds ground damaged beans, 4 pounds cornmeal and 3 pounds O. P. linseed meal, the digestible nutriment of which are shown in the following formula, in pounds:

|                                  | Album. | Carbo.    |
|----------------------------------|--------|-----------|
|                                  | noids. | hydrates. |
| 14 pounds cut wheat straw.....   | 0.11   | 5.91      |
| 2 pounds wheat bran.....         | 0.23   | 0.92      |
| 4 pounds ground beans.....       | 0.80   | 2.00      |
| 4 pounds cornmeal.....           | 0.33   | 2.52      |
| 3 pounds O. P. linseed meal..... | 0.81   | 0.81      |
| Totals.....                      | 2.31   | 11.16     |

Nutritive ratio 1 to 5.4. This is a well-balanced milk ration, and if these cows are in good, fair condition should make good progress in laying on fat, as well as yielding rich milk. The average yield of butter for a lot of good farrow cows on this ration should be between four and five

pounds per head per week; but C. has not given any description of his cows by which any closer approximation can be made. He will not find all his cattle to fatten alike, some may require a longer time to get in condition for the butcher.—Country Gentleman.

**Cattle Raising in Mexico.**  
Cattle raising has become one of the most important Mexican industries. In the Northern States of Mexico there roamed in 1885 over an area of 300,000 square miles 1,500,000 horned cattle, 2,500,000 goats, 1,000,000 sheep, 1,000,000 horses and 500,000 mules. There were then 20,514 cattle ranches valued at \$515,000,000 which number of value has greatly increased during the last seven years. The stock-raisers of the United States lose thousands of cattle every year owing to rigorous winters and severe summers, while in Mexico perennial spring smiles on man and beast. In Bulletin No. 9, from the Bureau of American Republics at Washington, figures are given of the profits of a cattle ranch of 617 acres, situated 249 miles from a large city and fifty miles from the nearest railway station. The land cost \$4.86 per acre and at the end of two years the business had entirely reimbursed the outlay and given a profit of \$8,327 besides, while the profits of future years were estimated at 70 per cent. on the capital invested. Many of these cattle are exported to the United States.

**Waste of Feed.**  
Thousands of farmers still feed good fodder from the ground without racks in all weather, says a writer, and let their colts and other young stock run over the farm and pick their living from fence corners and stalk fields. An equal number waste quantities of coarse fodder every winter, which, if properly economized, might do much toward supporting stock well sheltered. Why don't more of us apply some of the good advice given us and work systematically on this feeding problem, buy less hay and more cotton-seed meal and lay up money? Many of us are too lazy to even try a balanced ration. We act as if afraid to adopt something a little out of our usual rut. There is nothing very fearful about four quarts of bran and a pint of oil meal, nothing complicated, but it will make a cow do better when put on cut, wet stalks and poor hay than the finest timothy. It doesn't cost much either—3c., and besides lining the purse it fattens the farm.

**Notes.**  
THE test blooded stock in the world is in the United States.

SHEEP husbandry will unquestionably increase during a few years to come.

THE high price of grain and feed requires good stock to feed it to, to pay a profit as it should on the feed and on the stock. Scrub stock will not do that.

Try to raise horses of as uniform quality as possible, but uniformly good. By so doing a team may be mated up and sold at a higher price than the two would bring if sold separately.

GET a good, first-class cow, give her plenty of good, first-class food, with good water, and yet neglect to make her comfortable in the stable, and we shall fail to get out of her all that we might.

### ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

#### Handling Apples.

Less is really known about the apple crop, and how to grow and handle the fruit, than almost any other product on the farm. Potatoes, wheat, corn and other crops have been studied and experimented with so persistently that most farmers can give good reasons for everything they do concerning them. But apples have been allowed to take care of themselves, and it is only recently that thorough efforts to cultivate and improve them have been generally adopted. Good crops of apples are as much dependent upon good cultivation and handling as a crop of corn. Our trees will produce more and better fruit when they are treated as cultivated fruits, and not as wild trees, transplanted to the orchard. Trees need close location, they need good soil, mulches, pruning, scrubbing and similar work. If a good variety of an apple is obtained it can be made to produce excellent fruit, with scarcely a poor specimen on it. But this means that the trees must be protected in winter, and be adapted to the soil and climate. It means that we must study apple disease and fungus more than heretofore, and to give good thorough cultivation. The different varieties of apples need studying, so that we can select intelligently those specially marketable, and likely to be adapted to our farms. On many old homesteads dozens of apple trees may be found where poor specimens of fruits are grown. The apples are bitter, small, knotty and almost worthless, except as hog feed. It is not alone due to the poor cultivation, but because the variety is not worth cultivating.

Half the apple crop in this country is not fit to send to the market because of poor growth and poor variety, and half of the other half is not fit to send because of poor handling. Yet many claim that there is no profit in apple growing. The market is overstocked, and those sent to the city rot before they can be sold. When we handle our apples as we now do our eggs the profit will be much larger, and when we study the needs of the trees as we study stock raising, we will be blessed with fine trees and good crops.

Apples that are well grown and matured can be kept finely all winter without decay. But bruised or injured apples will not keep until the holidays. The choicer the varieties the more care there is demanded to

keep them through winter. Many of our fruit cellars smell with mold and decay, and apples can not preserve their naturalness in such places. Cellars where furnaces are kept are, on the other hand, generally too dry. It is not so much a dry cellar needed, as a cool, clear place. This part of the question needs studying, too, for many good apples are spoiled by lack of proper knowledge in storing and keeping them over winter.

**Horticultural Items.**  
THE willow, elm, poplar or locust should never be planted close to wells or drains.

BEFORE setting out trees of any kind, mark off the ground carefully and set a stake where each tree is to be planted.

A FEW dollars spent in trees, flowers and shrubbery, and a day's time spent in setting them out will enhance the value of many farms.

Do not gauge the value of trees by their size; young and thrifty trees of moderate growth are always better than overgrown ones.

In timbered sections many fail to properly preserve their timber lots. It is not necessary to destroy the timber lot to get wood.

WHILE studying and planing for next year's work, get it firmly impressed upon your mind that in setting a tree the mangled roots should be trimmed with a sharp knife, and that the fine moist soil should be firmed about them.

### HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN.

#### The Family Doctor.

WHOOPIING COUGH.—The following is regarded as an excellent remedy: Pure carbonate of potassa, one scruple; cochineal, one grain. Dissolve in six ounces of water sweetened with sugar. Dose for a child 4 or 5 years old, one teaspoonful three times a day, to be taken before meals.

The inhalation of air charged with ammonia vapors, as a remedy for whooping cough, has been tried in France with success. One of the methods of application employed is boiling strong ammonia in the room where the patient lies.

Pound best black resin very fine, and give as much as will lie on a cent in a little moist sugar three times a day, commencing before breakfast in the morning. I have known it to cure the most obstinate cases of whooping cough in three weeks.

BURNS AND SCALDS.—Mix common kitchen whitening with sweet oil, or, if sweet oil is not at hand, with water. Plaster the whole of the burn and some inches beyond it, all round, with the above, after mixing it to the consistency of common paste, and lay it on an eighth, or rather more, of an inch in thickness. It acts like a charm; the most agonizing pain is in a few moments stilled. Take care to keep the mixture moist by the application, from time to time, of fresh oil or fresh water, and at night wrap the whole part affected in gutta-percha or flannel, to keep the moisture from evaporating. The patient will, in all probability, unless the flesh be much injured and the burn a very bad one, sleep soundly.

Common baking soda—the bicarbonate—has been found to cure burns or scalds, affording immediate relief when it is promptly applied. For a dry burn, the soda should be made into paste with water. For a scald or wet burned surface, the powdered soda (or borax will do as well) should be dusted on.

#### Hints for the Household.

SALT fish of any kind is quickest and best freshened by soaking in sour milk.

BOILED starch is much improved by the addition of a little salt or dissolved gum arabic.

For simple hoarseness take a fresh egg, beat it and thicken with pulverized sugar. Eat freely of it.

KEROSENE will soften boots or shoes that have been hardened by water and render them pliable as new.

If pork is young the lean will break on being pinched: the fat will be white, soft, and pulpy.

FINE shavings from soft pine wood make a pleasant pillow. They have special curative virtues for coughs and lung troubles.

#### What Good Cooks Say.

MILK TOAST.—Slice some bread, toast it of a nice light brown on both sides. Boil a pint of milk; mix together two teaspoonfuls of flour in a little cold water; stir this into the boiling milk. Let it boil about one minute, then add a little salt and stir into it two ounces of butter. Dip the toast in the milk, place it on a dish, and pour the remainder of the milk over it. The toast may be made much richer by increasing the quantity of butter.

BLACK PUDDING.—Three cupfuls of flour, one and one-half cupfuls of milk, one and one-half cupfuls of raisins (stoned), one egg (or without), butter the size of an egg, teaspoonful of clove, cinnamon, salt, one cupful of molasses. Steam four hours.

CHEESE WAFERS.—Rub a tablespoonful of butter to a cream, and stir in two tablespoonfuls of grated English cheese. Spread this mixture on thin water crackers or plain wafers, or, if you cannot get thin crackers, split the thicker ones. Keep them in a hot oven till they are a delicate brown.

BALLOON MUFFINS.—Place your gem pans on the range to get very hot. Take one pint of flour; half-pint milk, half-pint water; beat thoroughly with a keystone or wire beater. Butter the pans; fill two-thirds full and bake in a quick oven twenty minutes, or until they are puffs and nicely browned. Use no salt or baking powder. Salt is easily added when they are broken open to eat.

## DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SILENCE LASTED BUT THIRTY MINUTES.

Dr. Talmage Preaches from the Beautiful Text in Revelation That Tells of the Only Internation Ever Known in Paradise.

### Silence in Heaven.

Dr. Talmage has of late been preaching on texts of Scripture that seem to have been neglected, and there is a sermon on a beautiful text which probably was never before selected for a discourse. Rev. viii, 1, "There was silence in Heaven about the space of half an hour."

The busiest place in the universe is Heaven. It is the center from which all good influences start; it is the goal at which all good results arrive. The Bible represents it as active with wheels and wings and orchestras and processions mounted or charioted. But my text describes a space when the wheels ceased to roll, and the trumpets to sound, and the voices to chant. The riders on the white horses, reined in their charges. The dogologies were hushed and the processions halted. The hand of arrest was put upon all the splendors. "Stop, Heaven!" cried an omnipotent voice, and it stopped. For thirty minutes everything celestial stood still. "There was silence in Heaven for half an hour."

From all we can learn it is the only time Heaven ever stopped. It does not stop at other cities, for the night, for there is no night there. It does not stop for a plague, for the inhabitant never says, "I am sick." It does not stop for bankruptcies, for its inhabitants never fail. It does not stop for impassable streets, for there are no fallen snows nor sweeping freshets. What, then, stopped it for thirty minutes? Grotius and Prof. Stuart think that it was at the time of the destruction of Jerusalem. Mr. Lord thinks it was in the year 311, between the close of the Diocletian persecution and the beginning of the wars by which Constantine gained the throne. But that was all a guess, though a learned and brilliant guess. I do not know when it was and I do not care when it was, but of the fact that such an interregnum of sound took place I am certain. "There was silence in Heaven for half an hour."

And, first of all, we may learn that God and all Heaven honored silence. The longest and widest dominion that ever existed is that over which stillness was queen. For an eternity there had not been a sound. World making was a later day occupation. For unimaginable ages it was a mute universe. God was the only being, and as there was no one to speak to there was no utterance. But that silence has been broken up into worlds, and it has become a noisy universe. Worlds in upheaval, worlds in conflagration, worlds in revolution.

If geologists are right (and I believe they are) there has not been a moment of silence since this world began its travels, and the crashings, and the splittings, and the uproar, and the hubbub are ever in progress. But when among the supernals a voice cried, "Hush!" and for half an hour Heaven was still, silence was honored. The full power of silence many of us have yet to learn. We are told that when Christ was arraigned "He answered not a word." That silence was louder than any thunder that ever shook the world.

Offtimes, when we are assailed and misrepresented, the mightiest thing to say is to say nothing, and the mightiest thing to do is to do nothing. Those people who are always rushing into print to get themselves set right accomplish nothing but their own chagrin. Silence! Do right and leave the results with God. Among the grandest lessons the world has ever learned are the lessons of patience taught by those who endured uncomplainingly personal or domestic or social or political injustice. Stronger than any bitter or sarcastic or revengeful answer was the patient silence.

Oh, the power of patient silence! Eschylus, the immortal poet, was condemned to death for writing something that offended the people. All the pleas in his behalf were of no avail until his brother uncovered the arm of the prisoner and showed that his hand had been shot off at Salamis. That silent plea liberated him. The loudest thing on earth is silence if it be of the right kind and at the right time. There was a quaint old hymn, spelled in the old style, and once sung in the churches:

The race is not forever got  
By him who fastest runs,  
Nor the victory by those who peep  
That shoot with the longest guns.

My friends, the tossing Sea of Galilee seemed most to offend Christ by the amount of noise it made, for He said, "Be still!" Heaven has been crowning kings and queens unto God for many centuries, yet Heaven never stopped a moment for any such occurrence, but it stopped thirty minutes for the Coronation of Silence. "There was silence in Heaven for half an hour."

Learn also from my text that Heaven must be an eventful and active place, from the fact that it could afford only thirty minutes of recess. There have been events on earth and in Heaven that seemed to demand a whole day or a whole week or a whole year for celestial consideration. If Grotius was right and this silence occurred at the time of the destruction of Jerusalem, that scene was so awful and so prolonged that the inhabitants of Heaven could not have done justice to it in many weeks. After fearful besiegement of the two fortresses of Jerusalem—Antonia and Hippicus—had been going for a long while, a Roman soldier hurried into the window of the temple a fire-brand and the temple was all aflame, and after covering many sacrifices to the holiness of God, the building itself became a sacrifice to the rage of man.

The hunger of the people in that city during the besiegement was so great that as some outlaws were passing a doorway and inhaled the odors of food they burst open the door, threatening the mother of the household with death unless she gave them some food, and she took them aside and showed them that it was her own child that she was cooking for the pharisees. Six hundred priests were destroyed on Mount Zion because the temple being gone there was nothing for them to do. Six thousand people in one cloister were consumed. There were one million one hundred thousand dead, according to Josephus. Grotius thinks that this was the cause of silence in Heaven for half an hour.

If Mr. Lord was right and this silence was during the Diocletian persecutions, by which eight hundred and forty-four thousand Christians suffered death from sword and fire and banishment and ex-

posure, why did not Heaven listen throughout at least one of those awful years? No! Thirty minutes! The fact is that the celestial programme is so crowded with spectacle that it can afford only one recess in all eternity, and that for a short space. While there are great choruses in which all Heaven can join, each soul there has a story of divine mercy peculiar to itself, and it must be a solo. How can Heaven get through with all its recitatives, with all its cantos, with all its grand marches, with all its victories? Eternity is too short to utter all the praise.

In my text Heaven spared thirty minutes, but it will never again spare one minute. In worship in earthly churches, when there are many to take part, we have to counsel brevity, but how will Heaven get on rapidly enough to let 144,000 get through each with his own story, and then the 144,000,000, and then the 144,000,000,000, and then the 144,000,000,000,000?

Not only are all the triumphs of the past to be commemorated, but all the triumphs to come. Not only what we now know of God, but what we will know of Him after everlasting study of the Deific. If my text had said there was silence in Heaven for thirty days I would not have been startled at the announcement, but it indicates thirty minutes. Why, there will be so many friends to hunt up; so many of the greatly good and useful that we will want to see; so many of the inscrutable things of earth we will need explained; so many exciting earthly experiences we will want to talk over, and all the other spirits and all the ages will want the same that there will be no more opportunity for cessation.

How busy we will be kept in having pointed out to us the heroes and heroines that the world never fully appreciated—the yellow fever and cholera doctors who died, not flying from their posts; the female nurses who faced pestilence in the lazarettos; the railroad engineers who staid at their places in order to save the train though they themselves perished. I tell you Heaven will have no more hours to spare.

Besides that, Heaven is full of children. They are in the vast majority. No child on earth that amounts to anything can be kept quiet half an hour, and how are you going to keep 500,000,000 of them quiet half an hour? You know Heaven is much more of a place than it was when that recess of thirty minutes occurred. Its population has quadrupled, sextupled, centupled. Heaven has more on hand, more of rapture, more of knowledge, more of inter-communication, more of worship.

My subject also impresses me with the immortality of half an hour. That half hour mentioned in my text is more widely known than any other period in the calendar of Heaven. None of the whole hours of Heaven are measured off, none of the years, none of the centuries. Of the millions of ages past and the millions of ages to come, not one is especially measured off in the Bible. The half hour of my text is made immortal. The only part of eternity that was ever measured by earthly timepiece was measured by the minute hand of my text.

Oh, the half hours! They decide everything. I am not asking what you will do with the years or months or days of your life, but what of the half hours? Tell me the history of your half hours and I will tell you the story of your whole life on earth and the story of your whole life in eternity. The right or wrong things you can think in thirty minutes, the right or wrong things you can say in thirty minutes, the right or wrong things you can do in thirty minutes are glorious or baleful, inspiring or desperate. Look out for the fragments of time. They are pieces of eternity.

It was the half hours between shoeing horses that made Elihu Burritt the learned blacksmith, the half hours between professional calls as a physician that made Abercrombie the Christian philosopher, the half hours between his duties as a schoolmaster that made Salmon P. Chase Chief Justice, the half hours between shoe lasts that made Henry Wilson Vice President of the United States, the half hours between canal boats that made James A. Garfield President.

The half hour a day for good books or bad books, the half hour a day for prayer or indolence, the half hour a day for helping others or blasting others, the half hour before you go to business, and the half hour after you return from business; that makes the difference between the scholar and the ignoramus, between the Christian and the infidel, between the saint and the demon, between triumph and catastrophe, between Heaven and hell. The most tremendous things of your life and mine were certain half hours.

The half hour when in the paragonage of a country minister I resolved to become a Christian then and there; the half hour when I decided to become a preacher of the Gospel; the half hour when I realized that my son was dead; the half hour when I stood on the top of my house in Oxford street and saw our church burn; the half hour in which I entered Jerusalem; the half hour in which I ascended Mount Calvary; the half hour in which I stood on Mars Hill; the half hour in which the dedicatory prayer of this temple was made, and about ten or fifteen other half hours are the chief times of my life.

You may forget the name of the exact years or most of the important events of your existence, but those half hours, like the half hour of my text, will be immortal. I do not query what you will do with the twentieth century, I do not query what you will do with 1892, but what will you do with the next half hour? Upon that hinges your destiny. And during that some of you will receive the Gospel and make complete surrender, and during that others of you will make final and fatal rejection of the full and free and urgent and impassioned offer of life eternal.

Louis XIV, while walking in the garden at Versailles, met Mansard, the great architect, and the architect took off his hat before the King. "Put on your hat," said the King, "for the evening is damp and cold." And Mansard, the architect, the rest of the evening kept on his hat. The dukes and marquises standing with bare heads before the King expressed their surprise at Mansard, but the King said, "I can make a duke or a marquis, but God only can make a Mansard." And I say to you, my hearers, God only by his convicting and converting grace can make a Christian, but He is ready this very half hour to accomplish it.

Again, my text suggests a way of studying Heaven so that we can better understand it. The word "eternity" that we handle so much is an immeasurable word. Knowing that we could not understand that word, the Bible uses it

only once. We say, "Forever and ever." But how long is "Forever and ever?" I am glad that my text puts under our eye Heaven for thirty minutes. As when you would see a great picture, you put a sheet of paper into a scroll and look through it, or join your forefinger to your thumb and look through the circle between, and the picture becomes more intense, so this masterpiece of Heaven by St. John is more impressive when we take only thirty minutes of it at a time.

Now we have something that we can come nearer to grasping and it is a quiet Heaven. When we discuss about the multitudes of Heaven, it must be almost a nervous shock to those who have all their lives been crowded by many people and who want a quiet Heaven. For the last thirty-five years I have been much of the time in crowds and under public scrutiny and amid excitements, and I have sometimes thought for a few weeks after I reach Heaven I would like to go down in some quiet part of the realm, with a few friends, and for a little while try comparative solitude.

Then there are those whose hearing is so delicate that they get no satisfaction when you describe the crash of the eternal orchestra and they feel like saying, as the good woman in Hudson, N. Y., said, after hearing me speak of the mighty chorus of Heaven, "That must be a great Heaven, but what will become of my poor head?"

Yes, this half hour of my text is a still experience. "There was silence in Heaven for half an hour." You will find the inhabitants all at home. Enter the King's palace and take only a glimpse, for we have only thirty minutes for all Heaven. "Is that Jesus?" "Yes." Just under the hair along His forehead is the mark of a wound made by a bunch of twisted brambles, and His foot on the throne has on the palm of the right hand and a scar on the palm of the left hand. But what a countenance! What a smile! What a grandeur! What a loveliness! What an overwhelming look of kindness and grace! Why, He looks as if He had redeemed a world! But come on, for our time is short. Do you see that row of palaces? That is the Apostolic row. Do you see that long reach of architectural glories? That is Martyr row. Do you see that immense structure? That is the biggest house in Heaven; that is "the House of Many Mansions." Do you see that wall? Shade your eyes against its burning splendor, for that is the wall of Heaven, jasper at the bottom and amethyst at the top.

See this river rolling through the heart of the great metropolis? That is the river concerning which those who once lived on the banks of the Hudson, or the Alabama, or the Rhine, or the Shannon, say, "We never saw the like of this for clarity and sheen." That is the chief river of Heaven—so bright, so wide, so deep. But you ask, "Where are the asylums for the old?" I answer, "The inhabitants are all young." "Where are the hospitals for the lame?" "They are all agile." "Where are the infirmaries for the blind and deaf?" "They all see and hear." "Where are the almshouses for the poor?" "They are all multimillionaires." "Where are the inebriate asylums?" "Why, there are no saloons." "Where are the graveyards?" "Why, they never die."

Pass down those boulevards of gold and amber and sapphire and see those terminable streets built by the Architect of the universe into homes, over the threshold of which sorrow never steps, and out of whose windows faces, once pale with earthly sickness, now look rubicund with immortal health. "Oh, let me go in and see them!" you say. No, you cannot go in. There are those there who would never consent to let you come up. You say, "Let me stay here in this place where they never part." No, no! Our time is short, our thirty minutes are almost gone. Come on! We must get back to earth before this half hour of heavenly silence breaks up, for in your mortal state you cannot endure the pomp and splendor and resonance when this hour of silence is ended.

The day will come when you can see Heaven in full blast, but not now. I am now only showing you Heaven at the dimmest half hour of all the eternities. Come on! There is something in the celestial appearance which makes me think that the half hour of silence will soon be over. Yonder are the white horses being hitched to chariots, and yonder are seraphs fingering harps as if about to strike them into harmony, and yonder are conquerors taking down from the blue halls of Heaven the trumpets of victory.

Remember, we are mortal yet, and cannot endure the full roll of heavenly harmonies and cannot endure even the silent Heaven for more than half an hour! The clock in the tower of Heaven begins to strike and the half hour is ended! Descend! Come back! Come down! till your work is done. Should a little longer your burdens. Fight a little longer your battles. Weep a little longer your griefs. And then take Heaven, not in its dimmest half hour, but in its mightiest pomp, and instead of taking it for thirty minutes, take it world without end.

But how will you spend the first half hour of your heavenly citizenship after you have gone in to stay? After your prostration before the throne in worship of Him who made it possible for you to get there at all, I think the rest of your first half hour in Heaven will be passed in receiving your reward if you have been faithful. I have a strange beautiful book containing the pictures of the medals struck by the English Government in honor of great battles; these medals pinned over the heart of the returned heroes of the army on great occasions, the royal family present—the Crimean medal, the Victoria Cross, the Waterloo medal.

In your first half hour in Heaven in some way you will be honored for the earthly struggles in which you won the day. Stand up before all the royal house of Heaven and receive the insignia while you are announced as victor over the droughts and freshets of the farm field, victor over the temptations of the stock exchange, victor over professional allurements, victor over domestic infelicities, victor over hereditary depression, victor over sin and death and hell. Take the badge that celebrates those victories through our Lord Jesus Christ. Take it in the presence of all the galleries—saintly, angelic and divine!

They salute in all this glorious war Shall conquer though they die; They see the triumph from afar And salute it with their eye.

Trust men, and they will be true to you; treat them gently and they will show themselves great.—Emerson.

**La Grippe.**  
On December 19, I was confined to my room with the Grippe. The Treasurer of the "Commercial Advertiser" recommended that I should try a bottle of "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral," as it had cured him of the same complaint. I sent for a bottle, and in two days I was able to resume my business, and am now entirely cured.  
As I took no other remedy, I can but give all the credit to the "Cherry Pectoral," which I gratefully recommend as a speedy specific for this disease. Yours very truly,  
F. T. HARRISON,  
29 Park Row, New York, N. Y.



**Nothing like it**  
—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's as peculiar in its composition, as in its curative effects, in all the diseases and disorders that afflict womankind. It's a legitimate medicine—an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and strengthening nerve, and a positive remedy for female weaknesses and ailments. All functional disturbances, irregularities, and derangements are cured by it. There's nothing like it in the way it acts—there's nothing like it in the way it's sold. It's guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or the money paid for it is promptly refunded.  
Read the guarantee on the wrapper.  
You lose nothing if it doesn't help you—but it will.  
The system is invigorated, the blood enriched, digestion improved, melancholy and nervousness dispelled. It's a legitimate medicine, the only one that's guaranteed to give satisfaction in the cure of all "female complaints."

**AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT SLEEPING DRINK**  
THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.  
My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is pleasant, laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is invigorating.  
**LANE'S MEDICINE**  
All druggists sell it at 50c. and \$1.00 per package. Buy one to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary.

The loss of flesh is a trifle. You think you need not mind it.  
But, if you go on losing for some time or lose a good deal in a short time, you are running down. Is that a trifle?  
Get back to your healthy weight and generally you get back to health.  
A book on CAREFUL LIVING will tell you what it is to get there, and when Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil is useful. Free.

Scott & Bown, Chemists, 135 South 5th Avenue, New York.  
Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. 5c.

**Kennedy's Medical Discovery**  
Takes hold in this order:  
**Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Inside Skin, Outside Skin.**  
Driving everything before it that ought to be out.  
You know whether you need it or not.  
Sold by every druggist, and manufactured by  
**DONALD KENNEDY, ROXBURY, MASS.**

**BEST POLISH IN THE WORLD.**  
**RISE SUN STOVE POLISH**  
DO NOT BE DECEIVED  
With Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.  
HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

## SPURGEON IS NO MORE.

### THE FAMOUS LONDON DIVINE PASSES AWAY.

After Months of Illness the Noted Preacher Succumbs to Gout While Sojourning for Health in the South of France—His Distinguished Career.

#### A Great Preacher Gone.

Telegrams announce the death at Mentone, in South France, of Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon, pastor of the London Metropolitan Tabernacle. Mr. Spurgeon had long been a sufferer from gout, and about seven months ago his condition became so serious that even then his life hung in the balance for weeks. Eventually his naturally rugged constitution overcame the disease so far as to permit of his being removed to Mentone, where he had been for some time. At first the mild climate to which he had gone proved beneficial, and the famous preacher's physicians were beginning to look for his pastor's complete recovery. A few days ago alarming symptoms made their appearance. The renowned gentleman grew steadily worse, and the end soon came.

Mr. Spurgeon was born at Kelvedon, Essex, June 19, 1834, and was educated at Colchester, Maldstone, and elsewhere, finally becoming usher in a school at Newmarket. Having adopted Baptist views, he joined the congregation which had been presided over by the late Robert Hall, of Cambridge. He subsequently became pastor at Waterbeach, and his fame as a preacher reaching



CHARLES H. SPURGEON.

London he was offered the pastorate of the church meeting in New Park Street, Chapel in Southwark.

He first preached before a London congregation in 1853, with so much success that ere two years had elapsed it was considered necessary to enlarge the building, "pending which alteration he officiated for four months at Exeter Hall. The enlargement of the chapel in Park street, however, proved insufficient and hearers multiplied with such rapidity that it became expedient to engage the Surrey Music Hall, and Mr. Spurgeon's followers determined to build a suitable edifice for their services. The Metropolitan tabernacle was accordingly built and opened in 1861, and ever since when the great preacher occupied its rostrum on Sundays there was present a congregation averaging over 6,000 persons. Mr. Spurgeon once preached to a congregation of 20,000 at the Crystal Palace near London. When, during the progress of repairs at his Metropolitan tabernacle, he preached in the Agricultural Hall, Islington, his audience numbered about 20,000 persons at every service.

Connected with his church, outgrowths of its energies, are the pastors' college from which several hundreds of young men have been sent out as ministers, and an orphanage which was begun at the instance of a lady friend who sent Mr. Spurgeon a check for \$100,000 with which to begin it. About three hundred orphans are fed, lodged, clothed, and educated in this institution. With the exception of Mr. Gladstone he received the largest mail of any man in the three kingdoms. A great many of his letters from sailors, from poor fellows whom he had managed to help out of the gutter, were simply addressed Spurgeon, England. To these he replied cheerfully and was always ready to give advice. Nor was this all. He gave freely of his money. In fact, he was a poor man. If it had not been for the kindness of his congregation he would have been penniless.

In person Mr. Spurgeon was short, thick-set, with a face by no means handsome and markedly English in type. But he had kindly manners that rendered him agreeable to those who knew him. Though he had accomplished so much labor in his life he has been for years a frequent sufferer from rheumatism, a disease which troubled both his father and grandfather.

In recent years, since he had much ill health, much of his parochial work has been undertaken by Mrs. Spurgeon, who is a devoted, unselfish woman, with a pleasant face and voice that win her friends everywhere. She is a ministering angel among the poor of the great city. In every respect she has proved herself a worthy helpmeet for the great preacher.

Their twin sons—their only children—are both engaged in the ministry.

#### The War Is Over.

Chill always was a Pacific country.—Boston Traveller.

It is now of no consequence whether the Captain Prat sails or not.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Chill's back-down appeared simultaneously with the President's back-up.—Memphis Avalanche.

Chill will come down, but she evidently prefers the installment plan to the full thud.—Washington Post.

Chill takes to her dish of crow with great alacrity. She might as well make the best of it.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

That Chill now has a pair of black eyes is admitted by those who pervertedly omit the last dot in spelling.—Baltimore American.

Chill isn't quite as blusteringly wags as she was a week ago. Uncle Sam is something of a base-burner himself.—Cincinnati Gazette.

The Chilian war talk and its ending have demonstrated that while Mr. Harrison has the loudest mouth Mr. Blaine possesses the heaviest feet.—Milwaukee Journal.

The war is over. Chill takes it all back. Apology, reparation, and good feeling will follow, and Chill will have an exhibit at the World's Fair at Chicago.—Pittsburgh Gazette.

Chill's respect for the American flag and uniform seems to have been of sudden birth. Perhaps our naval preparations had a good deal to do with it.—Indianapolis Journal.

## A Pennsylvania Swamp.

In the northwest corner of Pennsylvania is a basin now grown up to trees and bushes that not so very long ago was, probably, quite a respectable lake. "Fymtuning Swamp" it is now, but the Indians, whom the early settlers of this locality supplanted, had among their number a few who claimed to remember when it was an open lake. The 1864 government survey places the dimensions of the swamp at 9,000 acres, but some of this has since been reclaimed. What makes the place of peculiar interest is the existence of several circular forts or breastworks along its margin, and of a large boat somewhere in its mysterious jungles. Two of these forts the writer of this article has seen very recently. The shape, however, is oval rather than circular, inclosing about two acres. Both breastwork and ditch are very distinct. Though various hunters had told their stories of the "big boat," which they occasionally blundered on to, but could not find afterward, the truth of the story was long considered problematical. However, later investigations have proved beyond doubt that an old boat is there. Of course, it is now so nearly decayed and overgrown with weeds that only an excavation can reveal the secret of its presence—whether the relic of an extinct race, or the silent survivor of an earlier settlement than our histories credit to this part of the country is the question. The boat is said to be about 100 feet long, and to be put together with copper rivets.—Great Divide.

#### Here It Is.

To the man who labors with his hands, physical trouble is a very serious thing. It is not merely the pain he endures, racking and tormenting as it is, but the prospective loss of time, money, and place haunts him and aggravates his suffering. He is bent on having prompt relief and sure cure. He wants the best and the proof, and here it is:—Mr. W. H. Schroeder, Gilbertville, Iowa, stated, April 10, 1884, that he had used St. Jacobs Oil in his stables for horse complaints and upon himself for rheumatism, and had found it the best remedy he had ever tried. Again, February 11, 1887, he writes: "I have used St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism and sore back, as stated, and it cured; and for burns and bruises it does its work as recommended to do. I always keep it in the house and recommend it to my neighbors."—Mr. John Garbutt, 656 Minna St., San Francisco, Cal., writes: "Some time back I sprained my knee and suffered agony until I tried St. Jacobs Oil. The result was a speedy and permanent cure."—Miss Ida M. Fleming, 7 & Carey St., Baltimore, Md., says: "I have been afflicted for two years with neuralgia, and tried every means to get rid of the tormenting disease. I had been given so much quinine that my nervous system was seriously injured. I was advised to use St. Jacobs Oil, which I did, and it relieved me entirely."

#### A Startling Change.

The girls of Cornwall, according to a recent traveler, give nobody any trouble in early life. They are little automatons in youth, silent as pagan stone circles in girlhood, voiceless and blushing thereafter until wedded, when they at once develop such strength of character, temper, and tongue, that half the men of Cornwall are known individually as "Jenny's Jack," and in railway are greeted with the inquiry, "How's the woman as own's 'ee'?"

#### Dead Sea Fruits.

They slay multitudes when they are the product of neglect of incipient disease. A "slight" cold, a fit of indigestion, biliousness or constipation, each or any of these "minor ailments," advance in many cases with "leagues" destroying strides. Give them a swift, early defeat with Hoesier's Stomach Bitters and avert the danger. Abernethy administered an alarming rebuke to the man who informed him that he had "only a cold." "Only a cold," repeated the doctor. "What would ye have—the plague?" Rheumatism and grippe are easily treated at the start. Why then allow them to get up a full head of steam? Put on the brakes with the Bitters. The genial warmth which this superb medicine diffuses through the system, the impetus it gives to the circulation of the blood, its soothing and strengthening effect upon the nervous system, specially recommend it to the enfeebled and sick. 'Tis the great specific for malaria.

#### Preparing Whalebone.

A full-grown Greenland whale yields about a ton of whalebone. The whaling vessels usually bring it in pieces of ten or twelve blades each, but sometimes, if the voyage is long, the sailors have time to strip off each blade and divest it of its hairs. In preparing them for use the blades are cleaned and softened by boiling for about two hours; while still hot they are fixed in large wooden vices and shaved into the required sizes.

#### A Man who has practiced medicine for forty years ought to know a little about sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887.  
Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co., Cincinnati:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most forty years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could compare with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions. Yours truly,  
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,  
Office, 215 Summit St., Toledo, O.

We will give \$100 for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.  
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

#### Choked with Eels.

The flour mill of Martin L. Dunn, near Bordentown, N. J., has been idle for few days, the big turbine wheel refusing to move. Frank Dancer, an employe, finally made an examination and found the wheel choked with eels. Nearly a bushel of them had to be cut out with a chisel and hammer.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are excellent for the relief of Hoarseness or Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective.—Christian World, London, England.

Valuable Cargo.  
A cargo of copper valued at \$610,000 was recently carried out of Lake Superior.

The Most Violent Explosions of Coughing are stopped by HALL'S HONEY OF HORSKHOOD AND TAR.

PINK'S TOOTHACHE DROPS Cure in One Minute.

Is a man in the saddle, in total darkness until he comes to alight?

## Fast Eating

And irregular meals are cause of Dyspepsia, which will soon become incurable except by careful attention to diet and taking a reliable stomach medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Realistic!

Using party to let gastritis in eating, I suffered greatly from gas, accompanied by

**Severe Pain After Meals**  
Took two or three boxes of Hood's Sarsaparilla and entirely recovered, much to my gratification. I frequently have opportunity to repeat—

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
and glad to, for cyalistic is a cat and meow. G. L. THOMPSON, traveling salesman for Scholastic & Co., Port au Prince, Haiti.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills. Price 50c.

## At Trade for Boys.

If I had my way I would insist that every boy should learn a trade, writes Foster Coates, in the Ladies' Home Journal. It was so in the olden times, and it should be so now. The man who has a trade is a thousand times better equipped than the man who has none. Let every boy select the trade that suits his ability, and promises the highest honors and remuneration. When he has mastered his trade, if he dislikes it, or it is not profitable, he can begin to study a profession, or enter upon commercial life. If he should fall in both of these, he is still master of a good trade—something that no one can take from him, no matter what exigencies may arise. The man who is master of a good trade is as independent as a millionaire. He need never want; he can find profitable work in any corner of the world. I do not say one word against a professional career. But I do say emphatically that a man who has a trade, and a profession as well, need have no fear of the future. The boy who wants to can master a trade between the years of sixteen and twenty, and, if he dislikes it, he still has the time to study medicine, the law, or any other of the learned professions. But if he waits until he is twenty or over, he may not have an opportunity or feel inclined to learn either.

#### The Preacher of Old.

It is interesting to note the qualifications of an English curate 138 years ago, as described in the Reading Mercury in 1753. A clergyman advertised for a curate, who would have "easy duty and a salary of about £50 per annum, besides valuable perquisites." The advertisement continues: "He must be zealously affected to the present government and never forsake his principles; singular in his morals, sober and abstemious, grave in his dress and deportment, choice in his company and exemplary in his conversation. He must be of superior abilities, studious and careful in the employment of time, a lover of fiddling, but no dancer."

#### The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

#### An Old Book Agent.

At St. Helen, Cal., there is a book agent who is 82 years old, and who was never shot at, thrown through a window, or worried by a dog in all his long experience.

#### Departed Glory of Ireland.

The Irish parliament existed for over 300 years. It was extinguished in 1801 at the time of the Union with Great Britain.

#### On Inland Waters.

The trip to Alaska is made almost entirely on inland waters. The entire coast of British Columbia is lined with islands, and between these and the mainland is a navigable channel.

#### The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper this week which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week from The Dr. Hatter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPH, or SAMPLES FREE.

A BRIGHT half-dollar of the coinage of 1876 was found in a cow's stomach, recently, in Texas. It seemed a little eaten by the acids of the animal's stomach, but was a good silver half dollar. The cow was about ten years old. When, where or how she came to swallow it is a mystery.

#### The School of Hard Knocks

was where Andrew Carnegie gained his start; forty years ago a poor Scotch boy-to-day, prince of manufacturers, author, and philanthropist. It is from his own experience that he is to write for the Youth's Companion on "Habits of Thrift." More than 525,000 subscribers receive the Companion at their homes every week. The price is only \$1.75 a year.

A YOUNG lady remarks: "Man proposes, but it sometimes takes a great deal of encouragement to get him to do so."

THE PERSONAL DISCOMFORT, and the worry of a Constant Cough, and the Soreness of Lungs and Throat which usually attend it, are all remedied by Dr. D. Jayne's Expectant, a safe medicine for Pulmonary Disorders and Throat affections.

ONE of the most powerful elements in every success is the determination to succeed.

IS YOUR blood poor? Take Beecham's Pills. Is your liver out of order? Use Beecham's Pills. 25 cents a box.

At a San Jose concert a lady sang "Would I were a Bird;" and a miner cried "Would I were a Gun."

**ELY'S CREAM BALM**—Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sore, Restores Taste and Smell, and Cures  
**CATARRH**  
Gives Relief at once for Cold in Head.  
Apply into the Nostrils, and is Quickly Absorbed.  
50c. Druggists or by mail, ELY BROS., 49 Warren St., N. Y.

#### CHICAGO.

Chicago has captured the Democratic national convention in spite of the fact that nine other cities wanted it. This speaks volumes for the advantages which Chicago offers. It gained it largely because the delegates thought that that city contains more hotel accommodations than any other. Chicago is an example of what persistent energy will do. This is illustrated in REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE, a remedy that only needs to be used in order to recommend itself. It will cure the worst description of lung trouble or kidney complaint. These two maladies are often connected than people generally believe—in fact, the lungs cannot be affected without throwing additional work upon the kidneys. A great many people suffer in this way for years without knowing what ails them, when they might be cured by the exercise of a little discretion. REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE will heal all lung troubles and all maladies arising from inactivity of the kidneys. Get it of any dealer.  
SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

**SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE**  
This GREAT COUGH CURE, this successful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by druggists on a positive guarantee, a test that no other Cure can stand successfully. If you have a COUGH, HOARSENESS or LA GRIPPE, it will cure you promptly. If your child has the CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it quickly and relief is sure. If you fear CONSUMPTION, don't wait until your case is hopeless, but take this Cure at once and receive immediate help. Price 50c and \$1.00. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If your lungs are sore or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plasters.

**IVORY SOAP**  
99<sup>44</sup>/<sub>100</sub> Pure.  
THE BEST FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

**"MOTHERS' FRIEND"**  
To Young Mothers  
Makes Child Birth Easy. Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain.  
Endorsed by the Leading Physicians.  
Book to "Mothers" mailed FREE.  
BRADFORD REGULATOR CO.  
ATLANTA, GA.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

**PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC**  
A Perfect Success. VII  
The Rev. A. Antoine, of Refugio, Tex., writes: As far as I am able to judge, I think Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic is a perfect success, for anyone who suffered from a most painful nervousness as I did. I feel now like myself again after taking the Tonic.  
NEWTON, Ill., Dec. 1, 1889.  
Since three years I have been suffering from extreme nervousness, dreadful pain in my head, sleeplessness, palpitation, horrible dreams, constant tremor at every slight noise. I was under the doctor's treatment without relief, when our Pastor handed me one of your books. After taking the first bottle of Koenig's Nerve Tonic, I felt it was helping me and continued improving wonderfully. I expect to continue with the medicine.  
MISS IDA F. RUBE.

**KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.**  
Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5. Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$5.

**Tuff's Tiny Pills**  
The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, or exposure to malarial regions, will find Tuff's Pills the most general, restorative ever offered the invalid.

**PILES**  
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