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### Holland City News, Volume 3, Number 51: February 6, 1875

Holland City News

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Holland City News, "Holland City News, Volume 3, Number 51: February 6, 1875" (1875). *Holland City News: 1875*. 6.

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 51.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1875.

WHOLE NO. 155.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.  
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

|            | 3 M.  | 6 M.  | 1 Y.  |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 Square   | 3 50  | 5 00  | 8 00  |
| 2 "        | 5 00  | 8 00  | 10 00 |
| 3 "        | 8 00  | 10 00 | 17 00 |
| 1/2 Column | 10 00 | 17 00 | 25 00 |
| 1/4 "      | 17 00 | 25 00 | 40 00 |
| 1/8 "      | 25 00 | 40 00 | 65 00 |

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's signify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Rail Roads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Monday, Dec. 7, 1874.

### NORTHERN DIVISION.

| GOING NORTH. |         | STATIONS.     | GOING SOUTH. |       |
|--------------|---------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| Night Ex.    | Day Ex. |               | Mail.        | Ex.   |
| P. M.        | A. M.   |               | P. M.        | A. M. |
| 9.00         | 8.30    | Chicago.      | 5.05         | 6.30  |
| 12.15        | 10.50   | New Buffalo.  | 4.55         | 5.05  |
| 5.37         | 1.30    | Gr. Junction. | 2.00         | 11.40 |
| 4.51         | 2.15    | Fennville.    | 1.02         | 10.55 |
| 4.35         | 2.35    | Richmond.     | 12.50        | 10.41 |
| 5.30         | 2.50    | Holland.      | 11.57        | 10.09 |
| 5.40         | 3.00    | Zeeland.      | 11.17        | 9.40  |
| 5.54         | 3.22    | Vriesland.    | 11.45        | 9.33  |
| 6.28         | 3.54    | Grandville.   | 11.16        | 9.01  |
| 6.50         | 4.10    | Gr. Rapids.   | 11.00        | 8.40  |

### SOUTHERN DIVISION.

| GOING NORTH. |       | STATIONS.    | GOING SOUTH. |          |
|--------------|-------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| Express.     | Mail. |              | Mail.        | Express. |
| A. M.        | P. M. |              | A. M.        | P. M.    |
| 5.55         | 3.10  | Holland.     | 12.15        | 9.55     |
| 6.07         | 3.10  | New Holland. | 11.30        | .....    |
| 6.25         | 3.40  | Olive.       | 11.35        | 9.20     |
| 7.10         | 4.28  | Robinson.    | 11.17        | 8.58     |
| 7.28         | 4.40  | Nunica.      | 10.55        | 8.45     |
| 8.00         | 5.10  | Fruitport.   | 10.35        | 8.15     |
| 8.30         | 5.40  | Maple.       | 10.05        | 7.45     |
| 8.50         | 5.50  | Montague.    | 8.28         | .....    |
| 9.00         | 10.00 | Pentwater.   | 7.00         | .....    |

### Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 22, 1874.

| Selling North. |       | STATIONS.   | Going South. |       |
|----------------|-------|-------------|--------------|-------|
| No. 4          | No. 2 |             | No. 3        | No. 1 |
| P. M.          | P. M. |             | P. M.        | A. M. |
| 9.00           | 12.45 | Muskegon    | 2.15         | 7.00  |
| 8.05           | 12.04 | Ferryburg   | 2.53         | 8.00  |
| 7.50           | 12.00 | Grand Haven | 2.56         | 8.10  |
| 7.05           | 11.27 | Pigeon      | 3.30         | 9.05  |
| 6.30           | 11.00 | Holland     | 3.58         | 11.00 |
| 5.30           | 10.40 | Fillmore    | 4.18         | 11.30 |
| 4.00           | 9.50  | Allegan     | 5.10         | 1.00  |

### Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, August 23, 1874.

| FROM GRAND RAPIDS. |       | STATIONS.     | TO GRAND RAPIDS. |       |
|--------------------|-------|---------------|------------------|-------|
| Express.           | Mail. |               | Express.         | Mail. |
| P. M.              | A. M. |               | A. M.            | P. M. |
| 4.30               | 7.30  | Grand Rapids. | 10.30            | 9.30  |
| 4.45               | 7.47  | Grandville.   | 10.45            | 9.15  |
| 5.05               | 8.08  | Byron Centre. | 9.50             | 9.00  |
| 5.16               | 8.18  | Dorr.         | 9.35             | 8.45  |
| 5.26               | 8.28  | Hilliards.    | 9.25             | 8.35  |
| 5.35               | 8.35  | Hopkins.      | 9.15             | 8.25  |
| 5.55               | 8.55  | Allegan.      | 8.50             | 8.05  |
| 6.22               | 9.22  | Otsego.       | 8.22             | 7.40  |
| 6.30               | 9.30  | Plainwell.    | 8.13             | 7.32  |
| 6.45               | 9.45  | Cooper.       | 7.56             | 7.15  |
| 7.00               | 10.00 | Kalamazoo.    | 7.40             | 7.00  |
| 7.23               | 10.23 | Portage.      | 7.14             | 6.31  |
| 7.42               | 10.40 | Schoolcraft.  | 7.00             | 6.12  |
| 7.52               | 10.50 | Flowerfield.  | 6.48             | 6.02  |
| 8.03               | 11.00 | Moorepark.    | 6.38             | 5.52  |
| 8.14               | 11.10 | Three Rivers. | 6.28             | 5.41  |
| 8.27               | 11.22 | Florence.     | 6.17             | 5.28  |
| 8.35               | 11.30 | Constantine.  | 6.10             | 5.21  |
| P. M.              | A. M. |               | A. M.            | P. M. |
| 8.45               | 11.40 | White Pigeon. | 6.00             | 5.10  |
| A. M.              | P. M. |               | P. M.            | A. M. |
| 6.50               | 9.50  | Chicago.      | 10.40            | 8.50  |
| P. M.              | P. M. |               | P. M.            | A. M. |
| 9.30               | 5.10  | Toledo.       | 11.55            | 12.01 |
| A. M.              | P. M. |               | A. M.            | P. M. |
| 7.05               | 9.35  | Cleveland.    | 7.40             | 9.00  |
| P. M.              | A. M. |               | P. M.            | A. M. |
| 1.10               | 4.05  | Buffalo.      | 12.25            | 1.00  |

## Lodges.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Feb. 17, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

W. H. JOSLIN, W. M.

J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y.

### I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND CITY LODGE, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

JOHN KRAMER, N. G.

M. HARRINGTON, Rec. Sec'y.

## Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

N. KENYON.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

GRISWOLD & ORT, Attorneys at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City Hotel."

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served on call; 8th street.

### Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting. Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

### Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

KANTERS, L. T. & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candies; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

### Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK W. & H., General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

SPRETSMA, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 5th street.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BEM's Family Medicine; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

### Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D., General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

### Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. Larbar's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

### Furniture.

MEYER H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

### Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of St. re; Eighth street.

### General Dealers.

DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

THE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

### Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

### Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. McVicar, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. H., Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

### Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

### Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Flagger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS. & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

### Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer. Office *Holland City News*, 8th street.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent. Office, *City Drug Store*, 8th street.

### Painters.

HOEK, J. C., House, Sign and Carriage Painter; Shop, over Baert's Wagon Shop, River Street.

### Photographs.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

### Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

BLANK N., Surgeon, Physician and Obstetrician. Office and residence, Ninth Street, East of Cedar Street.

CARPENTER, J. H., Physician, Surgeon and Accouchant. Office and residence on 9th street. Strangers are requested to inquire at Van Putten's.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

### Saddlers.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

### Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Barker's Sewing Machine; Eighth street.

### Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

### Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

### Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DJREMA & BRO., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. River Street.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

### Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS & WYNNE, Jewelers and Watchmakers. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

|                               |         |         |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Apples, 1/2 bushel.....       | \$ 1.25 | @ \$ 60 |
| Beans, 1/2 bushel.....        | 1.25    | @ 50    |
| Butter, 1/2 lb.....           | 10      | @ 28    |
| Clover seed, 1/2 bushel.....  | 6       | @ 450   |
| Eggs, 1/2 dozen.....          | 18      | @ 25    |
| Honey, 1/2 lb.....            | 18      | @ 25    |
| Hay, 1/2 ton.....             | 12      | @ 12.00 |
| Hides, green, 1/2 lb.....     | 7       | @ 7     |
| Maple sugar, 1/2 lb.....      | 7       | @ 7     |
| Onions, 1/2 bushel.....       | 0.75    | @ 1.00  |
| Potatoes, 1/2 bushel.....     | 50      | @ 55    |
| Timothy Seed, 1/2 bushel..... | 2       | @ 2.50  |
| Wool, 1/2 lb.....             | 2       | @ 2.50  |

### Meats, Etc.

|                               |    |      |
|-------------------------------|----|------|
| Beef, dressed 1/2 lb.....     | 4  | @ 4  |
| Chickens, dressed per lb..... | 6  | @ 9  |
| Lard, 1/2 lb.....             | 10 | @ 12 |
| Pork, dressed 1/2 lb.....     | 6  | @ 12 |
| Smoked meat, 1/2 lb.....      | 6  | @ 12 |
| Smoked ham, 1/2 lb.....       | 6  | @ 12 |
| Smoked shoulders, 1/2 lb..... | 6  | @ 12 |
| Turkeys, 1/2 lb.....          | 6  | @ 12 |
| Tallow, 1/2 lb.....           | 6  | @ 12 |

### Wood, Staves, Etc.

|                               |         |        |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|
| Cordwood, maple, dry.....     | \$ 3.00 |        |
| " " green.....                | 2.50    |        |
| " beech, dry.....             | 2.50    |        |
| " " green.....                | 2.50    |        |
| Hemlock Bark.....             | 4.50    | @ 50   |
| Staves, white oak.....        | 10      | @ 10   |
| Staves, white oak.....        | 10      | @ 10   |
| Staves, white oak.....        | 10      | @ 10   |
| Heading bolts, soft wood..... | 3.00    | @ 3.50 |
| Heading bolts, hardwood.....  | 4.50    | @ 5.00 |
| Stave bolts, softwood.....    | 3.50    | @ 4.00 |
| Stave bolts, hardwood.....    | 4.00    | @ 4.50 |
| Railroad ties.....            | 12      | @ 12   |

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

(Corrected by the "Flagger Mills.")

|                                   |      |        |       |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------|-------|
| Wheat, white 1/2 bushel.....      | 96   | @ \$ 1 | 00    |
| Corn, shelled 1/2 bushel.....     |      |        | 65    |
| Oats, 1/2 bushel.....             | @    |        | 50    |
| Buckwheat, 1/2 bushel.....        |      |        | 80    |
| Rye, 1/2 bushel.....              | 80   | @      | 85    |
| Brass, 1/2 ton.....               |      |        | 16 00 |
| Feed, 1/2 ton.....                |      |        | 33 00 |
| " 100 lb.....                     |      |        | 1 75  |
| Barley, 1/2 100 lb.....           |      |        | 1 75  |
| Middling, 1/2 100 lb.....         |      |        | 1 50  |
| Flour, 1/2 100 lb.....            |      |        | 2 00  |
| Pearl Barley, 1/2 100 lb.....     | 6 00 | @      | 7 00  |
| Wheatwheat Flour, 1/2 100 lb..... |      |        | 3 75  |
| Meal, 1/2 100 lb.....             |      |        | 2 00  |



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

The old man Sawyer has confessed to having killed Mrs. Emerson, at Haverhill, N. H., but claims that he did it through an accident; that he was sitting on the lounge near by her, and that, while he was examining the lock of the gun, it was discharged through pure accident.

The State of Maine declines to admit women to electoral privileges.

A disgraceful row occurred in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, last week, growing out of a dispute on a parliamentary point. The Speaker ordered a member under arrest, when his friends rushed to his assistance and rescued him from the Sergeant-at-Arms. Pistols were drawn during the melee.

### THE WEST.

The ice gorge at Cincinnati gave way last week, and played havoc with the barge fleet. Total loss about \$50,000. Three Indians froze to death at the Red Cloud Agency, during the late cold weather; also a number of ponies. They had nineteen days intensely cold weather.

WINTERMUTE, who was tried at Yankton, D. T., last spring, for the murder of Gov. McCook, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, has been granted a new trial, and released on bail bonds of \$20,000. The cash receipts of the Kansas Relief Committee to this date aggregate \$21,767.42 and the disbursements \$20,712.67.

CHICAGO elevators, as per official figures, contained on the 3d inst. 8,439,768 bushels of wheat, 1,564,987 bushels of corn, 545,775 bushels of oats, 14,806 bushels of rye, and 292,395 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 5,856,731 bushels, against 5,432,357 bushels at the same period last year.

### THE SOUTH.

A FIGHT recently took place on the Rio Grande between Texas Rangers and Comanche Indians, in which fifteen of the latter, including two big chiefs, were sent to the happy hunting grounds. A most daring express robbery was committed in Memphis, Tenn., on the 1st inst. A party of desperadoes rented, a few days previous, the basement of a building on Madison street, one of the principal thoroughfares of the city, and hung out a sign, "W. R. Parker & Co., Insurance Agents." On the morning of the 1st inst., John Brady, a messenger of the Southern Express Company, entered the place for the purpose of delivering a package said to contain \$10. There were two white men and three negroes standing behind the counter, and Brady presented his receipt book, and at the same time threw his pouch, containing a large number of money packages, on the counter. At this moment a rope was thrown over his neck, and a bag thrown over his head, and he was beaten almost insensible. His cries soon attracted the crowd, as the street was full of people, but the robbers had secured the pouch and fled by the back door. The amount secured by the robbers is not definitely known, but it is thought will reach several thousands of dollars.

### WASHINGTON.

The recent fire in the Navy Department building was the work of incendiaries. Trains of rope and waste paper were laid about the floor connecting with piles of chips, shavings, and broken-up kindling wood.

The Senate Election Committee has decided to report in favor of recognizing Kellogg as the legal Governor of Louisiana and of admitting Pinchback to his seat in the Senate.

The Navy Department had another narrow escape from fire on Friday, incendiary being the trouble, as heretofore. Evidently a desire to destroy the records is at the bottom of these persistent attempts.

Another 500 pages of the Alabama investigation have already been printed. The testimony taken is very contradictory, some witnesses alleging that intimidation was practiced before and at the election, and others that there was no intimidation. The House Committee on Appropriations in their report on the Postoffice bill recommend an appropriation of \$17,548,000 for inland mail service next year; a reduction of \$514,796 from the estimate.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a call for the redemption of \$15,000,000 5-20 bonds of 1862, to be paid on the first of May, at the United States Treasury, at which date interest will cease. Of the amount thus called in, \$12,000,000 are coupon bonds and \$3,000,000 registered bonds. The national debt was increased in the amount of \$1,397,870 during the month of January. The following is the official statement:

|  |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| Six per cent bonds                                   | \$1,157,085,100 |
| Five per cent bonds                                  | 562,025,200     |
| Total coin bonds                                     | \$1,719,110,300 |
| Lawful money debt                                    | 14,678,000      |
| Matured debt   | 11,343,260      |
| Legal tenders  | 382,072,147     |
| Certificates of deposit                              | 45,465,000      |
| Fractional currency                                  | 45,037,074      |
| Coin certificates                                    | 24,655,300      |
| Total without interest                               | 497,169,522     |
| Total debt   | \$2,242,301,082 |
| Total interest                                       | 26,308,225      |
| Cash in Treasury                                     |                 |
| Coin   | \$69,465,084    |
| Currency   | 10,343,050      |
| Special deposits held for redemption of certificates | 45,405,000      |
| Total in the Treasury                                | \$128,213,135   |
| Debt less cash in the Treasury                       | \$2,143,996,172 |
| Increase of debt during January                      | 1,397,870       |

Bonds issued to the Pacific Railway Companies, interest payable in lawful money: Principal outstanding, \$64,623,512; interest accrued and not yet paid, \$23,117; interest paid by the United States, \$26,364,102; interest repaid by transportation of mails, etc., \$5,002,163; balance of interest paid by United States, \$20,661,936. A guard of marines and an extra force of watchman for each floor of the Navy Department have been detailed to prevent a recurrence of the attempts to fire the building. Four attempts to set it on fire have been discovered and frustrated. It is evident that the incendiaries are parties who want to destroy certain documents damaging to themselves.

From the time of the passage of the Currency

law on Jan. 14 to the 4th inst., the Comptroller of the Currency had received applications for the organization of new national banks as follows: Two banks in Maine, \$150,000; two banks in Massachusetts, \$200,000; two banks in Connecticut, \$200,000; thirteen banks in Pennsylvania, \$1,700,000; one bank in New Jersey, \$75,000; three banks in Kentucky, \$300,000; one bank in Illinois, \$50,000; one bank in Iowa, \$50,000. Applications were also received for an increase of capital from: Maine, \$300,000; Vermont, \$150,000; Massachusetts, \$150,000; Connecticut, \$355,000; Pennsylvania, \$460,000; other States, \$150,000. Applications were also made for an increase of circulation upon capital already paid up as follows: Massachusetts, \$1,300,000; Connecticut, \$300,000; other States, \$241,000. Total authorized increase, \$6,131,000.

### POLITICAL.

HON. THEODORE F. RANDOLPH (Democrat) has been elected United States Senator by the Legislature of New Jersey, as the successor of John P. Stockton.

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the Chicago Tribune says: The Arkansas case, it now seems probable, will not be changed by legislation at this session. It is now well known that the President, at his recent conference with the members of the investigating committee, discovered that he is not in accord with the majority of that committee. The majority, it is said, favor a disavowal of the Garland government, and a restoration of Brooks. The President is weary of state-making, and does not wish to have his Louisiana experience renewed in Arkansas. This difference is likely to defeat any proposed legislation.

A WASHINGTON dispatch of the 1st inst. says: The Republican Senators were in caucus Saturday for about five hours on the Louisiana question. After much debate it was concluded to support the President in what he had already done relative to affairs in that State, and to stand by him in the future in the support of the Kellogg government in all its lawful authority. It is said there are eight Senators who dissent from this position of their Republican associates. Joint resolutions have been passed by the Minnesota Legislature calling upon Hon. Wm. S. King for an explanation of his connection with Pacific Mail or resignation.

A NUMBER of prominent colored men, including Fred Douglas, Prof. Langston, Pinchback and Rapier, have issued an address to Congress and the people, in which they say that if Congress fails to pass the Civil Rights bill the blacks of the South will be forced to act with the Democratic party.

### THE TILTON-BEECHER TRIAL.

The examination of Moulton in the Beecher case was concluded on Wednesday, Jan. 27. Moulton occupied the witness stand for ten consecutive days. At the conclusion of his examination, Mrs. Bradshaw and Mr. West were put upon the stand. The former testified as to the pleasant relations existing between Tilton and his wife previous to Beecher's adultery with Mrs. Tilton. The latter gave a story of the proceedings of Plymouth church at the time Tilton's name was erased from the roll of members. He stated that Beecher was very wrath at him because he insisted upon the trial of Tilton for defaming the character of the defendant, and related how the matter was hushed up.

The proceedings on the 28th consisted of—1. A decision of Judge Neilson to admit Woodruff's testimony of the interview between him, Tracy, and Moulton, touching the Beecher scandal; 2. The protest of counsel against the New York Tribune's comments; and 3. A very able and interesting speech by Mr. Everts, on the inadmissibility of Tilton's testimony. Mr. Woodruff's testimony was strongly confirmatory of that offered by his business partner, Moulton. He testified that Gen. Tracy, several months ago, thought the case was one to justify Moulton in lying. When Theodore Tilton's name was called as a witness, Beecher's counsel interposed strenuous objections to the admission of his evidence, and the entire day was consumed in argument as to whether, under the law which prohibits a husband from testifying in a case the basis of which is a charge of his wife's infidelity, his evidence could be received.

FRIDAY, JAN. 29, was the twentieth day of the trial. Nothing was done but the completion of the arguments of the counsel on the admissibility of Tilton as a witness. These arguments consumed the entire day, and Judge Neilson reserved his decision to Monday, Feb. 1, to which day the court adjourned.

TWENTY-FIRST DAY.—Judge Neilson having given his decision that Tilton was competent to testify, he ascended the witness stand and proceeded to tell his story, which was substantially the same as embraced in the statements of last summer. The Judge ruled that he would not be permitted to tell what his wife communicated to him relative to Beecher's adultery with her, but all the facts were wrung from him indirectly by the counsel while repeating the conversation he had had with Beecher. There was a good deal of sharp sparring between counsel during the examination.

TWENTY-SECOND DAY.—The testimony of Theodore Tilton was continued. It was devoted mainly to an explanation of the witness' relations to the Woodhull, showing that his object in maintaining them was to protect Beecher. The most revolting part of the whole case was also touched when the witness related the points of an interview held between him and Beecher for the purpose of determining the parentage of little Ralph Tilton. It is not possible to conceive anything more disgusting, yet a number of ladies sat through it all, and appeared to enjoy the recital.

### GENERAL.

BISHOP WHITTINGHAM, of Maryland, refused to countenance the consecration of Dr. Dudley, Bishop elect of Southern Ohio, and refused to sign his credentials. He bases his action, it is understood, on the language of St. Paul, in the third chapter of the First Epistle to Timothy, wherein the apostle says: "A Bishop shall be the husband of one wife." Dr. Dudley having been twice married, the Bishop holds that he is ineligible to the Episcopate.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire took place at Stratford, Ont., in Regent Hall, a few days ago, destroying property to the amount of \$145,000. The book relating to a member of the royal

family of England, for which a reward of \$5,000 has been offered in that country—against the publication of which the Lord Chancellor issued an injunction, and of which only one copy is known to be in the United States—has just been discovered to be in the possession of a young lawyer of Louisville, Ky.

### FOREIGN.

THE trouble between Germany and Spain has been settled by the payment to the former of indemnity for the Gustav outrage.

THE French Assembly has rejected the amendment to the Constitutional bill, providing that the future government of France should rest with the Senate, a Chamber of Deputies, and a President of the republic. The amendment was the last hope of the Republicans to secure even a technical recognition of the republic. Archbishop Manning has fired another pamphlet at Gladstone—200 pages this time. The Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath has been offered to Carlyle, and Alfred Tennyson is to be made a baronet.

RUSSIA has recognized King Alfonso. The Czar of Russia has sent a note to the Prince of Montenegro, congratulating him upon the peaceable solution of the difficulty which arose between his government and that of Turkey from the Podgoritz affair. An immense strike is on foot in the coal mines in South Wales, no less than 120,000 miners being engaged in it.

An effort is being made in Spain to effect a compromise between the contending dynasties of King Carlos and King Alfonso. Overtures have proceeded from the latter, and if accepted will bring the present state of anarchy to an end, and result in the reception of Don Carlos at Madrid as a prince of the blood.

THE widow of the late Emperor of China, overwhelmed with grief at the death of her husband, has committed suicide. Her name was Alute, and she was the daughter of a distinguished Chinese military officer. She was wedded to T'oung Chi on the 16th of October, 1872. Besides the lady Alute, the Emperor had thirty-nine other wives, who took rank after her in various degrees.

### The Louisiana Disorders—Reports of Army Officers.

PRESIDENT Grant, in response to the Senate's resolutions of inquiry, has sent to that body another large mass of manuscript copies of correspondence relative to disorders in Louisiana. The correspondence, says the Associated Press report, dates back to Oct. 25, 1874, and begins with various cipher telegrams sent by Gen. Emory to the War Department, in which he expresses strong disapprobation of Maj. Merrill's action in making affidavits against citizens of Shreveport, under which they were arrested for alleged violations of the Enforcement act. Gen. Emory informed Merrill that he considered his personal appearance as prosecutor was a departure from the established rules of the service, and mischievous in its tendency. Merrill thereupon explained that his action was due to the fact that no citizen could have made these affidavits except at the risk of his life, and submitted sundry voluminous reports detailing the lawless conduct of affairs in the Red river region. These reports being all before the department, Adjutant General Townsend telegraphed to Merrill Dec. 7, 1874, through the headquarters of the army, that the department considered his action justified by the circumstances.

Among the papers is the report of Lieut. Col. Henry A. Morrow, who was detailed by Gen. Emory to make a thorough examination of the condition of affairs in the Red river country. He says that so far as relates to the United States there is not the slightest disposition to oppose the general government, but the opposition to the State government is determined and expressed, and will manifest itself in open violence whenever and wherever opportunity offers. This dissatisfaction and discontent affect all departments of business, and the whole aspect of the country has a look of poverty and neglect. The law has fallen into disregard and disrespect; United States Deputy Marshals have used United States soldiers in cases where there was no necessity for them, and in some parishes have discharged their duties in an unnecessarily harsh, if not cruel manner.

Col. Morrow gives the following as his deep-seated convictions: "The present State government cannot maintain itself in power a single hour without the protection of Federal troops, and even with this protection they will not be able to collect the taxes and perform the functions of the government. The State government has not the confidence or respect of any portion of the community." Further on he says: "If expressions of the people are to be believed (and I do believe them), there is a very sincere desire to live quietly under the protection of the Constitution of the United States, and enjoy the blessings of the national government; but there is no disguising the fact that the protection afforded by the federal government to the government of the present State Executive is the cause of bitter personal and political feeling in the hearts of nineteen-twentieths of the white inhabitants of the State."

In forwarding this report, Dec. 27, Gen. Emory says: "For nearly two years the condition of affairs has been very precarious, and the State government has constantly shown itself unable to cope with the difficulties of the situation in which it is placed. This state of things is daily growing worse, and I commend the subject to your serious consideration. The mission of the army to keep the peace, without the power of removing the causes which disturb it, has, I think, been carried as far as practicable, and I therefore respectfully recommend that, if it can be done, the powers of the military commander be greatly increased, or that some other measure be resorted to to obtain the desired end."

Gen. Sherman makes the following indorsement:

### HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4, 1875.

This paper is most respectfully forwarded to the Secretary of War, with the request that he submit it for the personal perusal of the President. I know of no officer of Col. Morrow's rank who is better qualified to speak and write of matters like this, and his opinions are entitled to great consideration. I profess to have some knowledge of the people of that section, both white and black, from a long residence among them before the war, and several visits since, but I shall not intrude my opinion in the confusion in which the subject is now enveloped.

(Signed) W. T. SHERMAN, General.

### CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 27.—Senate.—Dorsey introduced a bill to establish certain telegraphic lines in the several States and Territories as post-roads, to regulate the transmission of commercial and other intelligence by telegraph. Referred. Morton submitted a resolution to repeal the 22d joint rule of the two houses of Congress in regard to the counting of the electoral vote. Debate on Schurz's Louisiana resolution was resumed.

House.—There was no legislative business transacted. Filibustering on the Civil Rights bill consumed the time of the day and far into the night the tactics of the Republicans being to force the House to a direct vote, and the Democrats deter-

mined to prevent it. Up to 11 o'clock p. m., the roll had been called sixteen times, occupying about half an hour each time.

THURSDAY, JAN. 28.—Senate.—Boggy submitted a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire as to the expediency of repealing the act of June 1, 1872, granting a subsidy to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. Referred. Bills passed: House bill granting the right of way and depot grounds to the Oregon Central Pacific Railway Company through the public lands of the United States, from Winnemucca, Nevada, to the Columbia river, via Portland, Oregon; providing for the appointment of a commissioner to ascertain the right of subjects of Great Britain to lands in territory which was the subject of award of the Emperor of Germany under the treaties of 1846 and 1871 between the United States and Great Britain; amendatory of, and supplementary to, the act of March 1, 1872, entitled, "An act to set apart a certain tract of land lying near the head waters of the Yellowstone river as a public park." Fenton spoke at length on the Louisiana resolution.

House.—At noon the House had been in continuous session for twenty-four hours, and still the monotonous call of the roll proceeded. The voices of half a dozen reading clerks had been used, and several substitutes were introduced. There had been no attempt on either side to come to an understanding. The last roll call at midnight showed the presence of 150 members.

FRIDAY, JAN. 29.—Senate.—A large number of reports were made from the Committee on Pensions. The credentials of Kernan and Cockrell, Senators-elect from New York and Missouri, were read and placed on file. After the expiration of the morning hour Conkling took the floor and concluded his speech on the Louisiana question.

House.—The lock in the House was brought to a close at 10:25 o'clock by the adoption of a motion, offered by Ward (Rep.), of Illinois, to adjourn till 12 o'clock to-morrow. Both sides were completely worn out by the protracted session of forty-six consecutive hours. In offering the motion, Ward said it was evident that the extent of human endurance had been reached, and he was unwilling to submit to torture longer. The vote was 75 against 60, nineteen Republicans voting in the affirmative. The roll was called seventy-five times during the protracted sitting.

SATURDAY, JAN. 30.—Senate.—The Senate was not in session, having adjourned to Monday.

House.—Nothing was done in the House save the reading of the journal of the previous day's proceedings, which the Clerk was about to do, omitting the yeas and nays in detail, when Randall raised the point of order that they must be read. The Speaker decided the point well taken, and as this reading would have consumed almost as much time as the previous session, the House adjourned at 4:30, eighteen of the roll-calls having been read out of the seventy-seven taken.

MONDAY, FEB. 1.—Senate.—Logan presented the resolutions of the Board of Trade of Chicago, in reference to the bill introduced for an appropriation to establish a mint at Chicago. Pratt presented the joint resolutions of the Indiana Legislature in favor of the passage of a bill granting pensions to surviving soldiers and sailors who served in the Mexican war. He sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a letter from the Commissioner of Pensions, stating that the number of survivors of that war was 35,694; number of widows of soldiers and sailors, about 12,600. Dorsey submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on Postoffices and Post-roads to inquire into the nature and extent of the operation of the registered letter system and its defects, if any exist, and to recommend such legislation as may be needed to attain greater security in the transmission of registered matter, to extend the usefulness of the system, and to procure accurate knowledge of its operation. Consideration of Schurz's Louisiana resolution was resumed.

House.—Hale, of Maine, introduced a resolution to change the rules, by the adoption of a new rule, the object of which is to prevent the Speaker entertaining motions of a dilatory character. Referred. Catlin, who was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Rice, from Illinois, was sworn in and took his seat. The Senate bill appropriating \$182,500 to pay the interest on 3.65 bonds of the District of Columbia was passed. Flat, from the Postoffice Committee, offered a resolution authorizing an amendment to the Postoffice Appropriation bill as follows: Fixing the salaries of postmasters and the mode of commuting same; authorizing the Postmaster-General to pay the expense of taking the weights of mails on railroads, and to pay experts and other employees in the preparation and publication of post-route maps; also to abolish the publication of certain postoffice advertisements in three Washington papers. Butler, of Massachusetts, moved to suspend the rules, to permit the reading of a report from the Committee on Rules, with a view of coming to a vote on the Civil Rights bill. The motion was rejected—yeas 170, nays 86. The only exception to the vote being a strict party one was that of Sen. Republican, who voted no. His vote the other way would have carried the motion. The bill directing the President to supply food and disused army clothing to all destitute and helpless persons living on the Western frontier who have been rendered destitute and helpless by the ravages of grasshoppers last summer was agreed to—yeas 170, nays 49. A recess was then taken to 10 o'clock on Tuesday.

TUESDAY, FEB. 2.—Senate.—The credentials of W. A. Wallace, Senator-elect from Pennsylvania for six years from March 4, 1875, were read and placed on file. Sherman submitted a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire and report whether there is now in force any act of legislation under which the authorities of the District of Columbia are empowered to prevent and suppress notorious gambling saloons in the District, and, if there is not such legislation, to report a bill to confer such power. Agreed to. Allison introduced a bill to authorize the construction of a pontoon bridge across the Mississippi river at or near Dubuque, Iowa. Ingalls called up the House bill to authorize the Seneca nation of New York Indians to lease their lands within the Cattaraugus and Allegheny reservations, and to confirm the existing lease.

House.—The question of suspending and amending the rules was again the subject of discussion. Garfield offered a resolution preventing the Speaker entertaining motions of a dilatory character, when Randall and Cox raised the point of order that the Committee on Rules had had no meeting since it was ordered to report, which was overruled. The gentleman then resumed any further connection with the Committee on Rules; but this was denied, however, the resignations were insisted upon and accepted. The Committee on Rules presented a new rule providing that whenever a question is pending before the house, the Speaker shall not entertain but one motion to adjourn, and one motion to fix a day to which the House shall adjourn; but the previous question on the engrossment and the third reading of any bill or joint resolution shall not be ordered during the first day of its consideration, unless two-thirds of the members present shall second the demand; provided that the rule shall not apply to House resolutions offered in the morning hours of Monday, the passage of which was advocated by the Speaker, who came down on the floor. This rule was adopted—yeas 171, nays 87. Butler, of Massachusetts, moved to take up the Civil Rights bill, but without acting on the motion the House adjourned.

### FINANCE AND TRADE.

#### Weekly Review of the Chicago Market.

FINANCE.—The money market is in a quiet condition, the demand for loans being light and almost wholly from grain and provision dealers. The general wholesale merchants are not borrowing to any extent. Interest rates 7@9 per cent for call loans and 10 per cent to regular customers. Government bonds steady and firm. U. S. 5-20s of '62, 115½@115½; 5-20s of '65, 119½; Currency 6s, 113½. Latest gold quotations—New York, 113@113½; Chicago, 112½@113½.

#### GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

The following were the receipts and shipments for the week, as compared with the same time last year:

| Articles.      | Receipts. |         | Shipments. |         |
|----------------|-----------|---------|------------|---------|
|                | 1875.     | 1874.   | 1875.      | 1874.   |
| Flour, brls.   | 49,630    | 65,544  | 50,491     | 64,033  |
| Wheat, bu.     | 809,882   | 807,300 | 113,071    | 505,272 |
| Corn, bu.      | 442,741   | 128,851 | 362,044    | 61,137  |
| Oats, bu.      | 78,787    | 130,938 | 40,445     | 71,213  |
| Rye, bu.       | 7,820     | 16,419  | 2,850      | 8,316   |
| Barley, bu.    | 66,320    | 90,870  | 37,787     | 15,618  |
| Dressed hogs   | 19,973    | 18,474  | 22,500     | 37,628  |
| Live hogs, No. | 79,050    | 112,671 | 72,500     | 112,671 |
| Cattle, No.    | 12,889    | 11,126  | 7,842      | 7,690   |

The grain markets continue to run very quiet

and the fluctuations in prices are very limited. The past few weeks have developed no new features of interest in connection with the grain trade, the influences brought to bear on the markets being of about the same general tenor. Full Eastern advices, comparatively liberal receipts and a general lack of activity on the part of speculators. The movements of speculators are more or less restricted by the steadiness in prices, the poor chances for quick returns preventing extensive trading. The provision market affords more favorable opportunities for speculation, and many speculators who usually trade in grain are now speculating in hog products. Holders generally show considerable confidence in the future of the markets, and no disposition to force sales at the expense of lower prices. A fair business was transacted in speculative circles in the way of transferring contracts, parties selling February and buying March futures, not wanting to receive the cash property. As a general rule prices were well maintained, the long futures especially ruling firmer. At times a weak feeling would be developed, and again a firmer market, but on the whole range there was but little change to note. Flour has been very dull. The receipts of all kinds of grain were again quite large, and the figures giving the receipts and shipments published above show a further increase in the stock in store. Spring wheat was firmly held. Corn was quite firm at times, but easy at the close. Oats were steady and firm. Rye firm. Barely was dull and unchanged.

The following were the ruling quotations at the opening and close of the week:

|                           | Opening.  | Closing. |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------|
| No. 2 wheat, cash         | 88        | 88       |
| No. 2 wheat, seller March | 89½       | 89½      |
| No. 2 wheat, seller April | 90½       | 90½      |
| No. 2 corn, cash          | 64½       | 64½      |
| No. 2 corn, seller March  | 65        | 65½      |
| No. 2 corn, seller May    | 71        | 72       |
| No. 2 oats, cash          | 52        | 52½      |
| No. 2 oats, seller March  | 52½       | 53½      |
| No. 2 oats, seller May    | 56        | 56½      |
| No. 2 rye, cash           | 96        | 97       |
| No. 2 barley, cash        | 1.24@1.25 | 1.23     |
| No. 2 barley, seller Feb. | 1.24@1.25 | 1.23     |
| No. 2 barley, seller Mar. | 1.24½     | 1.24     |

PROVISIONS.—The provision market has been very active, and a very large business was transacted. Speculative operators were the principal traders, although a number of orders were received for immediate delivery. A considerable portion of the trading was in the way of changing February contracts to March, operators not wanting to receive the cash property. Prices advanced 30 @35¢ per bbl on pork, 20¢ per 100 lbs on lard; closing at \$18.30@18.35 for cash pork, and \$18.62½@18.65 for seller March. Cash lard, \$13.37½ seller March; closed at \$13.57½. Meats firm.

### LIVE STOCK.

The cattle market was steady, and a fair degree of activity was shown, with satisfactory prices for the best grades, but with lower figures for common and medium stock. Eastern advices were rather unfavorable in their tenor. Fair to good steers, \$4.60@4.50; choice, \$5.00 @4.10; extra, \$6.25@6.75; stock cattle were steady and firm at \$2.75@4.00; butchers' cattle, \$2.50@4.75 for poor to choice cows and fair fleshy steers. Hogs were active and firm, and prices were 30¢@50¢ higher. Sales at the close ranged at \$6.25@6.85 for Yorkers, and \$6.70@7.10 for packing grades; extra, \$7.25. Sheep were firm for best; dull for common; quotations range at \$3.50@6.00 for poor to extra.

### DRESSED HOGS, SEEDS, ETC.

The market for dressed hogs opened at \$7.25 for light, and \$7.75 for heavy, declined on Wednesday to \$7.10@7.15 and \$7.50@7.65. Toward the close of the week a firmer feeling was developed, and under encouraging Eastern advices, and with lighter receipts, prices again advanced and closed at \$7.35 for light, and \$7.80@7.85 for heavy. Seeds were in fair demand, and closed at \$2.10@2.60 for poor to choice timothy, \$6.25@6.30 for clover, \$1.90@2.00 for flax, and 80¢@90¢ for Hungarian. Highwines closed at 93½¢.

### PRODUCE.

Butter was dull and easy; good to choice roll in moderate request at 23@24¢; packed 20@24¢ for fair to good and 25@30¢ for choice to extra. Beeswax was dull and slow at 25¢ per lb for prime yellow. Cider in fair demand at \$5.75@6.00 per bbl for choice sweet. Cheese was firm and in fair shipping demand. Prime Western 16@17¢, good 15@15½¢, common to fair 8@14¢. Dried fruits were firm and in demand. Michigan apples, 8@8½¢; Southern, 6½@7¢. Raspberries, 35@36¢. Eggs were in fair local demand, and closed at 24@25¢ for fresh; pickled dull at 10¢@18¢ for poor to choice. Feathers quiet at 45¢ for prime live geese. Game dull, with prices weak at \$2.00@2.25 per doz for prairie chickens, and \$1.25@1.35 for quail. Apples were in large supply and dull at \$1.00@2.50 for poor to choice. Hides were in good demand and price were firm at 7½¢@8¢ for green frozen, 8@8½¢ for heavy, and 9@9½¢ for light green salted. Hops dull at 33¢@40¢ for prime new. Honey was dull and quiet at 23@25¢ for good to choice comb. Hay dull and easy. No. 1 timothy \$16.50@17.00. Poultry was in fair local demand at 8¢@10¢ for turkeys, 7¢@9¢ for chickens, and 8¢ for ducks. Vegetables were in moderate demand. Red onions, \$2.75@3.25; yellow \$3.25@3.50; silver skins, \$4.25@4.50; turnips, 40¢@60¢; celery 50¢@65¢ per doz; cabbage, 75¢@81¢ per doz; beets, \$1.25 per bbl; squash, 75¢@81¢ for Hubbard. Veal steady at 5@9¢.

### COOPERAGE, LUMBER AND WOOD.

Packers' goods, flour barrels, etc., are in fair demand at \$1.40 for hard barrels and 50¢ for flour barrels. The lumber yards exhibited some activity, city and country orders being fair for the season. The supply of lumber was quite large at most of the yards, and prices were steady and unchanged at \$50.00@55.00 for first and second clear, and \$11.00@12.00 for common boards. Trade in wood is active, and prices remain steady at \$8.50 for maple, and 7.50 for beech, delivered.

### Telegraphic Market Reports.

|                         | NEW YORK.   |    |
|-------------------------|-------------|----|
| BEEVES                  | 9 @ 13      |    |
| HOGS—Dressed            | 8½ @ 9½     |    |
| COTTON                  | 15 @ 15½    |    |
| FLOUR—Superfine Western | 4 00 @ 4 25 |    |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago     | 1 08 @ 1 12 |    |
| No. 1 Spring            | 1 18 @ 1 22 |    |
| CORN                    | 83 @ 84½    |    |
| OATS                    | 67 @ 68     | </ |



## MICHIGAN NEWS.

### PERSONAL.

CAPT. A. BUCK, of the schooner Alice, of Detroit, made a trip from that city to Liverpool last season. The distance from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Liverpool was made in ten days, by great odds the quickest passage ever made by a sailing vessel.

A LANSING mother has given birth to twenty-two children—twenty of them girls.

A FARMER in Mason county sends fifteen children to school, and still has one left to chop wood, one for housekeeper, one to rock the cradle, and one in the cradle.

JUDGE L. P. CHRISTIANCY recently presented the State Library with a copy of the *New England Journal*, printed in Boston, April 8, 1728. It is a single sheet, eight by twelve inches in size, the principal reading matter being the declaration of his Excellency Robert Hunter, Captain-General, to the Council and the answer of the Council. At the head of the first column the startling announcement is made that "there are measures concerting for rendering this paper yet more universally esteemed and useful, in which it is hoped the public will gratified, and by which those gentlemen who desire to be improved in history, philosophy and poetry will be greatly advantaged."

### POLITICAL.

The State Prohibition Convention met at Lansing on the 27th ult., and Henry Fish, of Port Huron, was chosen Chairman, and O. A. Brown, Secretary. John Moore, of Saginaw, and Randolph Strickland, of Clinton, were nominated for Justices of the Supreme Court, and the Rev. J. Sawyer, of Monroe, and A. L. Simb, of Grand Rapids, for Regents of the University.

### RAILROADS.

ALL the property of the Detroit, Hillsdale and Indiana Railroad Company is advertised to be sold at auction on February 28th to foreclose the first mortgage.

### CASUALTIES.

The extensive lumber mill and tub factory of Morgan & Stanton, at Howard City, was burned last week. Loss, \$20,000.

A SAD accident occurred near Battle Creek a few days ago at the residence of Mr. Fred. Williams. A little girl while playing near the stove set her clothing on fire and was so badly burned before it could be extinguished as to cause her death.

A LITTLE daughter of James Hopkins, living in Detroit, tipped over a tea-kettle containing boiling water, a few days ago, burning herself so severely that she died the following day.

MR. W. STAGE, of Pavilion, Kalamazoo county, while drawing logs last week, was in some manner caught under a rolling log, and so fastened that he could not move. He was held there nearly two hours, enduring excruciating pain, before his family, alarmed at his long stay, sought him out, and his wife released him by hitching the chain and rolling off the log with the team. He was almost frozen, and one leg was badly injured.

THE dwelling of Capt. Sheppard, of Niles, was burned last Sunday. Loss, \$2,000.

AN old man named Edward Finnegan, while walking along the railroad track at Appleton a few days ago was struck by the engine of an incoming freight train, receiving such severe injuries that his recovery is considered doubtful.

### CRIME.

C. MEYERS, a farmer in Kimball, St. Clair county, committed suicide a few days ago by cutting his throat with a razor. The deceased was 30 years of age and leaves a wife and nine children. Family troubles are the supposed cause.

A BEAST in human form has been arrested at Grand Rapids and taken to Grand Haven, to answer the charge of attempting to rape a child of Mrs. Walker's, at Chester, Ottawa county. His name is Lewis Holmes, aged forty-two. His victim is but four years old. He was unsuccessful in his attempt to rape the child, but communicated to her a loathsome disease, for which she is undergoing treatment. There was much excitement and some talk of lynching the scoundrel.

AN accident at Dexter a few days ago resulted in the discovery of several cadavers on their way to the Michigan University at Ann Arbor. While four boxes from Chicago consigned to a fictitious firm were being handled one was broken open, revealing to sight the body of a young girl sixteen years of age. The four boxes contained six bodies.

### DEATHS.

H. A. CAMPBELL, a prominent merchant of Grand Traverse, and one of the pioneers in that section, died suddenly, a few days ago.

WHILE a party of schoolboys were sleighing at Royal Oak, a few days ago, Wesley Harmon suddenly fell. He was taken up and medical assistance summoned, but death came first—supposed to have been caused by heart disease.

MRS. R. C. KERR, one of the oldest residents of Jackson county, died a few days ago of cancer.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

THE organization of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance for the State of Michigan was effected at Detroit a few days ago by the election of the following officers: Grand Worthy Patriarch, Capt. J. L. Frisbee, Hillsdale; Grand Worthy Associate, Robert Morton, Windsor, Ont.; Grand Scribe, Dr. M. Hilton Williams, Detroit; Grand Treasurer, Dr. B. S. Bancroft, Romeo; Grand Chaplain the Rev. W. W. Smith, Litchfield; Grand Conductor, G. H. Benton, Almonte; Grand Sentinel, E. R. Bentley, Alameda.

THE Grand Lodge of the Michigan Knights of Pythias, at their recent annual session in Detroit, elected for P. G. C., H. S. Sanford, Jackson; G. C. W., J. Long, Detroit; G. V. C., Charles D. Little, Saginaw; G. K. of R. and S., James Mitchell, Detroit; G. M. of E. N. S., Boynton, Port Huron; G. M. at A., O. W. Oviatt, New Buffalo; Representative to the Supreme Lodge, W. J. Long.

A DETROIT dealer has a country order for "twenty-five pares Arktik overshaws."

PETITIONS are being extensively circulated through the State for the repeal of the law exempting church property from taxation.

### LEGISLATIVE RECORD.

TUESDAY, Jan. 26.—Senate—But one bill was

introduced—to regulate the matter of the detention of witnesses.

House—Petitions were introduced in favor of doing away with the Prohibitory Liquor law, and one favoring the making it more stringent; praying the repeal of the law creating County Superintendents of Schools.... A bill was introduced to amend the act relating to the Reform School, and was referred to the committee on that institution.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27.—Senate—Petitions received: Against the system of county superintendency of schools; for the taxation of church property; for and against the repeal of the prohibitory liquor law.... The Committee on University and Normal School recommended \$400 in addition to the appropriations made two years ago for those institutions.... A bill was introduced by Mr. Groumel to prevent the detention by imprisonment of poor witnesses.

House—A bill to regulate the practice of medicine was introduced.... The bill passed by the Senate relative to paying the expenses of Circuit Judges was considered by the House in committee of the whole all the afternoon, and considerable debate elicited. The bill was again referred to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution increasing their salary.

THURSDAY, Jan. 28.—Senate—The usual petitions for and against the repeal of the liquor law and for the taxation of church property were received. Remonstrances were also presented against the repeal of the law relative to County Superintendents of Schools, and a long memorial from the State Board of Health touching the subject of inspection of illuminating oils and of the protection of life and persons on railroads.... A bill was introduced to amend the act for the incorporation of hospitals and asylums, where valuable grants or emoluments have been made for such purposes, so that the destitute children may be furnished an apprenticeship.... Senator Boies, of Hudson, was elected President pro tem, and upon being introduced, made some happy and appropriate remarks.

House—A bill was introduced from the Liquor Committee to tax and regulate the liquor-traffic. It divides the dealers into four classes: First—manufacturers, distillers and wholesale dealers in spirituous liquors, who are to pay \$500 per annum; second—manufacturers and dealers in malt liquors, who are to pay \$400 per annum; fourth—retailers in malt liquors, who are to pay \$200 annually. Lists of all places where liquors are sold are to be kept by County Treasurers, to whom the taxes are to be paid. The money is then to be paid to the State Treasurer and applied pro rata to the support of the poor in the different counties. All dealers are required to give bonds in not less than \$3,000, each to close their places of business on Sundays, and on week-days between 11 o'clock at night and 6 in the morning; that they will keep only unadulterated liquors, and will pay all damages resulting to persons or property from their business; also that they will refrain from selling to minors and habitual drunkards. The money due for taxes is to constitute a first lien on the liquors anywhere held in stock, and heavy penalties, including fines and imprisonment, are provided for the violation of this act.... The House remitted the penalty which the Detroit, Hillsdale and Indiana railroad had incurred by the non-payment of its tax, upon condition that it pays all debts due to its laborers.... A bill to protect fish in the northern streams of the State was passed; also a bill requiring all applicants for the office of notary public to deposit one dollar with the Secretary of State, as a testimony of good faith.

FRIDAY, JAN. 29.—Senate—Petitions received: Asking for the passage of a law to establish a State Medical Board, to secure registration of physicians, and to require of them certain general qualifications; from Kalamazoo, Pontiac, Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor, and Bay City, asking for the repeal of the law relative to the taxation of insurance premiums; to provide for the appointment of County Treasurers where the population of the county exceeds 3,000; for a law compelling railroad companies to furnish cattle guards at all farm crossings.... A communication was received from the Governor, containing a request from Gen. Weitzel for the cession of land by the State to the United States at Saint S. Marie, for the improvement of the canal.... The Senate passed a joint resolution, petitioning Congress to create a United States judicial district out of the upper peninsula.... White introduced a bill to establish a State Prison in the upper peninsula.

House—Petitions were received in favor of prohibition.... The Senate bill changing the time for holding the terms of the Supreme Court from January, April, July and October, to March, June, September and December, the object being to avoid the hot session in July; and bills relating to services and executions on real estate, and amending the act providing for a municipal Superior Court for Detroit, were passed and ordered to take immediate effect.... A concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of five, to visit the University and Agricultural College, to determine which institution is best adapted for a school of technology, was passed.

SATURDAY, JAN. 30.—Senate—Amendments to the act constituting the Governor, State Treasurer, and Auditor-General a Board of Fund Commissioners were passed. They are to receive proposals for the sale of State bonds, advertising for them in Detroit and New York papers.... The act amending the law creating the Superior Court of the city of Detroit was passed, but the photographer's salary was cut down from \$2,500 to \$2,000 per year.

House—Petitions were presented for the repeal of the County Superintendency act, as well as concerning the liquor traffic. A petition was also presented praying that the islands in Michigan lake be set apart for a public park.... Committee on State Affairs reported in favor of a bill to punish people who set guns in the woods, these guns exploding, frequently injuring ignorant persons, and setting fire to the underbrush, causing destructive forest conflagrations.... Bills were passed to amend the charters of St. Johns and Midland City, and to amend the act incorporating religious and benevolent societies.... Watkins, from the House Railroad Committee, introduced a bill to amend the Railroad law of 1873, and also a bill to regulate the height of railroad bridges. Both were placed on the general order.... A resolution was adopted that the Commissioner of Railroads be instructed to inform the House how many clerks he employed, and as to the traveling and other expenses of his office allowed by the Board of Auditors.

MONDAY, Feb. 1.—Senate—A petition was received from residents of Wayne county for an amendment of the law relative to committing a prisoner to jail on capias; also from the Supervisors of Newaygo county, asking the repeal of the county superintendency system.... A bill amending the act establishing the State Public School was reported favorably.... The Senate refused to concur in the House amendment of the Notary Public bill and ordered a conference committee.... A concurrent resolution was adopted authorizing the Committee on State Institutions to visit said institutions at their convenience.... A bill was introduced authorizing the Board of Control of the State swamp lands to grant double the amount of land heretofore authorized for the completion of the Marquette and Mackinac railroad.

House—Petitions asking the location of the county seat of Osago county at Bagley, and the passage of a law regulating the sale of medicines and poisons, were received.... A bill was introduced amending the act for incorporation of mining companies, and to amend the law relative to assessment taxes; also amending the act relating to purchase of the interest of railroad companies in highways.

### Blunders.

Several curious stories are afloat in London, for which the bad proof-reading of the provincial journals is responsible. For instance, Mr. Disraeli informed a Scottish audience that it was not his wont to "stagger or utter ambiguous words in the streets." Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen in a recent oration referred to Mr. Disraeli as one who "towered above the rest of the government as a giant amongst pigmies," but his local journal made him say that he admired "Mr. Disraeli, before whom the rest of the government quailed like beaten hounds before their master." The short-hand writer in this case evidently had taken too much beer. But the types alone are to blame for the comical error of a suburban London journal, which, in announcing a lecture for Darwinites, spoke of it as a "Sunday Evening Discourse for Advanced Tinkers." An "h" dropped out of the last word.

## THE GREAT SCANDAL.

### Court Scenes and Trial Items.

#### A Salacious Group.

[From the New York Star.]

A salacious group in the corner at the right of the bench (Beecher trial) would afford a subject for a Hogarth. The slightest approach of counsel or witness to smut or dirt puts them on edge, and suffices their countenances with expectant glow.

#### Thus it Was.

[From the New York Sun.]

Mr. Tracy stood as firm on his legs and about as stiff in posture as a wooden Indian, but far too dignified to admit of imagining a bunch of cigars in the hand that was held before his broad breast. He looked straight at Mr. Moulton for a moment, and Mr. Moulton looked back as fixidly from under the shaggy hair that hangs over his forehead like a Shetland pony's mane. There was personal enmity showing plainly through their meshes of politeness.

#### Tantalizing Tracy.

Moulton seemed to delight in bringing Gen. Tracy's name within the pale of the scandal. Thus, when Tracy asked him to fix the time when he (Moulton) heard Mr. Tilton's "true story" read, the witness said: "It was the winter of 1872. You'll remember it, Mr. Tracy; you were there and went to sleep." Also, when Tracy wished to know how thick a certain roll of manuscript was, he said: "I can't remember; you saw it, General, and perhaps can tell."

#### Judicial Levity.

[From the New York Sun.]

Judge Neilson was in excellent humor this morning. It was known that several ferry boats from New York were delayed in crossing by ice, and Mr. Evarts was so detained for some time. While they were waiting for him, the Judge asked Mr. Tracy, "Do you wish to wait for your associate?" "We do," answered the counsel. The Judge then asked Messrs. Fullerton and Beach, "How did you cross—by bridge or ferry boat?" Fullerton was taken in by the suddenness of the question, and answered "By ferry, sir." "I thought so," remarked the Judge triumphantly, and the audience laughed. Of course, everybody knows that the Brooklyn bridge is not yet built.

#### Beecher.

[Cor. Chicago Tribune.]

Beecher's unwholesome redness looks to me like a dreadful menace of apoplexy. The slightest personal allusion to himself, during the proceedings, invariably deluges his face with blood. He seems to swell in moments of nervous irritation, and the veins upon his forehead dilate to the very point of rupture. Once to-day I was alarmed by his fearful appearance. His throat and neck were just as crimson as his cheeks, and his heart kept pumping the dangerous flood into his brain, until I thought to see him complete the tragedy by falling out of his chair dead. Whether these acute congestions will not be aggravated by his helpless and terrible condition in the witness-chair, I am not learned enough to declare. To my laic judgment, the possibility of a death-blow that will tear the filaments of his brain, and smite him with the stroke of paralysis, does not seem too remote to be conjecturable.

#### The Jury.

[Cor. Chicago Times.]

"A good, contented, well-breakfasted jurymen is a capital thing to get hold of," said Counselor Parker in a burst of confidence to his client, Mr. Pickwick. Mr. Parker, growing more confiding, added, "and a discontented or hungry jurymen always finds for the plaintiff." This remarkable opinion does not appear in Blackstone or Coke, and for this reason the counsel of Mr. Beecher need not attach much importance to it. Yet it is a notable fact that Mr. Evarts daily insists that the Court shall adjourn as soon as the hour for recess arrives. The jury, as a consequence, have come to look upon him in a very grateful way. With but one or two exceptions the jurymen are very attentive, and their manner indicates a determination to weigh all the evidence presented fairly. On Tuesday afternoon one of the jurors indulged in a short nap, but yesterday they were all awake and careful listeners.

#### Beecher's Defense.

The Beecher line of defense, judging by the trial so far, seems to be based upon one prominent theory. That theory can be condensed in this wise: Moulton and Tilton, at the very outset of the trouble between Beecher and Tilton—a trouble generated by some slight impropriety in Beecher's behavior toward Mrs. Tilton—engaged in a conspiracy against Beecher. To carry out their joint design to ruin Beecher, Moulton became Tilton's agent in securing Beecher's confidence, in harassing Beecher with menaces of publicity, in causing the publication of certain recalcitrant documents, in connecting Mrs. Woodhull with the case, and in generally promoting the exposure and fatal distortion of an incident in Beecher's relation to the Tiltons not criminal in its intrinsic character, but out of which both Moulton and Tilton managed to evolve profitable consequences for themselves, and death and destruction for Beecher. In other words, the theory of the defense, as prefigured in the cross-examination, is the familiar "conspiracy to blackmail," amplified, elaborated, and bristling with detailed proofs. All the proceedings in Beecher's behalf so far have been tuned to this key-note, and all the future proceedings in the same interest are likely to be little else than variations of the same theme.

#### The Woodhull.

[Moulton's Cross-examination.]

The witness went on to state that it was at the suggestion of Beecher's coun-

sel, Gen. Tracy, that he held back the balance. Tilton was never told, directly or indirectly, that the money was coming to him from Beecher, and neither was Mrs. Tilton. What led to his acquaintance with Mrs. Woodhull, and its continuance was a desire entirely to suppress the adultery stories against Beecher, and he invited her to his home, so that he might the better influence her in suppressing these stories. His wife objected to Mrs. Woodhull, and consulted Beecher, and the latter told witness she ought to co-operate with her husband in suppressing these stories, and that her acquaintance with Woodhull couldn't hurt her. Witness was here asked to state what Tilton said, when he introduced Woodhull at Steinway Hall. Witness said: When Mr. Tilton introduced Mrs. Woodhull to the audience in Steinway Hall, on the evening of her lecture, he came forward with the lady on his arm, and said, as nearly as I recollect it:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: It is quite unusual for me to be in town during the lecture season, and I unexpectedly find myself in here to-night. I find that several representative men have been asked to introduce the lady who will address you to this audience. Some have refused on the ground that they knew nothing of her character, and others on the ground that they are in doubt as to her views. As to the first, I think I know it, and will therefore take the responsibility of vouching for it; and, as to the second point, I do not know what her views are, and I have never heard her express them. She may be a fanatic or a fool, but I would rather be either or both than lack the courage to ask from an American audience for a woman the right of freedom of speech. [Applause from gallery.]

Q. Was that the substance of it?  
A. That was the substance of it, except the applause given.

#### A Poem by Tilton.

The following poem by Theodore Tilton was put in evidence and read by Judge Fullerton in the second week of the trial:

##### SIR MARMADUKE'S MUSINGS.

I won a noble fame,  
But, with a sudden frown,  
The people snatched my crown  
And in the mire trod down  
My lofty name.

I bore a bounteous purse,  
And beggars by the way  
Then blessed me day by day,  
But I, grown poor as they,  
Have now their curse.

I gained what men call friends,  
But now their love is fled,  
And I have learned too late  
How hated minds unite,  
And friendship ends.

I clasped a woman's breast,  
As I had heart I knew,  
Or fancied, would be true,  
Who proved—alas, she too!  
False like the rest.

I now am all bereft—  
As when some tower doth fall,  
With battlements and wall,  
And gates and bridge and all—  
And nothing left.

But I account it worth  
All pangs of fair hopes crossed—  
All loves and honors lost—  
To gain the heavens at cost  
Of losing earth.

So, lest I be inclined  
To render ill for ill—  
Henceforth in me instill,  
O God, a sweet, good will  
To all mankind.

SLEEPY HOLLOW, Nov. 1, 1871.

#### Legal Strokes and Counter Strokes.

[From the New York Tribune.]

Perhaps the highest point to which the evident though stifled excitement arose was when the fact of the publication of an article unfavorable to Mr. Beecher, printed in a Brooklyn Sunday newspaper, was broached. Having shown that the article was printed from the *Golden Age* proofs, Mr. Tracy drew himself up to his full height, advanced toward the witness, and stretching his arm above Mr. Beach's head and pointing his finger straight at Mr. Moulton, he asked in loud, grating tones, "Now, sir, how long after that publication did you receive the \$5,000 from Mr. Beecher?" There was a breathless pause for a moment, during which the witness was twirling about in his revolving chair and stroking his mustache with one hand, while the other was in his pocket. Then, with the utmost placidity of manner, the witness replied that he could not recollect.

The first step toward the impeachment of Mr. Moulton's testimony was taken at the afternoon session by the aid of affidavits of many prominent members of the Produce Exchange and others, who had sworn that Mr. Moulton, after the Woodhull publication, had said that the story was false, and also that since the Plymouth investigation he had shown violent hostility toward Mr. Beecher. With those affidavits in his hands Mr. Tracy put his questions. Among the first queries was this:

"Did you say to Mr. Wallace Caldwell that Mr. Beecher was a liar and a libertine, and that if personal violence would do any good that you would cut him down?" "No, Sir!" emphatically replied Mr. Moulton.

The witness was asked if he had made similar statements to Mr. Storrs, Mr. Tenny, and many other gentlemen, and although he remembered having talked with these persons, he seemed to have forgotten entirely what he said. In one case, when asked whether he had said to W. D. Barbour that Mr. Beecher was a perjurer and a libertine, he answered, "I may have said that Mr. Beecher was a libertine and a perjurer—as he is."

Mrs. Woodhull's notorious paper, which has been dragged into the controversy, has been the cause of serious dispute. The crevice through which it crawled will show the ingenious character of the warfare carried on by the lawyers. Mr. Fullerton last week introduced the Woodhull statement of Jan. 1, 1872, to show that Mr. Beecher was accused and did not deny the crime therein charged. Mr. Beecher's lawyers thought they saw a weak spot there, and on Friday tried to introduce various parts of the same article giving Mrs. Woodhull's views regarding the marriage relation, and further asserted that Messrs. Moulton and Tilton were also charged with heinous crimes by the same paper, which they had not denied. This step immediately aroused all of Mr. Tilton's lawyers, and they fought the motion so

fiercely that the matter had to be adjourned until yesterday, when the engagement was resumed. Mr. Beach ridiculed the idea advanced by his opponents, but Mr. Evarts neatly turned the point by saying that the argument of Mr. Beach was a satire on the old proverb that "what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander." That thrust gave Mr. Fullerton an opportunity to say to Judge Neilson that "the fact that the decalogue contains the commandment, 'Thou shalt not commit adultery,' does not justify their reading the story of Ananias and Sapphira."

The result of the contest was that Judge Neilson ruled out nearly all the parts read, exceptions being taken to those portions admitted.

#### Pith and Point.

MEN who can cut a shine—Glaziers.

MRS. HOBSON was "Hobson's choice."

MORE men have fallen in love than in war.

CHAIRS should never be covered with silk, but sat-in.

QUESTION for florists—Is not a rich mandarin a China Astor?

If a pair of spectacles could speak, what historian would they name? Eusebius.

A "JOURNEYMAN grammar-smasher" is what one St. Louis editor terms an other.

A YOUNG man at Jersey City poisoned himself rather than see his widowed mother marry a member of the Legislature.

"CAN'T you make any allowance for a man's being drunk?" "Certainly," said the Judge, "I allow you thirty days in the workhouse."

NOW is the time when prudent parents see too it that the part of the boys on which they slide down hill are property half-soled with leather, tin, or sheet iron.

A RUDE fellow told Barnum that he had never exhibited anything that was not a barefaced humbug. "Yes I have," said Barnum, "the bearded lady wasn't barefaced."

NOTHING gives the foreigners a better idea of the gigantic resources of this country than the Baby Almond of California. Each nut yields about a gallon of prussic acid.

A DANBURY man, who bought a new pair of boots Saturday, says a ship may stand on one tack all night if it wants to, but he finds an hour and a half an elegant sufficiency.

A FELLOW was told at a tailor's shop that three yards of cloth, by being wet, would shrink one-quarter of a yard. "Well, then," he inquired, "if you should wet a quarter of a yard, would there be any left?"

A THOMAS street schoolboy had just got his face fixed to sing "Let us love one another," when a snow ball hit him in the mouth and so confused him that he yelled: "Bill Sykes, just do that agin and I'll chew your ear off."

WHILE on her way to leap into the river, a Minneapolis girl met a man who proposed marriage, and she turned back and was happy. Almost any day now one can count four or five Minneapolis girls walking along the river banks.

"WHEN can I get a chance to put this baby to sleep?" once asked a lady emigrant of Kit Carson, who was conducting the train. "Well, ma'am," said Kit, reflectively, "I don't exactly know, but I think it would be when we get to the Rocky Mountains."

"SURE," said Patrick, rubbing his head with delight at the prospect of a present from his employer, "I always mane to do my duty." "I believe you," replied his employer, "and therefore I shall make you a present of all you have stolen from me during the year." "I thank your honor," replied Pat, "and may all your friends and acquaintances treat you as liberally."

THE Washington correspondent of the New York Herald says: Speaker Blaine, who is one of the readiest and most brilliant wits in Washington society, and has the reputation of saying more brilliant things than any member of either house, raised a laugh at the expense of the numerous candidates for the Speakership to-day. It happened by chance that there were gathered about him Kerr, Cox, Fernando Wood, Randall, Clymer, and two or three others who are looked upon as possible successors of Mr. Blaine, and they began to rally him upon the doleful prospects of the Republican party. He replied: "Gentlemen, I am like a cross-eyed schoolmaster up in my county, in Maine, who exclaimed one day, 'That boy I am now looking at, I want him to rise immediately and stand up in his place,' and twenty-seven boys stood up simultaneously in different parts of the school-room. Now," added Mr. Blaine, "if I should ask who is to be the next Speaker, at least seven of you gentlemen would stand up at once."

THE PERILS OF SERENADING.—Serenading in Lewiston, Oregon, has ceased to be popular. The following extract from a recent police report will explain why: "The too melodious nocturnal band was brought before his honor Recorder Vincent, who, after hearing the facts in the case, recorded a fine of \$5 and costs, which amounted to \$7, making a total of \$12 against the E-flat cornet, which was paid by Charles Willis (contraband); the trombone was mulcted in the same amount, and made good by Billy Duffy. The snare drum and bugler not having the necessary amount to satisfy the insatiate maw of the offended dignity of the city in the person of the Recorder, Martin Williams and 'Brick-top' took it upon themselves to offer themselves as hostages in the city jail until the expiration of the alternative, six days."

EX-SENATOR NYE's "softening of the brain" is contradicted.



## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, - - - EDITOR.

Saturday, February 6.

THE number of claims proved, audited, and allowed in the Jay Cooke estate, is 1,914; the amount of claims proved, audited, and allowed is \$8,061,776.00.

GEN. BEN ROBERT, U. S. A., who was the most prominent witness against Gen. Fitz John Porter in the trial of that officer, died last week. He recently applied to be taken from the retired and placed on the active list of the army. He is said to have changed his opinions within a few years as to Porter's guilt.

BISHOP SWEENEY, of St. John, N. B., has allowed his carriage and other property to be sold for taxes amounting to \$217.10, which he refused to pay, on the ground that no Catholic citizen can "conscientiously and willingly" contribute to the support of schools in which his religion is attacked and insulted. The Bishop's coach, which cost about \$2,000, was seized by the city authorities, and at the auction was sold for \$210. The conscientious scruples of the opponents of the school system here, do not reach that height, and stop when it involves such sacrifices.

In the trial in New York, on Monday, in the U. S. Court, in a smuggling case, it was shown that H. B. Claflin & Co., the heavy dry-goods house, had bought smuggled silks, knowing them to be smuggled, and had sold them. A *Tribune* reporter, who applied to Mr. H. B. Claflin for an explanation, was told that the report was true, and that, on the advice of a revenue official, he had bought goods, knowing that they had been smuggled. He stated further, that all large dry-goods houses had to do the same, and named houses which so smuggled goods. According to Mr. Claflin, the silk trade is largely in smuggled goods.

THE carpet-baggers of the South are bringing every influence at their command to bear upon Congress to pass a law which shall force the Federal Government the assumption of the liabilities of the Freedman's Bank. The number of depositors is stated to have been 70,000 distributed all through the Southern States. These are the more intelligent and industrious of the colored population, and their influence naturally commands the co-operation of all the negroes of the South and the politicians whom they elect to office. Public meetings have been held in several of the large cities of the South favoring the Government assumption of those liabilities, and the South Carolina Legislature has memorialized Congress to this end.

In regard to the attempt to set fire to the Navy Department we find the following further particulars: Some five or six years ago, a youth about seventeen years of age was arrested for setting fire to some seven or eight different buildings in Washington. He confessed his crime, but upon the intervention of Chief Justice Chase, was released without punishment; it is thought probable that this boy, who is now a grown man, and is employed as a messenger in the Navy Department is the would-be incendiary. The manner in which some of the attempts to burn the building have been made lends color to the supposition, as they are similar to those made by the boy years ago. The messenger in question was suspected and arrested the other day, but released for lack of evidence. He was seen about the building by Secretary Robeson. The fire appears to have originated in the pocket of a coat left hanging on a hook. It is supposed that chemicals were arranged in the pocket to take fire after a certain interval. The fire was discovered in such good time that the damage does not amount to more than \$8 or \$10.

THE French Assembly has passed the bill which provides for the establishment of a Second Chamber or Senate. It shall comprise not more than three hundred members, divided into three classes,—first, Senators by right; second, Senators named by decree of the President; and third, Senators elected by the departments and the colonies. The Senators by right are Marshals, Admirals, and Cardinals, Judges of the Courts, and such members of the Institute as the Institute itself may designate. The Senators named by the President shall number one hundred and fifty, less the number of Senators by right. The elected Senators from the departments and colonies shall be one for every four hundred thousand inhabitants. They shall hold office for nine years, with their terms distributed in such a manner that a third of the number shall be renewed every third year. All Senators by right hold their positions, of course, for life. Those appointed are also immovable. The objection on the part of the advocates of popular government in France will be, that, by giving the chief of the executive power the appointment of so large a proportion of its members, it makes him complete master of its political complexion, and, in the hands of a bad man, would be the stepping-stone to a dictatorship.

MR. GLADSTONE has made a large sum of money from the sale of the famous pamphlet on the Vatican Decrees.

PRESIDENT GRANT's daughter, Mrs. Sartoris, and her husband arrived in Washington last week. They intend to spend the winter in this country and return to England in the spring.

THE trial of the suit brought by Mr. John Verhage, of Vriesland, against Mr. Pieter Borst, the school-teacher of District No. 2, in the Township of Zeeland, for the suspension of the plaintiff's son, Pieter, a boy of about fourteen years old, came off on last Wednesday, and resulted in a verdict of "No cause of action." This case (outside of other motives and influences of a local character which may or may not have had their effects on the course pursued,) was a peculiar one and perhaps the first of the kind tried in this locality. The plaintiff's son, Pieter, in reply to a certain question put to him by the teacher, refused to say "no-sir," holding that a simple "no" was sufficient. Persisting in his refusal the defendant took him by the arm, or sleeve, put him out of the room, and suspended him from school. The school-board subsequently endorsed the action of the teacher. For this an action for trespass was commenced against the teacher. The defense of the latter was principally based upon the rights and duties of the teacher, and claiming that politeness and good manners were essential parts of a common school education. We learn that the plaintiff is not satisfied with the verdict and will appeal to the Circuit Court. The jury consisted of Messrs. S. Sprietsma, J. Van Landegend, S. Reidsema, R. K. Heald and John A. Streng.

VICE-PRESIDENT Henry Wilson says that he is receiving hundreds of letters from all parts of the country indorsing the policy set forth in his recent letter. These letters come from old-time Abolitionists, and ex-Confederate Generals. All agree that the desire of the majority of the people North and South is for peace. It is very evident that Henry Wilson has been overtaken with an ambition to become President.

SOMEBODY shot a big eagle, measuring from wing to wing seven feet, which was perched on a great elm in the yard of a neighbor, who holds the deed of eleven acres of the best meadow of the Smith sisters in Glastonbury, Mass., worth more than \$2,000, for a tax of less than \$50 and costs. And the sisters seize the opportunity to write thus to the *Woman's Journal*:

The grand eagle, an emblem of liberty and equality, could not soar over land sold by taxation without representation, by which in our case, law and justice, freedom and equal rights are trampled under foot, and we are left without redress or appeal, in the hands of the ignorant and the lawless. No wonder that a bird, which is said to spread its wings over a land of freedom, even over the Western Continent, cannot breathe in such an atmosphere of bondage!

We believe our readers will take some pleasure in hearing their old friend and townsman Hadsell, express himself in his usual mild way over the results of the Senatorial contest in this State. In his last issue of the *Hartford Day Spring* he gives vent to his feelings in the following manner:

"Sound the hew-gag; strike the ton-jon; beat the huzzy-guzzy; wake the gong-kwong; let the loud hosanna ring; bum-tum, fuzzle-bum, din-go-him! Unconstitutional Congresses of perjured ruffians; itchy-palmed, bribe-taking, office peddling, Presidential bores and sots; usurping Legislatures, blasphemous pick-pockets, senators and Governors, and shoulder strapped outlaws, titled bummers, official incendiaries, thieves, bondholders, cut-purses, all tremble at the roar of coming doom! Toot the tympanum cracking rams'-horns! Howl rapturous hosannas, ye flea-bitten hound-pups; let the gleeful catgut squeak. Pipe forth your gladness, oh, mules and nightingales and ganders! Croak, ye frogs; squeal, ye hogs! Flap your wings, and scream your shrillest notes of victory, invincible shanghai of freedom. Let volcanoes blaze, and festive tar-barrels crack and gleam. Let torch-light nod to bonfire and cannon boom their mighty peans. Let rocks, cataracts and hill sides, bull-calves, oceans, gulfs, lakes and mills, men, women children, fops, poodles, beasts, birds and reptiles, all Creation, animate and inanimate, burst forth in one tremendous, deafening, thundering, sky-splitting roar of triumph joy and praise. Good-by old blood-letter! Adieu Zackariah! Glorificallujerum!"

A VALUABLE POLITICAL PUBLICATION.—To those who wish to become thoroughly and correctly informed on the merits of the great political questions of the day, we commend *The Republic*, a monthly magazine published at Washington, D. C., at \$2.00 a year, including postage. The number before us is the first issue, in new and beautiful type, of the fourth volume. It contains upward of twenty carefully prepared articles on the leading questions now before Congress and the country, such as "Louisiana—The Exigency of the Hour;" "Jackson and Grant;" "Sheridan in Louisiana," &c., together with a review of the "Work in Congress" up to the date of issue, and an appendix of 35 pages containing the President's message and accompanying correspondence on Louisiana affairs. Orders should be addressed to "Republic Publishing Co., Washington, D. C."

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO  
**HEBER WALSH,**  
Proprietor of "CITY DRUG STORE."  
Established in New York from 1845-1857. In Michigan since 1857.

A Change of Programme Each Week.

USE  
**MARSH'S COUGH SYRUP.**  
It will cure  
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough,  
Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all affections of the  
**THROAT AND LUNGS.**  
H. WALSH,  
Proprietor.  
For Sale by all Dealers.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS PREPARED AT THE CITY DRUG STORE AT HALF THE PRICE OTHER STORES CHARGE.

We do not purchase Physicians, and have no percentage to pay to any one.

Eighth Street, . . . . . Holland City.

## The Estey Organ

NOW ON HAND BY  
**L. T. KANTERS & CO.**

Our advice to the Public is not to purchase any instrument, without investigating first the PRICE and QUALITY of these Organs. They are constantly kept on hand and open for inspection at

THE "CITY BOOK-STORE,"  
NO. 72, EIGHTH STREET.

We also take orders for  
**STECK'S & HAYNE BROS' PIANOS.**

We keep in stock the two kinds of "HOWE" and of the "GROVER & BAKER" Sewing Machines. These four different kinds of machines, are the simplest and strongest in the country.

The depository of the American Bible Society has been removed by the committee, to the "CITY BOOK-STORE" of

**L. T. KANTERS & CO.,**  
No. 72, Eighth Street, . . . . . HOLLAND, MICH.

## Boots and Shoes,

At the Store of  
**L. SPRIETSMA & SON.**

Judiciously and carefully selected for the season, and comprising the most complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES ever offered in THE CITY OF HOLLAND.

LADIES,  
GENTS,  
YOUTHS,  
MISSSES AND  
CHILDREN'S WEAR,

Of the Latest Styles.

CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING  
Done at short notice.

Cash Paid for Hides.

Our prices compare favorable with those of our neighbors, and it is our purpose to compete successfully with the trade outside this city, intending not only to satisfy our old friends, but to draw a new trade to this city and the Boot and Shoe Store of  
**L. SPRIETSMA & SON.**  
HOLLAND, April 1, 1874.

## Hardware Store!

**E. VAN DER VEEN,**  
Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

**LARGE STOCK  
—OF—  
GENERAL  
Hard-ware.**

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best  
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,  
Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,  
Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,  
Paints, Oils,  
Nails, etc.

**Farmers' Implements,  
Carpenters' Tools,**

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

**E. VAN DER VEEN.**  
S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts. 46-47cl-1y



Watches, Silver Ware,  
Clocks, Spectacles, &  
Jewelry, Pocket-Knives.

These goods will be sold at the lowest possible Price. Every Article Warranted to be just as Represented.  
Watches, clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner.  
HOLLAND, Mich., December 1, 1874.

For a good bargain go to the Store of  
**JOHN ROOST & SON,**  
GENERAL DEALERS IN  
Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots & Shoes,  
Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps,  
**FLOUR AND FEED.**  
The highest price paid for  
**BUTTER AND EGGS,**  
in Trade or in Cash.

## REFRESHMENTS!

I have opened in the old Lawrence place, opposite the Post Office, on Eighth Street.

A RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON.

And I hereby inform the public that a ready lunch will be served at any time of the day, without the least delay.

**CHOICE LIQUORS & CIGARS.**

Farmers coming to town, will find this a comfortable and pleasant resort.

**F. CONVERSE.**  
HOLLAND, Mich., Dec. 4, 1874.

## Meat Market,

—OF—  
**Jacob Kuite.**

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meats, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

**JACOB KUIITE.**  
Holland, Feb. 14, 1874. 46-29-1f

## PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery,  
Of the Most Approved Patterns;  
And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,  
Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM  
**DRY KILN**  
AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER  
WE SHALL MAKE A  
SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,  
Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.  
**H. W. VERBEEK & Co.**  
46 34cl-2

## WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers.

RIVER STREET, . . . . . HOLLAND.

Announce to the Public that they have received a large and new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which is more complete in every department than ever before. They have a large line of all kinds of

Flannels,  
Repellents,  
Cottonades,  
Shawls,  
Young Ladies' Goods  
Skirts,  
Ladies and Gentlemen's Underwear,  
Prints,  
Notions,  
Hats & Caps.

Groceries, Flour and Feed.

Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

**CHEAP FOR CASH.**

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 15, 1874. 47-38-1y

## R. KANTERS,

DEALER IN

**STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.**

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

**CASH ON DELIVERY!**

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations. All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention.

**R. KANTERS.**  
HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-1f

## GUN-SMITH.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public of Holland and vicinity that he has opened a shop for the repairing of

Guns, Sewing Machines, Etc.,

and all other repairs in that line, either of wood or metal.

I have located my shop for the present on Eighth Street, opposite the brick store of VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS.

I also deal in second-hand Sewing Machines, and parties wishing to make purchases, will do well to call and examine my stock.

**P. VELKERS.**  
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 10, 1874. 129



## Jottings.

MRS. SPEAKER BLAIN is a sister of Gail Hamilton.

JOHN F. TINKHAM of Grand Rapids is dangerously ill.

REV. DR. FISK, late of Grand Rapids, is studying law at Albany.

THE Canadian Reciprocity Treaty has been rejected by the Senate.

THERE is a growing disposition in the public mind to tax church property.

DAN BERTSCH wants to make room for Spring goods; his Special Notice tells all about it.

THE name of Mr. L. D. Vißers, should have appeared as the sixth jurymen in our article on 4th page.

GEN. W. P. INNES and Col. E. S. Pierce are spoken of as the successor of Mr. Turner in the Grand Rapids Post Office.

ALLEGAN township offers for sale her ten per cent bonds, issued to pay a judgment in the U. S. Court, for promised railroad aid.

EX-MAYOR Hubbard, of Grand Haven, has provided the poor of that city, during the past week with 100 loaves of fresh bread daily.

THE joint resolution introduced in the Legislature, by Mr. Van Raalte, relative an appropriation for our harbor, by Congress, passed the House on Tuesday.

"FLOR DEL FUMA"—being the dutch for "Rat-tail"—is one of the finest brands of cigars out. They are kept at L. T. Katters & Co. We've tried them, and they're "good smokee."

It is understood that at the close of his senatorial term, Senator Schurz will take up his residence east and devote much of his time to literary pursuits, and write a political history of the United States.

PERHAPS it is owing to the storm, but there are but few "locals" this week. The storm was the prominent, local event of the week. Were it not for the storm, we would not have had this local jotting. We did have a severe storm.

OUR countrymen at Orange City, Iowa, are contemplating the building of a flour mill. They claim to possess every inducement for such an investment and request the attention of enterprising men to examine the scheme for investment.

THE Grand Haven News asks: "What has become of the gas works. Twice we believe our city has granted the right to make gas to parties from a distance. We have in our mind several parties at home who can make more gas than has been furnished as yet."

REV. GEO. D. GILLESPIE, Bishop elect of the diocese of Western Michigan, will probably be consecrated in St. Mark's church, Grand Rapids, on Wednesday, February 24th. Bishop Littlejohn, of Long Island, is expected to preach the sermon on the occasion.

THE romantic vicissitudes of life are strikingly illustrated in the fact that little more than twenty years ago Garibaldi was engaged with John Thompson, now president of the First National Bank of New York city, in the manufacture of soap and candles on Staten Island.

It is understood, that the Rothschild syndicate has concluded with the United States Treasury a contract for \$25,000,000 of the new loan, and that with this contract goes the privilege of taking the entire unsold remainder any time within six months. This makes a total of \$80,000,000 taken by the Rothschilds so far.

WE notice from the Grand Rapids Banner, that Mr. C. Vorst, of this city, has sold his interest in De Wachter, to the Classis of Michigan of the True Dutch Reformed Church, and that the same will be published hereafter at Grand Rapids, under the direction of Rev. Mr. Boer. In the mean time Mr. Vorst is pushing his theological studies, and will in due time appear as enrolled among the anointed.

THE usual statistics about the personnel of the Legislature are being gathered, to be published for the benefit and information of the members. There are 84 married and 10 unmarried representatives, and 6 not yet ascertained. The unmarried are Messrs. Benjamin, F. O. Clark, Ferguson, Hertzler, Hunt, Knight, Lee, Ranney, Sutton, Van Raalte. The oldest representative, Mr. Lay, is 67, and the youngest, Mr. Van Raalte, 29. Average age, 45.

OLD Dr. Twitchell, once wanted to blister some one in a farm-house, far from home. He had nothing with him to do it with. He asked the house-wife to find him a hammer. The article was brought out, put in a tea-kettle over the fire, and after the water steamed and bubbled well, he lifted it out and gently touched it to his patient in a half dozen spots over the seat of pain, with very positive effect. Boiled hammers were, for many years afterwards used in that neighborhood.

TOM THUMB will soon be in Grand Rapids.

MRS. WOODHULL is coming to lecture in this State.

JUDGE STONE is lecturing on the subject of "True Manhood."

THERMOMETER at 10 degrees below zero, on Thursday morning; 6 degrees more and good-by peaches.

THE postoffice at Johnsville has been discontinued—to make room for a police office, we presume.

THEY are again holding a convention, in St. Louis, with the view of placing a paper god in a paper constitution.

WE understand the Republican Judicial Convention to nominate a Circuit Judge will soon be called to meet at this city.

ON Friday evening, fourteen of the friends of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Zwemer, gave them a "surprise party" at "Fynwart" parsonage.

REV. D. BLOEK, of Saugatuck, expects to leave for Cleveland, O., in a few weeks, to take charge of a Holland congregation in the Reformed Church, at that place.

ANDREW JOHNSON ought to feel highly flattered by the expressions of satisfaction which his election to the Senate has called forth. Even Mr. Blaine joins in the congratulations.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office, at Holland, Mich., Feb. 5, 1875: G. P. Burrell, H. Campbell, D. K. Foster, Andrew Mondy, Stephen Southward.

MR. HEBER WALSH has been appointed sole agent for this city, by the Rev. E. A. Wilson, for the sale of his celebrated remedy for consumption. Read the advertisement in another column, headed "To Consumptives."

"SIR said a contractor to a Dutch Alderman, "you promised to vote for my bid."—"Vell," said the member "vat if I did?"—"Well, sir, you voted against it."—"Vell, vat if I did?"—"Well, sir, then you lied!"—"Vell, vat if I did?"

It was pure satire of a Boston gentleman, who, after having been kept waiting half an hour, told the keeper of a restaurant that he should want another steak a week from that date. It takes a Boston man to say these clever things.

AN Iowa Sunday-school superintendent recently wrote to a New York Bible-firm: "Send me some Sunday-school papers and books; let the books be about pirates and Indians as far as possible, and if the life of Bill Tweed has come out, send that."

"JASPER" will please accept our thanks for a copy of the "Calendar of the University of Michigan for 1874-5." We expect to make an abstract of the valuable and highly gratifying information it contains, relative the prosperous condition of our State University.

WE would call the attention of our readers to our regular market reports at home and abroad. On our inside pages are found a weekly review of the markets and finances including some of the leading articles of interest in this section, such as coöperage, lumber and wood.

THE new advertisement on our last page, of Levi Brothers, of the "Star Clothing House," Grand Rapids, shows our readers the place where they can make a bargain if they so desire. Those still in need of clothing will do well to read their advertisement with close attention.

CARPENTER will retire from the Senate and go out of the same door with Chandler. On Wednesday he was defeated by Angus Cameron of La Crosse, who was elected by a combination of Anti-Carpenters and Democrats. The decisive vote was as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 132; necessary to a choice, 67; Cameron, 68; M. H. Carpenter, 59; George C. Hazelton, 3; John G. Clark, 1.

MR. POTTER, member of the Legislature, for St. Joseph, gave notice on Tuesday, for the introduction of a joint resolution asking Congress for appropriate legislation to remove the bridge constructed by the Chicago and Michigan Lake Shore Railroad Company, across the harbor at St. Joseph. There appears to be a strong hostile feeling in that locality between the past and present management of this road.

ON Friday evening, January 22, Rev. H. Uterwyk, of Holland, lectured before the Overysel people on "Woman." Prof. Kolten has been invited by the Young Men's Association, to give a course of scientific lectures at this place. The Y. M. A. is a society for mutual improvement, whose members meet every Tuesday evening, when orations are delivered, compositions read, and questions are debated. The question for Tuesday evening, Feb. 2, is, "Is the knowledge of evil beneficial?" The disputants are H. J. Kollen, H. Koolker, and H. Lankheit, on the negative, and G. H. Nykerk, F. Klumper, and J. Hoek, Jr. on the affirmative.—*Allegan Journal*.

JUDGE GIDDINGS has joined a temperance society at Big Rapids.

THE question of rented or free pews, has always been an apple of discord more or less among the membership of the First Reformed Church, the more so, as it involves the system of "receipts" for church expenditures. At a meeting of the congregation on Monday evening, it was finally compromised as follows: An assessment of \$500 is to be spread over the members, and a limited number of pews are to be rented for \$10 each to such as desire to take them; a committee of eleven—six of the congregation and five of the consistory—is to be announced to-morrow, which will be charged with the further arranging of details.

THE Executive Committee of the Holland Soldiers' Union, met on Tuesday evening, and made the necessary preliminary arrangements for their first annual meeting to be held on Friday evening, the 12th inst. All the members are requested to meet at Bakker & Van Raalte's hall, at 6 o'clock in the evening of that day, for the transaction of such business as may be properly brought before the meeting, and for the further completion of the organization. At the hour of eight o'clock they will proceed under the escort of our Cornet Band and torchlights, to the City Hotel, where a few hours will be spent, in banqueting, toasting, singing, etc. We have been shown a copy of the programme, and expect to enjoy a pleasant evening ourselves. We notice our friend Geo. W. McBride, Esq., as set down for the oration.

Since the above was set up, we have been requested by the President of the Union to state that the above announcement should be considered as a general invitation to all the soldiers and sailors residing at Holland city and vicinity to join the organization and be present on this occasion.

THE storm somewhat delayed the regular train and mail communications, but not to that extent which it was reasonable to fear. On the Chicago Road the first victim was a freight train with twelve cars; this got stuck in a snow drift, about 3 miles south of the city, and prevented all further communication South until after the storm had abated. On Thursday the two powerful snow-plows of this road made their appearance and with an extra gang of sixty men under the immediate direction of Superintendent Kimball succeeded in bringing her out allowing the first train to come through at 2:30 Friday morning. The mail train going North, got stuck at North Holland, about 7 o'clock, Wednesday evening, ran into a snow-bank, ten feet deep, jumped the tender, and did not get on again until Thursday noon when they returned to this city. Thursday's noon Mail came through the next morning, at 3 o'clock, and the night express at 7 o'clock, and trains now are again running regular on this road. The promptness and activity with which the running of trains and communication along the line was re-established is commendable. Mr. Kimball was on the spot himself, took right hold and kept the men to work by his own example and ordering "the best there was and lots of it." On the M. L. S. R. R. communication was also stopped; one train got fast at Fillmore Station, and another somewhere North of here.

REPORT of School District No. 1, of the Township of Holland, for the month of January, 1875:

Whole number enrolled during the month—63

Average attendance during the month—50.

Names of Pupils not absent: George Huntley, Arie Drost, Winnie Diekema and John Deur. Pupils neither absent nor tardy: Samuel Pas, Jane Van Dam, Gerrit Kamphuis, Gerty Boeve, Rika Van Dam, Janie Van Den Beldt, Lizzie Van den Beldt and Henry Boeve.

GURTE WAKKER, Teacher.

HOLLAND, Feb. 1st, 1875.

"EAGLE Fire Engine Co.," No. 1, held their regular annual meeting at the Engine room on Monday evening last and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Foreman—J. W. Minderhout.  
1st Asst.—J. Van Anrooy.  
2nd "—J. Dinkeloo, Sr.  
Secretary—J. D. Everhard.  
Treasurer—H. L. Elferdink.  
The Foreman made the following appointments:  
Company Engineer—G. Winters.  
Foreman of Hose—H. L. Elferdink.  
Asst. "—R. De Maat.  
Pipemen—P. Koning and J. Troxel.  
J. D. EVERHARD, Sec'y.

## Special Notices.

### SPRING.

IN Order to make room, for my Spring Goods, I will sell my Stock of Winter Goods at cost. Now is your time for Bargains in Blankets, Shawls, Flannels, Gloves, Mittens and all Woolen Goods and Underwear.

DANIEL BERTSCH.

HOLLAND, Feb. 3, 1875.

## Notice of Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in carrying on the business of saloon-keepers in the basement of the City Hotel has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. WILLIAM TEN HAGE will continue the business and settle all accounts for and against the late co-partnership.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 28, 1875.  
CORNELIS BLOM, Jr.  
WILLIAM TEN HAGE.

## Special Notice.

THE CITY DRUG STORE will be kept open on Sundays, until further notice is given.

HEBER WALSH,  
Proprietor.  
HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

To the travelling public, and those leaving for Grand Rapids on the afternoon train, we would state that BURGARD'S, 38 Pearl Street, is the best place for a meal, or a lunch, in Grand Rapids. Everything necessary for a first-class restaurant, is kept there and there is no unnecessary delay. Try and see.

## CENTAUR LINIMENTS.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The receipt is published on each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweened horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" "Yellow wrapper for animals." Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, \$1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CANTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only safe article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

## ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who has suffered for years from A Nervous Debility, premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York.

## TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, [free of charge], with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address.

REV. E. A. WILSON,  
194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.  
P. S.—The above medicine can be procured at the "City Drug Store," of HEBER WALSH, who has been appointed sole agent for this city.

## New Advertisements.

### A New Opening.

A situation wanted by one who has been trained from boyhood up in the Manufacture of Cheese, in the Old Country, and understands thoroughly how to make the celebrated "North-Holland Edamer Cheese." He offers his services to anyone desirous to engage in the cheese business. For further information address "P" News Office.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 28, 1875.

## Estrayed.

Came into the inclosure of the subscriber, in the township of Georgetown, on the 10th day of Nov. 1874, four Red yearlings, one steer and three heifers; the steer and two of the heifers have an ear-mark and some white on the belly. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

H. W. SWEET,  
GEORGETOWN, Ottawa Co., Mich. Jan. 4, 1875.

55 to 60 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINTON & Co., Portland, Maine.

JACOB FLIEMAN,  
Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,  
Light & Heavy Wagons,  
Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Skins always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style.

I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from

Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality

Thanking my old customers for past favors, I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line

J. FLIEMAN.

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,  
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN  
**BOOTS, SHOES,**  
**RUBBERS, ETC.**

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, - - HOLLAND, MICH.

WINTERS Bro's & BROWER,  
(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)  
**PRACTICAL**  
**Engineers and Machinists**

Messrs P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with all due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists. The Shop and Foundry are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S. The BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. Winters, will be continued as before. The PLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by R. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above. MILL REPAIRING, will receive our special attention. SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch. Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874.

The Old and Reliable House  
OF  
**E. HEROLD,**  
EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

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48-25-1y



## THE TWO TRAVELERS

BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

"Twas evening, and before my eyes  
There lay a landscape gray and dim;  
Fields faintly seen and twilight stars  
And clouds that hid the horizon's brim.

I saw—or was it that I dreamed?—  
A waking dream?—I cannot say;  
For every shape as real seemed  
As those that meet my eye, to-day.

Through leafless shrubs the cold wind hissed;  
The air was thick with falling snow;  
And onward, through the frozen mist,  
I saw a weary traveler go.

Driven o'er that landscape bare and bleak,  
Before the whirling gusts of air,  
The snow-flakes smote his withered cheek,  
And gathered on his silver hair.

Yet on he faced through blinding snows,  
And murmuring to himself he said:  
"The night is near, the darkness grows,  
And higher rise the drifts I tread.

"Deep, deep each autumn flower they hide;  
Each tuft of green they whelm from sight;  
And they who journeyed by my side  
Are lost in the surrounding night.

"I loved them; oh, no words can tell  
The love that to my friends I bore;  
We parted with the sad farewell  
Of those who part to meet no more.

"And I, who face this bitter wind,  
And o'er these snowy hillocks creep,  
Must end my journey soon and find  
A frosty couch, a frozen sleep.

As thus he spoke, a thrill of pain  
Shot to his heart; he closed my eyes,  
And when I opened them again  
I started with a glad surprise.

'Twas evening still, and in the west,  
A flush of glowing crimson lay;  
I saw the towers there, and blent  
That promise of a glorious day.

The waters, in their glassy sleep,  
Shone with the hues that tinged the sky,  
And rugged cliff and barren steep  
Gleamed with a brightness from on high.

And one was there whose journey lay  
Into the slowly gathering night;  
With steady step he held his way,  
O'er shadowy vale and gleaming height.

I marked his firm though weary tread,  
The lifted eye and brow serene,  
And saw no shade of doubt or dread  
Pass o'er that traveler's placid mien.

And others came, their journey o'er,  
And bade good-night with words of cheer;  
To-morrow, we shall meet once more;  
'Tis but the night that parts us here.

And I, he said, "shall sleep ere long—  
These fading gleams will soon be gone—  
Shall sleep, to rise, refreshed and strong,  
In the bright day that yet will dawn."

I heard; I watched him as he went,  
A lessening form, until the light  
Of evening from the firmament  
Had passed, and he was lost to sight.

—Atlantic for February.

## WORTH OR WEALTH.

"I tell you, no, Agnes! I won't have it. The fellow only wants my money. I know him—I know him. I know all of these dandified jimcracks. They hang around a bag of gold as crows do around carrion. I won't have any such thing. Now you know."

"Father, you judge Walter too harshly. He is a good man—honest and industrious, and—"

"Industrious, say you? I'd like to know what he's got to show for his industry."

"He has a superior education, father."

"Education! Fiddlesticks! Can he live on his education? Can he make money of it?"

"Yes, he can live on it! He has already obtained a good situation as clerk."

"And will earn just enough to keep him in the fine clothes he wears. I know these fellows. But there's an end on't. If you choose him rather than your poor old father you can do so. I can live alone—I shan't live long—you can—"

"Stop—stop, father. You have no right to talk so. You know I could not leave you." And Agnes Bremen threw her arms around the old man's neck and kissed him, and left the room.

"It's curious how these young fools act," the miser muttered to himself after he had seen his child depart. "There's been twenty of the sharks after that girl—all of 'em hovering around her like man-eaters after a dead body. Don't I know what they want? Can't I see? Aha! can't I though? It's my money! But Agnes has never loved one of 'em till this Adams came along—the jackanapes! And now she wants to get married at once. Nonsense!"

The old man bowed his head as he spoke, and he saw a drop upon the back of his hand. It was a bright drop, and the rays of the setting sun were playing on it.

"She cried when she kissed me," he whispered, wiping the tear from his hard hand. "I don't see what makes her so tender-hearted. She never took it from me. But she may have taken it from—"

The old man stopped, and a cloud came over his wrinkled brow, for there was a pang in his heart. He remembered the gentle, uncomplaining being who had once been his companion—the mother of his child. He remembered how she became his wife, even when the bloom of manhood had passed from him; how she loved him, nursed him, and cared for him, and how she taught her child to love and care for him, too. And he remembered how she never had complained even while suffering, and how she had died, with a smile and a blessing upon her lips, though the gold of her husband brought her no comforts.

Noah Bremen bowed his frosted head more low, and in his heart he wished that he could forget all but the few fleeting joys of his wife. But he could not forget that it had been whispered, how his wife might have lived longer, if she had had proper clothing and proper medical attention.

"But it would have cost so much! I saved money!"

Ah—the reflection would not remove the pang. The other memory was uppermost.

Noah Bremen had passed the allotted age of man, being over three score and ten, and all his life had been devoted to accumulating money. He had denied himself every comfort, and his heart had been almost as hard as the gold he had hoarded. But as his hair grew more white and spare, and the years grew more heavily upon him, he thought more

—reflected more. The sweet smile of his dead wife was doing its mission now, and the pure love of his gentle child was a continual remembrance to him that there were better hearts than his own.

At length the miser rose and passed out from the room. He would have left the hut; but as he reached the little entry-way he heard a voice from the garret. It was his child's. He crept up the rickety stairs and looked through a crack in the door. He saw Agnes upon her knees. Tears were rolling down her cheeks, and her hands were clasped toward heaven. And she prayed:

"Oh, God! be good to my father, and make his heart warm and peaceful! Make me to love him with all tenderness, and enable me to do well and truly the duty I pledged to my sainted mother! I promised her I would love and care for him always. Father in heaven, help me! oh, help me!"

The old man crept down the stairs and out of doors, and for a whole hour walked alone among the trees. He thought again of his wife, again of his child, and then of his gold. And this was not the first time he had walked alone there. He did not himself know how great was the influence his child was exerting over him.

Agnes—pure, good, beautiful Agnes— wept long and bitterly in her little garret; and when she had become calm, and her cheeks were dry, she came down and got her supper. But she was not the smiling, happy being that had fitted about the scanty board heretofore.

A few days after this, as Noah Bremen approached his cot one morning, he heard voices from within. He peeped through a rent in the coarse paper curtain and saw Walter Adams with his child. Her head was upon Walter's shoulder and his arm was about her.

Walter was an orphan, and had been Agnes' schoolmate and her devoted lover through all the years of opening youth. He was an honorable, virtuous man, and loved the gentle girl because she was so good, and so gentle, and so beautiful. And she loved him not only because he had captured her heart in bygone time, but because he was, of all her suitors, the only one whose character and habits promised joy and peace for the future.

"I can not leave my poor old father, Walter," the old man heard his daughter say. "I must live to love and care for him. It is hard. My heart must break. But the pledge of love I gave to my dying mother must be kept."

"And so the great joy-dream of my youth must be changed to this sad reality," exclaimed Walter, sorrowfully. "I can not ask you to leave your father, sweet Agnes, for the truth in you, which I worship, would be a lie could you do so. But I have a prayer—an earnest, sincere prayer. I pray that God in his mercy may remove that curse from your father's stooping form!"

"The curse, Walter?"

"Aye; the gold curse!" rejoined the youth fervently. "I hope that God may render him penniless."

"What! penniless!" repeated Agnes, with a start.

"Aye, penniless; for then he would be far more wealthy than he is now. Then he would know how to appreciate the priceless blessing of his sweet Agnes' love, and then the curse might be broken and his heart grow human again. And more than all," Walter continued, twining his arm closely about the fair form of his companion and speaking more deeply, "then I could prove to him my love. Then I could take you to my home, and we could both love him and care for him while he lived."

Noah Bremen stopped to hear no more, and as he walked away he muttered to himself:

"The rascal! He'd do great things! Me penniless, and he praying for it! The young villain!"

When the old man gained his accustomed walk among the great sycamores, he wiped something from his eye. He acted as though a mote had been blown in there.

Two weeks passed on, and Agnes grew pale and thin. She did not sing as she used to, nor could she smile as had been her wont. Still she mourned not, nor did her kindness to her father grow less.

"O God! help me to love my father," she prayed one night. "Let not my grief make me forget my duty."

And the old man heard it.

One night Noah came home from the city, and in his hand he brought a small trunk. He barred the door, and drew the tattered curtains close.

"See," he says, as he opened the trunk and piled the new bank-notes upon the table. "Look there, Agnes, and see how I have worked in my lifetime. I had no education, but I've laid up my money—money—money! How many men would sell me all their brains to-night for this? See—one thousand—two—three—four—five. Count them, Agnes; there's a thousand pounds in each package."

Agnes counted them over, for she thought her father wished it, and she made fifty packages.

"Why have you taken it from the bank, father?" she asked.

"To let it, my child—to let it at a pound interest, Agnes. I shall double it, darling—double it—double it."

And while the old man's eye sparkled with evident satisfaction, his child wore a sad sorrowful look. And long after that she sat and looked at the working features of her father, and prayed that the gold-fend would set him free.

When Agnes retired she left her father up; but ere long she heard him put his little trunk away and then go to his bed. And then she slept.

Hark! what sound is that? Agnes starts up in affright and listens. But see! a bright light is gleaming out into the night, and thick volumes of smoke pour into the garret.

"Fire! fire!" sounded a voice from the entry, and she hears the sharp crackling now, and feels the heat! "Agnes, my child!" And in another moment she meets her father upon the stairs. He is dressed, but she is not.

"Take your clothing, Agnes, and you can put it on in the entry. The house is all on fire."

In a few minutes more the father and child stood in the road, the latter with a bundle of clothing in her hand, while the former held a small trunk. They gazed upon the burning building, but neither of them spoke.

And others came running to the scene, but no one tried to stay the flames. And the effort would have been useless had it been made, for the old shell burned like tinder. But more still—no one would have made the effort, had success been evident, for the miserable old hut had too long occupied one of the fairest spots in the village. There were no other buildings to be endangered, so they let the thing burn.

"You have your money safe," said Agnes.

"Yes. See, I took the trunk. I left the candle burning so that I could watch it. But I got the trunk!" And as he spoke he held it up and gazed upon it by the light of the flaring ruins.

"That is not the trunk!" whispered Agnes in affright.

"Not—?" But the old man spoke no further. He saw that he had taken the wrong trunk. This was only filled with old cards and dusty receipts.

"Ruined! Lost!" groaned Noah Bremen, as he turned from the scattered embers. "I had £50,000 pounds in that trunk! and where are they now?"

"Never mind," said Agnes, winding her arms about her father's neck, "we'll be happy without it."

"What?" uttered Noah Bremen, gazing into Walter Adams' face. "Do you mean to say that you will give me a home, too? That you will provide for me, and keep me?"

"Yes," returned the youth hopefully. "I never could be happy with Agnes, much as I love her, if I thought her poor old father had no home. Come, we'll all live together, and be as happy as the days are long."

"But your salary, young man?"

"Is sufficient for us, sir. I have £100 a year. We can live on that, and lay up something, too."

Well, well—take her, love her, be good to her, make her happy, don't never—

When the old man saw the joyous tears leap from his child's eyes he turned away and walked quickly from the house; but he was not so quick but that he heard the blessing that followed him. And when he walked alone beneath the starry heavens he wiped his eyes as though something troubled him.

Gay as a lark was gentle, beautiful Agnes when she became the wife of Walter Adams. The rose bloomed again upon her cheek, and the smiles were upon her happy face, like sunshine, all the day long.

"Do you pray God to help you to love me now?" the old man asked, after she had lived with Walter Adams some months.

"Why—what do you mean?" said Agnes, in surprise.

"You used to pray so, for I have heard you," returned Noah.

A moment the young wife gazed into her parent's face, and then she answered, while she threw her arms around his neck—

"Oh! I pray that you may be spared to us for long years in peace and happiness; but—love you? Oh! I could not help it if I should try. And Walter loves you, father—he loves you very much, for he has told me so many times."

There was something more than usual in the old man's eye now.

One evening, as the happy trio sat at the tea-table, Walter looked more thoughtful than was his wont.

"What is it, love?" Agnes asked.

"Oh!—nothing," the husband said, with a smile, "I was only thinking."

"But of what?"

"Only castle-building—that's all."

"In the air, Walter?" asked Noah.

"Yes—very high in the air," the young man remarked with a laugh.

"But tell us what it is."

"Well, I'd as soon tell you as not. Mr. Osgood is to retire from our firm in a few days. He is well advanced in life, and has made a fortune in the business, and he will live now for comfort and health alone. He has not been very well of late years."

"And is that all?"

"Yes."

"But what castle in the air is there about that?"

"Oh, that isn't the castle."

"Then what is the castle?" urged the old man, playfully.

"Why, simply this," said Walter, laughing, but yet almost ashamed to tell it; "this noon Mr. Osgood patted me on the shoulder and said he—in his playful way—'Walter, I'll sell you all my interest here for £50,000.'"

"Ha, ha, ha," laughed Noah Bremen; "and you thought he was in earnest."

"No, no!" quickly returned the young man. "I did not think that—though I know that the other two partners would willingly have me for an associate."

"But it seems to me that old Osgood holds his share in the concern at a high figure."

"Oh, no. It is a very low one. There is a clear capital of £150,000 in the business at this very moment; and then think of all the standing debts and good will which goes for nothing."

"Ha, ha, ha," laughed the old man again.

Then Walter laughed; and then Agnes laughed; and then they finished their supper.

On the next evening Walter Adams came in and sank down upon the sofa without speaking. He was pale and agitated, and his eyes had a vacant, wandering look.

"Walter," cried Agnes in terror, "what has happened?"

"He's sick," muttered Noah Bremen without turning round.

"No, no—not sick," returned the

young man, starting up; "but I am the victim of some miserable trifling."

"Eh? how so?" asked old Noah, turning his chair.

"I'll tell you," said Walter, with a spasmodic effort. "I had some long entries to post this evening, so I remained in the counting-room after the rest had gone. I was still at work when Mr. Osgood came in and placed some papers on my desk, saying as he did: 'Here, Walter, these are yours,' and then he went out. When I had finished my work I opened the papers. The first was a sort of inventory of what Osgood had owned in the business, and mounted up its square numbers to £49,875. The next paper was a deed conveying the whole vast property to me, and making me a partner in the concern upon equal footing with the other two."

"Well," said the old man, thumping his foot upon the carpet, and keeping time with his hands, "I don't see anything very bad in that."

"But I do," replied Walter. "It is cruel to trifle with me thus."

There was something in Noah's eye again, but he managed to get it out, and then he spoke thus:

"Walter Adams, when young men used to hover about my child, I believed they were only after my gold; and I knew that in most cases I was correct. I believed the same of you. I knew nothing but the love of money that could influence human action. My heart had become hardened by it, and my soul darkened. But it was for my sweet child to pour the warmth and light into my bosom. It was for her to keep before me the image of the gentle wife whom I had loved and lost, but, alas, who occupied a place in that love second to my gold? It was for my child to open gradually, but surely, the fount of feelings which had been for a life-time closed up. I heard her pray for me—pray that she might love me; and that was after I had refused to let her be your wife. I saw her grow pale and sorrowful, and I knew I had done it—and she loved me still. And still she prayed God help her—help her to what? Help her to love her father! I was killing her, and she tried to smile upon me. One evening I heard you both conversing in the old hut. My child chose misery with duty to her father rather than break that duty in union with the man she loved. And you uttered a prayer. You prayed that I might be made penniless—stop! hear me through! You would then show your disinterestedness. I walked away and pondered. Could it be that I had found a man that would love an old wretch like myself with no money? If it was so then that would break the last layer of crust from my soul. I determined to test you. I had gained a glimmering of light—my heart had begun to grow warm—and I prayed fervently that I might not be disappointed."

"I went to the bank and drew out £50,000 in bills. That night my miserable hut was set on fire—or—caught fire. I always think my candle did it. But the old shell burned down, and room was made for a better building. I came out with a wrong trunk and the other trunk was burned up. But the money wasn't in it. No, no, I had that safely stuffed into my bosom and deep pockets, and all buttoned up; and the next day I carried it all back to the bank, and had it put with a few thousand more which I had not disturbed. And so my experiment commenced; and I found the full sunshine at last. Aye, Walter, I found you the noble, true man I had prayed for. You took me into your house and loved me when you thought me penniless, and you took my child to your bosom for just what God had made her. And now, my boy, I've been doing a bit of work in the dark. I've paid Mr. Osgood £50,000 in cash for his share in the business, and it is all yours. And let me tell you one more thing, my boy, if your partners can raise £50,000 more to invest, tell 'em you can put in £25,000 more at twelve hours' notice. Tell 'em that, my boy! Come here, Agnes—come here, Walter. Gold bless you both—bless you as you have blessed me!"

Nobody pretended that they had notes in the eye now, for the occasion of the weeping was too palpable.

## Expenditures of the Government for Public Improvements.

The expenditures of the United States for public buildings at Washington, from the time the capital was located to the end of fiscal year, June 30, 1873, have been—

|                                   |              |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| For the Capitol                   | \$12,000,000 |
| Treasury                          | 6,000,000    |
| Interior                          | 4,000,000    |
| Postoffice                        | 2,000,000    |
| President's House                 | 300,000      |
| Agricultural Department           | 200,000      |
| New State Department (unfinished) | 1,300,000    |
| Total                             | \$25,800,000 |

The total amount expended during the same period for the improvement of rivers and harbors was \$32,680,340. This sum was distributed as follows: On the Atlantic coast, \$9,587,173; Gulf coast, \$79,706; Pacific coast, \$638,003; Northern lakes, \$10,437,158; Western rivers, \$11,438,300. Of the total expended the sum of \$21,242,040 was for the improvement of harbors.

**BERGH AFTER HORSE-CLIPPERS.**—In New York, the other day, Mr. Bergh made a little breeze in high life by a raid on clipped horses belonging to fashionable owners standing about A. T. Stewart's retail store. Among them was a span belonging to one of the Appletons, the book publishers, whose driver was arrested, and, after a long examination, held for trial. It was only last Sunday that out of seventy-eight carriage teams standing in front of churches examined by Mr. Bergh's officers, forty-one had been clipped, and the blankets provided by the owners for the animals were found wrapped around the drivers' legs and feet.

## State Prison Statistics.

The third annual report of the National Prison Association, from the hand of the Secretary, Rev. Dr. E. C. Wines, is a document of much general interest to humanitarians and political economists. Its statistics show that there are in the United States 44 State Prisons, containing an aggregate of 16,125 cells, whose average cubic contents to each cell is 210 feet, or half the health standard. The excess of expenses over earnings in 80 prisons during 1873 was \$345,744, the cost of a convict being \$173, and his average earnings \$121. The cost at Auburn N. Y., was \$161 per prisoner; at Sing Sing (male) \$274; Sing Sing (female) \$274. The "contract" system of labor prevails in 20 prisons, the "leasing" system in six, State management in 10, and a mixed in 7. One prisoner in 100 has a superior education; 51 a tolerable common school education, and 48 are illiterate. Three-fourths of the convicts had no trade, and of the remainder, one-half had acquired a trade but imperfectly.

## Waked Up the Wrong Passenger.

A Chicago gambler waked up the wrong passenger in the person of a muscular young man who had come from Iowa to attend the Universalist convention. The gambler was a "steerer" for a bunko den, and having decoyed the young man to the place, sought to induce him to play. The latter, however, had read the papers, and, besides, had principle enough to decline. On this the gamblers, three in number, locked the door, and were about to "go through" their victim, when he proceeded to lay about him with his red right arm, and in the space of a minute or two, knocked the three ruffians senseless on the floor. Leaving them all in a heap, he unlocked the door and went on his way rejoicing.

**A NATION OF DYSPETICS.**—We live fast—dissipate in everything except righteousness, and fill early graves. We drink all kinds of poisoned alcoholic spirits, and swallow, without mastication, pork, grease, and every conceivable carbonaceous, soul-dwarfing, life-destroying, system-clogging, indigestible food. Dr. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS cannot stop this in a radical manner—but it will remove the evil effects, and the recovering patient, with fresh, pure, vitalized, electrical blood flowing through his arteries and veins, will have a clearer head and a cooler judgment, which, coupled with experience, will cause him to abstain in the future. Good, nutritious, digestible diet, which the most delicate stomachs may take, can be found in cracked wheat, corn bread, tomatoes, raw or soft-boiled eggs, baked apples, boiled rice, plain rice pudding, corn starch, rare beef, mutton and poultry. With VINEGAR BITTERS and moderation in eating and drinking, there is no incurable case of dyspepsia. 21

THE greatest coal mine of the age has been found in Skagit Valley, Wyoming. It is an extensive field, where coal can be obtained to an unlimited extent on the surface without going to the usual expense of underground tunneling.

CARPENTERS, read the advertisement of Simmons' Sash Supporters in another column.

Bleeding from Lungs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption—A Wonderful Cure.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 13, 1874.  
R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.  
DEAR SIR—I had suffered from Catarrh in an aggravated form for about twelve years, and for several years from Bronchitis trouble. Tried many doctors and things with no lasting benefit. In May, '72, becoming nearly worn out with excessive editorial labors on a paper in New York city, I was attacked with Bronchitis in a severe form, suffering almost a total loss of voice. I returned home here, but had been home only two weeks when I was completely prostrated with hemorrhage from the lungs, having four severe bleeding spells within two weeks, and first three inside of nine days. In the September following, I improved sufficiently to be able to be about, though in a very feeble state. My Bronchitis trouble remained and the Catarrh was tenfold worse than before. Every effort for relief seemed fruitless. I seemed to be losing ground daily. I continued in this feeble state, raising blood almost daily until about the first of March, '73, when I became so bad as to be entirely confined to the house. A friend suggested your remedies. But I was extremely skeptical that they would do me good, as I had lost all heart in remedies, and began to look upon medicine and doctors with disgust. However, I obtained one of your circulars, and read it carefully, from which I came to the conclusion that you understood your business at least. I finally obtained a quantity of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, your Golden Medical Discovery and Pellets, and commenced their vigorous use according to directions. To my surprise, I soon began to improve. The Discovery and Pellets, in a short time, brought out a severe eruption, which continued for several weeks. I felt much better, my appetite improved, and I gained in strength and flesh. In three months every vestige of the Catarrh was gone, the Bronchitis had nearly disappeared, had no cough whatever, and I had entirely ceased to raise blood; and, contrary to the expectation of some of my friends, the cure has remained permanent. I have had no more hemorrhages from the lungs, and am entirely free from Catarrh, from which I had suffered so much and so long. The debt of gratitude I owe for the blessing I have received at your hands, knows no bounds. I am thoroughly satisfied, from my experience, that your medicines will master the worst forms of that odious disease Catarrh, as well as throat and lung diseases, I have recommended them to very many, and shall ever speak in their praise.  
Gratefully yours, WM. H. SPENCER.  
P. O. Box 507, Rochester, N. Y.

**WILCOFF'S FEVER AND AGUE TONIC.**—This medicine is used by construction companies for the benefit of their employees, when engaged in malarious districts. The highest testimonials have been given by contractors and by the Presidents of some of the leading railroads in the South and West. When men are congregated in large numbers in the neighborhood of swamps and rivers, Wilcoff's Tonic will prove a valuable addition to the stock of medicines, and will amply reward the company in the saving of time, labor and money. We recommend it to all. WILCOFF, FINLAY & CO., Proprietors, New Orleans. For sale by all druggists.

MANY people, particularly children, suffer from the earache; and for the benefit of such we give a sure but simple remedy. Put in two or three drops of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, stop the ear with undressed wool, bathe the feet in warm water before going to bed, and keep the head warm at night.



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R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California and San Francisco and Charleston Sts., N. Y. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

## Seventh Annual Statement OF THE NATIONAL Life Insurance Co., OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, WASHINGTON, D. C.

RECEIPTS. Premiums, including receipts on re-insured policies, \$923,575 20

Interest and premium on paid-up policies, 134,600 56

TOTAL RECEIPTS IN 1874, \$1,058,175 76

DISBURSEMENTS. Death claims, \$379,061 72

Matured endowments and annuities, 2,352 00

Cash and allowances for surrendered policies, 237,104 85

Premiums on policies reissued, 20,430 75

Dividend on stock, 30,000 00

Taxes and license fees, 9,112 45

Commissions, 8,353 56

All other disbursements, 10,331 50

TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS IN 1874, \$767,359 85

ASSETS. Cash in bank, \$95,000 07

United States bonds, 412,354 00

State and local bonds, 137,500 00

Real estate (building), 400,000 00

Real estate, 2,119,569 60

Loans secured by mortgages, 49,867 80

Cash secured by policies in force, 22,383 11

Dividend commission, 35,701 63

Interest and rents accrued, 51,193 45

Premiums in course of collection (net), 68,724 50

Deferred semi-annual and quarterly premiums (gross), 94,479 38

Other assets, 20,009 47

GROSS ASSETS, JAN. 1, 1875, \$3,580,435 31

LIABILITIES. Reserve on policies in force, \$3,044,532 00

Reserve on policies lapsed and withdrawn for surrender and redemption, 22,339 36

Present value of premiums due in 1875 and future years, paid in advance, 8,102 76

Death claims reported but not due, 70,992 99

TOTAL LIABILITIES JAN. 1, 1875, \$3,135,967 11

SURPLUS, BEING SECURITY ADDITIONAL TO THE RESERVE, \$1,444,468 20

Surplus, Jan. 1, 1875, \$1,423,198 20

Surplus, Jan. 1, 1874, \$1,374,363 84

Increase of Surplus during 1874, \$48,834 36

Number of policies issued during the year, 2,601

Amount of policies issued during the year, \$3,750,591 00

The loans, secured by first mortgages on real estate, amount to \$1,193,562, a sum considerably in excess of the total policy liability.

The surplus \$1,423,198 is entirely for the security of the policyholders, being additional to the reserve fund, which alone affords ample protection.

During the last year the company has paid to the representatives of deceased policyholders \$229



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CROCKERY,  
GLASS-WARE,  
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BOOTS & SHOES,  
ETC., ETC.

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Where may be found at all times, at

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Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

**CASH PRICES.**

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874.

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HOLLAND, Aug. 13, 1874. 108-1y

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Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,  
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Which they are offering at Prices, that defy  
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Also a complete Stock of

**FLOUR & FEED,**

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us will be

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To any part of the City.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store. 46-4el-1y

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## STAR CLOTHING HOUSE.

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**TO BE SACRIFICED AT ANY PRICE!**

As we find we have still a Large Stock of Overcoats and Winter Clothing on hand, we offer all goods Below Cost for the next

**30 DAYS ONLY.**

Don't say you require no more Clothing this Winter, but buy for next Winter, for these low prices may never come again.

Men's Heavy Overcoats, \$3 and 4.

Men's Cape Overcoats, \$5 to 10.

\$18 all wool Beaver Overcoats for 10. This is the Biggest Bargain of all.

\$25 and 30 Overcoats offered for 15 and 18.

Good Cassimere Suits, 7.50 to 10.

\$18 and 20 fine all wool suits for 12.50 and 13.50.

\$25 to 40 Custom Made Suits, finest in the City, from 15 to 25 Only.

Boys' Overcoats from \$2.50 to 4.

Boys' Extra Fine Overcoats \$5 to 10.

Boys' suits from \$3 to 10—Dirt Cheap.

Men's and Boys' Working Pants 1.50 to 2.

Men's Undershirts and Drawers 25 to 40 cents. Extra Fine Undershirts & Drawers 50 cts. to 1

**100 PAIRS MEN'S GENUINE CORDUROY PANTS REDUCED TO \$2.50.**

Gloves below Cost—Sheepskin 50 and 75 cts. Buckskin \$1 to \$1.50.

**Men's Cardigan Woolen Jackets \$1 to \$2. This is a Special Bargain.**

Besides all these low prices, if you buy \$10 worth or more we GIVE You a **SPLENDID CLOCK** worth \$3.00, Free of Charge.

## STAR CLOTHING HOUSE.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

38, 40, and 42 CANAL STREET, GRAND RAPIDS.

## DISSOLUTION !! FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,

THE FIRM OF

**JOSLIN & BREYMAN,**

Intends to dissolve co-partnership on or about the 1st of February, 1875. The business however will be carried on by

**W. H. JOSLIN,**

The same as heretofore.

With a view to facilitate matters they wish to reduce their stock and close out their entire line of Sporting Goods, Notions and Varieties.

Here is a splendid opportunity for a good bargain. We offer for

**CASH**

AND

**WITHOUT RESERVE.**

Our entire stock

**AT COST,**

And will hold open this inducement until the day of dissolution. After that date, the store, at present occupied by the Firm will be offered to rent.

All accounts due to the Firm must be collected before that time, and we hope this will be a sufficient warning to all indebted to us.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., January 10, 1875.



**I WANT**

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

**Holland City White Lead** is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH  
Druggist & Pharmacist.

## NEW DRESS SILKS!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we have this Season added to our Stock, a NEW and COMPLETE Line of

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS,  
LADIES' READY CLOAKS,  
CLOAK MATERIAL AND  
CLOAK TRIMMING, AND SHAWLS.

AT

BONNETS,

AT

HATS,

RIBBONS,

FLOWERS,

AND FEATHERS.

FURS, GLOVES, AND HOSERIES.

A Complete Stock of Holiday Gifts. Butterick Patterns.

**L. & S. VAN DEN BERG,**

EIGHTH STREET - - - HOLLAND, MICH 115-1y

J. DUURSEMA.

T. KOFFERS.

## NEW STOCK

At the

**GENERAL RETAIL STORE**

Of

**DUURSEMA & KOFFERS.**

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Clothing,  
Crockery,  
Stoneware,  
Notions and Trimmings,  
Hats & Caps,  
Groceries,  
Glassware,  
Provisions,

**Flour, Feed and Grains.**

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

**WE SELL CHEAP.**

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET, - - - HOLLAND MICH.

## Mortgage Sale.

Whereas default having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the nineteenth (19) day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (1872), made and executed by Arend Cloetingh and Trijntje, his wife, of the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, parties of the first part, Charles Scott of the same place party of the second part, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, on the Twentieth (20) day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (A. D. 1872) at one o'clock P. M. of said day, in Liber "T" of Mortgages, on page five hundred and fifteen (515); And whereas there is claimed to be due and unpaid at this date on said Mortgage, the sum of two hundred and fifty-nine dollars and eighteen cents (\$259.18); And no suit or proceedings either in law or in equity having been commenced to recover the same or any part thereof: Now therefore notice is hereby given that, on Monday the Fifteenth (15) day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five (A. D. 1875), at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County, there will be sold at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder, the premises described in said Mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due and payable on said Mortgage, with interest thereon, and all the legal costs and charges of such sale and also an Attorney fee of twenty (20) dollars as provided for in said Mortgage, in case proceedings should be taken to foreclose the same. The following is the description of the lands and premises, situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, as appears in said Mortgage, to-wit: The South half of Lot numbered Two (2), in Block numbered Sixty-Six (66), in said City of Holland, according to the recorded map of the same.

Dated: HOLLAND, November 10th, A. D. 1874.

CHARLES SCOTT, Mortgagee.

HOWARD & McBRIDE, Att'ys for Mortgagee.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF OTTAWA.—ss: At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Thursday, the twenty-first day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Oggel, Wilhelmina Plugger, Cornelia Plugger and Maalke Plugger, minors.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Heltje de Jong, Guardian of the estate of said minors, praying that she may be empowered and licensed to sell certain real estate, of said minors in said petition described for the purposes therein set forth:

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday the first day of March next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the next of kin of said minors and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "HOLLAND CITY NEWS" a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for four successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy. [Attest] SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

**BURRALL'S**  
**IRON CORN SHELLERS,**

FOR SALE BY

**G. J. HAVERKATE & SON**

AND

**VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS.**

for \$8.00; until further notice.

HOLLAND, - - - MICHIGAN..