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#### Filled and Unfulfilled Hope: The Effect of Imagery on Self-**Regulatory Resources and Emotion**

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# Imagining the Future

Isabel Santos & Delaney Groves Lindsey Root Luna (Faculty Mentor)

#### **Background**

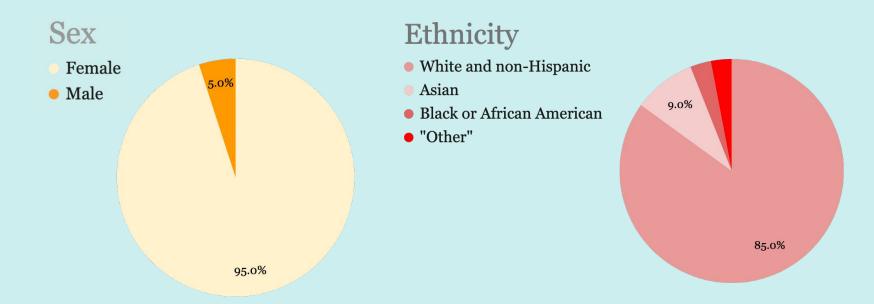
- Hope
  - virtue (e.g., Barilan, 2012), emotion (e.g., Bruininks & Malle, 2005;
    - Ellsworth & Smith, 1988), **cognitive process** (e.g., Snyder et al., 1991, 1996), and **integration of cognition, emotion, relationships, and**
    - spirituality (Scioli et al., 2011)
  - Oriented toward a specific outcome
  - ☐ Correlated with positive emotions (Snyder et al., 1991)
- Hopelessness
  - Despair over future
  - ☐ Associated with depression (Waszczuk et al., 2016)
- Recent research
  - □ Evoking hope resulted in lower heart rate and greater positive emotion (Chadwick et al., 2016)

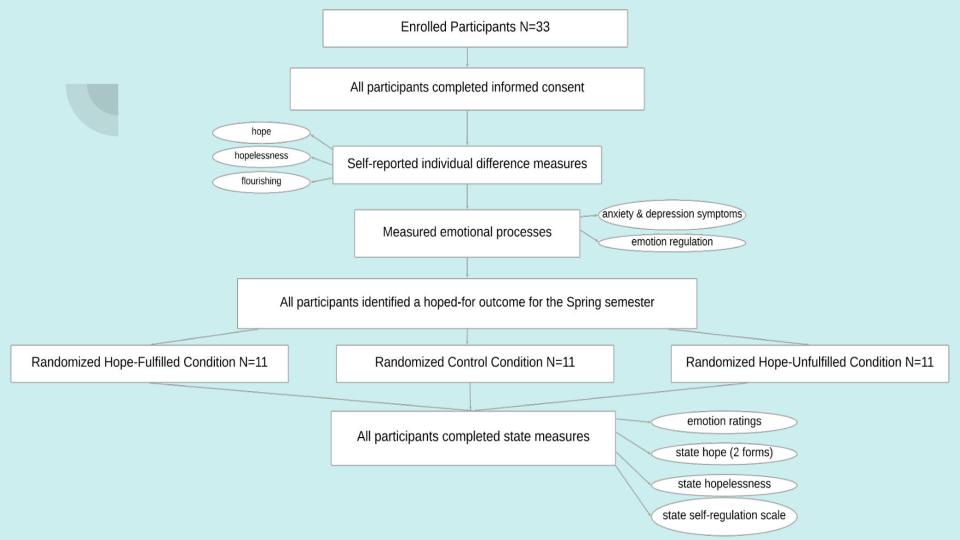
#### **Current Study & Hypothesis**

- Intend to evaluate the impact of thinking about a future hoped-for outcome
- Hypotheses
  - We expected hope-fulfilled and hope-unfulfilled imagery would influence self-regulatory resources and emotional processes
  - Specifically, imagining an unfulfilled hoped-for outcome would result in decreased positive emotion, flourishing, and state self-regulation along with increased negative emotion compared to imagining the fulfilled hoped-for outcome

## **Demographics**

 $\blacksquare$  Actual N=33 vs. Intended N=105





#### **Hope Themes**

- Academic performance
  - "...maintain at least a 3.2 GPA in order to both keep my scholarship and get into the education department at Hope."
- Relationships
- ☐ Intrapersonal growth
  - "I hope that in the next month I will experience inner peace and come to terms with what occurred during a breakup. "
- ☐ COVID-19

### **Emotion Regulation & Hope**

	M (SD) Range	Trait Hope (Snyder)	Trait Hope (Scioli)	
Self-Blame (4-20)	12.52 (3.30)	05	40*	
Positive Refocusing (4-20)	11.85 (2.67)	.43*	.31	
Refocus on Planning (4-20)	12.94 (3.44)	.56***	.39*	
Positive Reappraisal (4-20)	13.55 (3.94)	.54***	.33	

## Trait Hope, Depression, & Flourishing

	M (SD)	1	2	3	4	5
1. Trait Hope (Snyder) (8-64)	51.88 (5.72)	_	.42	54***	32	.40*
2. Trait Hope Scioli (28-112)	87.94 (10.72)			35*	52**	.56***
3. Hopelessness (1-4)	1.83 (0.64)			_	.51**	53*
<b>4. Depression</b> (20-100)	41.76 (15.72)				_	57***
5. Flourishing (14-84)	61.48 (9.80)					_

## Conclusions, Limitations, & Future Directions

- Overall, trait measures of hope correlated positively with positive emotion regulation strategies and flourishing, as would be expected
- Hopelessness was correlated with depression
- Limitations
  - ☐ Sample lacked sufficient diversity in gender, ethnicity, and race
  - ☐ Increase sample size
  - □ COVID-19 pandemic
- Future Directions
  - Second wave of data
  - Possibly consider a more diverse sample

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