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Holland City News, Volume 22, Number 1: January 28, 1893

Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

L. MULDER, Publisher.
Holland, Mich.

The success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in effecting a speedy cure of colds, croup and whooping cough has brought it into great demand. Messrs. Pontius & Son, of Cameron Ohio, say that it has gained a reputation second to none in that vicinity. Jas. M. Queen, of Johnston, W. Va., says it is the best he used. B. F. Jones, druggist, Winona, Miss., says: Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is perfectly reliable. I have always warranted it and it never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction. 50 cent bottles for sale by Heber Walsh Druggist Holland Mich. 50-1m.

For pains in the chest there is nothing better than a flannel cloth saturated with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It will produce a counter irritation without blistering, and is not so disagreeable as mustard; in fact is much superior to any plaster on account of its pain-relieving qualities. If used in time it will prevent pneumonia. 50 cent bottles for sale by Heber Walsh Holland Mich. 50-1m.

"For the past two or three years I have been subject to cramping pain in the stomach," says Mr. W. A. Baldwin a hardware merchant of Boonville, Dallas Co., Iowa. "I have tried a number of different remedies; the one being Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. One or two doses of it always cures me." Sold by Heber Walsh Holland Mich. 50-1m.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The largest stock of Overcoats in the city, at BOSMAN BROS.

Annual Statement of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Ottawa and Allegan Counties, for the Year 1892.

MEMBERSHIP.

Number of members Dec. 31st 1891, 815	
" " " added during 1892, 153	
" " " withdrawn " 1892 968	
" " " belonging to the Company, 1892 900	

RISKS.

Amount of property at risk Dec. 31st 1891, \$1,073,373 00	
Amount of risks added during 1892, 202,100 00	
Amount of risks cancelled or withdrawn during 1892, 110,165 00	
Amount at risk by Company Dec. 31st 1892, \$1,165,308 00	

INCOME.

Amount of cash premiums received during 1892, \$ 301 78	
Amount of assessments collected during 1892, 1,568 36	
Amount of assessments collected in prior years, 21 23	
Membership and policy fees received during 1892, 271 50	
Total income during the year, \$ 2,362 87	
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1891, 1,254 97	
Total receipts and income, \$3,617 84	

EXPENDITURES.

Amount of losses paid during the year, \$1,348 79	
Salaries and fees paid officers and agents, 645 81	
All other expenditures, 199 10	
Total, \$2,193 70	

RESOURCES.

Cash and notes on hand Dec. 31st, 1892, \$ 1,437 64	
Assessments of past year uncollected, 100 64	
Assessments of prior years, 63 80	
Premiums and fees due from agents, 16 25	
Total, \$ 1,644 33	

LIABILITIES.

Fees due officers and agents, \$ 7 50	
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STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.
Kasper Labadie, President, and Isaac Marsilje, Secretary of said Company do and each for himself do hereby depose and say, that they have read the foregoing statement and know the contents thereof, and that they have good reason to believe and do believe said statement to be true.

KASPER LABADIE, President.
ISAAC MARSILJE, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this Eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1893.

Henry J. Ludens,
Notary Public in and for Ottawa County.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of payment of a certain mortgage made and executed by Laurens De Jonge and Roelitte De Jonge, his wife, of the Township of Alameda, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, to Gillis Wabke, of the Township of Alameda, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, dated the 12th day of August, A. D. 1890, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the 28th day of August, A. D. 1891, in Liber 37 of mortgages on page 58; and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four hundred and twenty three dollars and ten cents (\$423.10) besides an attorney fee provided for in said mortgage and by law; and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part of it, and the whole of the principal sum of said mortgage together with all arrearages of interest thereon having become due and payable by reason of the default in the payment of interest on said mortgage on the days when the same became payable, and the non-payment of said interest in default for more than sixty days after the same became due and payable, where by under the conditions of said mortgage the whole amount of the principal sum of said mortgage with all arrearages of interest thereon at the option of said Gillis Wabke became due and payable immediately thereafter; and said Gillis Wabke hereby declares his election and option to consider the whole amount of the said principal sum of said mortgage due and payable: Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at Public Vendue of the mortgaged premises or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with interest and costs of foreclosure and sale, including the attorney fee provided by law and in said mortgage; said sale to take place at the Ottawa County Court House, at Grand Haven, (this being the place where the County Court for Ottawa County is holden) on the Twenty-fourth day of April, A. D., 1893.

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, said mortgaged premises to be sold being described in said mortgage as all that certain parcel or parcel of land situated and being in the Township of Alameda, in Ottawa County and State of Michigan, and being and described as follows: The north half (N. 1/2) of the north half (N. 1/2) of the north-west quarter (N. W. 1/4) of section thirty-two (32), in township fourteen (14) north, range nine (9) east of land more or less, containing forty (40) acres of land more or less.

Dated Holland, January 27th, A. D. 1893.

GILLIS WABKE, Mortgagee.

GERRIT J. DIEKEMA, Attorney for Mortgagee.

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Home Made Caramels.

During these dreary winter days,
When everything looks bleak,
You'll find sweet consolation to tell
Of Farnum's home-made Caramel.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Thursday, the Nineteenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Albert Reimink, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Herman Reimink, widow and heir at law of said deceased, representing that Albert Reimink late of the City of Holland in said county of Ottawa, lately died leaving an estate to be administered and praying for the appointment of herself as administratrix thereof;

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the Eighteenth day of February next,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Thursday, the Nineteenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Niesje Vanden Bosch, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Gerrit J. Diekema, executor of the will and of the estate of Niesje Vanden Bosch, deceased, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may be discharged from his trust, have his bond cancelled, and said estate closed.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the Eighteenth day of February next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Saturday, the Twenty-first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Hendrik Van de Bunde, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Hiram Van de Bunde, administrator of said estate, praying for the license of this court to sell certain lands of said deceased, in said petition described, for the purpose of paying the debts and distributing the estate to the heirs at law of said deceased.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the Eighteenth day of February, next,

at nine o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Thursday, the Twelfth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Atse E. Boonstra, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Annetus J. Hillebrands, administrator of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may be discharged from his trust, have his bond cancelled, and said estate closed.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the Eleventh day of February next,

at nine o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Tuesday, the Third day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Gese De Vries, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Henry Bosch, administrator of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may be discharged from his trust, have his bond cancelled, and said estate closed.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Friday, the Tenth day of February next,

at nine o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Tuesday, the Third day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Gese De Vries, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Henry Bosch, administrator of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may be discharged from his trust, have his bond cancelled, and said estate closed.

We Go TO Ringk & Co.

HIGH GRADE FURNITURE

CAN BE FOUND AT THIS
ESTABLISHMENT.

Our increasing trade has
caused us to make especial
effort to increase our variety.

Recognizing that the taste of
the Public demands artistic
designs as well as good work-

manship we have purchased
from the leading factories
the best and most complete

assortment of Furniture ever
exhibited in Holland.

Novelty

for the

OLD AND YOUNG.

Chamber Sets.

Extension Tables.

Upholstered Goods.

Fur Rugs.

Work Stands.

Carpet Sweepers.

Beautiful Lamps

WITH
EQUISITE SHADES

FOR
PARLOR,
HOME,
OFFICE,
STORE
and GHURGH.

Choice Selections can
be made for Holiday
or Wedding
Gifts.

RINK & CO

HOLLAND, Mich., Dec. 3, '92.

MARTIN & HUIZINGA

CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

DRUGS

Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Staple Drugs and
Sundries,
Paints,
Oils
and Varnishes.

Stationery, Fancy Goods,
Periodicals, School
& College Books
a Specialty.

A FULL LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal
Purposes.

Prescriptions and Recipes Carefully Compounded.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 19, 1892.

H. J. Cronkright, BARBER,

Shop: North of DE KRAKER'S PLACE.

River Street, - - Holland, Mich.

If you wish to advertise anything anywhere
at any time write to GEO. P. ROWELL &
CO., No. 10 Spruce St., New York.

First Ward

Meat Market!

J. H. Barkel & Co., Prop.

At this well known market,
established years ago, the
public will be served as
faithfully and promptly
by its present prop-
rietors as before.

MEATS!

Choice Pork,
Beef, Roasts,
Steaks, Veal,
Corned Beef,
Salt Pork,
Sausages,

POULTRY & GAME.

Holland, Mich., March 18, 1892.

BUY
PAILLARD
NON-MAGNETIC
WATCHES

FOR SALE BY

H. Wykhuyzen,

THE WELL KNOWN JEWELER.

Come and see my large assortment of
Gold and Silver Watches.

A fine selection of
Gold Rings.

A full line of
SILVER PLATED WARE.

The largest display of
Clocks
in the city.

STORE—Eighth street, one door east of Bos-
man Bros.
Holland, Mich., May 1, 1892.

Holland City Laundry.

G. J. A. PESSINK PROPRIETOR.

Office on Eighth street, opposite Lyceum Opera
House.—Orders promptly taken and laundry de-
livered.—First-class work guaranteed.

TRY US!

Different kinds of Bread:

White - Vienna, Cream-
Graham, Rye and
Boston Brown.

Choice Cakes and Cookies,
Pie of various kinds, Con-
fectionery, Nuts.

Cigars and Tobac-
co a Specialty.

Fruit of every description:

Oranges,
Lemons,
Bannanas,
Pears,
Cranberries,
Dates, Figs,
Canned Goods and Sweet
Potatoes.

Everything First-Class.

JOHN PESSINK.

HARDWARE

of
J. B. VAN OORT,

Special attention is called to new
Gasoline Stoves.

"Aurora" and
"New Aurora."

This last is the latest and most im-
proved Gasoline Stove in
the market.

Also a full line of Oil Stoves.

PAINTS.

The celebrated Paints of Heath & Mil-
ligan are kept on hand, in all
shades and colors.

CREOLITE,

A new substance for floor painting.
Dries bone-hard in one night, is
free from tack, and durable.

J. B. VAN OORT.
Holland, Mich., March 24, 1892.

Lumber Yard.

Lumber, Lath and Shingles
for sale, cheap, at the Holland Stave
Factory Dock. Enquire of or
write to

I. VERSCHURE,
Holland, Mich.

P. S. I can always be found at the
Factory, during the day.

Mitchell's Kidney Plasters

Absorb all disease in the Kidneys
and restore them to a healthy con-
dition. Old chronic kidney suffer-
ers say they got no relief until they
tried

MITCHELL'S KIDNEY
PLASTERS.
Sold by Druggists everywhere, or sent by mail
for 50 cents.

Novelty Plaster Works, Lowell, Mass.

OPENING

New Furniture Store

OF
J. DE GRAAF

ON
RIVER STREET.

One Door North of Meyer & Son.

Bedroom Suites,
Folding Beds,
Carpets and Rugs,
Curtains, Fixtures,
Mirrors, Pictures,

Springs, Bedding & Feathers.

Elegant Sofas and Rockers.

Fine Oak Extension
Tables.

Special attention paid to Upholstering.
The public are cordially invited to
come and examine our stock.

CITY RESTAURANT

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

Grace Hotel Block) 243 South Clark St
CHICAGO.

H. B. SAYNOR, Manager.

To Build?

If so, call at the

Etna Planing Mill,

James Huntley, Prop.

Best assorted lumber-yard in
the city. Lumber of all
kinds and grades.

Lath, Shingles, Building
Hardware, Brick Sash,
and Doors, Paints etc.

Plans and specifications for
tores, Residences, Facto-
ries and all sorts of Build-
ing prepared on
short notice.

James Huntley.

Holland, Mich., April 15, 1892.

A. HUNTLEY.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

COLLIDED ON A CURVE.

SANTA FE FREIGHT TRAINS WRECKED.

How to Get the Public's Eye—Mr. Blaine's Condition Not So Favorable—Albert Heyder Fell Among Thieves in Chicago.

Three Lives Crushed Out.
The worst wreck the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway has had for years occurred Tuesday forenoon at a dreary and desolate place seven and one-half miles south of Joliet, Ill. It is the custom for freight train No. 43 to leave Joliet at 8:30 a. m. and run south to Patterson. Conductor Anglum had charge of the train, with Richard Mitchell, of Chillicothe, as engineer. All went well until about a mile north of Milldale, where the road runs on a continuous curve. During the blinding snowstorm Engineer Mitchell saw ahead of him another engine and a train not a hundred feet away. He reversed the engine and put on brakes. Engineer Mitchell, after reversing his engine, jumped, but too late to save his life, as he was caught and killed. His fireman also jumped and saved himself. The east-bound freight train was in charge of Conductor A. A. Fleury, with A. M. Rann, engineer, George Jones, fireman, and Dan Hilley, and M. J. Mahoney, brakemen. Engineer Rann reversed his engine and remained at his post. He was buried under the wreck and his body has not yet been recovered. M. J. Mahoney, a brakeman, was also buried under the debris. Car 13 was on the part of the conductor to register the number of his train was the cause of the collision.

LEAD GIDEON'S HAND.

For This Offense S. Otto Wilson, of North Carolina, Has Been Indicted.
Raleigh (N. C.) special: During the campaign it was alleged to have been discovered that there was in the People's party a secret organization known as Gideon's Band. It is said there are thirty picked men belonging to this band in each county, and that S. Otto Wilson, of this county, is the chief officer of the State. Mr. Wilson is Chairman of the People's Party State Committee. Political capital was made out of this exposure and the Democratic press demanded the indictment of Mr. Wilson under a law which makes it a criminal offense to belong to a secret political organization. The grand jury of this county returned an indictment against Mr. Wilson. The bill contains fifteen counts and is a drag-net. Mr. Wilson will be arrested and tried at the March term. The Populists are terribly mad over these prosecutions, which are being instituted in every county, and which they term persecutions, and they intend to fight to the bitter end.

BLAINE UNABLE TO TALK.

A Friend of the Family Says They Do Not Expect Him to Recover.
Mr. Blaine's condition remains practically unchanged, said Dr. Johnston, who left the patient at noon Tuesday. Mr. Blaine passed a restless night, sleeping the greater part of the time, and has apparently lost no strength; neither has he gained any. Mr. Blaine is much of the time in a state of unconsciousness. A relative of the family, who was at the bedside of the distinguished patient during the doctor's latest visit, said that Mr. Blaine had not spoken a word to the members of the family for more than a week. They share the belief of the physician that the sick man can never recover, even partially, and are resigned to the inevitable. His present condition, however, is not regarded as critical and there is no apprehension on the part of the family of an immediate dissolution.

The Newspaper "Ad." Does It All.

A neat illustration of the value of newspaper advertising was given at the Portland Me. Young Men's Christian Association meeting Sunday, when General Secretary McDonald stated that he had some curiosity to know what method of advertising reached the most people. He had circulated thousands of little doggers, giving notice of the meeting, and he asked those who had seen them and had been moved to come through that means, to rise. The hall was packed as full as it could hold, and of the entire number about fifteen rose. Then Mr. McDonald asked all who read the notices in the newspapers and had been influenced by them, to rise, and the crowd rose in a body.

He Was Robbed of \$5,000.

Albert Heyder, of Buffalo, N. Y., fell into a fortune in Texas and fell among thieves in Chicago. He gained \$45,000 by quo and lost \$5,000 of it by the other. Heyder arrived in Chicago Monday morning with \$5,000 in a buckskin bag sewed to his shirt under his left arm. He went to the Van Buren street depot to catch an eastern train, but having to wait some time wandered over to Clark street, where he met Josie Rich. The couple had several drinks together and Heyder was drugged and robbed. He complained to the police and the woman was arrested. The money was not found in her possession.

Grain Elevators Burned.

The big grain elevator, eight stories high, filled with molasses grains, in Carondelet, South St. Louis, burned on Sunday morning. After midnight a general alarm called out the full fire department at one o'clock. The elevator stood on the banks of the Mississippi, and toppled over into the river after burning half an hour. The elevator loss is placed at \$150,000. Tied up and frozen in, almost directly in front of the elevator, were the transfer boats, the Missouri and the Pacific. Both were destroyed.

Big Nebraska Bank Failure.

The Capital National Bank of Lincoln, Neb., has been closed by the National Bank Examiner. Deposits, \$625,000; the State had \$250,000 on deposit.

Conductor for St. Louis.

A private telegram received at St. Louis from a high ecclesiastical authority in New York said that news had reached there from Rome that the Holy See had chosen a conductor for the archdiocese of St. Louis and named Mgr. O'Connell, rector of the American College of Rome, as the man.

Shot by an Officer.

J. J. Johnson was shot at Sioux City by Patrolman Edwards, and it is thought that he will die. Johnson interfered with Edwards while he was attempting to make an arrest.

KHEDIVE BACKS DOWN.

Great Britain Will Continue, as Heretofore, to Rule in Egypt.

The hurry in Egyptian political affairs has ended in the complete withdrawal of the Khedive from the position taken by him, and henceforth, unless some untoward event occurs, Great Britain will have all to say as to who shall fill the Egyptian Cabinet offices. The Khedive was handed an ultimatum from the British Government demanding the dismissal of the newly appointed ministry within twenty-four hours. The ultimatum left no doubt that Great Britain was seriously in earnest in her determination not to relax her grip upon the country, and that the Khedive's personal predilections would not be allowed to count for anything against what England believes to be her interests. The Egyptian ruler was plainly given to understand that his position was held only through the consent of Great Britain, and if that consent was withdrawn he would find himself in a precarious position. Upon the expiration today of the twenty-four hours given in the ultimatum Lord Cromer secured from the Khedive an understanding that hereafter he would make no alteration in the ministry without consulting Great Britain.

ABDAS PASHA.
left no doubt that Great Britain was seriously in earnest in her determination not to relax her grip upon the country, and that the Khedive's personal predilections would not be allowed to count for anything against what England believes to be her interests. The Egyptian ruler was plainly given to understand that his position was held only through the consent of Great Britain, and if that consent was withdrawn he would find himself in a precarious position. Upon the expiration today of the twenty-four hours given in the ultimatum Lord Cromer secured from the Khedive an understanding that hereafter he would make no alteration in the ministry without consulting Great Britain.

THEY MAKE MANY SUGGESTIONS.

Proceedings of the Members of the National Board of Trade.
At the National Board of Trade's session in Washington, Thursday, a motion by Mr. Howe of Chicago suggesting an amendment to the Interstate Commerce law recommended by the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, Chicago and New York Boards of Trade, and St. Louis Merchants' Exchange, was referred to a committee consisting of one from each body proposing the changes. The regulation of immigration proposed by the New York and Chicago Boards of Trade and Boston Merchants' Association was also referred. Resolutions proposed by the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce and Philadelphia Board of Trade recommending the passage by Congress of the Torrey bankruptcy bill were unanimously adopted. At the afternoon session resolutions were adopted recommending the strict enforcement of the immigration laws of the United States, recommending the establishment by law of national quarantine regulations, and memorializing Congress to provide for commercial relations with the neighboring countries upon the principles of reciprocity.

BLOW AT SUNDAY OPENING.

Senator Pettigrew Introduces a Bill on the World's Fair.
Senator Pettigrew introduced the appended bill in the Senate, and asked that it be referred to his committee on the World's Fair. He will also offer the same in the form of an amendment to the sundry civil bill, and hopes to pass it through one of these channels of legislation. It is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the Secretary of the Treasury be instructed not to deliver any of the coins provided for under the provisions of Chapter 38, statutes of the United States, passed at the first session of the LIII Congress, to the corporation known as the World's Columbian Exposition, until said corporation shall deliver to the Secretary of the Treasury good and sufficient bond, with at least two sureties, conditioned that if for any reason whatever the World's Columbian Exposition is opened to the public on the first day of the week said corporation shall pay to the United States the sum of money the said corporation shall have received from the sale of said coins, not less than \$25,000.

WENT THROUGH A BRIDGE.

Erie Train Wrecked and Burned at Peru and Several Passengers Fatally Hurt.
A Lake Erie & Western passenger train went through the bridge spanning the Wash River at Peru, Ind. So far as can be learned no one was killed outright, but every passenger on the train was more or less injured, and one has since died, while three others are not expected to live. One of the end spans of the immense bridge went down, carrying the train with it. Fire immediately broke out, and in less than an hour the entire train was burned. There were seven passengers in the chair car, and all were more or less injured.

Wandering Relic of the Flood.

The culmination of a series of misfortunes commencing with the Johnstown flood was the appalling other day of Mitchell Schmidt for a place to sleep in the lock-up at McKeesport, Pa. Schmidt is an aged man, who lost his wife, family and fortune in the flood. Afterward he went to Carlisle, and while working in a well his companion was killed and half the bones of Schmidt's body were broken. After a hard struggle against starvation Schmidt started for East Liverpool, Ohio, to appeal to relatives. He is in a pitiable condition.

Charged with Embezzlement in Chicago.

At Minneapolis Charles Munger, Assistant City Passenger Agent of the Great Northern, was arrested for embezzlement upon a telegram from Chicago. Munger was not surprised at the arrest and says that he is ready to go to Chicago. Munger was connected with the People's Savings & Loan Association of Chicago, and it is claimed that he embezzled funds from the concern, but he claims he took only money that belonged to him.

Walt's Friend Gone.

Dr. George E. Shipman, founder of the Foundlings' Home, at Chicago, died Thursday afternoon at his home. Dr. Shipman had been in feeble health for several weeks. He seemed to rally at times and show signs of recovery. But his 70-odd years that had been spent in almost ceaseless toil and care weighed him down, and Tuesday he began to sink gradually and did not rally again.

Suggest Changes in Road Laws.

The Michigan State Engineering Society recommended many changes in the road laws of the State and suggested the advisability of a constitutional amendment changing the present township system to the county plan. In the election of officers E. W. Muenschner, of Manistee, was chosen President, and Francis Hodgman, of Climax, Secretary and Treasurer.

Ran Down the Starr Gang.

United States officers ran down the Henry Starr gang of desperadoes near Bartlesville, I. T. In the fight which followed the officers succeeded in killing one of the desperadoes outright and mortally wounding another. The wounded man has five bullet holes through him, and he is expected to die.

Youthful Murderer.

Norah Webster, 9 years old, living with Dr. Hayward in the Chickasaw Nation, pointed a pistol at a negro boy and pulled the trigger, the bullet passing through his body. He will die.

Came Within \$24,999 of His Mark.

Wilton Bennett, of Port Jervis, N. Y., was awarded \$1 in his \$25,000 libel suit against the Albany Argus.

FREE WITHOUT TRIAL.

WYOMING CATTLEMEN ACQUITTED AND RELEASED.

After Weeks of Unavailing Efforts to Secure a Jury the County Attorney Asks That the Cases Be Dismissed—Verdicts of Not Guilty Returned.

Rustlers Allowed to Go.
Twenty-three men who have been under arrest on charges of murder in the rustlers' war in Johnson County, Wyoming, have been acquitted for lack of money to carry on the prosecution. Eleven hundred veniremen had been brought in without securing a jury. The Sheriff reported that no money had been deposited for expenses, and that he could not pay them himself or secure money from others. Prosecutor Bennett, for Johnson County, thereupon offered a motion for dismissal, but the defense demanded acquittal. A jury was then sworn and the individual, collective and blocks of four cases against the men and the Texans who forfeited their bail were formally dismissed, leaving them absolutely free. The men were arrested for their work in killing and driving cattle thieves out of the State.

A LARGE DEPOSIT OF DIMES.

Workmen Exhume a Valuable Silver Find in an Old Government Vault.

A Fort Scott, Kan., dispatch of Friday says: While engaged in cleaning out a large vault built by the government in connection with the army hospital at the fort in this city during the war the workmen to-day found a large amount of money in dimes. The money was all coined in 1861 and was evidently new when thrown in the vault. It is impossible to estimate the amount, as it is being still taken from the vault. The deposit of the vault, taken out before the discovery of the money and dumped outside the city, is surrounded by boys and men as eager as buzzards around a carcass, and they have been well rewarded. The merchants have been notified to accept none of the money until it is ascertained whether or not it is genuine. A number of very large and heavily loaded bombs were also taken from the vault.

FIFTEEN PRISONERS ESCAPE.

Clever Plan for Jail Delivery Successfully Worked in Missouri.

Fifteen prisoners overpowered the guard in the county jail at Springfield, Mo., and escaped. Peter Renfrew, under sentence to be hanged for the murder of a constable, was one of the lot. Henry Thomas went out with the others, but only to give the alarm, which he did as soon as possible. Jailor Ward was the only guard and he was struck by Taylor and afterward overpowered as he passed a bucket into the cage. The plan of escape was formed by stockpiling, who is only 16 years of age. The prisoners tore down the telephone, secured some revolvers and ammunition and then fled. Twenty-five officers and a well-armed posse are in pursuit. The prisoners will probably not be taken without a desperate fight, but it is believed they will all be captured.

STABBED TO DEATH.

In a Fit of Rage Mrs. Taggart Kills Her Own Son.

At Philadelphia, in a sudden fit of ungovernable anger, Mrs. Mary Taggart stabbed to death with a single knife thrust her son, Thomas Davis Taggart, did little toward providing for the family, and the \$4 a week earned by his stepson was the main support of the needy household. When Thomas came home he asked his mother why she was never ready to eat supper with him. The boy was seated at the table at the time and his question enraged the hard-worked woman, and she turned suddenly from the stove, where she was cooking buckwheat cakes, and thrust a knife into the breast of her son. The boy fell to the floor with the cry: "My God, mother, I am bleeding." He died in a few minutes and an officer arrested Mrs. Taggart.

Victims of a Railway Horror.

The band of death descended with appalling and widespread effect at the little hamlet of Wann, four miles east of Alton, Ill. The east-bound limited express on the Big Four Road ran into an open switch, causing a disastrous wreck. While willing hands were working at the debris and trying to quench a fire which had started from the explosion of two oil cars, and hundreds of curious residents in the vicinity were grouped about the wreckage, five more tanks exploded in rapid succession and 35,000 gallons of burning oil enveloped the workmen and the surrounding crowd in a mantle of fatality. As a result of the double disaster sixteen persons are dead, nineteen more are suffering from agonizing injuries which will probably result fatally, and many others have received burns more or less. No estimate of the loss can be made, but it will reach \$100,000.

Want No "Fads."

A dispatch says there is every reason to hope that the good work of purging the Chicago public school system of the "fad" parasites that have preyed upon its vitals will go on until to every child in the city there will be afforded ample facility for receiving a common school education in the English language. Reformation was begun when the muggle "study" was taken out of the curriculum. The sentiment and better judgment of the great mass of the people—parents, teachers, school board members, taxpayers—are opposed to further squandering of the school fund on such useless "fads."

Chris Von Der Ahe Injured.

President Von Der Ahe, of the St. Louis Browns, met with a painful accident, which will force him to keep his room for some time. He slipped on the stone steps in front of his residence, which were covered with snow, and broke his right collar-bone. If the Browns make a poor showing next summer Chris can make the excuse that it was owing to the weakness of his shoulder, which would not permit of his putting it to the wheel.

Encouraging Outlook.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Severe weather appears to account in part for somewhat general shrinkage in business, in many branches checking purchases, and in others output or deliveries. There is a somewhat general increase in complaints about collections, although money at nearly all markets is comparatively easy, and in supply adequate for legitimate demands.

Killed by the Express.

George Durr, of Steelton, Pa., was run over by the Columbian express train and instantly killed.

Patent Expires.

The Blake telephone transmitter, as it was originally patented, is now the property of the public.

Frozen to Death.

Thomas Barnett, a stranger, was found frozen and dead near Nabb Station, Ind.

FIND DEMPSEY GUILTY.

Verdict of the Jury in the Homestead Poisoning Case.

The Pittsburgh jury in the Dempsey case found the defendant guilty as indicted. Judge Stone in charging the jury reviewed very carefully and impartially all points of the testimony brought out during the trial. It was for the jury, he said, to determine whether poison was put into the coffee or tea or the food in the Homestead mill. "This question," he said, "depends solely upon the testimony of Gallagher and Davidson. If they tell the truth, then the defendant was the originator and principal in the business, responsible for the acts of Gallagher and Davidson, or either, and accountable for whatever they did in pursuance of his instructions. Now, just here comes the great question, so far as the defendant in this case is concerned. Dempsey emphatically denies what Gallagher and Davidson say in regard to the purpose for which he employed them. He is a competent but an interested witness. They are also competent but suspicious and tainted witnesses. But the jury may, if they believe their testimony, convict him at once."

FOR SUNDAY OPENING.

Illinois Senate on Record on the World's Fair—Vote, 39 to 10.

The Illinois Senate has placed itself on record in favor of opening the World's Fair on Sundays. Senator Johnson's resolution requesting the Illinois delegation in Congress to use its influence in securing a modification of the closed Sunday clause was passed by a vote of 39 to 10. The resolution had been made the special order for Wednesday, and in anticipation of an interesting debate the galleries were well filled with interesting spectators, and they were not disappointed. The anti-opening movement was represented among the spectators by State Secretary McLean, of the American Sabbath Union, and John Deefendorf and C. W. Green, of Peoria, who have been busy among the legislators in securing signatures to petitions opposing an open fair.

Has No State Debt.

State Comptroller Campbell, in his annual report to the New York Legislature, says: "There is practically no State debt, and the State's finances are in a satisfactory and sound condition. The balance in the treasury Oct. 1, 1891, was \$7,549,751; receipts from all sources during the last fiscal year, \$15,221,796; total, \$22,771,547; payments during the year, \$19,925,494; balance in the treasury Sept. 30, 1892, \$2,846,053.

Failed for a Large Amount.

The firm of P. & T. Tessier, one of the most prominent mercantile houses of St. John's, N. F., and which has been in existence fifty years, has failed. The liabilities are \$800,000. The firm's London agents are the heaviest losers. Newfoundland creditors will not be seriously affected. Unprofitable speculation in the fish trade is the cause of the failure.

Negro Convict Escapes.

Hugh Holley, a young negro under sentence to the penitentiary for assaulting a white woman, and who narrowly escaped lynching at Guthrie, O. T., last summer, escaped from the United States jail at that place Friday by slipping past the guards.

Hanged for His Crime.

Nathan Ramsey, colored, was hanged in the jailyard at Helena, Ark. On January 13th, last year, Ramsey, in company with several other negroes, murdered Prince Mallory, a negro neighbor. Mallory was called to his door and shot by Ramsey.

Cannot Exclude the Chinese.

Judge R. N. Nelson, of the United States Court at Duluth, Minn., declared the Chinese exclusion act unconstitutional, in a habeas corpus in the arrest of Ah Yak, a Chinese of seven years' residence in the United States.

Killed in a Dynamite Explosion.

By an explosion of giant powder at Richmond, Utah, Lewis and James Kerr were killed, and Thomas Exeter, Fred Rainey, and Clander Peart fatally injured.

New Trial for Coughlin.

Dan Coughlin, now doing time for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin, of Chicago, has been granted a new trial by the Supreme Court.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to Prime.	\$3.25 @ 6.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades.	2.50 @ 3.00
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.	2.00 @ 2.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	73 @ 74
CORN—No. 2.	43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2.	31 @ 32
RYE—No. 2.	54 @ 55
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.	22 1/2 @ 23 1/2
EGGS—Fresh.	31 @ 32
POTATOES—New, per bu.	65 @ 75
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping.	2.25 @ 2.50
HOGS—Choice Light.	3.50 @ 5.75
SHEEP—Common to Prime.	2.00 @ 2.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.	67 1/2 @ 68 1/2
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2 White.	33 @ 34
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE.	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS.	3.00 @ 7.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	68 @ 69
CORN—No. 2.	43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2.	31 @ 32
RYE—No. 2.	53 @ 54
CINCINNATI.	
CATTLE.	3.00 @ 5.75
HOGS.	3.00 @ 7.50
SHEEP.	3.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.	67 1/2 @ 68 1/2
CORN—No. 2.	43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2
RYE—No. 2.	52 @ 54
DETROIT.	
CATTLE.	3.00 @ 4.50
HOGS.	2.00 @ 7.50
SHEEP.	3.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.	74 @ 75
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2 White.	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2.	73 @ 73 1/2
CORN—No. 2 White.	34 1/2 @ 35 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	32 @ 33
BUFFALO.	
CATTLE—Common to Prime.	3.00 @ 5.25
HOGS—Best Grade.	4.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.	62 @ 63
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	44 @ 45
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	65 @ 66
CORN—No. 3.	41 @ 41 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.	33 @ 34
RYE—No. 1.	41 @ 42
BARLEY—No. 2.	44 @ 45
PORK—Mess.	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.	3.00 @ 6.00
HOGS.	2.00 @ 5.00
SHEEP.	2.00 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	73 @ 74
CORN—No. 2.	43 @ 44
OATS—Mixed Western.	32 @ 33
BUTTER—Western.	24 @ 25
PORK—New Mess.	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

MEASURES CONSIDERED AND ACTED UPON.

At the Nation's Capital—What Is Being Done by the Senate and House—Old Matters Disposed Of and New Ones Considered.

The Senate and House.

In the Senate the anti-option bill was debated Tuesday for nearly three hours, and then went over without action. Sweeping denunciations of the measure were made by Senators Hoar (Mass.), Vest (Mo.) and Platt (Conn.), as being in utter contravention of the constitution of the United States and in violation of the rights of the States. Mr. Platt yielded to many interruptions and was therefore unable to finish his argument. The McGarrath bill received its death-blow for this session in the Senate, the affirmative vote falling eight short of the constitutional majority. The following bills were passed: For the abandonment of the Fort Bridger military reservation in Wyoming. House bill to authorize the construction of bridges across the Hiawassa, the Tennessee, and the Clinch rivers, in the State of Tennessee. In the House, a few private measures were passed, and the Committee on Judiciary having, under a prior order, the right of way, called up some bills of secondary importance. The one of most public interest was that providing for punishment of offenses by passengers on the high seas, which was passed. On motion of Mr. Chipman (Mich.) a resolution was agreed to making provision for the joint meeting of the two houses of Congress on Wednesday, Feb. 8, to count the electoral votes.

The Senators gathered at the Capitol early Wednesday morning, conferred together, and decided that the Senate should adjourn immediately after the reading of the journal, as a token of respect to the memory of ex-President Hayes. The House, as a mark of respect to the memory of the dead, also adjourned.

In the House Thursday a bill was passed to meet the requirements of the Interstate Commerce law relative to the testimony of witnesses. Mr. Wise (Va.) called up a Senate bill concerning testimony in criminal cases growing out of the Interstate Commerce act with a substitute providing that no person shall be excused from attending or testifying before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the ground that the testimony or evidence may tend to criminate him. The substitute was passed, and the bill as amended was passed without objection. Mr. Bonner (La.) offered an amendment requiring all railway common carriers to accept from connecting lines loaded cars or trains to be hauled to the point of delivery at a rate not exceeding that they charge similar service over their own lines. Agreed to, 85 to 58. The bill was then passed. The bill for the establishment of a national quarantine was called up, but the opponents of the measure filibustered against it and finally forced an adjournment. The discussion of the anti-option bill was continued in the Senate from 2 o'clock until the time of adjournment, but no action was taken on the bill itself, or on Mr. George's amendment to it. In the morning hour Mr. Peffer (Kas.) concluded his speech in favor of a single term of the Presidential office. Mr. Cullom (Ill.), from the committee on commerce, reported a bill appropriating \$29,500 for establishing buoys on the water front of Chicago, Paed.

The Senate Friday paid an additional mark of respect to the memory of ex-President Hayes by adjourning without transacting any miscellaneous business. The House also adjourned out of respect to the memory of ex-President Hayes. The general deficiency appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Warner (Conn.), of New York, from the Committee on Manufactures, presented a report on the sweating system, and it was placed upon the calendar. Mr. Dearmond (Dem.), of Missouri, from the Committee on the Election of President, etc., reported a bill to repeal the sections of the Revised Statutes concerning supervisors of elections.

The new Columbian postage stamp was vigorously attacked in the Senate Saturday by Mr. Wolcott, of Colorado. After transacting routine business, Mr. Wolcott called up the joint resolution introduced by him some days ago to discontinue the sale of the Columbian postage stamps. He was at a loss to understand, he said, why those stamps had ever been manufactured. He noticed that the Postmaster General suggested in his annual report that he expected to receive \$1,500,000 extra profits out of their sale to stamp collectors. That was a trick that might suit some of the little Central American states when they were a few thousand dollars "shy," but the United States was too big a country to unload a cruel and unusual stamp upon stamp collectors. The feature of the session of the House was the consideration of the national quarantine bill. It was ushered in by an eloquent speech from Congressman Rayner, of Maryland, who depicted the danger which was imminent to the people of this country from unrestricted immigration, and who urged upon the House the necessity of agreeing to some national law which would protect the United States from an invasion of its most deadly enemy—cholera.

Mr. Chandler (N. H.) diverted the Senate Monday by arranging two Republican Senators, Messrs. Hoar (Mass.) and Platt (Conn.), for putting forward against the anti-option bill a constitutional argument that would be equally strong in its application to the tariff law. At the conclusion of Mr. Chandler's speech the anti-option bill went over without action, an agreement having previously been reached when the vote on that bill should be taken. Certificates of election of Senators Cockrell (Mo.) and Davis (Minn.) for their new terms from March 4, 1893, were presented and placed on file. The House, after a lengthy parliamentary discussion, succeeded in passing the quarantine bill.

Brieflets.

THE 4-year-old-son of William Horback was frozen to death at Laramie, Wyo.

SEVENTEEN new cases of cholera have occurred in the Nettleben Asylum at Berlin.

CAPT. JEFFREY, of the National Line steamer Greece, died at sea on the last voyage.

THE schooner Meteor ran into the cruiser Charleston at New York, and was dismantled.

THE cargo of the LaChapagne, from New York for Liverpool, includes \$4,500,000 in gold.

THE New York Legislature will be asked to appropriate \$300,000 for a World's Fair exhibit.

MARIE BROOKS, an American dancer, has become the wife of T. B. Curran, the Irish member of Parliament.

MRS. KATE ROSLER was burned to death at Pittsburgh while trying to save the life of her 6-year-old nephew, George, who also perished.

BECAUSE refused the right of line in the inauguration parade the First Virginia Regiment of Cavalry refuses to take part in the ceremonies.

THE Bishop of Chester has refused to allow the Earl and Countess of Shrewsbury, who were divorcees, to partake of the sacrament of communion.

By the fall of a wall during a fire at Rochester, N. Y., three firemen were buried. Sylvester W. Burns was killed. John Hess was fatally injured and soon died; Sackett escaped with a broken leg. The loss on the McKay Building was \$300,000.

(set this line)
Revision of the charter is the main topic of discussion nowadays

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, JAN. 28, 1893.

"The Dutch of it."

Last week Tuesday the "Holland Society of New York" gave its annual dinner in the theatre of the Manhattan Athletic Club. There was present a magnificent assemblage of gentlemen prominent in national and metropolitan life, 322 of them in all.

Most of them were gloriously Dutch, as the descendants of those old Knickerbockers—and they had a right to be on such an occasion. The cozy banquet hall was decorated with the flags of all nations, the colors of the United States and Holland predominating.

Dutch love of the good things of this life was shown, however, in the disposition to linger over the elaborate menu, and it was 11 o'clock before the long lay pipes were lighted and President Judge Augustus Van Wyck rapped to order for the speechmaking.

The president led off with an eloquent speech. Hon. Thomas F. Bayard spoke eloquently to the toast of "American Institutions—their excellence is traceable to Dutch origin." The other toasts and speakers were: "Holland—a lesson to oppressors, an example to the oppressed, and a sanctuary for the rights of mankind," Rev. G. R. Van de Water. "Dutch hospitality—it made Dutchmen of the Huguenot, the Wallon and the Jew; transplanted to America, it has molded the Mugwump into loyal American," ex-Senator Warner Miller. Chauncey M. Depew was expected to respond to "The Integrity of Dutch officials," but was unavoidably absent. His place was taken by J. Seaver Page. "The Dutch Settlers between the North and South Rivers—the establishers of Jersey justice," was responded to by Rev. Dr. W. R. Durfee, of Rutgers College, New Brunswick, N. J.

This is the season of annual dinners and banquets. The other day another feast was spread by the "Hamilton Club," at the Auditorium, Chicago, at which a prominent New Yorker, Theodore Roosevelt, responded to the toast of "Americanism and Immigration." One passage in his address struck our attention particularly, on account of "the Dutch there was in it." After outlining that America is more than a geographical expression, and Americans more than human beings who happen to inhabit a particular section of the world's surface; that America is a Nation, separated by its history both ethnic and political, by its present race composition, by the genius of its people and the character of its institutions from all other nations and all people; and that it is to be regarded as an organic whole, indivisible itself, and sharply sundered from all other,—he exemplified this by the following:

"As it is with questions of nationality, so it is with those of creed. No greater harm can be done to a creed which desires to make itself a living and vigorous force than to keep it un-American. It rests, for instance, with the Lutheran Church itself to decide whether it will become one of the greatest religious factors in this country; or whether it will dwindle the minute immigration ceases and will be continually left by all young men of spirit who wish to become Americans in deed as well as in name, and not remain mere homeless aliens, with no place in Europe and no place here.

The case is a parallel, although on a far vaster scale, to that which occurred in my own native State of New York with my own church the Reformed (Dutch) Church. And it from the beginning heartily accepted the fact that its people should be one in language and in political ideas with the rest of the Commonwealth of New York it would now be, in all probability, the leading creed in that State; but this it refused to do. The young men of spirit left it and the congregations dwindled steadily until, too late, they woke to the danger and disused the Dutch language early in the present century. The time had then passed, however, the church had become a small instead of a great power in the land."

Here's "the Dutch of it."

And we know of no agency so potent and thorough in perpetuating from one generation to another this non-Americanizing tendency, this status of nonentity, social, political or religious, than the institution of the parochial schools.

If you desire to have your children grow up hide-bound, send them to a parochial school. And there is nothing, as a rule, that will better secure the establishment of such a school in a community of foreign proclivities than the importation of a foreign trained clergy. Of course, there are some refreshing exceptions to this rule.

One other thought struck us as we moralized upon the reference by Mr. Roosevelt to the antecedents of the Dutch in New York and their subsequent fate, and that is the pertinency thereof to the future of Hope College, especially so long as its council of administration remains constituted as at present.

But of this we may have occasion to say more, before the year is out.

Full line of can goods, at low prices. WILL BOTSFORD & CO.

The Charter Amendments.

The committee on the revision of the city charter have completed the outline of a series of amendments, which they have reported to the common council for submission to the people, at a public meeting to be held next week.

The conference held the other day with the residents of the territory proposed to be added could hardly be designated as such, by reason of the very light attendance. In fact nothing was accomplished, except to learn that our neighbors felt toward the proposed annexation just like most outlying districts do everywhere—for one reason and another their first preference is to remain just outside.

The new boundaries remain as given in the News the other day, the east line will be the quarter line of sections 29 and 33 (taking in both cemeteries). The southern boundary will be the county line, and the western boundary the town line (west of Plasmans).

The waters of Black river and lake will continue to bound us on the north.

The number of wards has been determined to be five. All the territory lying south of 16th street will constitute a new ward, the fifth; the additional territory on the east will be thrown into the first ward; and the second, third and fourth wards will remain as they are to-day.

The city will be divided into two supervisor districts. The first district will embrace the first and fifth wards, and the second district the second, third and fourth wards. The equalization between the two districts will be made by the board of review and the total of the two rolls will be treated as a unit in the equalization made by the board of supervisors.

The board of review is to consist of five: the two supervisors, the mayor and city attorney, while the fifth member is to be appointed annually by the common council. The board will meet one week later than heretofore, thereby extending the time of the supervisors for the completion of their rolls.

The board of education will consist of nine members, three to be elected annually by the city at large, for the term of three years. The election is to be held on the first Tuesday in May, under the auspices of the board and under the provisions of the school law, the president and secretary of the board to act as inspectors of election. All of which is in accordance with the tenor of the petition sent to the committee the other day, asking that women who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the school law, be given the opportunity to do so.

The board of water commissioners will be charged with the electric street lighting. Their number will be increased to five and the board will hereafter be known as the board of public works.

The existing provisions for sewerage are held to be sufficient to enable the city to make a beginning in that line of improvement.

The library will be placed in charge of a library board, consisting of four members, to be elected by the common council and to serve without compensation. This board is to appoint the librarian, make the selection of books and have the supervision generally.

The present charter provides for a cemetery board of five members. The scope of this board will be enlarged so as to include also the care and improvement of our public parks.

The veto power of the mayor will be extended so as to cover also resolutions, giving him twenty-four hours to file his objections with the city clerk, the council reserving the right to re-pass any measure so vetoed by a two-thirds vote of all the aldermen.

The city marshal is to be appointed by the mayor, subject to the approval of the common council, and the marshal is to nominate his deputy, subject to the same approval.

The term of office of the city clerk is extended to two years. He is to appoint a deputy, subject to the approval of the common council.

The board of special assessors will consist of the city surveyor and the two supervisors. Heretofore the board consisted of the surveyor and two special assessors, appointed annually by the common council.

The maximum amount of a special assessment for street improvement has been raised from thirty-five per cent to fifty per cent.

The provisions regulating the manner of levying special assessments will be simplified where practicable.

The jurisdiction of justices of the peace in criminal offences under the city ordinances will be the same as under the statute.

The council will be given authority to change the names of streets and parks, and to number the houses.

The compensation of inspectors of election is to be the same as prescribed by the state law.

By the proposed extension of the limits Frac. School Dist. No. 1 will virtually be merged into the city, and the necessary provisions relative thereto are to be embodied in the charter.

The knottiest problem before the committee was the compensation of the mayor and aldermen. A good deal

can be said pro and con in this matter.

A proposition to allow the mayor one hundred dollars and each alderman fifty dollars did not carry with the committee, but will be submitted again at the meeting of the citizens. The proposed amendment of making the city marshalship an appointive instead of an elective office is also likely to be taken up again.

Elsewhere will be found the official call for a public meeting of our citizens, to be held on Tuesday evening, Jan. 31, at Lyceum Opera Hall. Let all attend!

A Fitting Tribute.

Among the many eulogistic remarks made upon the death of ex-President Hayes, the following words, from the lips of Representative Holman of Indiana, spoken upon the floor of the House, are worthy the type of the noblest American citizenship:

"Mr. Speaker, I wish to add but a few words to the sentiments which have been expressed touching the life and character of President Hayes. I met him the first time on this floor in the closing hours of the Forty-fourth Congress. I was charmed by his unassuming, cordial, and kindly manner, and notwithstanding the fierce political controversy that afterwards arose between the two great political parties in the country over the question of his election to the Presidency, I always entertained a great admiration of his character.

The sensibilities of all our people will be deeply touched by his death. He held the greatest office known to the world, and filled it well. The Administration of President Hayes will go into history, gentlemen, as the expression of the whole American people as well as those who differed with him in political opinion as those who agreed with him, that he gave to our country one of the purest administrations, our Government has ever known.

He was himself a pure man, a Christian gentleman. His noble and patriotic efforts to reform the civil service of the Government, greatly demoralized by the war for the Union, deserved, especially in view of the hostility which those efforts encountered within his own party, imperishable honor.

To me the earnest efforts of his Administration, to secure pure and honest government appear, in the midst of all his high honors, his highest honors. How noble his efforts to heal the wounds of our intestine war. He was a man of a kindly and forgiving spirit, and I know of no quality in the human heart more to be admired.

The country, greatly demoralized by war, was restored to peace and purity under his Administration, and the union of the States was in spirit restored.

Standing by the open grave of this illustrious citizen, how natural the thought that greater than being President, better than to command an army, history will write down that he was a just and good man.

Thanks to the successful efforts of the Women's Relief Corps of this city our citizens will soon have the privilege of listening to Rev. Washington Gardner, Professor in Albion College. He will deliver his great lecture, "The Struggle for Chattanooga," on the evening of Tuesday, Feb. 7, at Lyceum Opera House. Prof. Gardner is a speaker of wide renown. He is both eloquent and powerful, and no doubt our citizens will be glad to hear him.

As to his subject, he knows whereof he speaks for he participated in the "struggle." The other week he delivered this lecture in Allegan and this is what the Journal said of the speaker and his effort: "Mr. Gardner has rare powers as a platform speaker and held the attention of his audience to the close. He commenced by telling why Chattanooga as a strategic point was so earnestly desired by both armies, and then vividly portrayed the long contest and the successive battles, in which for five months success and defeat alternated between the north and the south, until the Union army, by its heroic and unparalleled charge at Mission Ridge, gained the final victory. In this thrilling description Mr. Gardner is perfectly at home. He tells what his own eyes saw and his own ears heard. As a soldier boy he participated in the struggle and has since visited and carefully inspected the field, as well as conversed with leading officers from both armies. He has the happy faculty of bringing the scenes of the conflict vividly before his audience, and while listening to his portrayal they can almost see the smoke of battle and hear the clatter of musketry. The lecture contained many graphic pictures of the humorous and the pathetic in military life, portrayed the hardships which the soldiers endured, and sketched many a gallant deed performed by officers and men. Mention was also made of the fatal mistake of Gen. Rosecrans, in not centering his army at Chattanooga and fortifying the place in the early part of the struggle. Also of the fact that while the battle of Chickamauga was fiercely raging, Gen. Thomas was left, single handed and alone to control the army and hold the enemy in check." The admission to this lecture has been placed at 25 cents; reserved seats 35 cents.

Neiery!

Extra value for the money, at L. HENDERSON.

Best package coffee is Panama. Try it. WILL BOTSFORD & CO.

Oysters direct from Baltimore, at C. Blom's Jr.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Heber Walsh Druggist 28-1y

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Cold. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Heber Walsh's Drug store. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.00. 28-1y.

Wood and Bolts.

I want 500 cords of wood and bolts cut this winter. The land is located about seven miles north of the city. A suitable shanty is on the grounds H. BOONE.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 15, 1892. 1f

CHICAGO Nov. 20, 1892.

AND WEST MICHIGAN R.Y.

Trains depart from Holland:

	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
For Chicago.....	9 55	2 08	1235	.....
" Grand Rapids.....	2 50	9 55	4 55	4 25
" Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	4 55	9 35	2 50	6 30
" Hart and Pentwater.....	4 55	.....	6 30	.....
" Manistee and Ludington.....	4 55	.....	4 25	.....
" Big Rapids.....	4 55	.....	4 25	.....
" Traverse City.....	4 55	.....	4 25	.....
" Allegan and Toledo.....	10 00	.....	3 05	.....
" Charlevoix, Petoskey and Bay View.....	4 55	.....	.....	.....

Trains arrive at Holland.

	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.
From Chicago.....	2 50	9 55	4 55	.....
" Grand Rapids.....	9 55	2 08	1235	6 30
" Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	10 00	2 08	3 05	1230
" Manistee and Ludington.....	2 08	a.m.	12 35	.....
" Big Rapids.....	2 08	12 35	.....	.....
" Traverse City.....	.....	12 35	2 08	.....
" Allegan and Toledo.....	9 35	6 30	.....	.....
" Petoskey.....	12 35	.....	.....	.....

*Daily, other trains week days only.

Wagner Palace Sleeping Cars on night trains to and from Chicago.

Wagner Parlor Buffet Cars on day trains to and from Chicago.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. Connections in Union Station, Grand Rapids with the favorite.

DETROIT Jan. 22, 1893.

LANSING & NORTHERN R.R.

	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Lv Grand Rapids.....	7 10	11 35	.....	5 40
Ar Grand Ledge.....	8 45	2 45	.....	7 15
Lv Lansing.....	9 08	3 05	.....	7 47
" Howell.....	10 02	3 55	.....	8 55
" Detroit.....	11 35	5 30	.....	10 35

	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Lv Grand Rapids.....	7 20	4 15	.....	.....
Ar Howard City.....	8 50	5 40	.....	.....
" Edmore.....	10 35	6 25	.....	.....
" Alma.....	10 35	7 10	.....	.....
" St. Louis.....	10 40	7 37	.....	.....
" Saginaw.....	12 00	9 00	.....	.....

7:10 a. m. runs through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.

1:45 p. m., and 5:40 p. m. run through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.

GEO. DE HAVEN, General Passenger Agent, Grand Rapids, Mich.

NOW IS THE TIME

To Make Money.

CLEARANCE SALE

OF

Ready Made CLOTHING!

AT

E. J. Harrington's

At greatly reduced prices. for the next thirty days.

Overcoats, Men's Suits, Young Men's Suits, Boys' Suits.

This stock is all new. Was purchased last fall.

Must be disposed of before taking inventory.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to: MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Freely illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. We send it free for 60 days. Address MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Annual Meeting.

The regular meeting of the stockholders of the Ottawa Furniture Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the office of the secretary in the city of Holland, on Monday, February 6, 1893, at seven o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

JAMES HUNTLEY, President.
J. G. VAN PUTTEN, Secretary.
Holland, Mich., Jan. 20, 1893.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Remember.

Our prices for 1893 are lower. Our stock is larger than ever. Hence we invite old and new customers. I can't miss our store. We give you the most value for the money. L. HENDERSON. Holland, Mich., Jan. 26, 1893. 1 2w

We sell just as much Blush of Roses to gentlemen as to ladies, as they also desire a clear, smooth complexion. Price 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Heber Walsh Holland Mich.

Overcoats, Overcoats, in large quantities at BOSMAN BRO'S.

Well Here's Your Chance!

WE DON'T Expect another car-load of Stoves.

We have got too many Stoves and will close them out at greatly reduced prices to make room for our immense Spring Stock.

Call at once while stock is complete.

E. VAN DER VEEN, PIONEER HARDWARE.

N. B. We have a few second-hand coal stoves at a very low price.

Sleighing is Excellent!

WE GIVE THREE MONTHS FREE STORAGE ON WHEAT.

Farm work is slack at this season.

WHY not take advantage of these three facts, draw in your Wheat to us now and sell when you get ready. Our market here is always the highest in Western Michigan. We also buy

CORN, OATS, RYE, BARLEY, AND BUCKWHEAT.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 6, 1893.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osceola, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other harmful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kitchener, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

The Alger Club.

The Alger Club, a political organization of the Young Republicans of Detroit, held its fourth annual banquet Monday evening. Among the guests of honor was Hon. G. J. Diekema of this city. The topic assigned to him was "Impromptu," to which he replied as follows:

"The subject assigned to my Brother Van Zile, 'Slightly Disabled but Still in the Ring,' was really intended for me for no man in Michigan has a better realizing sense of the meaning of the words 'so near and yet so far' as I have.

"I am not a prophet, nor yet the son of a prophet, but I nevertheless want to speak to you a few moments upon the subject of the future of the Republican party.

"We were not defeated in the nation because we were wrong on the issues. If these issues could have been presented to the people divorced from all politics, the business sense of this business nation would have decided against free trade and wild cat money.

"We were not defeated because our candidates did not worthily represent the principles of our party. Harrison and Reid stood squarely upon the Republican platform and were the ablest exponents of its doctrines.

"We were not defeated because the nation was not prosperous. Nov. 8, 1892, is high water mark of American commercial and industrial success.

"We were defeated, first, because as long as the South is kept solid by means of the shotgun and bloodhound the Republican party has no fair fighting chance.

"Second, because the floating vote holds the balance of power when there is no great moral issue before the people, and his vote always wants a change.

"Third, because the Democratic party leveled its battering rams upon the prejudices of the people, and led them to believe that Republican is synonymous with monopoly and plutocracy.

"Will the people change this verdict four years hence? Yes. Why?

"First, the same floating vote will be more anxious for a change four years hence than they are now.

"Second, because no question is ever finally settled in this country until it is settled right. An appeal to prejudice stirs up the populace, but the reaction is as sure to come as sunshine is after rain.

"Third, the Democratic party is a party of negation. The promised reforms will not come. Cleveland chafes when worked in the collar, but is all powerful when he is backing up in the breeching.

"Fourth, tinkering with tariff laws and silver and bank laws will make capital timid and employment difficult to get, and that at reduced compensation.

"A disappointed people will clamor for the return to power of the party of principle and not of prejudice."

Dedicatory Exercises.

The First Reformed church was filled on Friday evening to attend the dedicatory exercises in connection with the opening of Bergen Hall. The young men of the city were out in full force. The quartette that furnished the music was composed of Messrs. James Cook, 1st tenor, Gerard Cook, 2nd tenor; J. A. Kooyers, 1st bass; Henry Geerlings, 2nd bass.

PROGRAM.

Music—Quartette.
Invocation—J. W. Beardslee, D. D.
Music—(Athen) First Ref. church choir.
Address—Prof. J. W. Simmons, of Owasco.
Music—Quartette.
Report of the president, and Congratulatory letter of J. T. Berens—J. C. Post.
Solo—("The Gate of Heaven")—Miss Harriet H. Hanson.
Congratulatory Addresses—R. vs. J. Van Houten and F. R. Barrell.
Music—Quartette.
Congratulatory Addresses—Elder T. Keppel and Rev. H. G. Birchby.
Music—Quartette.
Congratulatory Addresses—Rev. J. W. Beardslee, D. D. and N. M. St. Gens, D. D.
Music and Benediction.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—The selection of this beautiful church as the place to dedicate the work of our Association is a most appropriate one. It was here that the meeting was held from which came the organization. As we gathered in this place last March and heard the earnest words of the men engaged in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association in Michigan, the conviction was forced upon us that Holland needed such an organization.

At the outset the conclusion was reached that a necessary element of success would be to have a building for the society. It was felt that we should offer to the boys rooms which would compare favorably with those of the best homes in the city and be better than the attractions of the saloons.

With this object in view, we have erected a substantial building, with rooms handsomely carpeted, the walls adorned with pictures and lighted with electricity, with the best of reading matter for the education and recreation of the young men of the city. The chapel, seating about 150, is already proving too small for the meetings. The gymnasium and bath rooms will soon be complete.

This building and lot have a value of \$7,500. Of this sum the Association needs at the present time \$500, for the

completion of the building, gymnasium apparatus and furniture.

For the current expenses of the Association we shall look to the membership fees and subscriptions from sustaining members.

But, more than the building and furniture is the Association—this has now 160 members. Of these, 23 were added at a single meeting, this week.

The work is in charge of Mr. Henry Myers, and the attendance at the rooms and gospel meetings has been good.

On New Year's Day a reception was held at the Association rooms, at which several hundred of our people, representing all elements of the city, spent the afternoon in pleasant social intercourse. Our thanks are due the young ladies of the sister society for kind assistance on that occasion. We trust that similar gatherings of our people may frequently be held, to unite all classes of the community in the common cause.

To-night we are here to congratulate each other on what has been accomplished and to dedicate ourselves and our city to the farther prosecution of the work of making of our boys Christian men and citizens.

The problem of to-day is how to bring the different elements and classes of the community together and make the rich and poor recognize each other as friends and brethren. It can only be done by putting in practice the gospel of Jesus Christ and we earnestly believe that the Young Men's Christian Association is a powerful agency in this work.

We ask a continuance of the interest and assistance of the community in aid of the society and that you who can give of your money will give it; you who can assist by your presence at the rooms and meetings, will give that; and that all will pray to God for the success of the cause which has for its work, the welfare of the boys of to-day, who will be the men of to-morrow.

When this work began in our city, we had one with us who was the friend of every person in the community and who, in turn, was loved by all. He entered into the preliminary work of the organization with his whole heart, but a call to labor in other fields took him from us. He also aided and encouraged us by his letters, prayers and money. To-night, from his home in the far away city, he sends us this greeting:

DEAR BRETHREN AND FRIENDS:—I am heart and soul with you to-night in the dedication of your new building. My unavoidable absence is of greater loss to me than to you. Our kindred blood, our common faith and our mutual labors in the past, unite us into one joyous congratulation upon this occasion.

The beauty and power of this assemblage are assured to me, though far away from sight.

I congratulate you, the committee, upon the signal success of this your noble undertaking. May this solid result of your labor be an edifice to the blessing of man and the glory of God! I congratulate you, who have subscribed your offerings for the erection of this building and him who has donated the site. May your investment of dollars yield a dividend of manhood, and for the structure of wood, brick and stone which you have built for the youth of your city, may you be repaid with the gold of their good character!

I congratulate the mothers and fathers, in this dedication of a pure, wholesome, social home, where their boys will be able to gratify the craving for fraternity, free from the allurements of the social vices.

I congratulate the clergy of the city. May this association be a nursery of the Christian Church! May it be an arm of God, to rescue and save the lost; to guide many souls into the greater and more beautiful walls of the visible Zion!

I congratulate the city officials. Here is an institution to which they owe no political obligation or concern; and from which they can confidently look for influences to uphold the law and lift the morale of the community, under their solemn charge.

But beyond all I congratulate the young men of Holland. Once one among you and of you, I feel with you the need of such an institution, as this building embodies. I have been only a sympathizer and an encourager in this undertaking. Holland business and professional men and Holland capital have started it and carried it to this successful issue. Out of love and esteem for you they have done this. This is for mind and muscle, for soul and body. In this, the moral and christian community is only doing its duty toward you. Now do your duty in upholding and carrying onward this work. Your name is needed. Your face, your presence and your active membership are needed.

The fact that this is a "young-man's age" is fearfully and solemnly true. The destiny of the city and of the country is in your hands, under divine law. You need the grace of God, the spirit of Christ; and you must put it into practice, if you would bless the municipality and save the Republic.

Here in this association you can do this. Here you can make yourself and your fellow men better.

Womanhood is safe and pure, if manhood be strong and true. Make yourselves good men!

If her citizens are good, this great American national institution will round out the "consummation of the age."

Yours in fraternal love,
JOHN TALLEMADGE BERGEN,
Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 14, '93.

Let all citizens that take an interest in their city government, attend the meeting on the revision of the city charter, Tuesday evening.

For the HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Annual Report of the Y. W. C. A.

During the past year regular meetings have been held on Monday evening of each week, with an average attendance of \$2. The gospel meetings have been led by the different active members, and we have been kindly assisted from time to time by some of our honorary members.

Forty-four new members have been added to the roll, making a total membership of 34 active and 31 associate members.

We had with us at the beginning of the year our state sec'y., Miss Silver, who gave us a very practical talk on association work. She also met with the different committees, and gave them new ideas for work, which have given good results during the past year.

Through the efforts of the membership committee 34 honorary members have been secured.

In Dec. '92, we changed our constitution for the one adopted by all city associations.

In March we moved from the rooms above Jolkman & Dykema to rooms in the Kanters block, where we held a reception Wednesday evening, March 16th.

Two socials were given for the girls, which were very enjoyable.

We were able to send two delegates to the State convention, who gave us very interesting reports.

An entertainment was given by the members, assisted by the Junior Class, in Lyceum Hall, May 31, which netted \$42.05, and a bazaar was held in our rooms Dec. 20, netting \$26.30, making a total of \$68.35. This amount was used in purchasing an organ.

Through the efforts of the Junior Class committee a large Junior Class has been formed, where good work is being done for the Master.

We have been able to help some of the poor of our city by sending out Thanksgiving baskets. Also by sending at different times comforts to three poor families, a sick girl, and a sick woman.

As we look back upon the year's work we surely have reason to be encouraged. Our membership has never been as large, and the meetings are very well attended.

We are sure that we have been blessed in our meetings and have been drawn closer together by meeting at "one mercy seat."

Let us do more for our Master this year than we have done in the past, trusting in this promise: "And let us not be weary in well doing, for in due season we shall reap if we faint not."

SARAH CAPRON, Sec'y.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 25, '93.

Common Council.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 25th, 1893.
The common council met in special session at 7 o'clock called to order by the mayor.
Present—Mayor Harrison, Alds. Schoon, De Spelder, Dalman, Den Uyl and Habermann, and the clerk.

The object of the meeting was to hear the report of the committee on revision of the charter, and to take such action thereon as may be deemed necessary.

The secretary of committee on revision of charter, G. Van Schelven, read a report of the doings of said committee—Report accepted.

Present—Mayor Harrison, Alds. Schoon, De Spelder, Dalman, Den Uyl and Habermann, and the clerk.
The object of the meeting was to hear the report of the committee on revision of the charter, and to take such action thereon as may be deemed necessary.

The secretary of committee on revision of charter, G. Van Schelven, read a report of the doings of said committee—Report accepted.

Ald. Den Uyl moved that provision be made in the charter providing that the mayor receive a salary of one hundred dollars per year and that the aldermen each receive a salary of fifty dollars per year.—Carried.

A motion of A. D. Dalman the mayor and clerk were authorized to call a meeting of the citizens of the city of Holland at the Opera House on Tuesday January 31st, 1893, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of considering the amendments proposed by the charter revising committee, and desiring to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, Ottawa County Times, De Grandet and De Hollandet, and also to have one thousand dogtags printed and distributed.

Adjourned.

GEO. H. SUPP, City Clerk.

Annual Statement of the Zeeland Furniture Manufacturing Co.

Amount of capital stock is \$30,000 00
" " " " paid in 30,000 00
" " " " invested in real estate 15,500 00
" " " " personal estate 22,367 00
" " " " of debts of the corporation 29,431 55
" " " " credits 15,576 17

MARINUS SCHRAM Pres.
CORNELIUS VAN LOO, Sec'y & Treas.
WM. WICKERS Manag'r.
JOHN SPURER,
P. J. H. WALDA,
JAS. BOONE,
JOH. PYLE,
Directors.

I, Cornelius Van Loos, do solemnly swear that I am the Secretary of the above named corporation, and that the matters set forth in the foregoing report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CORNELIUS VAN LOO.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24th day of January 1893.
ALBERT LAHUIS,
Notary Public in and for Ottawa County, State of Michigan.



(BRICK-SET OR PORTABLE FORM.)

Portable and Brick Set

HOT AIR

Furnaces.

AT

T. Van Landegend.

Notice of Dissolution.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between John Harvey, H. H. Benjamin and Benj. Browner, under the firm name of Harvey & Benjamin, for a general milling business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Benj. Browner retiring.

The business will be conducted under the same name by John Harvey & H. H. Benjamin.
JOHN HARVEY,
P. H. BENJAMIN,
BENJ. BROWNER.

Hamilton, Jan. 25th, 1893.
Leather Coats, the very best, cheap, at
L. HENDERSON.

ADIRONDA TRADE MARK

Wheeler's Heart Cure AND Nerve

Will Positively Cure
HEART DISEASE,
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
SLEEPLESSNESS, AND
All Derangements of the Nervous System.
UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS.
A blessed boon for tired Mothers and Restless Babies.
Purely vegetable, guaranteed free from opiates
100 full size doses 50 cents.

PREPARED BY
Wheeler & Fuller Medicine Co.,
CEDAR SPRINGS, MICH.

Sold by HEBER WALSH, and MARTIN & HUIZINGA,
Holland, Mich.

J. FLEEMAN'S

Wareroom's an River str., Holland,
are again filled up with all kinds
of implements needed by
the Farmer.

Slayton & Avery's Hay, Stock Rack and Wagonbox, or, in other words, a patented Combination Wagon, which can be made to serve as Hay Rack and to haul cattle and other articles.

Hay Rakes, The best and most desired.

Cochrane & Co's Chamber Patent Self-Compressing Sling. With this machine a load of hay or bundled grain can be unloaded in two or three lifts.

Cultivators,
Selfbinders,
Mowers,
Reapers,
Shovel Plows,
Shovel Cultivator
Five Tooth Cultivators, Landrollers, etc., etc., all of latest and best and improved inventions.

No use in going to Zeeland any longer for quantity, quality, or price. We sell as cheap as any one.

Wagons and Buggies.

The largest assortment in this line. Light and heavy wagons with one or two seats, manufactured to suit. All warranted.

Come and See.

Notice to Commissioners on Claims.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.
Probate Court for said County. Estate of William Van Patten, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate of said County, Commissioners on Claims in the matter of said estate, and six months from the Twenty-eighth day of November, A. D. 1892, having been allowed by said Judge of Probate to all persons holding claims against said estate, in which to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment: Notice is hereby given, that we will meet on Thursday the Twenty-sixth day of January, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock A. M. of each day, at the law office of J. C. Post in the City of Holland in said County, to receive and examine such claims.

Dated Holland, Dec. 9th. A. D. 1892.
ISAAC MARSHLEE,
G. VAN SCHELVEN,
Commissioners.

A CARD.

We desire to announce to our friends and patrons that we have sold our entire stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS AND
GENTS' FURNISHING

LOKKER & RUTGERS,

who will continue the business in these lines at the same stand, in our old store on Eighth st.

This will enable us the better to devote our attention to Dry Goods and Notions.

Our stock at present is complete in Dress Goods and in Cloaks, Shavels and Blankets we are supplied by 1 case, and offer special bargains.

A choice stock of Groceries always on hand. Small profits and quick sales is our motto, and we will not be undersold by any one.

NOTIER & VERSCHURE,
P. S.—Call on us, at the old stand. 47-ly.



Mrs. M. BERTSCH.

All millinery goods, also jackets, a complete stock on hand, will be sold cheap.

Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.
MRS. M. BERTSCH.

Suppose You Mix A Little

Common sense with, Sentiment in Gift making for Christmas. For instance, in buying for a gentleman, get a dozen linnen collars or cuffs in an elegant inlaid Japanese Box, or either of the following:

JAPANESE—Silk Handkerchiefs,
Silk Mufflers,
Silk and Embroidered Suspenders,
Ascot or Puff Scarfs,
Gloves, Silk and Worsted Mitts,
Fine Dress Shirts,
Silk or Derby Hats.

Any of the above articles will make a Suitable Holiday Present and will be valued as long as they last.

Wm. Brusse & Co.

Clothiers and Manufacturers.

H. MEYER & SON.

River Street, Holland, Mich.,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

PIANOS: A. B. CHASE, STERLING SMITH & BARNES and BRAUMELER.
ORGANS: UNITED STATES, LAKE SIDE, STORY & CLARK and FARRAND & VOTER.
SEWING MACHINES: NEW HOME, DOMESTIC, WHEELER & WILSON, and all the Leading Machines in the market.

Banjos, Guitars, Violins

Music Boxes.

New Sewing Machines from \$20 and upwards.
Sheet Music Catalogue mailed free on application

Gentlemen!

HERE'S WHAT YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR.
OUR ANNUAL REDUCTION SALE OF OVERCOATS.

Fine is no name for them. It does not do justice to the Magnificent line we're showing. There's finer than the finest, and include every correct style shown this season. Our immense stock of

Ready Made Clothing.

Gents' Winter Furnishing Goods, and Plush and Fur Caps, All at a Bargain.

Jonkman & Dykema

—To the—

City Meat Market

OF

WM. VAN DER VEER

Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

HOLLAND, MICH.

Fresh and Salt Meats, Mutton and Veal.

CASH FOR POULTRY.

H. H. KARSTEN,

Zeeland, Mich.

Buckwheat ground, and Buckwheat Flour sold or exchanged; warranted to be prime. Pearl Barley manufactured.

36 pounds of the best flour given in exchange for a bushel of wheat.

Unclean Wheat purified free of charge. Highest price paid for

Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat and Barley

Elevator and Mill near R. R. station at Zeeland, Mich.

H. H. KARSTEN.

LITTLE MISTRESS SANS-MERCI.

BY EUGENE FIELD.

Little Mistress Sans-Merci
Trotted world-wide fancy free;
Trotted cooing to and fro;
And her cooing is command—
Never ruled there yet, I trow,
Mightier monarch in the land;
And my heart it lieth who o
Mistress Sans-Merci doth fare.

Little Mistress Sans-Merci—
Sh' hath made a slave of me!
"Go!" she biddeth, and I go—
"Come!" and I am fain to come—
Never mercy doth she show,
Be she wroth or frolicsome;
Yet am I content to be
Slave to Mistress Sans-Merci!

Little Mistress Sans-Merci,
She hath grown so dear to me
That I count as passing sweet
All the pains her moods impart,
And I bless the little feet—
That go tramping on my heart.
Ah, how lonely life would be
But for little Sans-Merci!

Little Mistress Sans-Merci,
Cuddle close this night to me,
And that heart which all day long
Buttless thou hast trod upon,
Shall outpour a soothing song
For its best beloved one—
All its tenderness for thee,
Little Mistress Sans-Merci!

—[Ladies' Home Journal.]

MISS BAXTER'S BLINDNESS.

The dining car was in a shimmer of light. The dead white of heavy linen, the opalescent glare of glassware, and the quiet gleam of silver trembled together in the swift motion of the train. Miss Baxter, who had but recently left her berth, dropped into a seat and leaned back a moment, dazed by the lavish waste of color. Meanwhile the insistent sunlight took liberties with the dull brown of her severely brushed hair, ran burning fingers through it, and edged it with coquettish gold. Then she hastened to draw the curtain and throw a blue square of shade over her corner of the table, sighing as she settled down again, and all the painful scene of the evening before came surging back.

She felt half a notion to lay her head on the table and cry outright. She glanced down instead and fingered her ring—his ring—while her eyes grew misty. She wondered whether she should have kept the ring, now that it no longer meant anything. The question was yet undecided when she pulled herself together with a visible tremor and turned to the menu card. Dining-car breakfasts were not timed to wait on the settlement of subtleties in ethics, particularly after the steward has made his "last call."

In the few minutes Miss Baxter had been in the car she had not noticed her companions. As she raised her head she was startled to see a familiar face dimly taking shape across the table. She had removed her glasses and was about to pass her handkerchief to her eyes, but she put them resolutely on again and looked fixedly through their misty crystals.

"Mr. Woodson, where did you come from?" she demanded at length, as his well-known features gradually took shape before her.

Woodson did not speak at once. He was noticing how her hair would tumble down in wayward ringlets in spite of her efforts to keep it staidly back, and how her cheeks persisted in dimpling, however resolutely she shut her lips together. Then he said:

"From New York, of course. Does my dress suit look as though I'd boarded the train in these rural precincts? I thought you knew the cut better."

"Do you mean to say that you've been on this train all this while—after—after—last night?" Miss Baxter asked, with slightly heightened color.

"Guessed it the first time," Woodson exclaimed, brightening. "I tell you, Grace, you should have gone into the law instead of art. You'd have been great on cross-examination."

"Never mind, Mr. Woodson, you seem to forget that I prefer to make my own career—we've discussed that before, however. And so you've been on this train ever since I have!" she concluded, reflectively.

"A little longer, in fact. I made a mistake and got here half an hour early—read the time table backward—hence the clothes. But now, see here, small girl," Woodson went on with great deliberation, shaking out his napkin into his lap and gazing into the blurred, blue depth of Miss Baxter's glasses. "See here, now do you suppose just because a girl jilts me—" Miss Baxter here interposed a depreciating gesture—"yes, I repeat it. Do you suppose just because a girl jilts me, and I have reason to believe is going to the ends of the earth to get where she will never see me again, that my sense of responsibility ends till I've seen her safely where she wants to go? No, I've made New York uninhabitable for you and I shall make what amends I can by chaperoning you to Colorado or Kamchatka or wherever it is you are going. Now, what shall I order for breakfast?"

"Harry, you're cruel. You know Mr. Fleming was going out there for the color and I thought it would be a good chance to continue my outdoor work."

"Fleming? That prig! Well, I didn't know before that he was going. I see there is still more reason why I should go now—and stay."

"But I forbid you doing any such foolish thing."

"To tell the truth, Grace, I thought of staying all the time—of going into some business there."

"Why, you never told me of it before."

"Well, I never thought of it till after I left you last night." Then it occurred to me that I might go into sheep or cattle or something like that."

claimed, taking from her hand the one she was making a sad mess of.

"Harry, I never can forgive you for doing this," Miss Baxter concluded, after a moment's contemplation of the whirling blur of green through the car window.

"Well, I never could have forgiven myself if I hadn't—and there it was," he asserted dispassionately, laying the pulpy, broken sphere of the orange before her. It is quite a jaunt from Manhattan to Manitou; but one morning they exchanged the cushioned weariness of the train for that blue hollow of the hills, with its gayly-colored roofs and gables showing here and there up the canyon like a scattered troop of butterflies.

Then life became one long breath of delight. What color there was! The earth seemed hung in some rare medium than common air. The yellow cactus blossoms were like flakes of flame. A scarlet flower fairly burned into the sight. Grace developed a new enthusiasm every day, and piled her palette with cobalt and chrome. Even Fleming, who had preceded them, grunted out now and then, "Put in your loopy pure. Make her jump."

So they painted from morning till night, keeping two or three studies under way at once—putting in blues where Woodson saw greens and purples where he saw nothing but nondescript sand, and doing all the inexplicable things that should be done according to the gospel of the luminists.

Woodson sat by and chafed. He couldn't paint. He wouldn't smoke. He parried Grace's occasional inquiring glances by explaining that he was negotiating to go into the cattle business—a man was going to bring him a herd on trial.

Meanwhile he arrayed his shapely figure in cowboyish top boots, blue shirt, and slouch hat, which became him immensely, and made a sinister impression among the blazers and tennis suits of summering Manitou. Grace was absorbed and satisfied. One day he found a little bit down here the other day that I'd like to have you sketch—to send home, you know. You'll do it, won't you?"

"Why, of course. I'll speak to Mr. Fleming."

"Oh, hang Mr. Fleming!" Woodson broke in. "Fleming is all right in his way, but I want you—your sketch, you know."

The place was quite a distance away, over the mesa. They set out for it next day.

"Here it is," Woodson exclaimed, after a long tramp, pointing over the burning plain to where a row of cottonwoods were banked against the sky, tremulous in the vibrant air. "There, do that; call it 'A Hundred in the Shade,' or something like that."

"It doesn't seem to compose very well," Grace murmured, holding the tips of her fingers together and inclosing the picture in a rosy frame through which she gazed, half shutting her eyes in truly artistic intenseness.

"Well, never mind that; get the character of it. You know Fleming says the character's the thing. That's what I want—the character—the true character of this beastly country."

So Grace donned her big blue apron and set to work with her biggest brushes. But somehow she had trouble. The quality of that sky, burning with light and yet deep in hue, did not seem to reside in cobalt, however fresh from the tube. The value of the stretch of plain, tremulous under the flaring heavens, disturbed her, too, and when she came to put in the airy wall of cottonwoods along the horizon the whole thing ended in a painful muddle.

"Oh, I can't do anything to-day," Grace exclaimed, petulantly, wiping her troubled brow with the back of her hand and leaving a streak along her forehead that intensified her puzzled look.

"Why don't you put those trees in green?" Woodson asked with a serious concern, as Grace renewed her struggle with the regulation blues and purple.

"But I don't see them so," she murmured, in a moment of absorbed effort.

"Grace," he blurted out almost before he knew it, "I don't believe you see anything. Excuse me, but I don't believe you ever did. I don't believe in your art; I don't believe in your career; I don't believe in your independence; You're simply spoiling the nicest girl in the world with it. You see everything through Fleming's eyes. You see things blue and purple because he does; and he—well, he sees things that way because some fellows over in Paris do, and I don't believe in it. There, now, I've said it, come."

But it was not arranged that he should finish what he had to say. He had looked down to the ground where he sat as he spoke of Fleming. When he looked up Grace was several feet away from him, hurrying down the hill, with her head bowed.

"I'm a brute—a miserable brute!" Woodson remarked to himself with considerable force, as he watched her striding toward the half-dry creek. "But some one ought to have told. Her art is all foolishness. Look at Fleming, even. He's 40, and I'd like to know where he'd be if it wasn't for his teaching. But I'm a brute, just the same—a heartless brute."

There was a plum thicket along the creek, and after watching Grace disappear within it Woodson set about picking up her sketching kit. This done, it occurred to him that it would be a proper penance on his part to wash her brushes—he had always hated dirty brushes so. Gathering them up he started toward the creek. When he got there he could see no signs of Grace. Could it be that anything had happened to her? The thought made him catch his breath for a moment.

He knew she was impulsive—capable of any rash move in a moment of excitement. Then he heard a stirring in the plum thicket and he came face to face upon her in a little opening, crying softly to herself.

"Grace," he called, "why, what's the matter? I know I'm a brute, but I didn't think you'd take it so."

"Oh, can't you help me?" she pleaded, and began groping about and feeling aimlessly with her hands.

He saw that her hair was loosened and that her wrists and face were scratched and bleeding in a dozen places.

"Why, what's the matter?" he queried, again, as she came groping toward him and stumbled against him.

"Can't you help me at all?"

"Of course I can, small girl; you're all right. Nothing shall touch you," he reiterated as his arms closed tightly around her.

"Oh, silly, can't you see I've lost my glasses?" she exclaimed, pulling away from him and flushing red among the greenery. But he held her tight.

"You don't want them; you see better without them, blue eyes. Confess, now, you never really saw before. Give up, trusting in those wretched glasses and trying to be independent. Come, see your career through my eyes."

But still she held back an arm's length really defiant. His fingers left a white circle where they clasped her wrists. She seemed ready to cry and then smiled instead: "You'll get my glasses if I promise?"

He nodded.

Suddenly throwing her arms about his neck she said: "I always liked your eyes," and pressed a kiss on either lid. "Maybe you were right about my art," she added seriously. "But—this needn't interfere, need it?"

"Interfere! Why, I'll tell that man that I've decided not to take his cattle, and we'll turn the whole herd into paint."

—[G. Melville Upton, in Kate Field's Washington.]

POPULAR SCIENCE NOTES.

A Berlin chemist claims to have discovered the art of reproducing colors true to nature with the camera.

It is a popular test of the power of an opera or a field glass to try to sight four of Jupiter's moons. To ascertain the limit of a small telescope, having object glasses of 2 1-4 to 2 3-4 inches in diameter, try to sight the rings of Saturn.

To form an idea of the experiments that take place abroad in the way of testing new devices in warfare, the station at Liege, Belgium, consumes nearly four million cartridges and forty tons of powder a year in testing firearms.

BIG AND LITTLE TELESCOPES.—"Great Telescopes" was the subject of an address delivered recently before the Chicago Academy of Sciences in the Athenaeum building by Professor J. E. Keeler, formerly astronomer at the Lick Observatory, now director of the Allegheny Observatory, Allegheny, Pa. A large and attentive audience, composed chiefly of professors and scientists, listened to the lecture, which lasted more than two hours. "The popular idea of telescopes," said the professor, "is wholly erroneous. There is no use of increasing the magnitude of the lenses beyond a certain size. Nothing is gained. I have frequently been able to do more and better work on a clear night with a little two-inch lens of my own manufacture than was possible on a 'twinkling' night with the great Lick telescope. The only real advantage possessed by the great telescopes is a much higher resolving power—that is, through the great lenses astronomers are able to distinguish an appreciable distance between two stars so close together that they have always been regarded as one. "The Lick telescope was an experiment, and the Chicago telescope will be a further experiment in the same line. In atmospheric conditions Chicago will have to yield the palm to California, although I do not doubt that the new observatory, taking advantage of past experiments, will be the most complete and perfect in existence."

Mongolian Camels.

The popular idea regarding "the ship of the desert" is completely at fault if applied to the camels of Mongolia and Pechili. Juvenile natural histories talk of the soft padded foot for which this animal is so distinguished, as if a "sandy bottom" were the only surface upon which he could walk with comfort. But the greater part of mercantile transport in North China is performed by camels, and, except in the immediate neighborhood of Peking, sand is an unknown luxury to this much-enduring beast. How vast is the number of camels thus employed may be guessed from the fact that during our day's journey we passed more than eight hundred wending their ditory way from the Tartary steppes to the plains of Chi-li. They chiefly carried soda-soap, a kind of animal alkali or lye found on the borders of Mongolia, and cut into blocks each weighing about 200 pounds. At no time is the camel a prepossessing object. But here nature provides him with so shaggy a covering that his ungainly form becomes even more hideous. Camel's wool, by the way, used for padding clothes, is an article of considerable traffic hereabouts, and, when spring zephyrs take the place of winter blasts, the herdsmen of the plateau shear their camels by a process which preserves the merit of extreme simplicity, pulling out by hand whatever has not been shed naturally. Many animals are kept for the sole purpose of yielding wool, but the amount obtainable from each is singularly disproportioned to the huge bulk of the producer. A heavy fleece taken from a full-grown camel will seldom average over seven dollars, while eight dollars is a high price for the pelt of 123 pounds.—[Century.]

Milk Powder.

The recent invention of a German agriculturist is attracting attention as a convenient substitute for condensed milk. He claims to have solved the problem of preserving milk in a solid state for an indefinite period. His milk powder, specimens of which have been exhibited at agricultural exhibitions in Germany, is prepared from about thirty per cent. of albuminous matter, or about seven per cent. more than meat of good quality. The powder is easily soluble in four or five parts of hot water, and can be used with great ease for the preparation of cocoa and other beverages, or incorporated with potato flour for confectionery purposes and the like. In case the invention turns out to be all that is claimed for it, this will create an increased demand for milk and inaugurate a new industry that cannot but prove advantageous to the farmer.—[American Dairyman.]

THE WEEK AT LANSING.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE IS DOING.

An Impartial Record of the Work Accomplished by Those Who Make Our Laws—How the Time Has Been Occupied During the Past Week.

The Law-Makers.

In the House Tuesday Mr. Bailey introduced a bill providing for a uniform tax on spirituous and malt liquors of \$400, which shall also include druggists. It provides that saloons may be kept open all night and all week days, except election, Thanksgiving, and possibly other holidays of a religious character. Several other measures were proposed. A bill was passed and given immediate effect providing an assistant prosecuting attorney for Mackinac County. Several bills were notified in the Senate. Each house balloted for United States Senator under the provision of the Constitution, resulting as follows: Senate—Francis B. Stockbridge (Rep.), 20; Daniel J. Campau (Dem.), 10; Eugene H. Belden (Dem-Populist), 1. House—Stockbridge, 66; Campau, 27; Belden, 4.

In the House, Wednesday, a bill was introduced providing for air brakes after Jan. 1, 1894, upon all trains. A resolution was adopted to cut off the Upper Peninsula members from their extra compensation of \$2 per day, but Representative Chamberlain had the vote reconsidered and the resolution referred. Other bills introduced were one for the repeal of the Miner electoral law; reducing the number of justices of the peace to two in Grand Rapids; amending the game laws for deer; to establish a central board of control for insane asylums similar to that for other State institutions passed by the Legislature of 1891 and which will be repealed, undoubtedly, by this; joint resolution asking Congress to submit a constitutional amendment for election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people. In the Senate bills were notified making the open season for deer only during the month of November for the entire State; making an appropriation for the support of the Michigan University; for incorporation of companies to furnish abstracts and guarantee titles; to establish a 2-cent fare upon all street railways; making it unlawful for employers to prevent or attempt to prevent employees from joining labor organizations. Resolutions were adopted by both houses appointing a committee to prepare and pass resolutions upon the death of ex-President Hayes. Both branches will adjourn on Saturday until Jan. 20, to enable the several committees to visit the State institutions. In joint session the Legislature elected F. B. Stockbridge Senator.

Thursday afternoon the majority of the Senate Committee on Judiciary made a favorable report on a manuscript bill to repeal the Miner electoral law, and the report was adopted. The bill was then put upon its immediate passage and passed by a strict party vote. The House concurred in the Senate resolution providing for an adjournment from Saturday until Monday, Jan. 30, and the committee will visit the State institutions. The Upper Peninsula delegation had made preparations to take the Committees on State Mining, School and Mining Interests, together with a number of guests, to the Upper country by special train to leave Detroit Sunday morning. A resolution requiring members to file an itemized statement of expenses was defeated. In the House bills were introduced to authorize Boards of Supervisors of the Upper Peninsula to provide the Sheriffs of said counties with salaries in addition to the fees now received and to repeal the act providing for the Central Board of Control for State Institutions. A joint resolution providing for a Constitutional amendment reducing the time in which bills may be introduced in the Legislature from fifty to thirty days was also introduced. Resolutions on the death of Benjamin F. Butler were adopted in the House.

In the Senate Friday the Contested Elections Committee in the Wheeler-Mugford case reported in favor of the sitting member, Mugford (Dem.). Bills were notified making appropriations for the expenses of the Northern Asylum; amending the law creating the State Board of Dental Examiners so that no more graduates than two from the same school can serve upon the Board at one time; increasing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction from \$1,000 to \$2,000, and providing for his election at the spring election when regents of the university are chosen. The most important bill noticed in the House was one providing for the inspection of beef on the hoof at slaughter-houses in the State. It is practically what was known as the "beef-on-the-hoof" bill before the Legislature of four years ago. It would effectually prohibit shipping dressed beef into the State by outside parties, although they could maintain salaried houses within the State. Other bills were introduced for creating a State land commission for developing waste State lands; for uniform text-books in the schools; making an appropriation for marking the position of Michigan troops on the Gettysburg battlefield; appropriating \$20,000 for a woman's annex to the University gymnasium; establishing a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic and appropriating \$50,000 therefor; to tax all church property in excess of \$5,000 in value.

Have You a Mole?
It is now pretty well established, says a distinguished physician, that a large proportion of moles on the face and neck if allowed to remain long enough will become cancers. I have seen this proved any number of times. Several years ago I was called in consultation by an examining physician of a Life Insurance Company to look at a man who wished a \$10,000 policy. This man had a black mole on his right temple. I advised the physician to reject the applicant unless he had that mole removed. The would-be policy-holder laughed at me and angrily said he'd have nothing more to do with a concern that accepted such idiotic advice. More than that, he said he'd wear that mole for fifty years if he lived that long, just to prove me a quack. In less than a year a very malignant cancer developed from that very mole, and within two years from the time I examined him he was a dead man, the cancer ending his life. But the dermatologist has not yet discovered why moles become cancers, or how it is known that the pigment or coloring matter in them is the poison that starts the growth.

The March of Pestilence.
YELLOW-FEVER in Philadelphia in 1793; 11,000 deaths.
AWFUL destruction by yellow-fever at Philadelphia in 1762.
PESTILENCE of yellow-fever in Cuba in 1732; great mortality.
TERRIBLE outbreak of cholera in India in 1774. Millions died.
In 1781, 5,000 English troops attacked on march in India; 3,000 died.
In 1665 there were 68,800 deaths in London in thirty-three weeks.
GENERAL yellow-fever in West Indies in 1745. Thousands of deaths.
In 1781 healthy men dropped dead by dozens; millions died in India.
AWFUL plague in Syria, 1720; whole cities peopled only by the dead.
TERRIBLE ravages of yellow-fever in Philadelphia, 1899; 1,700 deaths.
In 1778 there were 170,000 deaths in Constantinople in eighteen weeks.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Injured by a Powder Explosion—Dushville Wants a New Name—Alpena Women Give Mouse Parties—"Cornered" the School House—Froze Both Feet.

Record of the Week.

A FALLING tree near Menominee killed Paul Kosbab.

MENOMINEE'S new 35-acre park will be opened to the public in spring.

THE Iron Mountain Building & Loan Association has declared a 12 1/2 per cent. dividend.

LILLIE CREIGHTON, a young Alpena girl, froze both feet. Amputation may be necessary.

THE Lansing State Democrat, founded by Geo. P. Sanford, has been sold to H. F. Baker.

A PETITION is being circulated at Dushville, asking that the name of "the town be changed.

JAMES J. BROWN, a St. Ignace attorney, wants the nomination for Circuit Judge in that district.

MCINTOSH BROS., of Iron Mountain, made \$40,000 on the Chicago Board of Trade in pork last week.

A ST. CHARLES woman who runs a millinery store announces in a local paper that she will take farm produce in lieu of cash.

FRANK THOMPSON, of near St. Charles, was fatally injured, being struck in the abdomen by a board flying off from a saw.

THE People's Club, of Battle Creek, adopted a resolution protesting against a \$50,000 appropriation by the Legislature for the World's Fair.

CHARLEVOIX has a reading club of seven members. Together they subscribe for a number of periodicals and take turn after in reading them.

JACK ARMSTRONG, who was held at Escanaba for the shooting of George Myers over a year ago, was discharged. Myers died in a hospital several weeks ago.

ALPENa women gave a mouse party the other night, but there was nothing there which in any way resembled a mouse, and consequently the women didn't sit on tables.

THE Ingham County Farmers' Club doesn't want county officers to receive fees. They want every one of them to depend upon his salary for a living. They think \$600 would be about the right thing for the Prosecuting Attorney, and about \$300 for the Probate Register.

At the time of his sudden death during a dance several days ago, it was reported that John Hanson, the Michigamme saloonkeeper, had been poisoned by his wife, they not having lived together very happily for some time. A coroner's jury decided that he died of apoplexy.

A BEAR LAKE woman thought the pump in her cistern wouldn't work. Unable to repair it herself, she took it out of the cistern and sent it to a carpenter. Still it wouldn't work. After doing a good deal of talking she bought a new pump, but it was just the same. No water could be brought to the surface. Finally, some one investigated the mystery and found there wasn't a drop of water in the cistern.

If reports are true, a queer state of affairs exists in a school district near Newberry. A certain man is director and his wife moderator of the district. Of course it is, therefore, possible for them to run the school. Each teacher has to board with them, and from a recent pedagogue they are said to have tried to extort a certificate that their's was a first-class boarding house. He refused to do so, and now he's in trouble.

JOHN MCGRAW and Thomas Coughlin, two miners, were fatally injured by the explosion of a keg of powder in an old shanty at Shullsburg, Dickinson County. The men noticed that the powder began to smoke and tried to escape from the building, but had not gone more than a couple of yards before the explosion occurred. The shanty was reduced to kindling wood, and pieces were thrown a distance of three miles.

SEVERAL years ago Charles Lamkin, of Ypsilanti, married Ida Chamberlain. For the past year the two have not lived together, Mrs. Lamkin having charge of their two children. Lamkin lived in Detroit and desired to get possession of the youngest child, Glen, a boy of some 6 years. The other day the father is said to have gone to Ypsilanti, and after getting the boy from school, to have skipped to Detroit with him.

DUNDEE is hankering after a free-delivery to her postoffice.

A NEW postoffice has been established at Kinross, Chippewa County.

THE Chamber of Commerce at the Sault is again in a state of "revivication," and it is proposed to place it on a sound basis for the purpose of securing manufacturing enterprises for the town.

At Lansing the session of the Michigan Engineering Society had a spirited discussion of the subject of good roads. Papers prepared by numerous engineers, including Prof. R. C. Carpenter, formerly of the Michigan Agricultural College but now of the Cornell University, were read and the question was discussed in all its phases. The association was addressed by James H. Kinne, of Kalamazoo, a member of the State Commission recently appointed to investigate and report on this subject. He stated that the necessary legislation to secure good roads cannot be enacted under the present constitutional provisions. It is necessary to change from the township to the county system of road supervision, and in order to do this a constitutional amendment must be ratified by the people. The result of the discussion was the passage of a resolution instructing the President to appoint a committee to consider the plans proposed and embody the recommendations of the association in a memorial to be presented to the Legislature.

S. HARTSON, of Rea, will probably lose his sight. He was struck over the eye with a blacksmith's hammer. He was a drummer in the civil war and lost the other eye there.

HENRY TOUSEY, a highly respected and wealthy farmer, who lives four miles southwest of Northville, died of heart failure. When discovered he was lying in a hog pen, where he had been feeding the animals. The hog had eaten off both his ears and a portion of his hand. He was unmarried and 80 years of age. He lived with his nephew.

A Yachting Cat and His Antics.

It was surprising to see how quickly Middy made himself at home. He acted as if he had always been at sea. He was never seasick, no matter how rough it was or how uncomfortable any of the rest of us were. He roamed wherever he wanted to, all over the boat. At meal times he came to the table with the rest, sat upon a valise and lapped his milk and took what bits of food were given him, as if he had eaten that way all his life. When the sails were hoisted it was his special joke to jump upon the main-gaff and be hoisted with it; and once he stayed on his perch till the sail was at the masthead. One of us had to go aloft and bring him down. When we had come to anchor and everything was snug for the night, he would come on deck and scamper out on the mainboom, and race from there to the bowsprit end as fast as he could gallop, then climb, monkey-fashion, half-way up the masts, and drop back to the deck or dive down into the cabin and run riot among the berths.

One day, as we were jogging along under a pleasant southwest wind, and everybody was lounging and dozing after dinner, we heard the Bos'n call out, "Stop that, you fellows!" and a moment after, "I tell you, quit—or I'll come up and make you!"

We opened our lazy eyes to see what was the matter, and there sat the Bos'n, down in the cabin, close to the companionway, the tassel of his knitted cap coming nearly up to the combings of the hatch; and on the deck outside sat Middy, digging his claws into the tempting yarn, and occasionally going deep enough to scratch the Bos'n's scalp. When night came and we were all settled down in bed, it was Middy's almost invariable custom to go the rounds of all the berths, to see if we were properly tucked in, and to end his inspection by jumping into the Captain's bed, treading himself a comfortable nest there among the blankets, and curling himself down to sleep. It was his own idea to select the Captain's berth as the only proper place in which to turn in.—St. Nicholas.

Preventing Future Misery.

If there is, in this vale of tears, a more prolific source of misery than the rheumatic twinge, we have yet to hear of it. People are born with a tendency to rheumatism, just as they are with one to consumption or to scrofula. Slight causes may develop this. As soon as the agonizing complaint manifests itself, recourse should be had to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which checks its further inroads and banishes the rheumatic poison from the system. This statement tallies exactly with the testimony of physicians who have employed this fine blood purifier in their private practice. There is also the amplest professional and general testimony as to the efficacy of the Bitters for malaria, liver complaint, constipation, indigestion, kidney trouble, nervousness, and loss of appetite and flesh. After a wetting, whether followed by a cold or not, the Bitters is useful as a preventive of the initial attack of rheumatism.

An Ingenious Frenchman.

M. Trouve, a Parisian electrician, first introduced electric jewels to be worn in the hair or as pins and brooches, and also invented small portable batteries for lighting the same. He is an extremely ingenious man, and his last contrivance is an electric fountain, which he has erected for Mme. Patti at Craig-y-Nos. The light is projected on the jets of water by means of four parabolic reflectors under the glass-covered chambers from which the water springs. Various tints are given to the light by interposing colored glasses arranged on two superimposed discs, concentric and otherwise, which are turned in the same or opposite directions with equal or unequal velocities by means of a small water wheel. This new toy affords Mme. Patti's friends much amusement.

Important to Fleshy People.

We have noticed a page article in the Boston Globe on reducing weight at a very small expense. It will pay our readers to send two-cent stamp for a copy to Betina Circulating Library, 38 E. Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

French in Canada.

The French-Canadian emigration from Quebec to the United States is astonishingly heavy. The emigration fever has extended to Chateaugay and Beauharnois, the two counties of the province, whose people have been supposed to be the most prosperous and contented.

Finely Illustrated Book.

Descriptive of Florida and Southern country, mailed free to any address upon receipt of ten cents in stamps. Charles L. Stone, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railway, Room 415, First National Bank Building, Chicago.

Eggs and Apples.

The Romans began every banquet with eggs, ending it with apples.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

RUBBER heels for marching have been introduced by a French army surgeon. The infantry have tried them with good results.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it 25c.

Lumbago cured by two applications. Mr. M. G. Righy, Baltimore, Md., Special Agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, says: "I take pleasure in stating that two applications of Salvo Oil cured me of a severe attack of lumbago."

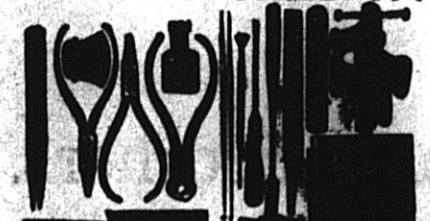
WORDS are the counters of the wise but the money of fools.—Hobbs.

SOMETHING TO REMEMBER

If you're a weak or ailing woman—that there's only one medicine so sure to help you that it can be guaranteed. It's Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In building up overworked, feeble, delicate women, or in any "female complaint" or weakness, if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back. It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and strengthening nerve, and a safe and certain remedy for woman's ailments. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

Nothing else can be as cheap. With this, you pay only for the good you get.

YOU'VE SPOILED IT!



We mean your watch, because you didn't have proper tools. How would you like to become a watchmaker? We can teach you to trade in your broken watch for all the tools necessary. Book and tools for \$3.00. These tools (see picture) without the book cost \$1.00. We also teach you to do plating, gilding, etc. All in the book. Tools are first-class jewelry tools, not cheap trash. A great opportunity for profitable employment. Watchmakers make big money. Will be sent by express on receipt of price, \$3.00, or sent C. O. D. where it accompanies the order. Includes stamp with letters of inquiry. Write to: W. C. Co., Importers and Wholesalers, Springfield, O.

SYRUP OF FIGS

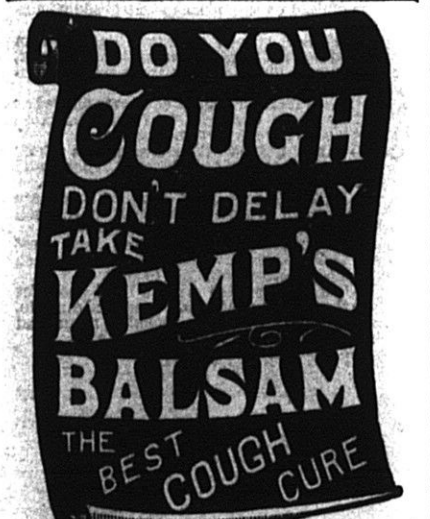


ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.



It Cures Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in its early stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

\$25 A WEEK! We want a MAN or WOMAN in every town to represent us. No experience or capital required. References must be given. Work new. No competition. Pay guaranteed. WEEKLY PUBL. CO., Concord, N. H.

Garfield Tea
Cures Constipation
Cures Colic, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Indigestion, Bloating, Stomach Pain, Biliousness, etc. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 315 W. 4th St., N.Y.

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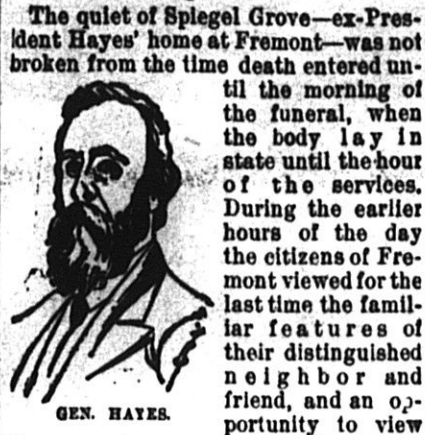
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BURIAL OF GEN. HAYES.

The Funeral Services at Fremont Were of a Simple Nature.



The quiet of Spiegel Grove—ex-President Hayes' home at Fremont—was not broken from the time death entered until the morning of the funeral, when the body lay in state until the hour of the services. During the earlier hours of the day the citizens of Fremont viewed for the last time the familiar features of their distinguished neighbor and friend, and an opportunity to view the remains was also given the guests from abroad at a late hour after the trains arrived. The crowd in Fremont three years ago at the obsequies of Mrs. Hayes was estimated at 15,000. That, however, was in the month of June, and the cold weather which now prevails diminished the number on this occasion. It is estimated, however, that the number present reached nearly 10,000.

The churches of the city were all warmed and thrown open for the accommodation of strangers and warm lunches were served by the ladies of Fremont for the accommodation of all. Every vehicle in the city was under contract for the day, and outside towns were called upon, as Spiegel Grove is at a considerable distance from the center of the town, and the cemetery where the interment took place is about two miles farther out. The services were simple and impressive. At 2 o'clock the family, personal friends and dignitaries from



EX-PRESIDENT HAYES' HOME AT FREMONT.

abroad assembled within the parlors. The psalm was read by the pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, immediately followed by a favorite hymn, sung by Prof. Alfred Arthur of Cleveland, leader of the regimental band, and David H. Kimberly of the Twenty-third Ohio, assisted by a quartette. Prayer was then offered by Dr. James W. Bashford, President of the Ohio Wesleyan University. There was no sermon. The services closed with singing and the Lord's prayer. The Grand Army ritual, which is very simple, was used at the cemetery. The Ohio National Guard and other military bodies were in the procession.

By direction of the Secretary of War the following officers of the army attended the funeral: Brigadier General Joseph C. Breckinridge, Inspector General; Colonel George D. Ruggles, Assistant Adjutant General; Lieutenant Colonel Marshall I. Ludington, Deputy Quartermaster General; Lieutenant Colonel H. C. Corbin, Assistant Adjutant General; Captain Tasker H. Bliss, A. D. C. to the Major General commanding the army. Secretary Charles Foster, Postmaster General Wanamaker and Secretaries Noble and Rusak attended as the special representatives of President Harrison, and President-elect Cleveland was present in person. They were accompanied by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Rathbone, representing the Ohio Republican Association. With the exception of Representative Haynes, the Ohio delegation did not attend the funeral. Senator Sherman found that his presence was needed in Washington, and Representative Enoch, who was in Gen. Hayes' brigade during the war, and would have attended the funeral, is not in very good health.

At Washington, on the day of the funeral, the national flag was displayed at half-mast. At dawn of day thirteen guns were fired and afterward, at intervals of thirty minutes between the rising and setting of the sun, a single gun, and at the close of the day a national salute of forty-four guns. The White House and all the executive departments were draped in mourning, and will wear their sable emblems of sorrow for a period of thirty days. All the departments were closed.

Notes of Current Events.

ALL harbors of Sweden are ice-bound.

Six cases of cholera have occurred at Buda Pesth.

Two new cases of cholera are reported at Hamburg.

THE Board of Trade of Hartford condemns the Chinese exclusion act.

A WAR in San Francisco-Central America steamship rates has been inaugurated.

CARDINAL GIBBONS has been chosen Papal delegate to the Catholic Congress at Chicago.

THERE will be a line of English steamers sailing monthly to the west coast of South America.

THE private bank of F. R. Scougal & Co., at Yankton, S. D., has failed. The liabilities are \$75,000.

A MILL belonging to the Goodale Worsted Company, of Sanford, Me., burned. Loss, \$100,000.

DR. GATLING, of Gatling gun fame, has invented an electric gun which will discharge 2,000 shots a minute by electricity.

GOV. BROWN of Maryland refuses to pardon ex-State Treasurer Archer, serving a term in prison for embezzling \$132,000.

A FIGHT occurred at Thompson's Springs, Utah, between cowboys and citizens. B. F. Terwilliger, a merchant, was killed.

It has become known that the autopsy of Gen. Butler's body showed that the brain was four ounces heavier than that of Daniel Webster.

THE National Woman Suffrage Association decided to meet in Washington every alternate year at the beginning of the long session of Congress.

THE mutilated body of a young English woman, who was a bold mountain climber, has been found at the bottom of a ravine in the Ligerian Alps.

THE iron steamer John Ena is supposed to have been destroyed by fire in the Pacific off Panama. A burning boat resembling the Ena was sighted.

The Farmer and the Grocer.

A grocer would not pay a farmer the price of a ten-pound turkey for one that weighed but seven pounds.

Why should a farmer pay a grocer the price of the Royal Baking Powder for a baking powder with 27 per cent. less leavening strength?

The Royal Baking Powder is proven by actual tests to be 27 per cent. stronger than any other brand on the market. Better not buy the others, for they mostly contain alum, lime and sulphuric acid; but if they are forced upon you, see that you are charged a correspondingly lower price for them.

Work for Young Explorers.

People are accustomed to think that all the world has now been explored except Central Africa and the polar regions. As a matter of fact, there are portions of the American continent which are as completely unknown to science as any part of equatorial Africa. Within the last ten years a young American naturalist has won renown by his explorations in the basin of the Amazon in Brazil, and a vacation expedition of college students in Labrador has resulted in important additions to geographical knowledge.

Lieutenant Schwatka's explorations in Alaska and his visit to hitherto unknown tribes of cave-dwellers in Northern Mexico, revealed the fact that fields are still open on this continent in which young men with a serious purpose, a scientific education and a strong body may distinguish themselves in geographical and ethnological research.

In 1890 two large rivers, hitherto unknown, tributaries of the Amazon, were discovered by naturalists. A great part of Guiana, and a still greater part of the vast region immediately to the eastward of the Andes, extending from the frontier of Venezuela to the Argentine Republic, remain unknown lands, so far as certain knowledge is concerned.

Should it all be gone over and accurately mapped, there would still remain to be learned many facts about it, as well as about the regions already known, which are of the highest scientific interest, and in the study of which distinction might be gained.

Unequal Division of Trouble.

"I am sorry to go," said a lady, after making a long afternoon call, "but I promised to be home before tea."

"Oh, no, stay, and I'll explain it to your husband," replied the hostess, who had just been urging the invitation.

"Don't you do it!" came her nephew's voice from the next room. "Don't let her lead you into misdeeds that you will be punished for afterward. She used to coax me in just the same way when I was a boy, and then I had to suffer for it."

"Nonsense, Henry!" said his aunt. "This is nothing but a joke. Don't take any more notice of it, Mrs. Bell, but you must stay to tea."

"You see, when I was here in school," pursued the ruthless nephew, "we lived out of town, and I was expected to be at home every night before dark. Once a week I used to run in and call on auntie, and she always persuaded me to stay to tea and go home in the evening; and when I said father would scold with me afterward, she used to say—"

"Oh, just stay and I will take the responsibility."

"Well, didn't she take it?" asked the visitor.

"Yes," was the reply. "She took the responsibility, but I took the whipping."

The Question

Of how to visit the World's Fair without great inconvenience and loss in securing comfortable hotel accommodations at reasonable prices is one that interests everybody. This problem has been solved so far as subscribers to THE SATURDAY BLADE and THE CHICAGO LEDGER are concerned. All annual subscribers to either of these papers now receive certificates which entitle them to the privileges of the "W. D. Boyce World's Fair Bureau of Information," operated solely by W. D. Boyce, publisher of THE SATURDAY BLADE and CHICAGO LEDGER. When certificate holders reach Chicago they go at once, at any hour of the day or night, to the office, 115-117 Fifth avenue, where they register. Here reception rooms are provided for both ladies and gentlemen, where mail can be directed, correspondence attended to, baggage and parcels cared for, and where correct information can be obtained about the various ways of getting around the city and to and from the fair grounds. Some trustworthy and competent person will also accompany each certificate holder in search of a boarding place and secure for them rooms at whatever price desired. BLADE and LEDGER subscribers will be guarded against all sorts of impositions during their visit at the World's Fair. For these services no charge will be made; they are absolutely free. Subscription price of either of these papers is \$3 per year. Sample copies sent free. Address the publisher, W. D. BOYCE, 115-117 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

CARRIES were used in Nineveh and Babylon, as shown in paintings, B. C. 1500.

Ages of Presidents.

Mr. Cleveland lacks but a few days of being 56 years old, which is precisely the average age of Presidents on their accession. The oldest President was William Henry Harrison, who was 68; Buchanan was 62; Taylor, 65; Jackson and Adams, 63; Monroe, 69; Jefferson, Madison and J. Q. Adams, 58; Benjamin Harrison, 56; Hayes, 64; Lincoln, 52; Tyler and Arthur, 51; Polk and Fillmore, 50; Garfield and Pierce, 49; Cleveland, 48, and Grant, the youngest President, 47.

Now is the time to treat Catarrh of long standing. Ely's Cream Balm reaches old and obstinate cases, where all other remedies fail. Do not neglect procuring a bottle, as in it lies the relief you seek.

REV. H. H. FAIRBANKS, D. D., editor of the Iowa Methodist, says editorially, "We have tested the merits of Ely's Cream Balm, and believe that, by a thorough course of treatment, it will cure almost every case of catarrh. Ministers as a class are afflicted with head and throat troubles, and catarrh seems more prevalent than ever. We cannot recommend Ely's Cream Balm too highly."

Apply Balm into each nostril. It is quickly absorbed. GIVES RELIEF AT ONCE. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

Rough on the Baby.

A Canadian newspaper calls attention to a nursing bottle advertisement which concludes with the words: "When the baby is done drinking it must be unscrewed and laid in a cool place under a tap. If the baby does not thrive on fresh milk, it should be boiled."

YOU CAN BREAK UP A BAD COLD by the timely use of Dr. D. D. Jayne's Expecto-rant, an old and popular medicine for Sore Throat and Coughs, and the best of all Cough remedies.

THE average of the pulse in infancy is 120 beats per minute; in manhood, 80; at 60 years, 60.

SUDDEN CHANGES OF WEATHER cause Throat Diseases. There is no more effective remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc., than BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cts.

A CROCODILE takes eighty seconds to turn completely round.

FTN.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Many cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 611 Arch St., Phila., Pa.



THE NEXT MORNING FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 10c and 25c per bottle. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine never fails to cure. In order to be healthy, fitly equipped, and to be able to do your best, you must have LANE'S MEDICINE. Address ORATOR F. WOODWARD, Lakewood, N. Y.

MENTION THIS PAPER when writing to advertisers.

MERCURIAL

Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Arkansas, says: "About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poisoning. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that made my life one of agony."

After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and began using S. S. S. After taking several bottles I was entirely cured and able to resume work."

Is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

PENSION

JOHN W. HOBBS, of Washington, D. C., says: "I have been disabled for several years by a severe case of rheumatism. I have tried many remedies, but have not been able to get any relief. I have now been cured by S. S. S. and am able to resume work."

Is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

HIGH FIVE OR EIGHT PARTIES

should send at once to JOHN B. BARTON, G. T. A. C. I. P. E. R. K. Chicago. TEN CENTS, in stamps, or pack for the highest cards you ever shuffled. Get \$1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs.

MENTION THIS PAPER when writing to advertisers.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies — or Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio. MENTION THIS PAPER when writing to advertiser.

MUSIC Anyone can play the Piano or Organ WITHOUT A TEACHER!

THE NEW YORK "WORLD" says: "One of the wonders of the nineteenth century is Super's Instantaneous Guide to the Piano or Organ. It is a book that can be played upon either piano or organ at once, without the aid of a teacher, and the price asked for it (\$1.00) is a mere trifle when compared to the benefit to be derived. The thousands of suffering invalids who have come gratefully to the publishers for persons who are using the Super Instantaneous music, speak more highly of its merit. Price, \$1.00, including Set of Ten (10) Pieces of either Church Hymns or Popular Airs. Address, SUPER MUSIC, 62 WORLD BUILDING, NEW YORK."

Justice to All.

It is now apparent to the Directors of the World's Columbian Exposition that millions of people will be denied the pleasure of becoming the possessors of

World's Fair Souvenir Coins

The Official Souvenir of the Great Exposition—

The extraordinary and growing demand for these Coins, and the desire on the part of the Directors that equal opportunities may be afforded for their purchase, have made it necessary to enlarge the channels of distribution. To relieve themselves of some responsibility, the Directors have invited

THE MERCHANTS

Throughout the Nation to unite with the Banks in placing Columbian Half-Dollars on sale. This is done that the masses of the people, and those living at remote points, may be afforded the best possible opportunity to obtain the Coins.

THE FORTUNATE POSSESSORS

of SOUVENIR COINS will be those who are earliest in seizing upon these new advantages.

\$10,000 Was Paid For The First Coin

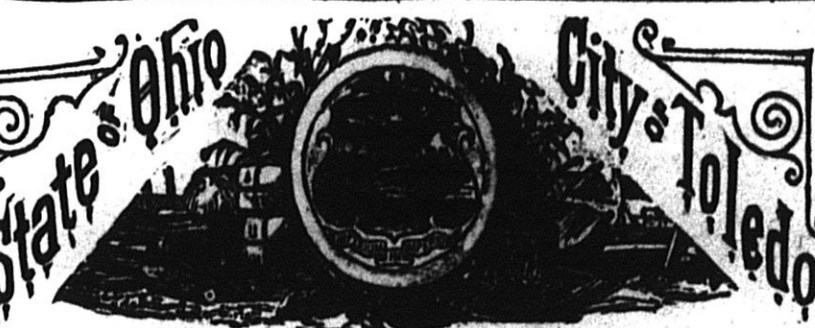
They are all alike, the issue is limited, and time must enhance their value. The price is One Dollar each.

HOW TO GET THE COINS:

Go to your nearest merchant or banker, as they are likely to have them. If you cannot procure them in this way, send direct to us, ordering not less than Five Coins, and remitting One Dollar for each Coin ordered.

Send instructions how to ship the Coins and they will be sent free of expense. Remit by registered letter, or send express or post-office money order, or bank draft to

Treasurer World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, Ill.



LUCAS COUNTY, S. E.

FRANK J. CHENEY MAKES OATH THAT HE IS THE SENIOR PARTNER OF THE FIRM OF F. J. CHENEY & CO., DOING BUSINESS IN THE CITY OF TOLEDO, COUNTY AND STATE AFORESAID, AND THAT SAID FIRM WILL PAY THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR EACH AND EVERY CASE OF CATARRH THAT CANNOT BE CURED BY THE USE OF HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me, and subscribed in my presence, this 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1893.

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the Blood and mucous surfaces.

E. B. WALSH & CO., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it."

J. A. JOHNSON, Medicine, N. Y., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me."

CONDUCTOR E. D. LOMBS, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful. Write him about it."

J. C. SIMPSON, Marquette, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh."

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is sold by all Dealers in Patent Medicines.

Price 75 Cents a Bottle.

The only Genuine HALL'S CATARRH CURE is Manufactured by

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Testimonials sent free on application.

MENTION THIS PAPER when writing to advertisers.

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ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

The pupils of the Grammar department of the public schools took a sleigh ride Monday evening.

We learn that J. H. Petrie, principal of the Zealand school, will be one of the candidates for the Republican nomination of county commissioner of schools.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Purdy, next Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock. Let all attend.

There still remains a golden opportunity in this city for a bargain in stoves. In order to convince yourself hereof, call at the Pioneer Hardware. See new adv.

Monday Ja's Cook and family will leave for their new home, Morley, Mich. Mr. Cook has been in the employ of W. H. Beach in this city for fifteen years consecutively.

Eugene Finch, an employe at the West Michigan Furniture factory, had his hand struck by one of the saws, Friday morning, cutting into the ends of three fingers quite seriously. He made a bee line for Dr. Yates' office where his wounded fingers were duly attended to.

Wednesday afternoon a dog owned by A. Craig, in the First ward, seized two boys, Cornelis De Waard and Johnnie Beeuwkes, and bit them in the legs, while they were defending a little girl against his vicious attacks. Complaint was made under the city ordinance and the necessary order issued for the killing of the dog.

Thursday W. H. Beach and C. J. De Roo, president and secretary of the Holland-Chicago Transp. Co., went to Saugatuck to note the progress made on the new steamer. The ceiling on the inside is nearly finished and the planking on the outside is also progressing well. They expressed themselves well satisfied with the material and workmanship of the vessel, and thought the boat would be launched some time in March.

Personal Mention.

C. J. De Roo was in Grand Rapids, Monday.

Mrs. G. J. Kroon, aged 78 years, is on the sick list.

Will Garrod of Allegan, was seen in the city, Friday.

G. Rankins of Coopersville was in town Thursday.

C. Blom, Sr. and Jas. Huntley were in Manistee, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Van Putten Sundayed at Grand Haven.

Geo. W. McBride of Grand Haven was in the city, Monday.

Ed. Blair, the oil inspector, registered at the City Hotel, Tuesday.

Hon. John Stokette of Grand Rapids is ill, with stomach troubles.

Mrs. T. McCall and Mrs. Geo. Hill visited the Valley City, Thursday.

Editor Wachs of the G. H. Express made a short stay in the city, Tuesday.

G. Gringhuis of Grand Haven was seen on the streets of the city, Tuesday.

J. O. Brien, the well known insurance agent, of Grand Haven, was here on business, Friday.

John Cook and wife of Grand Haven were here this week, attending the wedding of their brother.

E. Van der Veen visited with his daughter Mrs. Rev. J. J. Van Zanten, at Grand Haven, this week.

Rev. H. S. Bargelt attended the funeral of Rev. J. W. Reid, at Grand Rapids, as one of the pall bearers, Wednesday.

Mrs. Geo. P. Hummer gave a children's party Saturday afternoon, in honor of the birthday of her two oldest daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Keppel, and Mr. I. Marsilje and daughter Susan spent Thursday and Friday with Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Keppel at Grand Haven.

C. Van der Veere, Jr., of Grainfield, Kas., after an absence of fourteen years, is visiting relatives here, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Van Duren. He is accompanied by his wife.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Grand Haven.

Major B. D. Safford is clerking in Lansing.

There is a rumor afloat that a new democratic paper will be established here April 1st.

Hereafter Ottawa lodge No. 122 F. & A. M., will meet at Coopersville instead of Eastmanville.

Navigation this winter is not very profitable. It is rumored that the boats on the Milwaukee line will be withdrawn until the weather changes.

We have learned with regrets that the House committee on public buildings has stricken the Grand Haven public building bill from the list of measures which may be taken up for passage at this session of Congress.

Port Sheldon.

News items are scarcer than snow flakes at present.

For many days our roads and travel across the bridge have been blocked, but now they can be traveled again.

Mrs. Sheahan, mother of Thos. and Philip Sheahan, died at her residence near the town line, Sunday morning. She has been sick for a long time and was buried at Grand Haven.

So finally monopoly is being downed in your city; a regular competition is beginning to crop out among your merchants, and the old style of giving a farmer a due bill for his wood and produce is nearly a thing of the past. I suppose that from now on every tradesman will fight his own battle, put his own prices on his goods, and not let others do it for him; thanks to Botsford & Co., for their lively competition. It is the life of trade, even if it is only in kerosene.

It is almost time for the News to get a new potato thermometer, for our market for that kind of produce does not seem to rise or fall all through the year.

Our genial friend I. Marsilje has at last done what he should have done long ago. He had too many irons in the fire. From this on we hope not to have to come for miles to see him and find his coat tails going round the corner with his "be back in five minutes," and be compelled to go home and not see him, come again and hang around for five or six hours and then catch him on the fly. Time is money, to a farmer as well as a banker. Every one who is acquainted with the gentleman will extend congratulations, and wish him all the luck the world can give.

Spring will soon be here and it will be time to get some fruit farms started through the northern part of Olive township, so as to encourage the new Holland-Chicago steamboat line, when they get started and compel the company to build another boat next year, and not depend on outsiders for boats when they are most needed. In connection with this fruit raising let us observe that this locality is not near so cold as other parts of the county. Although it has been very cold all over, it has not been below zero but once here this winter.

PSEUDONYM.

Olive.

The late storm has obliterated all traces of roads again.

Another early settler has gone. Mrs. Baldwin Headley of Ottawa Station died Thursday night at 11:30. Funeral at the school house, Sunday at 11:30 a. m. The house was filled to its utmost capacity. There were present from abroad four daughters, Mrs. Omalia of Chicago, Mrs. Stevens of Grand Rapids, Mrs. Scribner of Grandville, and Mrs. Ludlow of Hoppertown.

Rev. Heywood is conducting protracted meetings at Olive Centre, with seeming good effect. They are held at the school house, in the evenings, and prayer meetings at private houses every day. Families are being re-united, and the neighborhood generally. Through the influence of these meetings some of the old frozen-up members here are really getting thawed out. Daniel McCall died Tuesday. The funeral was held at the house on Thursday. Mr. McCall had been confined to his bed but a short time. His complaint was said to be consumption. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoag, on Tuesday, the 24th, a son. All are doing well.

Business is suspended here this week with a majority of the people, on account of the religious interests.

SACRED FISH.

A Strange Superstition of the Moslems of Tripoli.

Near Tripoli the Moslems have erected a large, high building, with snow-white dome, near the pond and tree known in occult literature as the "Pond and Tree of the Sacred Fish." The building itself has a title equally as high-sounding as the pond and the tree, being known throughout northern Africa as "The Palace of the Sacred Fish." The fish, which are kept in a clear pool in the rear of the building, much resemble common dace or chub, but the old sheik who has charge of them says that they are really the re-animated souls of departed Moslems of high renown. One, a large black fish, the king of these piscatorial oddities, is said to seldom show himself, but the others may be seen in thousands. The old sheik, who must be of a theosophical turn of mind, says that during the Crimean war many of the older fishes went off under the sea to Sebastopol to fight the Russians, and that hundreds of them came back badly wounded. The people of Tripoli believe that anyone so indiscreet as to eat one of these fish would instantly die a horrible death. This superstition has been rife for years. As long ago as 1856 Dr. Jessup, the American consul at Tripoli, caught some of them and cooked and ate them. He pronounced them as coarse and unpalatable food; otherwise unharmed.



LOOK for the Owl and Moon brand.

GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

It will make BETTER BREAD than you have ever made before.

POOR BREAD generally means POOR YEAST. POOR YEAST always means POOR BREAD.

Look for the Owl and Moon. At your Grocer's.

De Kraker & De Koster,
Dealers in

FRESH, SALT, AND SMOKED MEATS.

Parties desiring
Choice Steaks and Roasts
Are especially invited to call.

Market on River Street
DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.
Holland, Mich., Aug. 8, 1892.

HAIR DRESSING PARLOR

RE-OPENED.

I hereby wish to notify all my former customers and others that I will reopen my Hair Dressing parlors on

To day, Saturday,
and cordially solicit their patronage.

Mrs. Chas. Harmon,
Over Harmon's Barber Shop.

Special Mention.

Of the constant additions of
this season's goods at

G. Van PUTTEN & SONS.

A FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS.

CHEMILLE Table Cloths.

FASCINATORS from 25 cts to \$1.00

LADIES' VESTS from 25 cts. to \$1.00

WHITE WOOLEN BLANKETS from \$1.00 and upwards.

HANDKERCHIEFS, 6 for 25 cents, Hemstitched.

YARNS, Saxony, Spanish and German.

HOSIERY, a full assortment.

CORSETS, all sizes and prices.

LADIES MITTENS, to suit all.

Groceries and Family Supplies.

"NOVELTY"

J. R. KLEYN.

Are You in Need of
Building Material?

J. R. KLEYN.

Lumber,	Doors,
Shingles,	Sash,
Lath,	Mouldings,
Builders' Hardware,	Glass,

J. R. KLEYN.

Sheathing Paper, \$1.00 to \$1.75 a roll.

J. R. KLEYN.

Agency for Corrugated
Iron and Steel Roofing at
Factory Prices.

J. R. KLEYN.

Novelty Wood Works.

Bottling Works.

C. BLOM PROPRIETOR

The River Street Bottling Works.

of Holland are again open, and ready to supply the demands for

TOLEDO BEER.

Orders sent in by mail, or left at the "ROSE BUD SALOON," will be promptly filled.

1 doz. bottles, \$1.00

1 doz. bottles, 50

Goods delivered within the City, free of charge.

C. BLOM.
Holland, Mich., March 4th, 1892.

6-17

Bosman Brothers.

THE

CLOTHIERS : OF : HOLLAND.

The Finest Cloths,
The Latest Styles,
The Best Fit.

Bosman Brothers.

Bosman Brothers are the leading clothiers in Ottawa County. Have you ever tried them on a suit made to order? Bound to please.

Large Stock of Ready Made Clothing for Men and Boys.

Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods
Bosman Brothers.

F. J. BERTSCH

IS NOW THE PROPRIETOR OF

The Art Gallery

LATELY IN CHARGE OF

F. E. PAYNE.

I will continue the Business at the Old Stand, on River Street, north of the new Bank Block, up stairs.

Warranted to give satisfaction.

All work guaranteed.

PHOTOGRAPHS

ALL SIZES AND STYLES.

F. J. BERTSCH.

HOLLAND MICH.

NEW WINTER MILLINERY.

AT

MISS DE VRIES & CO.

We respectfully invite the Ladies of Holland and vicinity to come and see our new line of

WINTER MILLINERY.

We sell all our Trimmed Goods at Great Reductions.

New Goods Constantly Received.

CELERY SEED

FOR

HEADACHE

over excitement of the mind or body. Under this name and label we offer an invaluable powder, agreeable to take, purely vegetable. PRICE 25 CENTS AT DRUGSTORES.

TESTIMONIAL.

WILL Z. BANGS, Chemist.

Dear Sir: For ten years my wife has been a sufferer from Nervous Headache. Have tried numerous headache cures, but none gave the satisfaction received from your Magic Celery. I wish \$1.00 worth of the Headache Remedy.

HENRY ZEAGURS.

AN OFFER.

Cut out this "ad" and show it to your nearest druggist. If he has not Magic Celery in stock, write us what he says, give name and address and we will send you a package free.

WILL Z. BANGS, Grand Rapids, Mich.

POSITIVE CURE FOR

Billious Sick Headache and Neuralgia!

Warranted to cure all forms of Headache. Being combined with Celery it is a specific for NERVOUS HEADACHE.

These fruits have recently come into notice as a nervous stimulant and remedy for Sick Headache, especially adapted to cases of extreme prostration or loss of vitality due to over excitement of the mind or body. Under this name and label we offer an invaluable powder, agreeable to take, purely vegetable. PRICE 25 CENTS AT DRUGSTORES.

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WILL Z. BANGS, Grand Rapids, Mich.



W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY!

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from \$10.00 to \$12.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from \$6.00 to \$8.00.

\$3.50 Police Shoes; Farmers, Railroad Men, and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at \$2.50; this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.25 and \$2.00 Workingman's shoes have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' \$3.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 shoe for Ladies are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable. Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

IF TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Trusts on local advertised dealers supplying you.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

For Sale by G. J. Van Duren Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

Choice

Pork, Beef, Veal,
Steaks, Roasts,
Sausages,
Corned Beef, Salt Pork,

—at the—

ECONOMY

Sausage Meats of all kinds
Beef, Pork, and Veal,
fresh made.

Special Rates to Boarding Houses.
Poultry in its Season.

Kuite Bros.

Holland, Mich., March 4, 1892.

6