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### Holland City News, Volume 15, Number 51: January 22, 1887

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XV.—NO. 51.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1887.

WHOLE NO. 752.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

**Terms of Subscription**  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.  
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$3 per annum.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.  
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

In sums to suit on productive Real Estate.

**L. S. PROVIN,**  
Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agent.  
Office Lovett's Block, opp. Sweet's Hotel,  
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

## Societies.

### F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of **UNITY LODGE**, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 5, Feb. 2, March 9, April 6, May 4, June 1, June 29, Aug. 3, Aug. 31, Sept. 28, Oct. 26, Nov. 30, Dec. 28. St. John's days Jan. 24 and December 27th.  
A. HUNTLEY, W. M.  
O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

### Knights of Labor.

Harmony Assembly, No. 3,719, of Holland City, meet in Odd Fellows' Hall every week. All communications should be addressed to  
HARMONY LOCK BOX,  
Holland, Mich.  
27-y

### K. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 63, meets in Odd Fellows Hall at 7:30 p. m., on the First and Third Monday of each month. All Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheap Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application.  
L. D. BALDUS, Commander.  
W. A. HOLLEY, R. K.

## Business Locals.

### To Rent.

A store on Eighth street next to Germania House good for any kind of business will be rented to a good tenant at reasonable terms. Inquire of  
JACOB KUIJE,  
HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 12, 1887. 50-2t

### Horse Shoeing.

We have employed a first-class Horse-shoer and are prepared to do all kinds of work in that line. Give us a call.  
TAKKEN & DE SPELDER,  
HOLLAND, Dec. 30, 1886. 48-1f

### Wood Wanted!

By the Board of Water Commissioners, of the City of Holland, 300 cords of four-foot round Hemlock or Pine wood, to be delivered at the Holland City Water Works, for which the highest market price will be paid. For further information inquire of the chairman, John Kramer, at the store of Boot & Kramer.  
Geo. H. SIFF, Clerk.

### Six O'clock.

We desire to inform the public that we will close our store at six o'clock p. m. from now until next March. We are also selling CLOAKS at greatly reduced prices. Trimmed Hats are sold by us for one-half their actual value. Our stock of Yarns, Etching and Embroidery silks, Stamped Linen, and Felt Articles, etc., etc., is the most complete in the city and we are selling at reasonable prices. Toboggan Hoods made to order.  
L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE & Co.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 5, 1887. 49-1f.

## Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday at 7:30.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "A Christian workman not needing to be ashamed." Evening, "The mission of the pulpit," or "The call of the ministry to our young men." Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly Prayer and Praise service Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. The pastor will preach a sermon in the morning and Rev. Dr. N. M. Steffens will deliver an address. In the afternoon Rev. Henry Dosker will preach.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2:00 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45.

Holland Christian Ref. Church.—Rev. E. Van Der Vries, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. 2:00 and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. H. D. Jordan, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Class-meeting at close of morning service, and at 7 p. m. Teachers meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All the seats are free. Subjects: Morning, "Call to God's people to show their colors." Evening, "God's remedy for sin."

Grace Episcopal Church—Rev. George S. Ayres, Rector. Divine Service every alternate Sunday, 1st, 3rd and 5th. Morning Service at 10:30; Evening Service at 7:30; Sunday School at 12 m. Holy Communion at 10:30 a. m., and Children's Service at 3:15 p. m. on the first Sunday of each month. All are invited to attend. Strangers especially welcome. "O Worship the Lord in the Beauty of Holiness," Ps. 96-9.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

DR. AND MRS. O. E. YATES were in Plainwell last Saturday.

We have had only about forty days of snow fall so far this season.

THE ice houses at Macatawa Park and Ottawa Beach are being filled.

ARRANGEMENTS are being made for a musical entertainment at the Opera House soon.

BUSINESS is dull in this city owing to the almost impassable condition of the country roads.

THE Holland City Butter Tub Factory have been making large shipments of tubs the past week.

DR. J. A. MABBS of this place was called on last Sunday to attend Mrs. Chas. Coates, of Saugatuck.

REV. WORMSER, of Oostburg, Wis., has accepted the call to the First Reformed Church of Grand Haven.

MRS. M. D. HOWARD and daughter Sadie returned from a three week's visit at Grand Haven last Wednesday.

OUR big office boy has been celebrating this week. He has got a little sister at home which came on Saturday night last.

It is generally conceded that Representative Diekema is the leading member of the Fifth District in the State Legislature.

MISS ANNA and Minnie Minderhout, of Grand Rapids, were this week the guests of Miss Kate Sooter, of this city.

HAVE you seen A. C. Van Raalte's fast horse? He is a beauty and he came from Senator Stockbridge's Kalamazoo stock farm.

ICE is the easiest thing in the world to fall on, and yet when you fall on it you find it the hardest thing in the world to find on.

HAVE you heard of the law preventing a man marrying his widow's sister? Several legal minds were puzzling over this question recently.

If the marriage of Anarchist Spies to Miss Van Zant should take place it would indicate that it is but a step from the altar to the halter.

UNTIL further notice the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of this city will meet every Thursday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Scott.

C. V. R. POND, Commissioner of Labor of Michigan, has our thanks for a copy of his report which is very interesting to all persons interested in the great question of "Labor."

J. H. NIBBELINK, the Ninth street Livery stable keeper, has added undertaking to his business and is prepared to take charge of funerals and will furnish everything in connection therewith. See his advertisement in this issue.

THE work of storing ice in this city has been suspended on account of the settling of the ice from the weight of the snow laying on the top, which keeps the ice overflowed all the time and makes work next to impossible.

THE Ladies Guild of Grace Church will hold a social at the residence of Mrs. M. W. Rose, on Wednesday evening of next week. A good time is assured to all who attend. Let one and all encourage the ladies in the good work. All are welcome.

THE practice of catching on the rear ends of passing sleighs, sliding with sleds on the sidewalks, peddling fish on the streets of the city, are still indulged in by the boys in spite of the ordinances of the city prohibiting these practices. They should be stopped.

THE Fifteenth Annual Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Michigan, will be held at Grand Rapids, Mich., commencing on the 3rd of February, and continuing until the 7th. The Association, of Hope College and of Holland City, each expect to send a large delegation.

Those who receive the News on Friday evening will remember the public meeting to be held in the Opera House. Steps are to be taken to secure important manufacturing interests and all citizens who have the interests of the city at heart should be present and give substantial encouragement to the movement.

THE people of Grand Haven are all possessed with the toboggan craze. It is generally conceded that the fondness of the Grand Havenites for this "sport" was early developed in sliding down the numerous sand hills which surround the county seat. The "craze" has a big chance for development in Holland.

NEXT week Thursday is the annual "Day of Prayer" for Colleges, Seminaries and schools of learning. The sermon tomorrow evening at Hope Church by the pastor, Rev. T. W. Jones, will bear upon that occasion. The subject will be "The mission of the pulpit," or "The call of the ministry upon our young men."

WE learn that the Alba Heywood Combination will give an entertainment at the Opera House during the latter part of this month. His combination now includes Mr. and Mrs. Frank Holton. The satisfaction given by Heywood last year will no doubt insure him a full house. Duprez & Benedict's minstrels are also booked here this season.

NEXT Sunday the Third Reformed Church, which has been closed for a few weeks for repairs, will be re-opened for divine service. The exercises in the morning will consist of a sermon by the pastor and an address by Rev. N. M. Steffens. In the afternoon a sermon will be preached by Rev. Henry E. Dosker, of Hope Seminary.

SEVERAL families prevented from attendance at the annual pew-renting in Hope Church have since selected pews. Other persons desiring seats or sittings can apply to any member of the Pew Committee. This Committee consists of C. A. Dutton, W. Brussee and B. J. De Vries. The diagram can also be seen at the store of Mr. Herold.

A PUBLIC meeting of the citizens of Holland is called for Friday night, to take action upon an important manufacturing enterprise offered to the people of Holland. As we go to press Friday afternoon we are unable to give an account of the meeting in this issue. We can only hope that it will be largely attended and a proper amount of interest taken to assure us a large and growing manufacturing establishment.

YESTERDAY the front of the new Albert building was exposed to public view for the first time. It is designed after the latest style of plate glass fronts, being composed of heavy plate glass and adorned at the top with different colored glasses. The effect is very fine and this front will be, we hope, a striking pattern for the fronts of future buildings to be built here. It is the only plate glass front in our city of 4,000 inhabitants.

THE annual congregational meeting of Hope Church took place last week Monday. A goodly number was present, notwithstanding the unpleasant weather. The financial statement for the past year was made and pews were rented for the coming year. More than a dozen persons voluntarily raised their quarterly pledges for 1887 and new pew-holders were added to the list of Church supporters.

F. E. WOODIN, the comic caricaturist and patentee of the system of producing expressions by mathematical principles will give one of his highly entertaining and instructive entertainments at the Opera House on next Thursday evening. The prices of admission have been placed at 10 and 25 cents. Mr. Woodin bears the best of recommendations and should be greeted by a large audience. His system of producing expressions is ingenious and simple. See it.

LAST Tuesday was the date for holding the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cappon & Bertsch Leather Co. and several of the stockholders of this place attended the meeting which was held in Grand Rapids. The affairs of the company were found to be in as good condition as usual although no dividends were declared this year. Important changes are expected to be made which will increase the manufacturing capacity and also the quality of stock.

"THE air we breathe" is the subject of a talk, that will be given to the young people of Holland and vicinity, by Prof. G. J. Kollen, in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. of the city on Tuesday next, Jan. 25, at 7:30 p. m. sharp. In connection with the subject the new air-pump of the College will be exhibited and several experiments will be made. All the young people, none excepted, are cordially invited to

come and become acquainted with this important subject. Admission free. Come and bring your friends with you. All are welcome.

LAST Monday morning one of the severest storms of the season struck this locality and continued to rage all day and until early Tuesday morning. The trains on the Chicago and West Mich. R'y were all delayed from one to four hours each and belated travelers were numerous. Tuesday morning the train from the north which branches off here for Grand Rapids and which generally arrives at 10 o'clock, did not reach here until nearly 1 p. m. Wednesday was the first fair day we have had in weeks and on Thursday it commenced to thaw, settling the huge drifts of snow considerably.

A CHAPTER of the Order of the Eastern Star was instituted in this city on last Thursday evening by worthy Dep't, Grand Patron, Loren Day, of Grandville. The name of the new Chapter is Star of Bethlehem. The officers are Mrs. Geo. Foster, Matron; F. G. Churchill, Patron; Mrs. S. J. Higgins, Associate Matron; Mrs. A. King, Treasurer; Mrs. Kate Herold, Secretary; Mrs. F. G. Churchill, Conductress; Mrs. P. Conley, Associate Conductress; Mrs. W. H. Rogers, Ada; Miss L. Rose, Ruth; Mrs. C. Markham, Esther; Mrs. J. H. Purdy, Martha; Mrs. O. Breyman, Electa; Mrs. M. W. Rose, Warden; Mr. W. L. Hopkins, Sentinel. The Chapter starts out with evidences of a prosperous future and promises to become one of the best social organizations of the city.

### Macatawa Park.

The following is an extract from a letter received from a gentleman at Mishawaka, Indiana. Similar letters have been received from other persons, who contemplate building next season, and everything indicates a continuance of the "boom" at our delightful resort.

"MISHAWAKA, IND., Jan. 16, 1887.  
MR. C. A. DUTTON.

Dear Sir:—We have decided on a plan for our cottage and the builder is making out the bill of lumber. We are very much interested in our cottage plans. We often think of the delightful time we had at the park last summer. Nearly half the time is gone, before we expect to go back to Macatawa. I enclose plan for our cottage."

The writer of the above is a wealthy manufacturer of Mishawaka. Two other gentlemen from the same place will build at Macatawa next summer.

It is also very gratifying to us to be able to thus early chronicle the fact that many other new cottages are to be built early in the spring at Macatawa, and among them is those of Mr. Hugh Bradshaw and Mr. Gettleston, Chicago capitalists, who have made arrangements with Mr. J. R. Klein for their erection. The cottages are to be of a neat and tasteful design and will be a large addition to the ornamentation of the Park. When outside people, with money, become interested and connected with our summer resort it is certainly sure to boom. May the good fortune continue.

### The Fire Department

It will be seen on glancing over the council proceedings in this issue that our Fire Department is at present in a somewhat disorganized state and that there are prospects of a re-organization of this branch of the city affairs. There is an old saying which is a *propos* in this instance and that is: "The more men have the more they want."

The "city fathers" have always been very generous with our Fire organizations and at the present time have invested in the neighborhood of \$10,000 in handsome buildings for keeping the fire apparatus of the city, and for suitable meeting places for the different companies; they have always met the demands of the members of the department for all that was necessary for the advancement and comfort of the organizations; and have given each of the three companies of the city nearly \$100 per year in cash for their legitimate uses. But this was not enough. The members of the companies were imbued with an idea that they must be paid \$25 per year each for their services; and were not to be subject to any criticism whatever, no matter what their actions might be. This matter, the Committee on Fire Department, together with the Chief and Assistant Chief, have had under advisement for the past month, and decided that they could not allow the "boys" to follow the example of the ancient god "Atlas" and carry the world around on their backs. They

thought the load might prove too heavy for both the "boys" and the city and the request was practically refused. This caused resignations on the part of the members, and led to the new plans being formulated for the re-organization of the Department.

There are two features in this matter that are especially disagreeable to look upon and they are: The disposition of a small portion of the people of the city to make disparaging, discouraging and even disreputable remarks about the organizations when just the opposite course should be pursued; and then there is the evident lack of patriotism and enterprise, displayed on the part of the young men, in being lead to their present course in this matter. What would have been the result if the "boys" of 1776 and of 1861 had been led to give up their cause by the remarks of a few misled and indiscreet citizens. Boys, your hasty action is not one of which you should feel proud.

### Jesse James Juveniles.

The effect of reading yellow covered blood and thunder literature, and the manifest lack of discipline that parents exercise over their children, was thoroughly well demonstrated in Holland this week by the arrest of three boys, one twelve years old and the other two fourteen years of age. The crimes with which they stand charged is such that would, in case of conviction, commit older persons to years of servitude behind prison bars, and include such heinous offences as burglary, grand and petty larceny. It has been known for some time by the city officers that considerable petty pilfering was going on about town, and although they kept constantly on the watch, it was only a few days ago that their suspicions were aroused as to who the perpetrators were. On Tuesday last, under these suspicions, City Marshal Edward Vaupell and Officer Odell felt justified in taking into custody Ben Moes, and John and Jake Meeboer. A search was instituted, and in the attic at the house of the latter a quantity of stolen goods were found stored and taken into possession. Included in the list of goods recovered were 23 lightning rod points, stolen from W. J. Saunders about a month ago, 500 cigars taken from various places, a quantity of plug tobacco, pocket knives, pocket books, and other articles too numerous to mention. It appears that this juvenile Jesse James gang has been operating for several months and it is almost impossible to estimate the amount of plunder that has come in their possession and been disposed of. There is every evidence that they were organized and went about their work in a systematic sort of a way, showing very clearly that they carried surprisingly old heads on young shoulders. They were known to each other respectively as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3, and they carried on all correspondence under such addresses and signatures in order to avoid suspicion or apprehension. In the attic where their spoils were secreted entrance could only be effected by means of a ladder, and precaution had been taken to securely fasten the trap-door with strong locks. Each boy had a chest fastened with a padlock, containing their ill-gotten gains. In the boys possession were found about fifty assorted keys, files, picks, vises, and in fact what might be called a complete kit of burglar's tools. They were equally as well equipped as many of the expert cracksmen of to-day, and with these tools could obtain entrance to the Chicago and West Mich. R'y freight depot and most any of the stores on Eighth street. The boys, after being placed under arrest, openly acknowledged their guilt, but manifested little, if any, concern as to what might be the result. They seemed to take it more in the nature of a boyish adventure that would gain them notoriety, and little realizing that they had disgraced their parents and would be branded to the world as criminals. Their parents claim ignorance of what their boys were doing and were apparently not enough interested in their welfare to make inquiry or institute an investigation. This is only one of many illustrations of what parents must suffer by allowing their children to roam the streets at night, and it is to be hoped that it will have the effect of opening up the eyes of many a father and mother in Holland. These boys are not the only ones engaged in thieving in town, and it is only a matter of time when others will come within the clutches of the law. These juvenile criminals are now in jail at Grand Haven, but will probably be committed to the State Reform School, at Lansing, to-day.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

A VAST mass of rock and ice near the Horseshoe Falls at Niagara fell into the gorge below, changing very materially the formation of the precipice on the Canadian side. The break was near the spiral stairway, and 150 feet of the Government iron railing was carried down. A bill—essentially the same as that dismissed in Ohio—has been filed at Boston by the United States District Attorney on behalf of the Government against the American Bell Telephone Company and Alexander Graham Bell. John M. Wilson, who, in October, 1884, confessed in Chicago that he had murdered a man in Pennsylvania, has just been hanged for the crime at Norristown.

MEASLES is spreading in New York to such an extent that it may be necessary to close the schools. The judgment for \$102,000 against C. P. Huntington, the railroad king, in favor of David Stewart, was reversed by the New York Supreme Court. The police in New York forbid pool-selling on the New Orleans races. The Rev. Dr. McGlynn, who refused to obey the summons of the Propaganda, has received a second summons still more peremptory than the first, in the shape of a letter from Cardinal Simeoni, the Prefect of the Propaganda, inclosed in another letter to Archbishop Corrigan. The Archbishop wished Dr. McGlynn to call at the Archbishop's residence for the letter, but the latter declined, and it was forwarded in the usual way. The letter is kind and conciliatory, but should the priest not change his present disposition soon his case will be finally settled, it is said, within a month.

### THE WEST.

UNKNOWN persons removed the spikes and fish-plates on the Missouri Pacific track near Dunbar, Neb., and a passenger train was wrecked, plunging down a fifteen foot embankment. The engineer was killed, the express messenger fatally hurt, and a woman seriously injured. All the passengers were more or less bruised.

EVIDENCE taken by the Grand Jury at Ogden, Utah, showed that in a three-room house in that city live Willard Bingham, two wives, twenty unmarried children, five married sons, with their wives and fifteen children, and two hired men in the attic. Being afflicted with a bowel complaint Mrs. Henry Winn, of Oak Grove, Ill., went forty-seven days without food or drink. From a weight of three hundred pounds she declined to a mere skeleton, and died a few days ago. Fifty lodges of Crow Indians, in a condition next to starvation, are encamped at Clark's fork of the Yellowstone. They are eating cattle perishing in the snow drifts.

THREE cable-railway strikers at San Francisco have been arrested for causing the dynamite explosions on the Sutter street road. Rewards of \$1,250 have been offered for the conviction of the perpetrators.

THE citizens of Farrington Township, Illinois, used blasting-powder on a den of rattlesnakes, killing over 250 of the reptiles. The Terre Haute Distillery was almost entirely consumed by fire. The total loss is \$100,000, and the insurance is placed at \$70,000. Frank J. Bowman, the St. Louis attorney, has brought suit for \$20,000 damages against Theodore G. Case for causing a divorce suit to be commenced in Chicago.

### THE SOUTH.

AN explosion of gas in the coal bunkers of the British steamer Suez, at New Orleans, fatally burned the second engineer and three Chinese firemen, and dangerously burned three other Chinese.

GRANVILLE PREWITT was executed at Monticello, Ky., for the murder of Jarvis Buck and his sister, whom he killed to secure \$5,300. The eight-year-old son of the female victim, secured the conviction of Prewitt, and refused to shake hands with him on the scaffold. The boy also protested when the Sheriff was about to cut down the body of the murderer, fearing that he was not quite dead.

A SYNDICATE of Amsterdam bankers has purchased nine hundred square miles of timber land in Western Florida, on which to found a colony of Hollanders.

ALBERT O'DELL, James Lamb, John T. Echols, and John Stephens were hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., for murders committed in the Indian Territory. The execution passed off quietly. O'Dell and Lamb killed Edward Pollard in December, 1885, and at their trial each tried to convict the other. Echols was a desperado who had killed and robbed several persons. Stephens was an ignorant negro. Since Sentence was pronounced he had claimed to have talked with visitants from the other world, who assured him that his name was written in the "Book of Life." By the legal strangulation, at Richmond, Va., of Thomas J. Cluverius for the murder of his cousin, Fanny Lillian Madison, the last chapter was ended of a most sensational crime. The crime was committed to cover up Cluverius' criminal relations with Miss Madison, who was a relative of President Madison, and the conviction was largely on circumstantial evidence.

### WASHINGTON.

It seems to be generally conceded that the pleuro-pneumonia bill is going to pass as soon as it can be got up again. A member of the House is quoted as saying that "any bill with the smell of a cow-stable on it will pass." This measure, however, is generally looked upon as an important one.

THE Governor of Iowa has certified back to the Federal Government 2,641,731 acres of land in the counties of Plymouth, Woodbury, and Osceola, once granted to the Sioux City and Pacific Road, but forfeited by that company. The estimate of the Department of Agriculture for last year on the corn crop gives an

aggregate of 1,665,000,000 bushels, grown on 75,000,000 acres. The aggregate product of wheat is 475,000,000 bushels from an area of 37,500,000 acres. Commissioner Sparks has approved and forwarded to the Secretary of the Interior for transmission to Congress the report of Surveyor General Julian, of New Mexico, recommending the rejection of the private land claim known as the Gaspar Ortiz grant, covering 17,090 acres.

THE Department of Agriculture estimates of area, product, and value of corn, wheat, and oats for permanent record are completed, says a Washington dispatch:

The corn crop, in round numbers, aggregates 1,665,000,000 bushels, grown on 75,000,000 acres, and has a farm value of \$100,000,000. The yield is 32 bushels per acre—4½ bushels less than last year. There is an increase of area of over 3 per cent, and a decrease in product of 14 per cent, while the average price has increased 12 per cent, or from 32.8 cents to 36.6 cents per bushel. The aggregate product of wheat is 475,000,000 bushels from an area of 37,500,000 acres, having a farm value of \$124,000,000. The average value is 63.7 cents per bushel, against 77.1 for the previous crop, and 64.5 cents for the great crop of 1884. This is 35 per cent. reduction from the average value between 1870 and 1880. The yield of the spring-wheat centers is better than was expected early in the season, and on the Pacific coast much worse. The general average for winter and spring wheat is nearly 124 bushels per acre. The product of oats is 624,000,000 bushels—5,000,000 less than last year—from an area of over 23,000,000 acres, producing a value of \$186,000,000. The average yield is 26.4 bushels, against 27.6 last year. The average value is 29.8 cents per bushel; last year, 28.5 cents per bushel.

It is believed that the House committee will report unfavorably on the Senate resolution to pension Mrs. Logan. Her husband's book, says a Washington dispatch, brought them \$1,000 per month, and the publishers say the sales since his death have increased to such an extent that they do not know how much they owe her, from which the idea has gone abroad that the Senate's action was unnecessary. General W. B. Hazen, the chief of the Signal Service Corps, died last week in Washington, aged 57 years. A graduate of West Point, he entered the last war as Colonel of the Forty-first Ohio Volunteers, and rose to the rank of Major General. His widow, now in France, is a daughter of Washington McLean. Halsall's celebrated painting of the battle between the Monitor and Merrimac has been purchased and hung in the Senate chamber at Washington.

### POLITICAL.

THE Legislature of Nevada has elected William M. Stewart United States Senator. The Illinois Central Democratic Committee met at Springfield, elected Phelps, of Chicago, Chairman, and decided to move the headquarters to Chicago for two years. W. J. Mize was re-elected Secretary.

In the proceedings of Smith against Robertson to enjoin him against performing the functions of Lieutenant Governor of Indiana, the latter's attorney appeared in Judge Ayers' court at Indianapolis, on the 13th inst., and moved for a postponement until after the adjournment of the Legislature. The Judge overruled the motion and ordered Robertson to make answer. The Democratic members of the Legislature assembled in caucus and nominated Hon. David Turpie for United States Senator on the fourth ballot. Ex-Senator McDonald withdrew because one of the Demo-Labor members announced that under no circumstances would he vote for him. The Hon. Charles B. Farwell of Chicago was nominated for United States Senator in succession to Gen. Logan by the Illinois Republican legislative caucus. The nomination was made on the second ballot. Mr. Farwell developing great strength on the first one. None of the other candidates came within measurable distance of success. Hon. Wm. R. Morrison was nominated by the Democratic caucus, while the nine Labor members caucused and named Benj. W. Goodhue, of Chicago, as their candidate. Gen. Joseph R. Hawley was renominated for United States Senator from Connecticut by the Republican legislative caucus. The Democratic caucus of the Tennessee Legislature nominated Hon. W. C. Whitthorne for United States Senator.

THE Republican majority in the Indiana House of Representatives, on the 14th inst., unseated Cornelius Meagher, a Democratic Representative from Vigo County. Meagher is a workingman, and an active member of the Knights of Labor, by whom he was presented as a candidate for the Assembly and subsequently endorsed by the Democrats. The unseating of Meagher broke the Democratic majority of two on joint ballot, and made the Legislature a tie. The Republican Senators and Representatives next proceeded to hold a caucus for the nomination of a candidate for United States Senator. The caucus lasted but a few minutes, the only name proposed being that of Harrison, who was nominated by acclamation.

THE Senate Committee on the District of Columbia has ordered an adverse report on the nomination of J. C. Matthews, of Albany, N. Y., the colored Registrar of Deeds for the District. The vote was 7 to 2. It is understood that the two were Senators Harris and Brown. At a meeting of the Democratic editors of Indiana, Mr. Ray, of Shelbyville, warned his hearers that the old Democratic elephant must carry the load in 1888, and not a hobby-horse paced for the journey by George William Curtis. Governor Hill, of New York, was declared the most available Presidential candidate in 1888. George Hearst was nominated for Senator by the Democrats of the California Legislature. The Arizona Legislature has passed a bill repealing the law disfranchising for polygamy. The Michigan House of Representatives has adopted a resolution submitting the question of prohibition to a vote of the people.

FROM a number of interviews published by a Washington paper with Western and Southern members on the various tariff propositions it is apparent that Randall can undoubtedly win many Southern Democrats from Morrison, but it is claimed that the Western Republicans are solidifying against this scheme, and will go in for no tariff reduction that proposes to leave lumber, the iron and steel, and the textile schedules untouched while the tax is lifted from whisky and tobacco.

### INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

THE strike of the coal-handlers at Eastern shipping points has caused a suspension of mining in the collieries dependent

on the Lehigh Valley Road for cars. A machine which is likely to revolutionize the method of making nails has been perfected by Carver Trout and Philip Leonard, of Sharon, Pa., who propose to build a large factory either at Chicago or Indianapolis.

THE price of nails has been advanced from \$2.40 to \$2.60 per keg. Three brewers in Detroit have resolved to take back their men and end the strike inaugurated more than three months ago. It is said that the idle employees have been receiving a liberal percentage on all sales made in that city by outside brewers.

RANKING high among the recent transfers of mineral lands in the Southern States is the sale of a controlling interest in the town of Anniston, Ala., for \$6,000,000.

PITTSBURGH iron manufacturers say that the market has lately developed much firmness, and that an advance in the card rate from 2 cents to 2-10 cents was contemplated. This will advance the wages of the puddlers 20 cents per ton, and all other skilled workmen in proportion. An attempt to reduce wages in the tobacco factory of P. Lorillard, at Jersey City, caused a strike by thirty-five hundred employees.

### THE RAILWAYS.

JAY GOULD, in an interview at St. Louis, in which he favored a revised interstate commerce bill, said the present measure would be of incalculable advantage to the Canadian roads.

THE Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe system is securing not only a direct line northward to Chicago, but an outlet to St. Louis, and a route thence to Chicago. A new feature is the probable absorption of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado Road, for which A. M. Billings furnished the money, and of which F. E. Hinckley is to become President. Mr. F. E. Hinckley, of Chicago, has been elected President of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado Railroad, to succeed Mr. Billings, who recently retired.

THE main points for the sale of 1,424 miles of track by the East Tennessee Road to the Richmond and West Point Company have been agreed upon. The parties holding the former are to receive \$4,400,000 in cash and 4,000 shares of Richmond stock. An Atlanta dispatch predicts that the State Railway of Georgia will be captured at the expiration of the present lease, by Patrick Calhoun and General Alexander, for the Richmond and West Point consolidation.

### GENERAL.

A BOARD of engineer officers has made to the Secretary of War a report which is in the main favorable to the construction of the Hennepin canal. Prof. Alexander Graham Bell's house was destroyed by fire in Washington. His library of 5,000 scientific works was a complete loss.

MR. PHELAN, Consul General of the United States at Halifax, predicts a lively time when the Dominion protective fishery fleet commences operations.

THE Government of Newfoundland has fifteen hundred men at work on a railway from Harbor Grace to Placentia, in the hope of developing the transatlantic commerce of St. John's, the nearest point to Great Britain.

THE Governor General of Canada is said to be searching in Montreal for a suitable building to remodel into a vice-regal court, to be occupied whenever Parliament is not in session at Ottawa. The Celtic Monarch, of the Monarch Line, was abandoned at sea Jan. 2. The passengers and crew were saved.

CHOLERA is ravaging the towns in Uruguay and the Argentine Republic, hundreds of deaths occurring daily. Loaded vessels off Buenos Ayres are not allowed to communicate with the shore.

### FOREIGN.

THE suicides at Vienna last year numbered 358. The Marquis of Queensberry will enter no defense in his wife's suit for divorce. The list of candidates for the vacant throne of Bulgaria appears likely to stretch out to the crack of doom. The fifth one is now in the field. First came Alexander of Battenberg, whom Russia would not have on any account. Then Prince Waldemar, who wouldn't take it after he was elected. Then Prince Nicholas of Mingrelia, whom Russia wanted but the other powers would not have. Then Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, whom the other powers wanted and Russia would not have. Now comes Prince Nicholas Maximilianovich, Duke of Leuchtenberg, whom Bulgaria wants, which probably is sufficient reason for no one else to want him, though he is first cousin to the Czar and a distant relative of the Emperor of Austria.

MR. RAE, an Irish landlord, has gone to the poorhouse because his tenants would not pay his rent. The French Chamber of Deputies indulged in prolonged applause over a declaration by President Floquet that the Government placed the Army in the front rank of national institutions.

IN the German Parliament the army bill was amended by limiting its duration to three years, instead of the seven demanded by the Government, by a vote of 186 to 144. Prince Bismarck immediately read an imperial message dissolving the Reichstag, and a decree was soon issued for general elections on Feb. 21.

THE German Landtag was opened last week, and from the throne it was announced that the financial surplus had been applied to redeem the railway debt, and that bills would be introduced to regulate the government of the Rhine provinces, to extend the railway system, to subdivide the Government districts in Posen and Western Prussia, to promote the Germanization of the Polish provinces, and for a further revision of the ecclesiastical laws. The estimated deficit in the budget was 28,459,000 marks. The authorities at Berlin issued an order forbidding the sale of a pamphlet issued by the Chicago socialists protesting against the sentence of the anarchists. A banquet was given in Paris to celebrate the anniversary of the capture of Yorktown. President Cleveland was toasted. Turkey has ordered 150,000 repeating rifles, and will devise some mode of payment at a future date.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

A CAR in a freight train laden with cotton was found to be on fire just as the train reached Paducah, Ky. The engineer backed the train onto a side-track and the crew tried to extinguish the flames with hose attachments. All they succeeded in doing, however, was to prevent the fire from spreading to the other cars. While removing the debris of the burned car four dead bodies, charred beyond recognition, were discovered. They are supposed to have been tramps. The car was locked at Memphis, but the men must have entered to their horrible fate through a window in the end, which could have been opened from the outside.

A WASHINGTON special says: "The citizens of Chicago having contributed \$18,000 to a fund for the payment of incumbrances now resting upon the home of Mrs. Logan, in this city, Colonel M. M. Parker lately called on her, and obtaining from her a check on Riggs & Co., paid off the notes. Later in the day he presented to Mrs. Logan the canceled notes, and she now owns the house known as Calumet Place, on Columbia Heights, free from all incumbrances. Mrs. Logan's gratitude was expressed in a letter to William Penn Nixon, of Chicago, thanking him for his efforts, and those who had contributed so generously to her future comfort. Monday the children and heirs of General Logan, his son John A. Logan, Jr., and his daughter, Mrs. Tucker, with her husband, Major Tucker, united in a deed conveying all their right and interest as heirs in the house to Mrs. Logan, so that the house is her property solely. As Gen. Logan died intestate, this action of the heirs was of course entirely voluntary. It is expected the movement for a monument to Gen. Logan will originate either with the Grand Army posts or the Army of the Tennessee. The latter body meets in Detroit in September next, and it is probable that the monument will take definite shape then."

ARTHUR MCQUADE, the New York Alderman convicted of receiving a bribe, has been lodged in the Sing Sing Penitentiary.

SO DEEP is the snow in western Scotland that out-of-door labor has been largely suspended. Russia will close Vladivostok and other North Pacific ports against foreign shipping. The Belgian army will be mobilized this year. The usual maneuvers will be dispensed with. A tenant named Keane, in County Kerry, Ireland, was shot for paying his rent.

THE House bill for the relief of Elion H. Marsh, of Battle Creek, Mich., to validate a patent for improvement in steam-engine-valve gear, was passed by the Senate on the 17th inst. The Senate also passed the pension appropriation bill, setting aside \$75,000,000, and the army appropriation bill. Bills were introduced to bridge the Missouri at Sioux City and the Mississippi at St. Louis. A resolution was adopted directing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to supply information as to the number of places in the District where liquor is sold without license, and the reasons why such places are not suppressed. The Senate also adopted a resolution instructing the Attorney-General to investigate and report the liability of the United States for judgments and awards arising under the Act of March 3, 1875, to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers. Senator Cullom presented a petition from a number of citizens from Streator, Ill., respectfully representing that the present system of collecting revenue for the support of the General Government by import duties and the internal-revenue system is unjust and ought to be changed. The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: John F. Norris, of Minnesota, to be surveyor general of Minnesota. Postmasters: At Pittsburg, Ill., James H. Crane; Mendota, Ill., George A. Kellenberger; Baton Rouge, La., L. D. Conrad; Chagrin Falls, O., Tyrone Bailey; Conneaut, O., Stephen B. Atwood; North Yakima, Washington Territory, George W. Carey. The House of Representatives passed a bill for pensions to dependent parents and honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, disabled, and dependent on their own labor. It affects about 33,000 persons. Involving the disbursement of \$6,000,000 per annum. Bills were introduced for a pension of \$25 per month to Wait Whitman, the poet, to appropriate \$600,000 for the colored people's world's fair at Birmingham, and to negotiate for a site for a custom house and appraiser's stores in New York. Mr. Belmont introduced a bill "to protect American vessels against unwarrantable and unlawful discriminations in the ports of British North America." The President is authorized to prohibit vessels bearing the British flag and coming from such ports from entering the ports of the United States or from exercising such privileges therein as he may define.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES	\$4.25 @ 5.50
HOGS	5.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.95 @ .95½
OATS—No. 2 Red	.92 @ .93
CORN—No. 2	.47 @ .48
OATS—White	.38 @ .42
PORK—Mess.	12.25 @ 12.75
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers	5.00 @ 5.50
Good shipping	4.00 @ 4.75
Common	3.00 @ 3.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades	4.25 @ 5.00
WHEAT—Extra Spring	4.25 @ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.79 @ .80
CORN—No. 2	.36 @ .36½
OATS—No. 2	.26 @ .26½
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.29 @ .30½
Fine Dairy	.21 @ .24
CHEESE—Full Cream, Cheddar	.12½ @ .12
Full Cream, new	.12½ @ .13½
EGGS—Fresh	.27 @ .28
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.	.43 @ .52
PORK—Mess.	11.75 @ 12.00
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—Cash	.78 @ .79
CORN—No. 2	.36 @ .36½
OATS—No. 2	.26 @ .27
RYE—No. 1	.57 @ .59
PORK—Mess.	11.75 @ 12.25
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2	.83 @ .83½
CORN—Cash	.35 @ .36
OATS—No. 2	.29 @ .29½
DETROIT.	
BEEF CATTLE	4.75 @ 5.50
HOGS	3.75 @ 5.25
SHEEP	4.50 @ 5.25
WHEAT—Michigan Red	.84 @ .81
CORN—No. 2	.37 @ .38
OATS—White	.33 @ .34
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2	.82 @ .83
CORN—Mixed	.35 @ .36
OATS—Mixed	.28 @ .29
PORK—New Mess.	12.25 @ 12.50
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.84½ @ .85½
CORN—No. 2	.37½ @ .38½
OATS—No. 2	.30 @ .31
PORK—Mess.	12.25 @ 12.75
LIVE HOGS	4.50 @ 4.75
BUFFALO.	
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.92 @ .92½
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.44 @ .44½
CATTLE	4.00 @ 5.00
INDIANAPOLIS.	
BEEF CATTLE	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS	4.25 @ 5.00
SHEEP	2.75 @ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.82 @ .83½
CORN—No. 2	.35 @ .36
OATS	.29 @ .29½
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best	4.50 @ 5.00
Fair	4.00 @ 4.50
Common	3.25 @ 3.75
HOGS	4.75 @ 5.25
SHEEP	4.25 @ 5.00

### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### Work of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

MR. SHERMAN introduced a bill in the Senate, on the 11th inst. to reimburse the depositors of the Freedmen's Bank of Washington. The Senate passed a substitute for the House bill for the relief of settlers on the public domain in Nebraska and Kansas, and the House measure releasing to the city of San Antonio certain portions of the military reservation at that place. The President sent to the Senate the following nominations: To be Consuls of the United States—O. B. Collins, of Mississippi, at Charleston, Prince Edward's Island; Fred Elliott, of Indiana, at St. Helena. Also these postmasters: Illinois—Anna, William C. Rich; Monticello, William A. Miller; Monmouth, John W. Lusk. Wisconsin—Deleville, M. J. Briggs; Sturgeon Bay, George W. Allen. Kansas—Salina, Nicholas H. Farrell. A bill appropriating \$100,000 for the purchase of a site and \$200,000 for the erection of a public building at Charleston, S. C., was passed by the House. The Secretary of War transmitted to the House a report from the Board of Engineers (appointed under the terms of the last river and harbor bill) upon the proposed acquisition by the government of the Illinois and Michigan (Hempin) canal. The report is generally favorable to the construction of the proposed canal on the line which is designated in the bill reported by the House Committee on railways and canals. The House passed the bill creating a department of agriculture and labor, the seat of Government an executive department to be known as the Department of Agriculture and Labor, under the control of a secretary of agriculture and labor and an assistant secretary. In this department there shall be a division which shall be under the charge of a commissioner of labor, who shall hold his office for four years and until his successor shall be appointed, unless sooner removed, and shall receive a salary of \$1,000 a year. The Commissioner shall collect information upon the subject of labor, its relation to capital, the hours of labor, the rate of wages, the cost of production of the articles produced, the earnings of laboring men, and women, the means of promoting their material, intellectual and moral improvement, and the best means to protect life and prevent accident in mines, workshops, factories, and other places of industry. The Secretary is empowered to inquire into the causes of discontent which may exist between employers and employees within the United States, and he may invite and hear sworn statements from both parties concerning the matters in controversy.

BILLS authorizing a settlement of the claim of Hiram Berdan for the use of improved firearms by the government, and extending for a year the time for filing claims under the French Spoliation act, passed the Senate on the 12th inst. Mr. Mahone, from the committee on public buildings, reported bills for public buildings at Jefferson, Tex., and Hastings, Neb. Mr. Manderson introduced a bill to facilitate promotions. Mr. Dolph, from the Committee on Coast Defenses, reported (as an amendment to be offered to the bill to encourage the manufacture of ordnance) an item appropriating \$5,000,000 for the construction of fortifications and other works of defense. Mr. Allison, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the army appropriation bill with amendments. The House of Representatives passed the Tucker substitute for the Edmunds anti-polygamy bill.

SENATOR CAMERON introduced a bill in the Senate on the 13th inst. for the appointment of Commissioners to represent the Federal Government at the centennial celebration of the forming and promulgation of the Constitution to be held in Philadelphia. The Senate passed a bill to pay M. C. Mordecai \$37,000 for carrying mail between Charleston and Havana before the outbreak of the war. Senator Wilson, from the Committee on Postoffice, reported favorably a bill providing that no third-class postoffice shall be changed to fourth-class if it appears that the receipts for the year amount to \$1,900, or that the box rents and commissions constituting the Postmaster's compensation amount to \$1,000 or more for the year. Senator Plumb introduced a bill providing that whenever any lands belonging to the Cherokee, Chickasaw, Creek, Choctaw, and Seminole, under the treaties with the United States, the Indians shall be entitled to all the rights before the law now granted to citizens of the United States. A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury calling attention to the importance of correcting the unhealthy condition of the Treasury building. The Senate voted to nonconcur in the House amendment to the anti-polygamy bill, and a conference was asked. Senator Vest's resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for an itemized account of money paid out in prosecuting Federal criminal cases was adopted by the Senate, after being modified so as to include civil cases. Mr. Evans denounced the interstate commerce bill as unconstitutional. The House of Representatives passed bills amending the law regulating the removal of causes from State to Federal Courts, and authorizing the service of civil and criminal process issued by any territorial court within Indian and military reservations. The House Coinage Committee reported back the resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to monthly purchases and coinage of silver during the last fiscal year and the first six months of the present fiscal year; also information as to whether the law requiring the purchase and coinage of not less than \$2,000,000 worth of silver bullion has been complied with.

THE interstate commerce bill passed the Senate on the 14th inst. by a vote of 43 to 15. An effort to secure the recommitment of the measure was defeated—yeas, 9; nays, 38. Following is the vote on the passage of the measure: Yeas—Messrs. Allison, Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Bowen, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Conger, Cullom, Dolph, Edmunds, Eustis, Fair, Ferris, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Harris, Hawley, Ingalls, Jones (Ark.), Jones (Nev.), McMillan, Manderson, Mitchell (Oregon), Palmer, Plumb, Pugh, Spooner, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Sewell, Sherman, Teller, Tilden, Vest, Walhall, Whitthorne, Wilson (Iowa)—45. Nays—Messrs. Aldrich, Blair, Brown, Cameron, Chase, Cheney, Evans, Hampton, Hoar, Mitchell (Pa.), Morrill, Payne, Platt, Williams—15. Yeas—Republicans, 23; Democrats, 20. Nays—Republicans, 12; Democrats, 3. In the House of Representatives Mr. Caldwell submitted the conference report on the electoral-count bill, and it was agreed to without debate or division. Mr. Dibble presented the conference report on the bill increasing the appropriation for the public building at Fort Scott, Kan., and it was agreed to. (The increase is fixed at \$40,000.)

THE joint resolution for an investigation of the books, accounts, and methods of the Pacific railroads which have received aid from the United States was called up in the House, on the 15th inst., by Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, but, after some discussion, action was postponed. A message was received in the House announcing the concurrence of the Senate in the conference report of the interstate commerce bill.

THE longest tunnel in the world is that of St. Gothard, on the line of the railroad between Lucerne and Milan. The summit of the tunnel is 900 feet below the surface at Andermatt, and 6,000 feet beneath the peak of Kastelhorn of the St. Gothard group. The tunnel is 26½ feet wide and is 18 feet 10 inches from the floor to the crown of the arched roof. It is 9½ miles long, 1½ miles longer than the Mount Cenis tunnel.

LAWRENCE has a larger Irish population than any city in the country, in proportion to the number of its inhabitants. Fall River comes second and Boston third.

THE longest span of wire in the world is used for a telegraph in India over the River Kistnah. It is 1,200 feet high.



## BETTER TIMES AHEAD.

A Large Volume of Capital Seeking Employment in Every Direction.

An Enormous Amount of Iron and Steel to Be Consumed the Current Year.

[New York telegram.]

The following interesting summary of the industrial situation is from the pen of a statistician who is quoted as the highest authority in the land: It is yet a little early to present a statistically correct report and review of the American iron, steel, and railroad building interests. Sufficient material has been received to present practically safe conclusions, which are here briefly embodied: The chief matter of anxiety is as to the probable course of prices and the permanency of the present widespread industrial activity. Some sixty syndicates or combinations of capitalists have been formed in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Chicago since October 1 for the purpose of prosecuting large railroad, manufacturing, mining, engineering, and other vast enterprises. To move or stand still for further developments is now the question. A remarkably conservative feeling prevails in all business channels. We are in sight of the possibilities of over-production. Enterprise is everywhere encouraged and stimulated. Capital is flying into reproductive channels. Building enterprise is straining. Railroad building has begun on a scale of unprecedented magnitude; already 1,200,000 tons have been sold, equal to 13,000 miles of track, and only 600,000 tons remain unsold. Prices of rails have advanced from \$34 to \$37@38. Steel rail material is up \$5 per ton. Small buyers have been taken by surprise, and are rushing in and crowding up markets for spring delivery. Inquiries are on hand for nearly 100,000 tons foreign rails and material and all American mills are sold up to September.

This is wonderful activity in the face of foreclosures during the past year amounting to \$375,000,000 on forty-five roads and 7,678 miles of track. No less than 12,000 miles of main track will be built this year, and 5,000 miles of side track and repairs. New railroad building projects will be precipitated onto investors of the coming eleven weeks equal to the past eleven.

The iron and steel industries are remarkably active and strong. The present productive capacity of blast furnaces is 128,000 tons per week, and 332 furnaces blowing. Prices have advanced in one year \$3 to \$4 per ton on pig iron, and \$3 on steel rails, \$5 on old rails, and the same on foreign blooms, slabs, etc. Forty blast furnaces are projected, and about twelve rolling mills of all kinds of large capacity. The following figures show the pig iron consumption for the years named:

1880.....	3,900,415	1884.....	4,229,283
1881.....	4,082,565	1885.....	4,348,844
1882.....	4,063,278	1886.....	5,534,618
1883.....	4,334,740		
Steel rail production, net tons:			
1880.....	1,461,831	1884.....	1,144,851
1881.....	1,844,120	1885.....	1,094,215
1882.....	1,688,794	1886.....	1,550,000
1883.....	1,360,694		

The pig-iron increase is about forty per cent. increase in 1886 over 1885, and the steel rail increase is not far from fifty per cent.

It is no use to multiply statistics. They all show about the same general result, viz: A heavy production, an improvement in price, and a diminution of stocks at all points. The sudden expansion of demand in the latter part of 1886 sent prices up rapidly, chiefly in iron and steel, but in all other directions prices have moved up only a little. Building material has not varied much. Lumber is but little above its summer and fall quotations, and builders' hardware and tools, machinery and agricultural implements are all at fair and moderate prices. The most remarkable tendency observable is to increase capacity in shops, mills, factories, and mines. The present upward tendency may crowd prices to a point which will endanger enterprise, but the probabilities are the other way. Capital is seeking for the most favorable opportunities. While the commercial failures are only about 10,000 of persons doing a business of over \$5,000, 20,000 new firms and corporations have sprung into life, all with sufficient capital to carry on the purposes of their organization.

The cost of living is declining steadily, while the tendency in wages is upward. The increasing margin for the wealth producers is creating a field for a multitude of small industries. Prices cannot safely advance in iron or steel. In breadstuffs the probabilities are that demand, both home and foreign, will increase, and that a great deal of new territory will be taken up this year. Extensive purchases have been made in the West and South of timber, mineral, and agricultural lands, for speculative purposes. The influence of capital will be heavy, because of the profitable appreciation in values. The heavy orders which have been crowding in for two months have protected the country to a great extent against the possibilities of a reaction. The best trade authorities are of the opinion that the production of 1877 will be 20 per cent. in excess of 1886, and that prices will be 10 per cent. higher all around, including breadstuffs and provisions and textile goods, hardware, and building material. Large orders for steel rails cannot be placed for sooner than September delivery. Heavy machinery establishments are sold until April and May in many instances, and much business has been developed for later consideration through agents and correspondence.

Numerous enterprises will be started in the Southern States in iron, steel, textile, lumber and mining. English capitalists will have their representatives in the States in the early spring to examine and report on extensive operations projected and in which they have been invited to co-operate. The enormous volume of capital seeking employment guarantees great activity in all manufacturing directions. The wages of labor will be as a rule uniform, and fewer strikes will take place than last year. The margin of profits will increase on nearly all kinds of manufactured products. The furnace and mill and factory capacity will be increased 10 to 15 per cent. Prices will remain steady for a few weeks, except in iron and steel, until the spring demand can be discounted. The present expanding tendency will show signs of exhaustion by midsummer.

## AT THE CAPITAL.

The Standing Committees—The House Passes the Prohibitory Amendment—Wants Governor Luce Impeached—More Business Expected for This Week—Minor References.

LANSING, Jan. 15, 1887.

Both houses met promptly for the second week of the session on Tuesday evening, when President MacDonald announced his list of standing committees. Speaker Markey, however, was not ready with his list until the opening of the session of Thursday. Both lists give general satisfaction, so far as it is possible to make such conflicting interests harmonize. Both presiding officers have evidently tried to make fair and just assignments, and both have succeeded reasonably well in so doing.

**PROHIBITORY AMENDMENT PASSED.** As early in the session as the 13th the House took up the prohibitory constitutional amendment and passed it without debate or opposition by the handsome vote of yeas 74, nays 21, only 67 votes being required to give it the necessary two-thirds vote. Only one of all the Republicans voting voted no, and that one was Representative Bettenger, of Wayne, while nine fusionists voted yes. The amendment provides for its submission to the people for their verdict at the election to be held on the first Monday in April next. The joint resolution was promptly sent to the Senate, but did not reach there early enough in the week to make much progress toward its passage by that body. It was reported favorably by the Committee on the Liquor Traffic and placed on the general order, where it will be reached as early next week as a full Senate can be gathered together. It needs twenty-two votes to pass it there, and the Republicans have twenty-three members, but Senator Seymour, who represents the Sac District, says his district is made up of lake ports and lake interests so largely that the wishes of his immediate constituents bind him stronger than the Republican platform on which he ran and was elected, and so he cannot vote for it, or he did not when in the Senate in 1883. If, then, those twenty-two stand together it will still pass, but Senator Hubbell, who voted for the proposition two years ago, is as yet undecided as to which way he will vote. Senator Barringer is the only fusionist whom the Republicans have any hope of securing for the measure, so the fate of the amendment is just now very evenly balanced. It is more than likely to pass, and that within a week. If so, it will settle a long-petitioned-for question.

**WANTS LUCE'S SCALP.** Henry Chamberlain, who has long been prominent in Democratic councils, and was a candidate for Governor against Governor Bagley in 1874, is after Governor Luce's scalp, and has memorialized the Legislature to impeach him on the ground that when he took the oath as Governor he was yet holding the office of member of the State Board of Agriculture, which he should have resigned to Governor Alger, but didn't. The Constitution provides that no man holding one State office is eligible to another, but Governor Luce claims that he has the best authority for the belief that the acceptance of a higher office vacates the lower, and that he has not therefore attempted to hold two offices, and that he had given up the other before he took the Governorship, and had notified the Chairman of the Board of Agriculture that a vacancy existed in the board. The House refused to act on the memorial of Mr. Chamberlain, and promptly tabled it as too trivial to be worthy of consideration, but at Governor Luce's request it has since been taken from the table and referred to the Judiciary Committee, who will no doubt report that there are no grounds for impeachment proceedings such as the memorialist asks for.

**MINOR REFERENCES.** Politicians are beginning to come to the Legislature asking for the amendment to the Constitution allowing the people to vote on the proposition of doing away with the provision that limits Sheriffs of counties to two continuous terms, on the ground that until a man learns the duties of the position he isn't a very efficient Sheriff, and not well up in the ways of thwarting rascals in their evil deeds, and that by the time he learns to be a good and useful officer the Constitution requires that a new and untried man must succeed him.

The resurre for official positions within the gift of the two houses of the Legislature was never as great or so persistent as at the opening of the present session, and when "one is taken and the other left," that "left" one feels just cause for mourning—and he mourns.

There has for some time been a feeling that the Senate Committee on Railroads (consisting of three members) was too small, and so, on motion of Senator Sharp, of Jackson, and the Committee on Labor Interests have been ordered enlarged to five members. The additional names have not, however, been announced as yet, but it is thought that Senators Sharp and Atwood of Flint will be the additional members of the railroad committee.

The usual grist of bills to jump asiring villages up into cities are beginning to come in freely. Quite a number of them will no doubt pass.

Ex-Governor Alger has sent a message to the Legislature, as required by law, regarding the pardons granted during his two years' term, and the reason in each case. The list covers forty-eight pardons, as against seventy-five by Governor Beagle, in 1883-4, and thirty-nine by Governor Jerome, in 1881-2.

In reappointing Mrs. Harriet A. Tenney to the responsible position of State Librarian, which she has filled with such eminent satisfaction to everybody who has had occasion to visit the library, or ask her for information on any subject, she enters now upon her tenth term, having served for eighteen years, and the verdict of the people is, "serves her right." Her place could hardly be filled by another.

The 19th inst. is set aside as a special time for the presentation of appropriate resolutions and eulogistic proceedings on the death of Representative Ovid N. Carr, of Wayne, for the past four years a valuable member of the House, and member-elect of the present House.

**MORE STATE OFFICERS.** Governor Luce on the 12th sent to the Senate appointments for about 1,500 Notaries Public, all of whom were promptly confirmed.

Both Houses adjourned from Friday evening over to 8 o'clock on Monday evening, and next week they will proceed (on the 18th) to elect Francis B. Stockbridge to the United States Senate, and do lots of other important work.

## JOHN M. WILSON HANGED.

A Crime Which Nearly Led to the Hanging of Another Man for Murder.

The Singular Circumstances Connected with Wilson's Arrest and Conviction.

[Norristown (Pa.) special.]

John M. Wilson was hanged in the jail yard here, on Thursday, for the murder of Anthony W. Dealy, in February, 1885, in Montgomery County, near the Philadelphia city line. Wilson read a speech from the scaffold. He confessed his guilt, and said his death in expiation of the crime should be a warning to all persons who had become victims to strong drink. His body was cut down and handed over to a physician to whom he had willed it.

The history of the crime for which John M. Wilson paid the extreme penalty, and the manner of his conviction, are probably without parallel in the annals of criminal history. But for a confession, which the murderer afterward denied, the death of Anthony Dealy would never have been accounted for, and probably another and an innocent man would have been hanged for another crime which is most curiously interwoven with that for which Wilson suffered.

In October, 1885, Frederick Stahl, a butcher who worked for Albert Dieterle at No. 305 Moore street, Philadelphia, suddenly dropped out of sight. He had lived with Adolph Scheuringer, a saloon-keeper, at No. 307 Vine street, with whom he had deposited \$700 for safe-keeping. Weeks passed, and Stahl was not heard from. Then Scheuringer said that Stahl had been murdered, and accused Albert Dieterle (who owed Stahl money) of the crime. In the following March the headless and dismembered trunk of a human being was found floating in the Wissahickon Creek, in Fairmount Park. A further search was made, and one leg and one arm were found. Scheuringer's charge that Dieterle had murdered his employe was renewed, and when at the inquest the body was identified as that of Stahl, Dieterle was arrested.

On Sunday, Oct. 4, 1885, a peculiar-looking man walked into the West Twelfth Street Station in Chicago, and said that he was a murderer. He said he had killed a man named Anthony Dealy near Philadelphia in January, and after sewing the body in sacks had thrown it in the Wissahickon Creek. The next day he repeated the same story, but in more detail. He said he had been employed by one Anthony Dealy for several months on a farm near Philadelphia. He quarreled with Dealy about \$30 which was due him, and then, picking up a cleaver, struck the man on the head, killing him instantly. He then cut off the victim's head and hid it between two feather-beds, dragged the body to the barn, and, cutting off the legs and arms, hid them in a feed-box. Then he went to the creek and selected a place in which to throw the dissected body. That night he put the head in a bag along with a lot of stones. The body and limbs were placed in other sacks, and, with the aid of a sleigh and horse, Wilson took his ghastly load to the place selected and threw it overboard. He then went to Philadelphia, and, after spending his money for drink, returned to the house and set it on fire. It was entirely destroyed, and he said Dieterle's family supposed he was burned up in it.

The trial, which was begun March 8 last, lasted several days and was very sensational in its character. Stahl's brother, his friend, Scheuringer, and others who knew Stahl well still swore that the body found in the river was that of the missing butcher. A score of others swore that it was that of Anthony Dealy. They related the burning of the house and the disappearance of Wilson, who was known to them as "Sailor Jack," the day of the fire, and when the police found the watch which had belonged to Dealy and proved that it had been taken from Wilson while drunk a few days after the fire the evidence was complete. Conviction quickly followed.

The whereabouts of Frederick Stahl are still a mystery. The resemblance of the two men, Stahl and Dealy, was remarkable. They wore the same size hat, both were left-handed, both had their right shoulders higher than the left, both were of medium height, both had scars on the right hand, both had small mustaches, red hair, and bald spots on the top of their heads. Had not Wilson's confession been corroborated in every particular his conviction could hardly have been had, in view of the remarkable resemblance of the missing butcher.

## PRINCE NICHOLAS.

One of the Aspirants to the Bulgarian Throne.

Prince Nicholas of Mingrelia, whose name has been conspicuously mentioned in connection with the Bulgarian throne, is



an ex-Caucasian Chief, who for twenty years has been a dependant upon the Russian Court. Born on Dec. 23, 1846, he inherited the quasi sovereignty of the Principality of Mingrelia, a district now included in Russian Transcaucasia, and lying between the Black Sea on the west and the Caucasus on the north.

## MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

EACH house held a forty minutes' session on the 11th inst., the time being occupied with roll-call and the presentation of a few unimportant bills. The standing committees were announced as follows:

**Senate Committees—Executive Business—Edwards, Hubbell, Moon, Monroe, Wisner. Appropriations and Finance—Moon, Sharp, Crosby, Holbrook, Gorman. Judiciary—Hubbell, J. W. Babcock, Sharp, Palmer, Wisner. Federal Relations—Palmer, Hubbell, O'Reilly. State Affairs—Crosby, Atwood, Houshan. University—Sharp, J. W. Babcock, Wisner. Agricultural College—Mayo, Willits, Houshan. State Normal School—Monroe, Crosby, Barringer. State Public School—Barton, Westgate. O'Reilly. Education and Public Schools—Westgate, Howell, Deyo. State Reform School—Atwood, Holbrook, Roof. State House of Correction—Palmer, Laing, Deyo. State Prison—Fox, Hubbell, Stock. Asylums for the Insane—Howell, Potter, Gudman. Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb—Moon, Giddings, Wisner. Reformatory and Benevolent Societies—Westgate, Moon, Deyo. Blatter and Public Accounts—W. J. Babcock, Campbell, Gudman. Banks and Incorporations—Monroe, Laing, Roof. Railroads—Seymour, Willits, Stock. Cities and Villages—Edwards, Palmer, Barringer. Mines, Minerals, and Mining Interests—Hubbell, W. J. Babcock, Roof, Canals and River and Harbor Improvements—Campbell, Fox, Stock, Printing—Giddings, Post, O'Reilly. Constitutional Amendments—J. W. Babcock, Mayo, Roof. State Library—W. J. Babcock, Monroe, Deyo. Military Affairs—Mayo, Sharp, Stock. Insurance—J. W. Babcock, Post, Roof. State Capitol and Public Buildings—Barton, Seymour, Gudman. Public Health—Howell, Moore, Deyo. Public Lands—Atwood, Holbrook, Gudman. Immigration—Laing, Seymour, Gudman. General Investigation of the State—Seymour, Atwood, Barringer. Agricultural Interests—Holbrook, Mayo, Barringer. Mechanical Interests—Potter, Campbell, O'Reilly, Saline Interests—Campbell, Giddings, Wisner. Lumber Interests—Moon, W. J. Babcock, Houshan. Fisheries—Fox, Edwards, Gorman. Commerce and Townships—Post, Westgate, Gudman. Roads and Bridges—Willits, Potter, Stock. Expiring Laws—Sharp, Atwood, Barringer. Rules and Joint Rules—Edwards, Monroe, Gorman. Engrossment and Enrollment—Giddings, Post, Gudman. Supplies and Miscellaneous Expenses—Crosby, Howell, O'Reilly. Liquor Traffic—Edwards, J. W. Babcock, O'Reilly. Horticulture—Potter, Fox, Barringer. School for the Blind—Holbrook, Westgate, Wisner. Reform School for Girls—Post, Edwards, Gorman. Northern Asylum for the Insane—Willits, Barton, Houshan. Labor—Laing, Campbell, Deyo.**

**House Committees—Agricultural College—Weber, Simpson, Kirby, Lincoln, Pierce. Agriculture—Watts, Cole, Rodgers, Harper, Rounselle. Drainage—Edwards, Willits, Potter, Bentley, Gady. Eastern Asylums for the Insane—McGregor, Brock, Dillon, Wellman, Stuart. Education—W. W. Williams, Kirby, Thompson, Hobler, Breen. Elections—Eldred, Rumsey, McCormick, Powers, Pardee. Engrossment and Enrollment—Ogg, Williams, W. W. Chapell, Maglin, Hosford, Breen. Federal Relations—Honck, Weber, Brock, Powers, Rounselle. Fisheries—Perkins, Chamberlain, Rgg, Wellman, S. Baker. Geological Survey—Vickroy, Kallander, Bettinger, Dunbar, Vrooman. Harbors—Dougherty, Douglas, Goodrich, Cady, Breen, Horticulture—Allen, Beecher, Burr, Wellman, Vrooman. Immigration—Tindall, Dillon, Reader, Hoobler, Baumgardner. Insurance—Crosby, Douglas, Bates, O'Keefe, S. Baker. Insane Asylums—Burr, Chamberlain, Kallander, Webster, Killeen. Internal Improvements—Hoskins, Allen, McGregor, Baldwin, Pardee. Judiciary—Dickema, Holt, Holt, Watson, F. H. Herrington, Crocker, Baldwin. Liquor Traffic—H. Watson, Beecher, Chapman, McKie, Preston. Local Taxation—A. F. Case, Anderson, Hoskins, Gady, Killeen. Lumber and Salt—Linton, Kelly, Pettit, Dakin, Wilson. Manufactures—Green, Lakely, Reader, Bettinger, Ashken, Hoskins, Wood, Hosford, Herrington. Michigan Institution for the Deaf and Dumb—Jones, Crosby, Pettit, Manly, Dunbar. Military Affairs—Wood, W. A. Baker, T. H. Williams, Tindall, Manly. Mines and Minerals—Malvey, Rigg, Dougherty, Pierce, J. W. Robinson. Municipal Corporation—Bates, Abbott, Makein, Linton, Oviatt, Rentz, Wellman. Normal Schools—Beecher, H. Watson, Linton. Robinson, Washburn. Northern Asylum for the Insane—Canon, Makelin, Hill, Dougherty, Harper. Printing—Cole, Oviatt, Anderson, Hosford, Engleman. Private Corporations—Makelin, Case, McMullan, Bentley, Snow. Public Health—Bardwell, W. A. Baker, Ashton, Lincoln, Vrooman. Public Land—Land, Keefe, Thompson, Chapell, Crocker, Washburn. Railroads—Holt, Green, Malvey, Makelin, McKillan, Lakely, Hosford. Reform School—Abbott, O'Keefe, Rodgers, Eldred, Dakin. Reform School for Girls—Douglas, H. Watson, Goodrich, Washburn, Engleman. Religious and Benevolent Societies—Thompson, Damon, Allen, Stuart. J. W. Robinson. Roads and Bridges—McCormick, Spencer, B. Robinson, Simpson, Powers. Rules and Joint Rules—Seymour, Houck, Watson, F. H. Dunbar, Preston. State Officers—Chapman, Crosby, Dickson, McKie, Crocker. State Capitol and Public Buildings—Grenell, Anderson, Watts, Abbott, Baldwin. State House of Correction—Bettinger, Dickson, McCormick, Hunt, Breen. State Library—Seymour, VanOrtwick, Dickinson, Spencer, Harper. State Prison—Kelly, Grenell, Jullon, Bentley, McKie. State Public School—Hoaglin, Van Ortwick, A. T. Case, Reader, Cady. State School for the Blind—T. H. Williams, Bardwell, Burr, Houck, Powers. 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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1887.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Jan. 20, 1887: Julius Anderson, Mrs. R. M. Glazio, Ead Kleark, Edward J. Oxmar.

Wm. VERBEKE, P. M.

MONDAY, February 7, 1887, at 7:30 p. m. at the Morton House, Grand Rapids, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the West Mich. Park Association, will be held for the purpose of electing nine directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

The new officers of the Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Ottawa and Allegan Counties, elected recently, are as follows: S. O'polt, President; Giles Wabeke, Vice President; Isaac Marshall, Secretary and Treasurer; John Lubbers, Lucas Vredevel, R. Van Zwailunburg, Jas. Brandt, Gerrit Van Zoeren, Hubregt Schout, and John Lahuis, Directors.

The following is the "Roll of Honor" of the School in District No. 6, Township of Holland, for the month ending Jan. 7: Sadie Nichols, Agnes Riley, Reka Schreuer, Lena Dykema, Nellie Bos, Ryk Ryssen, Bertie Dekker, Nellie Van der Vusse, Minnie Dekker, Orle McFall, Elmer Avery, John Bos, Henry Meeboer, Eunice Avery, Leonard Dekker, James Wieten, Bert Van der Vusse, Ryk Dykema. Mrs. ALICE CASWELL, Teacher.

We have received from Joseph M. Brown, General Passenger Agent, of the Western & Atlantic Railroad Company, of Atlanta, Ga., a copy of the "Battle Fields Folder" of the road. The "folder" is profusely illustrated, and contains much of interest to northern people. A trip over this road, which runs through the country which was the scene of many desperate battles of the rebellion, including Missionary Ridge, Chickamauga, Graysville, and Lookout Mountain, would be especially attractive and beneficial. A copy of the "folder" will be sent to anyone giving his address and enclosing one cent in postage.

It is a common expression of merchants that "business is so dull it will not pay to advertise." What would we think of a workingman who, when work is scarce, would not try all the harder to find it? The duty of the merchant or manufacturer at such times is to create business by offering new and attractive styles, by seeking new customers and pushing beyond usual neighborhood limits. He should not sit down and wait for trade to come to him, but seek it on every side and through the use of every lawful instrumentality. When trade is dull a more active exertion must be made to secure it than when business is brisk. When times are flush and money plentiful it requires but little effort to sell goods. There is not so much need of advertising at such times. The News is very thankful for its advertising patronage, yet there are a few firms in town who could increase their trade by advertising in its columns.

MONDAY last L. T. Wallen, of Grand Rapids, the eldest son of Hon. F. B. Wallen, who operates a tannery near that city, met a shocking death. He was at work with a co-laborer in the dressing room and in an attempt to put a belt upon a running wheel his sleeve caught on the shaft and he was snatched from the floor in an instant and whirled round and round the shaft, his body beating against the ceiling at each revolution, until the machinery could be stopped. Young Wallen was conveyed to his home and lived for a few hours until with a slight trembling of the bruised and mangled body life was extinct. Mr. F. B. Wallen, for years lived at Saugatuck where he was engaged in tanning, and has many friends and acquaintances in Holland who sympathize with him in his deep affliction. The young man who met his death in this untimely and shocking manner was 23 years of age, of exemplary character, and was much respected by a large circle of friends. The funeral occurred on Wednesday last and was largely attended.

## OUT AROUND.

### Lake Shore.

Beautiful snow, only that is not the adjective in general use here at the present time. Say, Mr. Editor, it would be no use for anyone to attempt to solicit subscriptions in this vicinity for a monument to the author of Beautiful Snow, and we have a vague idea that the author never lived on the Lake Shore; or that poem would never have been written. The "beautiful" here varies in depth from a few inches to ten feet so that by trespassing on our neighbor's domain and a vigorous use of the shovel we are enabled to move about again. Travel for a few days was entirely suspended. A horse belonging to C. R. Nichols died suddenly one day last week, indigestion probably the cause. A case of scarlet fever in the family of Mr. Henry Scott had the effect

of closing the school for a week. We understand the child is recovering. A case of diphtheria was also reported in the same family, but proved to be but a common case of sore throat. DIED:—On Thursday, Jan. 13, Mrs. Annie Van den Brink, wife of Wm. Van den Brink, aged 24 years. Now, "Andrew," we were somewhat puzzled by your afflicted postmaster. In looking over the Business Directory of Ottawa Station we saw no mention of a saloon. Oh, now we have it, say, "Andrew" have you a drug store in town? Our school opened again on Monday with a very small attendance. The roads being so nearly impassable that children living at a distance cannot possibly attend. Has it ever occurred to you Mr. Editor, that we have some of the finest natural toboggan slides in the world. For instance, from the top of Mount—, I forget the name, back of the Ottawa House, with a run either out onto Lake Michigan or Macatawa Bay, or both. With a good sleigh load down the bay it would receive patronage. Let's have a toboggan slide. Mr. Roseboom, a young man from Dakota, is visiting the family of J. D. Cochran. We notice he wears a souvenir of that delectable climate, a Buffalo overcoat, and for the past week it must have seemed very homelike here. Miss Ida Dolph's New Year's present was a \$125.00 organ presented by her father, and purchased of Meyer, Brouwer & Co., of Holland. A candy pull last Friday evening at Mr. A. Dolph's was a "sweet" affair.

### West Olive.

No, for a more sunny clime, for a few months, at least. Blizzard upon blizzard and snow without end. The present depth is about twenty inches on the level, providing you can find it that way. Weather bureau:—The corresponding week in January, 1886, we had six days storm, one very pleasant day, and no blizzard, against four days storm and two blustering ones the past week. It has snowed since winter set, on November 6, thirty-nine days. There has been but two days since December 23rd without a storm and but one this month so far. The hardest snow storm thus far, came on December 26th. Mr. Henry Reynolds, of Coopersville, visited Mr. Gokey's people and his nephew James, the past week. Quite a sensation was created at the depot Friday evening by a party who got off the evening train from Holland. He was laboring under the delusion that he was the best man in Michigan, physically, and made some attempts to prove it, but failed to establish much of a reputation in that line. It was not "Sankey," the revivalist. We believe, we noticed that Newell Gillmore, of Ottawa, was in town Saturday. He, with our home musical talent, gave a rather pleasing exhibition of their talent at the residence of Mr. C. Verwey in the evening. Wood and bolts still continue to be loaded here, though the bolt business is about to take a vacation. Charles Garbecht lost an infant child Monday. Death was caused by a cold running unchecked. Other children of the same family are sick. The Irish children, who had diphtheria, are much better. We don't know which of the classes named by "Andrew", as making up the inhabitants of his vicinity, he belongs to, but we would suggest that if it is in or all of them he need not stay so far away from the meetings to be in safety. He might find the front the better place of refuge in the long run. "H. A."

### Lake Shore.

There never was a more peaceable and quiet time here on the Lake Shore, to our knowledge, than there is at the present time. Everybody stays at home and will have to be contented until there is a change in the weather. The roads are completely filled up heaping measure and running over. Several of us have dug our way out almost every day and had to dig back again until we have got perfectly disgusted with the state of affairs. At the present time we sit by the fireside employing our time with reading, etc., and it does not hurt our constitution, or feelings, much. As far as we can see now we think that we shall be able to struggle through alright. We take our rations regular and are thankful that we have good wholesome food to take. If we had not, whose fault is it but our own. We had health last season and a bountiful harvest, so if we did not improve the opportunities and lay by provision for winter we must suffer, and justly. They had a great scarlet fever and diphtheria scare in School District No. 8 and had to close school for one week. It turned out to be a light case of something, scarlet fever probably. Our Dakota people think that this weather can match anything that Dakota can raise excepting a blizzard. Henry Scott has been sick for a few days but is getting around again. N. Ogden was quite sick the fore part of this week, but is better now we hear. Ogden sold a load of feed to J. Van Dyke week before last, and a load last week, and a load this week in the city. The "boys" have a lot of corn on hand and are buying considerable more. Mrs. Estella Ausicker is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Nichols, of Mount Olive. C. R. Nichols had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last week, and what makes it seem worse is that it was his family horse. "JAKE."

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)  
(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.)  
Apples, 50c; Beans, \$1.00; Butter, 18c; Eggs, 16c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 30c to 35c.

### RETAIL.

Apples, 60c; Beans, \$1.25; Butter 25c; Eggs, 18c; Honey, 14c; Onions, 60c; Potatoes, 45c.

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)  
(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Roach.)  
Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, 10c; Barley, 10c; Corn, 90c; Clover seed, 10c; Corn Meal, 10c; Corn, 85c; Corn, 85c; Flour, 4.00; Fine Corn Meal, 10c; Feed, 10c; Hay, 18.00; Hay, 18.50; Middlings, 10c; Oats, 28c; Pearl Barley, 10c; Wheat, 18.00; Rye, 45c; Timothy Seed, 32.00; Wheat, white, 74c; Red Fultz, 74c; Lancaster Red, 75c. Corn ear, 35c.

### RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 60c; Bran, 10c; Barley, 10c; Corn, 1.25; Clover seed, 10c; Corn Meal, 10c; Corn, 1.00c; Corn, 85c; Flour, 4.40; Fine corn meal, 10c; Feed, 10c; Hay, 18.00; Hay, 18.50; Middlings, 10c; Oats, 28c; Pearl Barley, 10c; Wheat, 18.00; Rye, 45c; Timothy, Seed, 32.50; Corn, ear, 40c.

## New Advertisements.

# ROYAL



# BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 166 Wall St., New York. 50-48w.

## J. H. Nibbelink,

Proprietor of Ninth Street

# Livery, Sale, and Feed STABLE,



I have added to my business that of

# UNDERTAKING

and keep constantly on hand

# CASKETS, COFFINS, ETC.

Good Horses and Carriages of all kinds and a first-class Hearse for funerals can be obtained at my place of business.

Attention and courteous treatment can be relied upon.

Thankful for past favors I ask a continuance of same. J. H. NIBBELINK.

Holland, Mich., January 20, 1887.

### Notice to Teachers.

The Ottawa County Board of School Examiners will meet at the following named times and places during the spring of 1887 for the purpose of examining applicants for teachers' certificates:

Friday, March 11, at Hudsonville,

Friday, April 23, at Coopersville,

while the regular examination will be held, as provided by law, on

Friday, March 25, at Grand Haven.

Examination for First and Second Grade Certificates will be held only at the time of the regular examination.

For Third Grade Certificates a standing of 75 per cent is required on the following named studies, viz: (1) Orthography, (2) Reading, (3) Penmanship, (4) Grammar, (5) Geography, (6) Arithmetic, (7) Theory and Art of Teaching, (8) U. S. History, (9) Civil Government, (10) School Law, (11) Physiology and Hygiene, with especial reference to the effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants, and narcotics upon the human system.

For Second Grade Certificates a standing of 85 per cent is required on the above named studies with the addition of Natural Philosophy and Book-keeping.

For First Grade Certificates a standing of 90 per cent is required on the above named studies with the addition of Algebra and English History. Sessions open promptly at 9 a. m. All applicants are requested to be present at opening of the session, and if not personally acquainted with at least one of the examiners should be provided with a certificate of good moral character.

By order of the County Board of School Examiners. ALBERT LAHUIS, Sec'y

# WEBSTER

With or without Patent Index.



Your Attention is invited to the fact that in purchasing the latest issue of this work, you get

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containing 3000 more words and nearly 2000 more illustrations than any other American Dictionary.

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containing over 25,000 titles, with their pronunciation and a vast amount of other information, (just added, 1885) and

### A Biographical Dictionary

giving pronunciation of names and brief facts concerning nearly 10,000 Noted Persons; also various tables giving valuable information.

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GET THE BEST—Webster—it has 118,000 Words, 3000 Engravings, and Four Pages Colored Plates. Standard in Gov't Printing Office. 32,000 copies in Public Schools. Sold 20 to 1 of any other series. Best to make a Family Intelligent. Best help for SCHOLARS, TEACHERS and SCHOOLS.

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Invalid in every School and Family. G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Pub'rs, Springfield, Mass.

# STARCHINE!

Requires no Cooking.

Saves time, labor and money. No sticking, blistering, breaking or trouble. Elasticity, stiffness, and gloss produced. Gives Troy finish. Ask your grocer for STARCHINE. Sample sent free for letter stamp. Made and guaranteed by THE GEORGE FOX STARCH CO., Cincinnati, O.

# A. C. Van Raalte G. M. TUBERGEN,

—Proprietor of—

Manufacturer of and dealer in

# Livery and Sale Stable, Brooms and Brush Brooms.

MARKET STREET.

Hacks for Weddings, Private Parties and Receptions.

The Best Livery in the City.

GIVE ME A CALL!

A. C. VAN RAALTE.

Holland, Mich., April 1, 1886. 9 1yr.

# White Ash Bolts WANTED

—AT THE—

Holland City Butter Tub Factory.

Bolts to be 32 inches in length, left round from seven inches to nine inches in diameter, above that to be split in two.

The Highest Price will be Paid.

J. VAN PUTTEN & CO.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 14, 1887. 50 3m.

# NEXT!!

—AT—

BILLY'S TONSORIAL PARLORS

you can get a

A Good Clean Shave.

A Scientific Haircut or

Invigorating Shampoo

at any time.

HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE.

W. BAUMGARTEL,

HOLLAND Mich., March 19, 1885.

# Holland Cigar Factory,

H. POSTMA, Proprietor.

I hereby notify the public that I have removed my factory to Seventh Street, between River and Market streets, where I will make the largest and best 5 and 10 cent Cigars ever offered to the public.

Give Me a Trial.

My Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 12, 1886. H. POSTMA. 35 6m

# J. D. WETMORE, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIC

# Physician and Surgeon.

All Homeopathic Medicine furnished on application. Calls night or day will receive prompt attention.

OFFICE HOURS: 10.30 a. m. to 12 m., 2.30 to 4 p. m., and 7.30 to 9 p. m.

Office: In Rooms over News Office.

# J. ALBERTI, UNDERTAKER,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.



Will take charge of and manage Funerals, will furnish Hearse, Hack and Carriages; also keeps on hand a large and very fine lot of Caskets and Coffins. Embalming and preserving of corpses skillfully performed. Funerals in the country will be promptly attended to at the same rate as those in the city.

BURIAL SHROUDS, ALL SIZES.

# BOOKS, THREE CENTS EACH.

The following books are published in neat pamphlet form, many of them handsomely illustrated, and all are printed from good type upon good paper. Please examine the list and see if you do not find therein some that you would like to possess. In cloth-bound form these books would cost \$1.00 each. Each book is complete in itself.

- Anecdotes of the Rebellion. A collection of humorous, pathetic and thrilling narratives of the war stories of famous and battle-field, march and picket, adventures of scouts and spies, stories of prison life, of the great Generals, of Mr. Lincoln, etc. The Life of General U. S. Grant. By W. A. PERRY. With portrait and other illustrations.
- Poems, by John G. Whittier. The only cheap edition published—should be in every household. Illustrated.
- Poems, by Henry W. Longfellow. No one can afford to be without this fine collection. Illustrated.
- Poems, by Alfred Tennyson. This work contains some of the finest compositions of the great Poet Laureate.
- The Mystery of a Hansard. A Novel. By Mrs. Jane G. Austin. Charles, a Fair Drama, Shadow, Pantomime, Games, Puzzles, etc., for social gatherings, public and private entertainments, and evenings at home. Illustrated.
- Manual of Phlebotomy. Teaches the best method of propagating all the different plants, tells how to cure disease and eradicate insect pests, gives directions for making beautiful floral and other devices, for window gardening, etc. Illustrated.
- Guide to Needlework, Knitting and Crochet. Containing designs and directions for all kinds of Fancy Needlework, artistic embroidery, Lace Work, Knitting, Tatting, Crochet and Net Work. Illustrated.
- Famous Detective Stories. A collection of thrilling narratives of detective experiences, many of them written by actual members of the profession. Illustrated.
- Yankee Wit and Humor. A collection of humorous stories, sketches, poems and paragraphs, by the leading funny men of the American people. Illustrated.
- The Mystery at Blackwood Grange. A Novel. By Mrs. MAY JONES FLEMING.
- The Evil Genius. A Novel. By M. T. CALDON.
- The Story of a Storm. A Novel. By Mrs. Jane G. Austin.
- 22—We will send any four of the above books by mail post-paid upon receipt of only Twelve Cents; any ten for 25 Cents; any twenty for 50 Cents; the entire list (40 books) for 75 Cents; the entire list bound in boards with cloth back, for \$1.10. These are the cheapest books ever published and guaranteed worth three times the money asked for them. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Postage stamps taken for fractions of a dollar. As to our reliability, we refer to any newspaper published in New York, likewise to the Commercial Agencies.
- 23—We will send any four of the above books by mail post-paid upon receipt of only Twelve Cents; any ten for 25 Cents; any twenty for 50 Cents; the entire list (40 books) for 75 Cents; the entire list bound in boards with cloth back, for \$1.10. These are the cheapest books ever published and guaranteed worth three times the money asked for them. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Postage stamps taken for fractions of a dollar. As to our reliability, we refer to any newspaper published in New York, likewise to the Commercial Agencies.
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Special Offer! extra charge, either sixty cents' worth of the Imperial Potted Paper Patterns, to be selected by yourself from a catalogue which will be sent you, or The People's Home Journal, a large 16-page, 4-column illustrated literary paper, for one year. All orders filled by return mail. Address all letters: F. M. LUTON, Publisher, No. 8 Park Place, New York.



[OFFICIAL.]  
Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 18, 1887.  
The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor.

In the absence of City Clerk Sipp, Ald. B. Steketee was appointed clerk pro tem. Present: Ald. Ter Vree, Harrington, Bangs, De Merrell, Kramer, Steketee, and Bertsch.

Reading of minutes suspended.

The following bills were presented for payment: H. Van der Beil, drawing hose cart to fire, Dec. 23, \$1.00; Salaries of Hook & Ladder Co., \$70.82; Hose Co. No. 2, salaries, \$75.00; L. Alcott, moving fire apparatus and company furniture to new Engine House, \$2.25; Board of Water Commissioners, yard hydrant, \$1.50; D. Meeboer, shoveling snow, \$1.25; J. Alberti, coffin, hearse and labor, \$16.50; H. Vaupell, wood for poor, \$1.50; J. Pessink & Bro., refreshments for Fire Department \$5.84; Yates & Kane, ledger for library \$3.25.—Allowed.

P. Van Leeuwen and Mrs. M. Van Rysel petitioned to have their taxes remitted.—Referred to the Committee on Poor.

The Committee on Ways and Means introduced the following and recommended its passage: "An Ordinance establishing a Police Force and prescribing and defining the powers and duties thereof." Said ordinance was read a first and second time by its title and placed on the general order.

The Committee on Poor reported presenting the semi monthly report of the director of the poor and said committee recommending \$27.00 for the support of the poor, for two weeks ending February 2, 1887, and having rendered temporary aid to the amount of nine dollars.—Approved and warrants ordered issued for the amounts as recommended.

The Committee on Poor reported on cases of S. Van der Wal and F. Bakker, recommending that the order given Mr. and Mrs. Bakker be divided, and that they had not heard from the Supervisor of the Township in regard to case of Van der Wal.—Adopted, that part referring to Mr. and Mrs. Bakker, and granting more time on case of Van der Wal.

The Committee on Fire Department reported having insured hose and other property now in new Engine House for the sum of \$500 for three years from Jan. 7, 1887, in the Grand Rapids Fire Ins. Co., and submitting the policy, and an inventory of property as furnished by Chief Engineer. Amount of inventory, \$1,232.25. Amount of Premium of Policy, \$7.50, which they recommend be paid the agent, J. O. Duesburg. The Committee reported on petition of Hose Company for increase of pay, against granting petition, and also recommended the repeal of the Ordinance on Fire Department excepting as to Chief and Assistant Chief Engineer; and that two new Hose Companies, of eight members each in addition to Chief and Assistant Chief, be organized; and that said members be selected by Chief and Committee to be appointed by the Council.—Adopted.

The Mayor stated that a chancery subpoena had been served on him to appear before the Circuit Court of the U. S. at Grand Rapids on the first Monday of February, to answer the bill of complaint of Michael Walker, complainant.—Mayor instructed to take proper steps to defend the city in this suit.

The clerk of the Board of Water Commissioners reported that the following bills were approved by the Board and that he was instructed to present the same to the Council for payment: R. Kanters & Sons, \$20.55; Alfred Huntley, \$78.66; H. Thompson, \$7.25; Van den Brink, \$5.68.—Accepted and bills ordered paid.

The Chief Engineer of Fire Department reported that Star Hook and Ladder Co., with the exception of three members, had resigned.—Accepted providing that all property belonging to the city, in the hands of said company, be handed over to the Chief.

Report of Sec'y of Hose Co., No. 1 stating that S. Bos, H. Kamperman, T. Bosman, J. Thompson, and C. Steffens, had resigned as members of said company was presented.—Accepted.

City Treasurer Ver Schure petitioned the Council to extend time for collecting taxes to Feb. 25, 1887.—Granted.

Communication was received from F. R. Brower, in regard to paying taxes on personal, vessel, property and presented a receipt of the Treasurer of Ashland for taxes paid on same at that place.—Referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts.

Council went into Committee of the whole on the general order of the day. Ald. Harrington in the chair. After some time spent therein the committee arose and through their chairman reported that that they had had under consideration the ordinance mentioned above and recommended its passage.—Report adopted and the Ordinance placed on third reading of bills.

The ordinance was read a third time by its title and passed by the following yeas and nays: Yeas—Ald. Ter Vree, Harrington, Bangs, De Merrell, Kramer, Steketee and Bertsch. Nays—None.

Council adjourned.

B. STEKETEE, Clerk pro tem.

"Your horse is always in condition."  
"Why certainly, we use Day's Horse Powder all winter."

Only a good and reliable medicine should be given to babies and young children. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup does not contain anything injurious.

Use Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills if you want to feel well and lively. All druggists keep them. 25 cents.

Beuties can't resist Drexel's Bell Cologne.

Renews Her Youth.

Mrs. Phoebe Chesley, Peterson, Clay Co., Iowa, tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am 73 years old, have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years; could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness, and am able to do all my own housework. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitters for having renewed my youth, and removed completely all disease and pain." Try a bottle, only 50 cents at Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Krul, Zeeland.

For the Holland City News.

Our Trip to Saugatuck.

MR. EDITOR:—We have never reported for the News but as we were of Van Raalte Post, and attended the installation of the officers of Peter VanArsdale Post, G. A. R. of Saugatuck, on last week Thursday evening, we feel as though it would be of interest to many of the "old boys" if we did so now. The commander of our Post was detailed from headquarters for the duties of installing officer and together with him, as his aides, we started early on Thursday for the "village at the mouth of the Kalamazoo." Our "start" was under the most favorable circumstances, for with a package of hard-tack and the prospects of coffee on the way, had not soldiers ought to be contented and happy. When about half way we met with our first misfortune for we were unceremoniously dumped out of the sleigh into a huge snow drift. We, in our capacity of aids, suggested the advisability of retreating for home again, but the Commander would not heed our advice, but said we must get there and obey orders from headquarters no matter what difficulties arose. He exhibited the same spirit that he possessed twenty-five years ago and we made up our mind that there was no retreat in him, and continued on our journey, reporting at the Post room at Saugatuck in due time. When he produced his orders from headquarters and presented them to the assembled comrades they were very much surprised at our commander and his aides being possessed of so much energy in presenting themselves in time to perform the duties required of them. The duties discharged the remainder of the evening was given up to partaking of the bountiful spread provided, and we must confess that our generous and hospitable treatment amply repaid us for the inconveniences experienced on our trip to and from our neighboring "summer resort."

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 20, 1887.

Free Trade.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefitted the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with *Green's August Flower* and *Boschee's German Syrup*, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The *August Flower* for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the *German Syrup* for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Business Directory.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

Holland was incorporated as a city in 1867 with territorial limits, only extending two miles from east to west, and one mile from north to south, including less than six hundred acres of land available for building purposes. It is probably the smallest city in the State on the ground, and for that reason the official census numbers do not represent much more than half the population around the head of Macatawa Bay on the banks of which the city is located. The population of the city at present is four thousand. The aggregate wealth of the city is \$2,500,000.

It is the geographical and commercial center of more than 300 square miles of rich and densely populated farming country, with railroad connections north to Grand Haven and Muskegon, northeast to Grand Rapids and Detroit, south-east to Allegan, Kalamazoo and Toledo, and south to St. Joseph and Chicago, and westward, its harbor of Black Lake, or Macatawa Bay, gives communication by water with Chicago, Milwaukee, and all other ports on the great lakes.

The city possesses a College, Hope College, excellent schools, churches, hotels, opera house, Walker system of water works; has five newspapers; has beautiful shaded streets; two public parks; and has eight miles of graveled and improved streets. Near the city, at the outlet of Macatawa Bay into Lake Michigan, is located Macatawa Park and Ottawa Beach, two of the most popular summer resorts in Michigan. During the summer of 1886 thirty thousand people visited these Parks.

Tanning, flour, and lumber are the leading industries. The manufactured product of the tanneries will make our aggregate value of manufactured articles one million of dollars per year. The flouring mills have a capacity of four hundred barrels per day, the character of this product is so exceptionally good as to give our millers a good foreign as well as domestic market. The city has also an extensive cooperage works, a butter tub factory, three planing mills, a machine shop, two wagon factories, a creamery, and various other manufactures.

Holland is a good place for capitalists to locate for the development of their wealth.

The following are the leading business houses of the city.

Attorneys and Justices.

DIKEMA G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, I., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, J. Pessink & Bro., Proprietors, Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

VAN DOMMELEN, P., wholesale and retail Baker of rusk, (biscuits) and sweet cakes, Eighth street, near River.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

Boots and Shoes.

HELDER, J. D., the cheapest place in the city to buy Boots and Shoes, River street.

VAN DUREN BROS., dealers in Boots and Shoes. A large assortment always on hand. Eighth street.

SPRIETMAN S., manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes. The oldest Boot and Shoe House in the city. Eighth street.

Bank.

HOLLAND CITY BANK, foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Eighth street.

Clothing.

BUSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, keeps the largest stock of Cloths and Ready-made Clothing in city. Eighth street.

JONKMAN & DYKEMA, dealer in Ready-made Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

VORST W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing clothing a specialty cheap and good. River street.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, Kremers & Bangs, Proprietors.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor Eighth and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

DE JONG, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DEVRIES D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEKETEE A., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, etc. Double Brick Store, Eighth street.

STEKETEE PETER & CO., general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crockery in city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in Fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

WERKMAN, R. E., proprietor of the Phoenix Cheap Cash Store and dealer in General Merchandise, cor. River and Tenth streets.

WISE J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Eighth street opposite City Hall.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Picture Frames, etc., River St.

Flour Mills.

CITY MILLS, C. P. Becker, proprietor, manufacturer of "Purity" and several other brands of first-class flour.

WALSH, DE ROO & CO., Manufacturers of Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roller Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

Hardware.

KANTERS R. & SONS, dealers in general hardware, steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52 Eighth street.

VAN OORT, J. B., dealer in General Hardware, Stoves, Paints, Oils, Glass, etc., Eighth street, opp. Post Office.

VAN LANDEGENT, T., Sheet Metal Worker, galvanizing iron cornices, hot air furnaces, plumbing and steam fitting, wood and iron pumps. Eighth street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheet iron ware. Corner River and Eighth street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PRENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, Proprietor, located near depot of C. & W. M. R'y. A well appointed hotel. Rates reasonable.

Livery and Sale Stables.

HARRINGTON, E. J. Jr., proprietor of Holland City Sale and Exchange Stable. General teaming done, cor. Market and Seventh sts.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

VAN RAALTE, A. C., The finest and best livery horses and carriages in the city. Stable on Market street near City Hotel.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FLEEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufactory and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Seif, Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

HOLLAND CRYSTAL CREAMERY, Notler & Bakelaar, proprietors. Pure Butter in packages. Fish street.

HUNTLEY A., Practical Machinist, Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HOLLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, L. T. Kanters, General Manager, Wind Mills, Tanks, etc., a specialty.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder, and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kleyn, Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick, Sixth street.

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, R. E. Werkman, proprietor, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, and brick. River street.

THE CAPRON & BERTSCH LEATHER CO., tanners of Hemlock slaughter Skin, Harness, Grain, Calf and Kip. Office, Grand Rapids.

TARKEN & DE SPELDER, Manufacturers of Carriages, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs. Sole owners of IXL Patent Wagon. Special attention to Horsehoeling and Repairing. River street.

TE ROLLER, HEIN, Builder and Designer of all kinds of Buildings. Office on River street.

VAN PUTTEN & CO. J., proprietors of Holland City Butter Tub Factory, manufacturers of White Ash Butter Tubs.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana Blend, Smoke them. For sale by all dealers.

WILMS P., Pump manufacturer, and dealer in Agricultural Implements of all kinds, South River street.

Merchant Tailors.

BRUSSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

Marble Works.

DE MERELL R. N., dealer in Granite and Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets. Building Work done. Eighth street.

Meat Markets.

DOK, C. & SON, Fresh and Salt Meats, and choice steaks always on hand. River street.

KUITE J., wholesale and retail dealer in fresh, salt and smoked meats. No. 38 Eighth St.

VAN DUREN & VAN DER VEER, First Ward Meat Market. Choice meats always on hand. Eighth street, near Fish.

Millinery.

VAN DEN BERGE L. & S. & CO., Millinery and Fancy Goods. The oldest millinery establishment in the city. Cor. Eighth and Cedar streets.

Photographers.

BURGESS, A. M., Best cabinet photos, made in city only \$3.00 per doz. Views taken out side on short notice. Eighth street.

WATKINS W. S., proprietor of River street Gallery, first-class Panels, Cabinets, and Photos taken. Call.

Physicians.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Tenth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's Drug Store. Residence, Corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in house formerly occupied by L. Spritens.

Printing.

NEWS Office, No. 52 Eighth street, Jobs and Book Printing promptly and neatly executed.

Saloons.

BLOM, C., proprietor of the "Rose Bud Saloon" and dealer in liquors and cigars. River street.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

HUNT & HOPKINS, proprietors of Sample Room corner Eighth and Market streets. Liquors and cigars.

HUNT R. A., Saloon in First Ward, three doors east of City Hall.

Second Hand Store.

BUSMAN, A. B., proprietor of Second Hand Store, and dealer in Stoves, Tinware, etc., Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

Miscellaneous.

KEPPEL, T., dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, salt, land and calcined plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar streets.

Rail Roads.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.  
Taking Effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.				
TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	Nit Exp.	Mix.
Holland.....	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Grand Junction.....	10 30	1 15	12 10	4 45
Bangor.....	11 37	2 05	1 28	5 05
Benton Harbor.....	11 57	2 17	1 47	5 20
New Buffalo.....	1 25	3 00	3 10	12 00
Chicago.....	2 35	4 00	4 45	3 00
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
FROM CHICAGO TO HOLLAND.				
Chicago.....	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
New Buffalo.....	9 00	2 55	9 10	
Benton Harbor.....	11 35	6 10	12 10	4 45
Bangor.....	12 30	7 00	1 25	7 50
Grand Junction.....	1 45	7 55	2 50	11 10
Holland.....	2 05	8 07	3 12	12 35
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
FROM HOLLAND TO GRAND RAPIDS.				
	Mail.	Exp.	Exp.	Fgt.
Holland.....	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.
Zeeland.....	3 05	5 00	5 45	10 05
Grand Rapids.....	3 13	4 56	10 20	6 17
	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	
FROM GRAND RAPIDS TO HOLLAND.				
Grand Rapids.....	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Zeeland.....	9 10	12 30	11 00	5 00
Holland.....	9 54	11 42	5 45	
	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	
FROM HOLLAND TO MUSKEGON.				
	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Holland.....	10 15	3 05	4 50	6 00
Grand Haven.....	10 53	3 23	6 30	6 40
Ferryburg.....	11 57	3 47	6 40	6 45
Muskegon, 3rd street.....	11 25	4 15	7 15	7 15
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
FROM MUSKEGON TO HOLLAND.				
Muskegon, 3rd street.....	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Ferryburg.....	2 15	12 30	8 17	10 43
Grand Haven.....	2 20	12 35	9 20	10 48
Holland.....	3 00	1 10	8 55	10 55
	p. m.		p. m.	
FROM HOLLAND TO ALLEGAN.				
	p. m.		a. m.	
Holland.....	3 05		10 10	
Fillmore.....	3 30		10 35	
Hamilton.....	3 34		10 33	
Allegan.....	4 03		11 05	
	p. m.		p. m.	
FROM ALLEGAN TO HOLLAND.				
	a. m.	p. m.	Mix. a. m.	
Allegan.....	9 05	5 00	11 25	
Hamilton.....	9 37	5 32	12 15	
Fillmore.....	9 47	5 40	12 30	
Holland.....	10 05	5 55	12 57	



**HIS WIFE.**  
BY JUSTIN M'CARNEY.

I cannot touch his cheek,  
Nor ruffle with a loving breath his hair;  
I look into his eyes, and hear him speak—  
He never knows that I am there!  
Oh, if my darling would but only know  
That day and night, through all his weary life,  
I, whom he loved in the years long ago,  
Am with him still—his wife!

I watch him at his task,  
When the broad sunbeams first light up his  
room;  
I watch him till the evening lays her mask  
Upon the face of Day; and in the gloom  
He lays his pencil down and silent sits,  
And leans his chin upon his hands and sighs;  
How well I know what memory round him  
fits!  
I read it in his eyes.

And when his pencil's skill  
Has sometimes wrought a touch of happy art  
I see his face with sudden gladness fill;  
I see him turn with eager lips apart  
To bid me come and welcome his success;  
And then he droops and throws his brush  
aside;  
Oh! if my darling could only guess  
That she is near who died.

Sometimes I fancy, too,  
That he does dimly know it—that he feels  
Some influence of love pass thrilling through  
Death's prison bars, the spirit's bonds and  
seals;  
Some dear companionship around him still;  
Some whispered blessing, faintly breathed  
caress,  
The presence of a love no death can kill  
Brightening his loneliness.

Ah, but it cannot be!  
The dead are with the living—I am here;  
But he, my living love, he cannot see  
His dead wife, though she clings to him so near.  
I seek his eyes; I press against his cheek;  
I hear him breathe my name in wailing tone;  
He calls me—calls his wife—I cannot speak,  
He thinks he is alone.

This is the bitterness of death!  
To know he loves me, pines and yearns for me;  
To see him, still he near him, feel his breath  
Fan my sad cheek, and yet I am not free  
To bid him feel, by any faintest touch,  
That she who never left his side in life—  
She who so loved him, whom he loved so much—  
Is with him still—his wife.

## A MEMORY OF BOYHOOD.

BY A (GRAY-HAired) TICONDEROGA BOY.

Thirty years ago my boyhood's home—  
Fort Ticonderoga, New York—was no less  
historic ground than it is to-day. Born  
within sight of the rugged ruins of the old  
fort itself, my boyish feet knew every rood  
of ground, climbed every rock and moun-  
tain in the vicinity before I was 10 years  
old, while the stories of the scenes which  
had been enacted there were so familiar  
that I almost felt that I had taken a part  
in them.

I seemed to see, again, the battle between  
the French and the English, where two  
thousand of Abercrombie's men were piled  
in the trench surrounding the fort. Many  
a time I thought I could hear Ethan Allen  
with his "Green Mountain Boys"—my  
grandfather was one of them—demanding  
the surrender of the fort "in the name of  
the great Jehovah and the Continental  
Congress," and my grandfather's blood  
thrilled in my veins at the memory.

Again and again, as I stood on Mount  
Denise, I saw in imagination the cannon  
of Burgoyne overlooking the garrison be-  
low, and pictured to myself the hurried re-  
treat of St. Clair to the Vermont shore of  
Lake Champlain.

The blue waters of the lake itself had  
mirrored many a picture—now peaceful,  
now war-clouded, from the history of our  
country "familiar as household words" to  
me, in my trips up and down its sunny  
waters. It is surely no wonder that our  
American Scott should choose the scenery  
of Lakes Huron and Champlain as a  
background for some of his most charming  
novels. So dear were these scenes to me  
that in after years, when my parents had  
removed to another home, I was accus-  
tomed to make yearly pilgrimages to my  
boyhood's Mecca, not infrequently accom-  
panied by some of my schoolmates and  
friends.

It was on one of these excursions, when  
our numbers were unusually large, that I  
met with an adventure to which I cannot,  
even now, refer without a shudder.

There were twenty or more of our  
company, and we planned to spend  
several days in and about the classic ground  
of the old fort, rambling over the rocks  
penciled indelibly with the story of our  
forefathers' struggle for liberty.

Eight miles from Granville to the lake,  
in wagons, made the first stage of our  
journey; there we took the steamer Bur-  
lington, (a name familiar to all frequenters  
of that region) and were landed at Fort  
Ticonderoga in two or three hours.

The Pavilion House was then a fine  
hotel, and we made it our headquarters,  
going out every day on long rambles,  
drives, or picnics. The second night  
found all the girls thoroughly tired out,  
and glad to seek their rooms at an early  
hour. But the bright water under the mel-  
low moonlight was too beautiful for "us  
boys" to leave, and the rippling of the  
water on the shore gently rocking a pretty  
row-boat, tied at the landing, sounded a  
challenge it was not in boys' hearts to re-  
fuse.

Six of us decided to go down the lake  
about two miles to Larrabee's Point where  
my uncle had just erected a new hotel—  
stay there an hour or two, and return, and  
so furnish an item for breakfast-table gos-  
sip. Charlie Smith took the oars. (He's  
Hon. C. B. now, and getting too rheumatic  
to row a boat); near him sat Robert Adams,  
(he, too, is a grave D. D. now, entirely  
past such undignified frolics), Henry  
Falkenburg, Dr. Witt Clinton Baker (chil-  
dren are named for modern heroes now),  
and George Carleton, dear old boys, I've  
lost all track of their whereabouts, but if  
they see this little sketch they will re-  
member the smaller Smith who sat at the  
helm that moonlight July night, on Lake  
Champlain.

My uncle gave us so cheery a welcome  
that our stay was prolonged beyond our  
first intention, and  
"Behind a cloud the moon withdrew—in woe,"  
not perhaps at our delay, but leaving the  
lake black and dark, as if she were angry  
with us.

We felt no fear, however, and with  
shout and song we soon glided over  
"The smooth lake's level brim."

Charlie and I changed places, and I  
took off my coat (my first broadcloth, and  
the tenderness with which I regarded it  
can only be appreciated by the old boys,  
who were boys when I was), and bent to  
the oars with all my strength.

As we left the landing we could distinct-  
ly see the flashing lights and hear the  
rumbling engine of a large steamer. I, of  
course, had my back to her, and  
trusting to the others to keep a "lookout,"  
and warn me of danger—as I generally  
held the post of responsibility from being  
most familiar with the country.

It soon seemed to me that we were rap-  
idly approaching the steamer, and I re-  
marked that she must be coming toward  
us. "No!" they all shouted, "she's ahead  
of us, but we're gaining on her! We'll  
soon overtake her!"

For a few moments this quieted my fears,  
but the noise of the engine and the gleam  
of the lights on the water became so dis-  
tinct that I started from my seat and looked  
behind me, to convince myself that I was  
wrong in my impression.

In an instant I saw, to my horror, that  
the steamer was bearing directly down  
upon us at a rate of ten miles an hour,  
and the appearance of that vessel, as she  
looked to me at that moment, is as vivid as  
a painting before me now. The great dark  
hulk, the flying sparks, the huge columns  
of smoke lit up by a lurid glare from the  
fires, the swaying, gleaming lights like  
horrible eyes in the surrounding darkness,  
made her seem like some monster from the  
infernal regions breathing out fire and  
smoke, rushing upon us in mad fury, bent  
upon our destruction.

It did not take another instant to see that  
she was within a few rods of us, and with  
all my strength I turned our little craft  
to escape her. But we were just then op-  
posite Willow Point where Col. Ethan Allen  
landed his troops; as we rounded the Point  
the steamer followed in our wake, and as I  
again attempted to turn our boat my oar  
grazed her bow and we shot past her.

Here a new horror awaited us, for she  
had four canal boats in tow, two lashed on  
each side.

We passed the first safely, but I saw we  
could not the second. "Boys!" I shouted,  
"stand up!" "Jump for your lives!"  
Quick as thought we sprang to our feet. I  
had to be last, as it was my duty to steady  
the boat as long as possible,—and just as  
the second canal boat struck our little craft  
and drew her under its great side we caught  
her rail and sprang on board. Our escape  
seemed almost miraculous, especially in  
Robert's case, who caught the rail but by  
three fingers of one hand, and was drawn  
up by the other boys.

Boy-like, forgetting the personal peril,  
I ran at the stern of the canal-boat to en-  
deavor to secure my precious broadcloth,  
only to see our boat floating out into the  
darkness full of water.

We reported at once to the captain of  
the steamer, who landed us in a short time  
at my uncle's hotel again. We went in im-  
mediate search of Horatio Baldwin, the  
old ferryman, and asked his advice in re-  
gard to our boat, and the best means of  
returning to the Pavilion.

His boat was soon at our service, and  
with one question as to our position when  
the steamer struck us, and one glance at  
the direction of the wind, he told us which  
way the boat had probably drifted, and  
where we would be likely to find her.

Taking his bearings, he rowed directly to  
the spot, and soon found it, floating, full  
of water, with my coat streaming out in  
the water from one of the rowlocks.

We were soon safe again at the Pavilion,  
but our breakfast-table story was a more  
serious one than we had anticipated telling,  
though there was certainly abundant reason  
for thankfulness that it was not more so.  
Our preservation was truly remark-  
able, and as I said before, Lake Champlain  
has one association which I cannot recall  
without a shudder.

**The Reality of Genius.**

Yes, genius will work; it is impelled  
"to scorn delights and live laborious  
days." It "can not else." The fire  
must out or it will consume its inheritor.  
Mr. Churchill, in "Kavanagh," just  
misses being a genius, because he is not  
driven to perform his work either at a  
heat or by rational stages. The story of  
unconscious self-training ever repeats  
itself; the childhood of Burns and  
Keats and Mrs. Browning, of James  
Watt, has a method of finding the pre-  
cise nature suited to it. Of course a  
poor soil, the absence of sunlight, will  
starve the plant or warp it to some  
morbid form. But how gloriously it  
thrives in its true habitat and at its  
proper season. Time and the man  
have fitted each other so happily that  
many ask—as Mr. Howells asks con-  
cerning Grant, Bismarck, Columbus,  
Darwin, Lincoln—who calls such an  
one a genius? Often, too, as in the  
cases of at least two of these men, the  
coincidents are so marked that the ac-  
tors lose the sense of their own destiny,  
and imagine themselves chiefly suited  
to something quite otherwise from the  
work to which the very stars of heaven  
have impelled them. But fair aptitude  
with ceaseless industry and aspiration,  
never can impose itself for genius upon  
the world. It will produce Southeys  
in a romantic period and Trollope in a  
realistic one. We see the genius of  
Poe broken by lack of will, and that of  
Emily Bronte clouded by a fatal bodily  
disease; but, as against "Wuthering  
Heights" with its passionate incom-  
pleteness, Trollope's entire product  
stands for nothing more than an exten-  
sive illustration of mechanical work  
against that which reeks with individ-  
uality, and when set against the work  
of true genius reinforced by purpose,  
physical strength, and opportunity, as  
exhibited by Thackeray, or Hugo, or  
Dickens, comparison is simply out of  
thought. Not every mind catches fire  
with its own friction and emits flashes  
that surprise itself, as in dreams one  
is startled at things said to him, though  
he actually is both interlocutor and an-  
swerer. Thus Swift, reading his "Tale  
of a Tub," exclaims: "Good God! what  
a genius I had when I wrote that  
book!" Thackeray confessed his de-  
light with the passage where Mrs.  
Crawley, for a moment, adores her  
stupid husband after his heroic act.  
"There," cried the novelist, "is a stroke  
of genius!" It was one of the occasions  
when, like our autocrat composing "The  
Chambered Nautilus," he had written  
"better than he could."—E. C. Stead-  
man, in *New Princeton Review*.

**Sugar in Soap.**

Many of the finest grades of transpar-  
ent soap sold in England do not contain  
glycerine, as advertised, but sugar.  
Sugar seems just as well adapted to  
make transparent soap as glycerine.

In the Trinity College Botanic Gar-  
den, Dublin, a tree has produced some  
seedless and coreless pears from a sec-  
ond crop of blossoms, which lacked  
vitality to form a core with seeds.

## OBITUARY.

Death at New York of John Roach,  
the Well-Known Ship-  
Builder.

Alice Oates, the Comic Opera Singer,  
Passes Away After a Long  
Illness.

Judge Rogers, of Chicago, Stricken Down  
While Standing in a Dry-Goods  
Store.

John Roach.  
[New York telegram.]

John Roach, the great ship-builder, died in  
this city on Monday morning. Mr. Roach was  
in great pain from the cancerous growth with  
which he suffered, and he was kept under the  
influence of morphia. He had brief intervals of  
consciousness, during which he spoke to his son  
Garrett, who was constant in his attendance at  
the bedside. Only a few intimate friends of the  
family were admitted to the house, and nobody



other than the nurses and the physicians were  
allowed to see the patient. The dying man  
sank rapidly, and when he passed away it  
was without a struggle. At his bedside  
were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. McPherson, of Phil-  
adelphia, John B. Roach, Garrett N. Roach,  
Stephen W. Roach, Miss Emeline Roach, John  
Walton, a nephew, Mrs. Roach, and three  
grandchildren.

John Roach was born in County Cork, Ireland,  
but was reared in America in the city of New  
York. Prior to his starting in business on his  
own account he was a common workman in the  
Allaire works. At this place he soon ad-  
vanced himself through his adaptability to  
business to the position of foreman, after which  
he established himself with a very small cap-  
ital, but his old employers' recommendations  
assisted him to a moderate credit, and his nat-  
ural force soon gave him prominence. In 1857  
he was able to purchase the Morgan  
Iron Works for about \$400,000 and in  
1868 the Neptune works for \$150,000, and  
two years later the Franklin forge for \$125,000,  
and also a large property at Chester, Pa., where  
works known as the Delaware River Iron Ship-  
building and Engine Works, of which corpo-  
ration Mr. Roach was the President and owner.  
He was the builder of numbers of vessels for  
the United States Government, having been  
given the contract for the ships Dolphin, Bos-  
ton, Atlanta, and Chicago. The Boston was fin-  
ished in August, 1886, and the unfortunate  
dolphin—which caused John Roach so much  
trouble by having been rejected under the  
Cleveland administration—was at last trans-  
ferred to the Government through negotiations  
between Mr. Roach and Secretary Whitney.

Alice Oates.

[Philadelphia dispatch.]  
Alice Oates, the well-known comic-opera  
singer, died at the residence of her husband, in  
this city, on Monday.



ALICE OATES IN 1870. 167, when she was 20  
years of age. Her voice gained her  
the part of Earl Darnley in the bur-  
lesque of "The Field of the Cloth of  
Gold." Her success was instantaneous, and  
after the first week she was billed as a star.  
She played a long time in Chicago without a  
change of bill, and then  
brought the burlesque  
to this city, where it ran  
at the Chestnut Street  
Theater over two hun-  
dred nights. This was  
her first and last ap-  
pearance in burlesque. After-  
ward she devoted her  
talents to comic opera.  
Her husband died of con-  
sumption in 1870, and in  
1872 the widow married  
Tracy W. Titus, from  
whom, however, she was  
soon divorced. Mrs. Oates  
sang and acted with suc-  
cess in New York, ALICE OATES IN 1886,  
and all over the United States. She became  
best known through her performance in con-  
nection with the Oates Comic Opera Company, of  
which she was both directress and prima donna.

John G. Rogers.  
[Chicago special.]

John G. Rogers, one of the Judges of the Cir-  
cuit Court of Cook County, fell dead in a dry  
goods store on State street Monday. Up to that  
moment he appeared to be in perfect health.



The announcement of his sudden demise was  
painful to the community where the deceased  
jurist has lived for many years and where he  
won hosts of warm friends and admirers.

# 26,587,335

BOTTLES OF

## Warner's SAFE Cure

Sold, to Dec. 27, 1886.

### No Other Remedy in the World Can Produce Such a Record.

This wonderful success of "Warner's SAFE Cure" is due wholly to the real merit of the  
Remedy. For a long time it has been REGARDED BY THE HIGHEST MEDI-  
CAL AUTHORITIES AS THE ONLY SPECIFIC FOR KIDNEY, LIVER  
AND URINARY DISEASES, AND FEMALE COMPLAINTS.  
Thousands of people owe their life and health to "Warner's SAFE Cure," and we can pro-  
duce 100,000 TESTIMONIALS to that effect.

Read the following and note the large number of bottles distributed. We guarantee these  
figures to be correct, as our sales-books will prove.

Boston, - - 1,149,122 Pennsylvania, - 1,821,218

CAPT. W. D. ROBINSON (U. S. Marine Insp.,  
Buffalo, N. Y.), in 1885 was suffering with a  
skin humor like leprosy. Could not sleep;  
was in great agony. For two years tried  
everything, without benefit. Was pronounced  
incurable. "Twenty bottles of Warner's  
SAFE Cure completely cured me, and to-day  
I am strong and well." (Feb. 5, 1885.)

Providence, - 179,929

EX-GOV. T. G. ALVORD (Syracuse, N. Y.), in  
1884 began running down with General De-  
bility, accompanied with a sense of weight  
in the lower part of the body, with a fever-  
ish sensation and a general giving out of  
the whole organism. Was in serious con-  
dition, confined to his bed much of the time.  
After a thorough treatment with Warner's  
SAFE Cure, he says: "I am completely re-  
stored to health by its means."

Portland, Me., - 441,105

MAJOR S. B. ABBOTT (Springfield, Mo.), in  
1871 was afflicted with lame back, Rheuma-  
tism, and Kidney trouble. Consulted the  
very best physicians in San Francisco, and  
visited all the mineral springs there. Took  
a health trip to the New England States, but  
for seven years suffered constantly from his  
malady, which had resulted in Bright's dis-  
ease. After using a couple dozen bottles of  
Warner's SAFE Cure and two of SAFE Pills,  
he wrote: "My back and kidneys are with-  
out pain, and, thank God, I owe it all to  
Warner's SAFE Remedies."

Bal. of New Eng., - 441,753

MRS. J. T. RITCHIEY (632 4th Ave., Louisville,  
Ky.) was a confirmed invalid for seven  
years, just living, and hourly expecting  
death. Was confined to bed ten months each  
year. Was attended by the best physicians.  
Her left side was paralyzed. Could neither  
eat, sleep, nor enjoy life. The doctors said  
she was troubled with female complaints;  
but she was satisfied her kidneys were af-  
fected. Under the operation of Warner's  
SAFE Cure she passed a large stone or calcu-  
lus, and in November, 1885, reported: "Am  
to-day as well as when a girl."

New York State - 3,870,773 Bal. N. W. States, - 1,767,149

ASK YOUR FRIENDS AND NEIGHBORS ABOUT  
**WARNER'S SAFE CURE.**  
THE MOST POPULAR REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Cleveland, - 682,632 St. Louis, - 1,530,527

EX-GOV. R. T. JACOB (Westport, Ky.) was  
prostrated with severe Kidney trouble and  
lost 40 pounds of flesh. After a thorough  
treatment with Warner's SAFE Cure he re-  
ports, "I have never enjoyed better health."

Cincinnati, - 873,667

GEN. H. D. WALLEN (144 Madison Ave., New  
York), scarcely able to walk two blocks with-  
out exhaustion, and, having lost flesh heav-  
ily, began the use of Warner's SAFE Cure,  
and says: "I was much benefited by it."

Bal. Ohio (State), - 633,158

COL. JOSEPH H. THORNTON (Cincinnati, O.)  
in 1885 reported that his daughter was very  
much prostrated; had palpitation of the  
heart, intense pain in the head, nervous  
disorder and catarrh of the bladder. She  
lost fifty-five pounds. Other remedies fail-  
ing, they began the use of Warner's SAFE  
Cure, SAFE Pills, and SAFE Nerveine,  
and within three months she had gained fifty  
pounds in weight and was restored to good  
health. That was three years ago, and she  
is still in as good health as ever in her life.  
Col. Thornton, himself, was cured of  
Chronic Diarrhea of eighteen years' stand-  
ing, in 1881, by Warner's SAFE Cure.

Southern States, - 3,534,017

C. H. ALLEN (Leavenworth, Kan.), son Ed-  
win, two years of age, afflicted with extreme  
case of Bright's disease, and the doctors gave  
him up. By the advice of the doctor's wife,  
began the use of Warner's SAFE Cure, and  
after taking seven bottles he is perfectly  
well and has had no relapse.

Canada, - 1,467,824 Bal. Pac. Coast, - 732,316

F. MAYER (1020 N. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo.),  
afflicted with tired feelings, dizziness, and  
pain across the back, and lost appetite. Was  
sallow and care-worn all the time. The doc-  
tors failing, he began the use of Warner's  
SAFE Cure, and reports: "I feel like a fight-  
ing cock."

Chicago, - 2,808,693

MR. R. BROWN (2221 Woodward Ave., De-  
troit, Mich.) injured his back from a fall.  
Was confined to his bed six weeks. The fall  
injured his kidneys, producing intense suffer-  
ing. Warner's SAFE Cure restored his kid-  
neys to their natural condition, and he writes:  
"I am now eighty years of age, smart and  
active."

Detroit, - 846,946

MRS. THOS. SCHMIDT (Wife of the Vice-  
Consul of Denmark, 69 Wall St., New York)  
reported that her little son, after an attack  
of Diphtheritic Sore Throat eight years ago,  
was afflicted with Bright's Disease in ad-  
vanced form; by the advice of General  
Christiansen, of Drexel, Morgan & Co.,  
Bankers, New York, she prescribed War-  
ner's SAFE Cure, with the consent of the  
physicians, and reports, "the physicians say  
that he will be perfectly well."

Milwaukee, - 458,894

MISS Z. L. BOARDMAN (Quebec, Vt.) in  
May, 1882, began to bloat, thence came stom-  
ach trouble, terrible headaches, and finally  
the doctor's opinion that it was Bright's dis-  
ease, and incurable. Eventually she be-  
came nearly blind, pronounced by the doc-  
tors to be the last stage of Bright's disease.  
After having been under treatment by War-  
ner's SAFE Cure for one year, she reported,  
"I am as well as any one."

Minnesota, - 648,017

HON. N. A. PLYMPTON (Worcester, Mass.),  
in May, 1880, was prostrated by Gravel. Un-  
der the operation of Warner's SAFE Cure  
alone he passed a large stone, and subse-  
quently wrote: "I have had no recurrence  
of my trouble since Warner's SAFE Cure cured  
me."

Bal. N. W. States, - 1,767,149

CAPT. GEO. B. WILTBANK (919 Spruce St.,  
Phila., Pa.), prostrated in Central America,  
with Malarial Fever, caused by congestion  
of Kidneys and Liver. Delirious part of the  
time. Liver enlarged one-third. Stomach  
badly affected. Could hold no food; even  
water was ejected. Using less than a dozen  
bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure he writes, "I  
was completely cured."

Kansas City, - 717,860

MRS. (PROF.) E. J. WOLF (Gettysburg, Pa.,  
Wife of the Ed. of the Lutheran Quarterly),  
began to decline with Pulmonary Consump-  
tion. (Over 50 per cent. of all cases of Con-  
sumption are caused by diseased kidneys.  
Despaired of living. After a thorough course  
of treatment with Warner's SAFE Cure, she  
writes, "I am perfectly well."

Bal. S. W. States, - 746,789

EX-SENATOR B. K. BRUCE (South Carolina),  
after doctoring for years for what he sup-  
posed was Malaria, discovered he was  
afflicted with Sugar Diabetes, and having  
obtained no relief whatever from his phy-  
sicians, he began the use of Warner's SAFE  
Diabetes Cure, and he says: "My friends are  
astonished at my improvement."

San Francisco, - 1,242,946

J. Q. ELKINS (Elkinsville, N. C.) suffered for  
ten years from Gravel, which attacked him  
every six months. He lost 45 pounds in three  
months, and his strength was nearly gone.  
After a thorough use of Warner's SAFE Dia-  
betes Cure he reports, "I am as well as I ever  
was, after using fourteen bottles."

Every Testimonial we publish is genuine. Write to the testators,  
inclosing stamp for reply, and learn for yourself.

One Agent (Merchant only) wanted in every town for

**TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢**

My retail sales of your "Tansill's Punch" 5-cent cigar  
for last year (1885) were 182,000. This year I expect to  
sell at least 200,000 of this justly popular brand.

Address R. W. TANSILL & CO., Chicago.

**WE WANT YOU!** A live energetic man  
profitable employment to represent us in every  
county. Salary \$75 per month and expenses, or a  
large commission on sales if preferred. Goods staple.  
Every one buys. Outfit and particulars free.  
STANDARD SILVERWARE CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**RUPTURE** Relieved and Cured by Dr. J. A.  
Sherman's method. Those who  
cannot avail themselves of per-  
sonal attendance can have home treatment appliance  
and curative sent for \$10 only. Send stamp for cir-  
cular. 284 Broadway, New York.



## SPIES' ROMANCE.

A Handsome Chicago Heiress Falls in Love with the Condemned Anarchist.

Romance and Sympathy Combine to Turn the Head of the Giddy Girl.

[Chicago Telegram.]

One of the most regular attendants at the trial of the anarchists during the closing days, was a tall, fair, and handsome girl, who dressed in fashionable garments and whose appearance generally was suggestive of refinement. She was apparently



MISS VAN ZANDT.

about 19 years of age, and on nearly every occasion she was accompanied by an elderly lady. She evinced the deepest interest in the proceedings, and it finally became evident that she was more than usually interested in one of the prisoners. As the days passed by it was ascertained that her admiration extended to August Spies. At the conclusion of the trial she visited the County Jail to proffer her sympathy to the prisoners, and on this occasion she introduced herself to Spies, and from that day became completely infatuated with him. The feeling which she entertained for the anarchist leader was evidently reciprocated, and her visits to the jail to see her lover became so frequent that she finally came to be known to the jail officials as "Spies' girl." She would stand at the iron grating of the "cage" and talk to her lover until the jail hour for locking up the prisoners arrived. Her identity finally became known, and she proved to be Miss Nina Van Zandt, only daughter of J. Van Zandt, a chemist employed in Kirk's soap factory at No. 352 North Water street. She would bring all sorts of dainty edibles for his use, and also articles of feminine manufacture for the adornment of his cell. It was evidently a case of "mash," and a severe case at that. But Miss Van Zandt seemed to glory in it, and was apparently proud of her powers of conquest. But nobody appeared to be prepared for the news, which was made public through the local press a few days ago, that August Spies and Miss Van Zandt were to be married in a short time.

The future Mrs. Spies was born in Philadelphia, Jan. 5, 1867. Her father is said to belong to one of the Knickerbocker families who moved from New York State to Central Pennsylvania about fifty years ago. Her mother comes from a Scotch-English family named Clarke, that has lived in Pittsburgh for many years. Miss Van Zandt attended the Friends' Central High School in Philadelphia until her parents moved to Chicago, in 1882. Here she attended the Misses Grant's Seminary for young ladies, as a boarding scholar, and remained there one year. In the fall of 1883 she entered Vassar College at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., staying there two years and taking Latin and mathematical courses. She is a member of St. James' Episcopal Church, together with her father and mother, and is well known in church society. She has attracted the attention of many young men, some of whom were members of the congregation. A young Canadian, who is employed in a La Salle street insurance office, was understood to have been regarded with more than passing favor until the trial of the anarchists began. Mr. and Mrs. Van Zandt and the prospective bride have been regarded as rather extreme in their views toward alleged suffering humanity, and like Captain and Mrs. W. P. Black, perhaps, look upon the anarchists as having been more sinned against than sinning. When the news of the coming marriage was quietly circulated in North Side society circles, to which Miss Van Zandt belonged, and became known at the St. James' Club, to which many young men of the church belong, the utmost consternation and surprise was manifested. The fact is indisputable, however, that within a very few days Miss Nina Van Zandt will be Mrs. August Spies.

Miss Van Zandt has also been one of those who united with the Central Labor Union and contributed money to have Spies' speech to the jury during the trial printed. Miss Van Zandt's home is at the corner of Cass and Huron streets, almost the center of the aristocratic portion of the North Side. Directly opposite is the ultra-swell Episcopal Church of St. James. Within two blocks of her home are the stately palaces of S. M. Nickerson, Henry Field, E. D. Watkins, Cyrus McCormick, Henry Willing, John T. Lester, R. R. Cable, A. A. Carpenter, and perhaps twenty others which are the homes of millionaires.

A reporter called at No. 335 Huron street for the purpose of getting a look at Miss Van Zandt. The young lady was not visible, but her father, Mr. J. K. Van Zandt, obligingly gave all the information in his power concerning the proposed marriage, stipulating that his remarks should be treated seriously, and without prejudice or unfavorable comment. Mr. Van Zandt is a fine-appearing man of about 45 years. His ancestors came from Amsterdam, Holland, and he claims relationship with aristocratic Knickerbocker families of New York. He is a chemist by profession, and has charge of the chemical department in Kirk's soap factory. His daughter, judging from a photograph shown the reporter, is a handsome girl 20 years old, with an intellectual countenance. Her father said that her acquaintance with Spies was brought about by the loss, four years ago, of a pet dog. Miss Nina at that time lavished her spare affection on the small animal, and when he disappeared she made extraordinary efforts to recover him. She advertised in all the

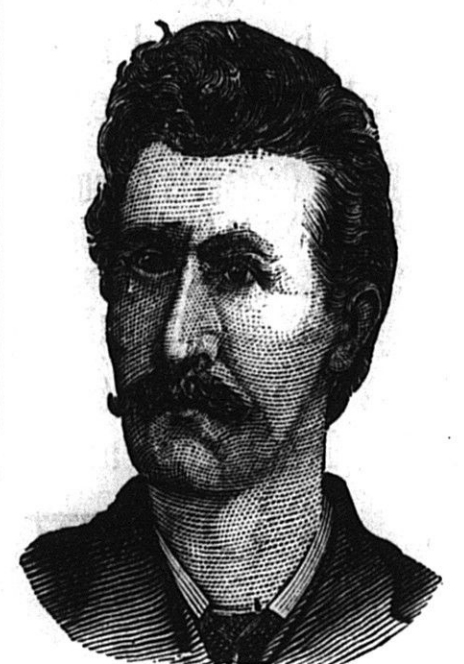
daily papers, including the *Arbeiter Zeitung*, offering a liberal reward for the restoration of the poodle to its fair mistress's arms, and it was while on a visit to the *Arbeiter Zeitung* office to see if the lost puppy had been heard from that she first saw August Spies. It was a case, on her side at least, of love at first sight.

### SPIES.

The Condemned Anarchist Talks About His Love Affair.

"One day, during the trial, while George C. Ingham was making his argument," said Spies, in an interview, "Miss Van Zandt came to the court-room. She had read in the newspapers about us condemned men, had seen our pictures, and had formed the impression that we were a lot of wild beasts. Her visit to the court-room disappointed her. After the verdict was given she came in contact with certain people who had interested themselves in our persecutions, and concluded that the whole trial was nothing but a vast conspiracy against us. She wrote to the newspapers to explain certain matters that would throw light on the trial, but the editors refused her articles, being unwilling to say anything in our favor. This strengthened the young lady in the belief that we were going to be murdered."

"Subsequently Miss Van Zandt came here and introduced herself to me. When she found I was neither an ignoramus, monster nor beast she came regularly and took an interest in my companions and myself. At last," said Spies, blushing and hesitating—"Oh, well, you know what to say." Then he added, slowly: "Yes, a mutual agreement was arrived at. Put it in your own words. Miss Van Zandt," the anarchist continued after having regained his usual calm demeanor, "is an only child, and her parents are rational, reasonable people. Capt. Black is now making the arrangements for our marriage. The lady is not the one who attended the trial and sat next to Mrs. Capt. Black, as some people seem to have thought," he remarked in conclusion.



AUGUST SPIES.

Spies is 31 years of age and was born in Castel-Landek, Hesse. He believes that the sentence against him will never be carried out and that he will soon be given his freedom.

### PROSTRATED WITH GRIEF.

Miss Van Zandt's Grandmother Crushed—The Girl to Be Disinherited.

In an interview with Mrs. Arthur, the aunt of Nina Van Zandt, at her residence in Oakland, the following information was gleaned concerning the young lady and the attitude of friends in regard to her conduct. The shock to Mrs. Arthur and her distinguished father and mother can readily be imagined, especially as Miss Van Zandt's mother, who is the only sister of Mrs. Arthur, had been visiting her parents and sister just two weeks previous, and with the exception of jokingly remarking that Nina expected to marry some nice young man in the spring, had made nothing known, and had not given the slightest hint in the true direction. On reading the news, so great was the prostration of Mrs. Arthur's father, Mr. William B. Clark, that Mrs. Arthur was obliged to write to the Van Zandt's message he wished to send. The letter was mailed by 10 o'clock Saturday morning, imploring them to prevent the wedding. This was closely followed by another, and the Van Zandt family were informed that henceforth they were not to be considered in the light of relations. Every connection, socially and financially, was dissolved forever, and Miss Nina utterly disinherited.

"She will receive no more than our dog lying there on the rug. Every dollar will be bequeathed to charitable purposes," said Mrs. Arthur, as she wiped the bitter tears from her eyes.

Mrs. Arthur is a very wealthy society queen here, and holds Miss Van Zandt's future wealth. This morning a letter was received from Mrs. Van Zandt, from Chicago, written before the receipt of those sent from Pittsburgh, in which she informs her relatives of Nina's approaching marriage to Spies, the anarchist, and invites them to be present at the ceremony, which is to be performed on Thursday in the jail at Chicago, adding, also, that she and Mr. Van Zandt could find no fault in the man and had given their full consent to the nuptials, and that she hoped the friends here would not worry themselves.

"This letter," continued Mrs. Arthur, "which shows Nina's parents to be as highly blameworthy as Nina herself, has made father and all of us more firm in the determination to disown the family forever."

Mr. Wm. B. Clark, the grandfather of Nina, is well known in Pittsburgh. Both he and his wife look back upon a long line of ancestors which shows not a single blot on its proud integrity. They and their daughter, Mrs. Arthur, are members of the First Presbyterian Church, and for their active religious works are widely known. Mr. Clark has but two children living—Mrs. Arthur and Mrs. Van Zandt—and Nina is the only grandchild. Pretty, bright, and a good conversationalist, she made a host of friends in this city, and at the wedding of Miss Walker, given at the residence of Mrs. George Westinghouse, she was spoken of as the "brightest, handsomest" lady present.

UPON one of the railway lines: The train stops; an employee announces the name of the station in a voice which is completely unintelligible. "Speak more distinctly," says a traveler; "we can't understand a word you say." "Do you expect to have tenors for eighteen dollars a month?" growls the railway employee.

### Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, expressage, and \$3 carriage hire, and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite Grand Central Depot.

618 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horses, cars, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

### An American Accomplishment.

It is quite a trick to jump off a train going east at thirty miles an hour, and the Americans take a pride in cultivating dexterity in this trick. It takes considerable practice before it can be done successfully. The way to jump is always with the train, and always on the left-hand side of the latter, letting the right foot rest on the step, and the left foot swing from the step. Then jump so that the left foot will touch the ground first, and the right foot to immediately follow it, so as to be able to run. Some of the men jump from the middle of the train or the front, but most of them go to the rear car and jump, so that if they fall they will not roll under the cars. A correspondent says: "The best man I ever saw, and the only man who could hold his feet and stop himself without running at all, was Charlie Phillips. He could jump from a train running thirty-five miles an hour, and stop without running a foot."—*Court Journal*.

MR. JACOB FROELICH, a well-known tailor of Cincinnati, O., after suffering for years with rheumatism, was cured in a short time by the use of St. Jacobs Oil.

### Drawing Carbon Filaments.

The little threads of carbon whose heating furnishes the light of incandescent electric lamps, are made in a Glasgow establishment by a process somewhat analogous to wire-drawing. The kitool (*Caryota urens*) fiber, imported from Ceylon for brush-making, is first drawn to a uniform size through sharp dies. The threads are then placed in fine copper tubes, and the whole passed through a draw-plate, which has the effect of squeezing the metal round the fiber and compressing the latter. The tubes and filaments are next cut into lengths, then the filaments are carbonized in a crucible. The copper is subsequently dissolved off by means of acid, portions being left to make connections.

MRS. C. KELLOGG, Edgewood, Cal., says: Red Star Cough Cure is the best medicine she has ever used for colds for the children.

### St. Paul Ahead.

Mayor of St. Paul—I engaged two more policemen this morning. Chief of Police—What for? We have too many already.

Mayor—These two said if they did not get work here they would go to Minneapolis, and of course I wasn't going to let that village get ahead of us that way, so I engaged them.

Chief of Police—O, of course, that was all you could do. I guess we are two ahead now for sure.—*Detroit Free Press*.

### A Genial Restorative.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are emphatically a genial restorative. The changes which this great botanic remedy produces in the disordered organization are always agreeably, though surely, progressive, never abrupt and violent. On this account it is admirably adapted to persons of delicate constitution and weak nerves, to whom the powerful mineral drugs are positively injurious. That it initiates those processes which result in the re-establishment of healthful vigor is conspicuously shown in cases where it is taken to overcome that fruitful cause of debility, indigestion, coupled, as it usually is, with biliousness and constipation. Thorough digestion, regular evacuation, and abundant secretion, are results which promptly and invariably attend its systematic use. It is, besides, the best protective against malaria, and a first-rate diuretic.

### Disappointed.

The editor of the *Blue Knob Eagle* came to town the other day purposely to make the acquaintance of the editor of the *Daily Advocate*, Col. Brooks. Brooks had copied so many items from the *Eagle* that the editor of that sheet knew that he would be a welcome guest. When he entered the office of the great daily, instead of introducing himself to the editor, he sat down carelessly, chuckling inwardly at the surprise which he would create. After a while he said:

"I see that you copy a great deal from the *Blue Knob Eagle*."

"Yes."

"Rather like it, matter, eh?"

"Oh, it doesn't amount to much. You see, I copy it because the *Eagle* has so little circulation that no one has seen its stuff, which is consequently new when I get it. If the paper had any circulation I wouldn't clip a line from it."

The disappointed editor did not introduce himself.—*Arkansas Traveler*.

DR. PIERCE'S "Favorite Prescription" is the debilitated woman's best restorative tonic.

OHIO is called the Buckeye State because a tree of that name flourishes there.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it 25c.

### Consumption of Opium.

Is the use of opium increasing in the United States? The following data from the United States commerce and navigation reports would seem to indicate that such is hardly the case and to have important bearing. There were imported into the United States:

Year.	Pounds.	Year.	Pounds.
1870.....	254,603	1878.....	430,950
1871.....	315,121	1879.....	405,957
1872.....	416,864	1880.....	533,451
1873.....	319,134	1881.....	518,710
1874.....	386,920	1882.....	570,249
1875.....	305,136	1883.....	577,499
1876.....	388,311	1884.....	581,172
1877.....	349,233	1885.....	384,434

### G. M. D.

Walking down Broadway is very pleasant when you feel well, and T—K— never felt better than when his friend asked him how he got over that severe cough of his so speedily. "Ah, my boy," said T—"G. M. D. did it!" And his friend wondered what G. M. D. meant. He knew it did not mean a Good Many Doctors, for T—K— had tried a dozen in vain. "I have it," said he, just hitting the nail on the head, "you mean Dr. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery,' or Gold Medal Deserved, as my friend J—S— always dubs it. Sold by druggists."

A MAN at Genoa, Ohio, has a clock two hundred years old. That must be one of the old times we read about.—*Tid-Bits*.

We accidentally overheard the following dialogue on the street yesterday:

Smith—Smith, why don't you stop that disgusting hawking and spitting?

Smith—How can I? You know I am a martyr to catarrh.

J.—Do as I did. I had the disease in its worst form, but I am well now.

S.—What did you do for it?

J.—I used Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It cured me, and it will cure you.

S.—I've heard of it, and by Jove I'll try it.

J.—Do so. You'll find it in all the drug stores in town.

"PLEASE pass the butter," a maid was heard to say who was attempting to milk a fractions cow.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will relieve Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases. They are used always with good success.

WHAT weed does a gardener seldom object to? A cigar in his own mouth.

### A Cheap Library.

In these days one who places his money judiciously may obtain reading matter at very small cost. Send for a sample copy of THE CHICAGO LEDGER, and find their plan for obtaining material for twelve volumes for the price of one. THE LEDGER is undoubtedly the best Western story paper, and rivals the Eastern publications at double its cost. Price, \$1.50 per year, postage paid. Send for sample copy to The Ledger Company, 271 Franklin street, Chicago.

### War Ahead.

There is great danger of war with Mexico in the near future, but at present we can pursue the arts of happiness, prosperity, and wealth. Wherever you live, you should write to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive, free, full information about work that you can do, and live at home, earning thereby from \$5 to \$25 and upwards daily. Some have earned over \$50 in a day. Capital not required; you are started free. All is new; both sexes. All ages. Pay, as above guaranteed, from first start.

### A Lady's Unfortunate Experience.

Was that of one of our acquaintances who suffered from scrofula, a yellow complexion, and distress of the stomach, for years before using Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, which finally cured her.

### "ROUGH ON RATS"

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, beetles, insects, skunks, jack rabbits, sparrows, gophers. 15c. At druggists.

### "ROUGH ON CORNS."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick relief, complete cure. Corns, warts, bunions. 15c.

### "ROUGH ON ITCH."

"Rough on Itch" cures skin humors, eruptions, ring worm, tetter, salt rheum, frost-bite, chilblains, itch, ivy poison, barber's itch. 50c. jars.

### "ROUGH ON CATARRH"

Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases; also unequalled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

PURE Cod Liver Oil made from selected livers on the sea-shore by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

### "ROUGH ON PILES."

Why suffer Piles? Immediate relief and complete cure guaranteed. Ask for "Rough on Piles." Sure cure for itching, protruding, bleeding, or any form of piles. 50c. At druggists or mailed.

### SKINNY MEN.

Wells' "Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, nervous debility. For weak men, delicate women. \$1.

### WELLS' HAIR BALSAM.

If gray, restores to original color. An elegant dressing, softens and beautifies. No oil nor grease. A tonic restorative. Stops hair coming out; strengthens, cleanses, heals scalp. 50c.

"THE Travels of the Gorman and Bontramont Families" is the title of a most interesting and finely illustrated book, giving a description of the Mammoth Cave and all the winter cities and resorts in the summer lands of the South. It is a romance of the rail, with valuable tourist information. It originated from the passenger department of the Monon Route (L. N. A. and C. Ry.), and will be sent to any one free on receipt of four cents in postage stamps. Address E. O. McCormick, General Passenger Agent Monon Route, 183 Dearborn street, Chicago.

Those who are afflicted with the disability of a poor memory and those who would improve their good memories will find it to their advantage to read the advertisement in this issue of Prof. Loieette.

You can get a \$3 Family Story Paper one year, postage paid, for \$1.50. Sample copy free. Send for one. Address THE CHICAGO LEDGER, Chicago, Ill.

Best, easiest to use, and cheapest. Piso's Remedy for Catarrh. By druggists. 50c.

PATENT FOR SALE. THE ADAMSON CO. Patent Solicitors Muncie, Indiana.

\$5 to \$8 a day. Samples worth \$1.50 FREE. Lines not under the home's feet. Address Brewster's Safety Rein Holder, Holly, Mich.

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.

PATENTS Inventors' Hand-book free. 15 years' experience. FLENNER & CO., Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

WORK FOR ALL. \$30 a week and expenses paid. Outfit worth \$5 and particulars free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

PATENTS R. S. & A. P. LACEY, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D.C. Instructions and opinions as to patentability FREE. 25-17 years' experience.

PENSIONS Send for Pension Laws to FITZGERALD & POWELL, U.S. Claim Agents, Indianapolis, Ind.

VIRGINIA LAND AGENCY. Cheap Farms. Splendid climate. Short Mild Winters. Good markets. Descriptive Land List Free. GRIFFIN & JERVIS, Petersburg, Va.

Garden Seeds Catalogues FRANCIS BILLS, Hempstead, Long Island, N. Y.

OPIMUM HABIT absolutely cured. Not a particle pain or self-denial. Pay when cured. Handsome book free. DR. C. J. WEATHERBY, Kansas City, Mo.

ADVERTISERS or others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St. the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

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Marvellous Memory DISCOVERY.

Wholly unlike Artificial Systems—Cure of Mind Wandering—Any book learned in one reading. Heavy reductions for postal classes. Prospects, with opinions of Mr. PROCTOR, the Astronomer, HON. W. ASTOR, JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, DR. MINOR, Wood and others, sent post free, by

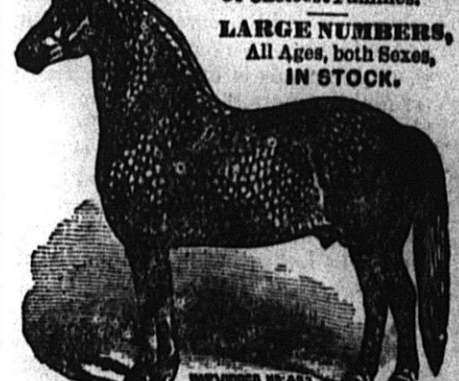
PROF. LOISETTE, 217 Fifth Avenue, New York.

HARTER'S THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and Restore the HEALTH and VIGOR of SOULTY, Dyspeptic, Weak of Appetite, Indolent, Lack of Strength and Tired Feeling absolutely cured; Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power. Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in Dr. HARTE'S IRON TONIC a safe, speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. All attempts at counterfeiting only add to its popularity. Do not overlook the Original and Best Dr. HARTE'S LIVER PILLS (Cure Constipation, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage.) THE DR. HARTE MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

LADIES safe, speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. All attempts at counterfeiting only add to its popularity. Do not overlook the Original and Best Dr. HARTE'S LIVER PILLS (Cure Constipation, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage.) THE DR. HARTE MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

OAKLAWN The Great Nursery of PERCHERON HORSES.

200 Imported Brood Mares of Choicest Families. LARGE NUMBERS, All Ages, both Sexes, IN STOCK.



300 to 400 IMPORTED ANNUALLY from France, all recorded with extended pedigrees in the Percheron Stud Book. The Percheron Cures have only drafted breed of France possessing a stud book that has the support and endorsement of the French Government. Send for 120-page Catalogue, illustrations by Ross Benker. M. W. DUNHAM, Wayne, DuPage Co., Illinois.

WIZARD OIL CONCERTS



Have been enjoyed by citizens of every town and city in the U. S. Mr. The Wonderful Healing Power of

Hamlin's Wizard Oil.

Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Earache, Catarrh, Croup, Sore Throat, Lamé Back, Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords,

RHEUMATISM, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Fever Sores, Wounds, Old Sores, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sore Nipples, Caked Breasts, and

All Aches and Pains, are quickly relieved by this magical remedy. Try it once and you will never be without it. For sale by Druggists. Price, 50c. Our 50c Book free to all. Address WIZARD OIL COMPANY, CHICAGO.

Young Ladies Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment will remove pimples, blackheads and freckles. It heals cuts, burns, chapped hands and lips, and cold sores. Price 50 cents. At druggist's or mailed by WBS, MFG. Co., Cleveland, O.

MEN Weak from Nervous Debility, Vital Wasting, &c., send stamp for Book of Remedies, and cure yourself at home. Dr. J. BENNETT, Peru, Ind.

Sure relief and cure. Price 50c. ASTHMA, KIDNEY PASTILLES, by mail, Stowell & Co., Charlestown, Mass.

RUPTURE Positively cured in 60 days by Dr. Frazier's Electro-Magnetic Belt. Cures Hernia, Strain, Dropsy, &c. Guaranteed the only one in the world generating continuous Electric & Magnetic currents. Belts combined. Guaranteed to cure. Comfortable and Effective. Avoid frauds. Over 5,000 cured. Send stamp for pamphlet. Also ELECTRIC BELTS FOR DYSMENSA. DR. HORNE, INVENTOR, 181 NASSAU AVE. CHICAGO.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

Also good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Hay Fever, &c. 50 cents.

C. N. U. No. 4-47

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

## Why did the Women

of this country use over thirteen million cakes of

Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap in 1886?

Buy a cake of Lenox and you will soon understand why.



# The Antelope Valley of North Dakota.

For the first ten or twelve miles after leaving Rugby Junction, that thriving town where the Manitoba road forks, one line going toward the Turtle Mountains and the other wending its way Pacificwards, I passed along up the beautiful Antelope valley. And right here, let me say, that I cannot refrain from giving you something more than a mere glimpse of this region. To our left, some six or seven miles distant, are the timbered slopes of the Mouse River hills, the stockmen's ranges, while stretching far away behind us and for several miles in front, is the fertile basin of deep, black soil, known as the Antelope valley.

The land is evidently of the best character, perfectly free from alkali and having ample natural drainage. The present population of the valley is composed of Americans, Canadians and Scandinavians, the former class predominating in numbers. Now that the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway passes through the center of this valley, and a large and growing town supplies a good home market, immigration will doubtless increase rapidly. The settlers nearly all live in sod houses and are industrious and enterprising. Let I should be misunderstood, let me say that a sod house, instead of being put up merely because it is so cheap, is often erected by quite well to do farmers, who see in buildings an investment which returns no interest, while the same amount invested here in stock, will soon double. Again, sod houses are often the most comfortable of dwellings, and when well built, seem to add attraction to the landscape, while the pretentious frame structure would often be out of place amid this beautiful natural scenery.

One thing which I could not fail to observe was that the settlers here are all very proud of their valley, and sound its praises in unlimited terms. It is natural for men to think well of their chosen home, and consequently for one to make a liberal allowance for stretches of the narrator's imagination. However, there is no "skeleton in the closet" in Antelope valley. Here is a long, wide area of splendid, rich soil, upon which the tame grasses would grow in profusion, making this an excellent field for the operations of diversified farming.

The present is emphatically the time to secure lands in the Antelope valley. There are plenty of homesteads, pre-emption and tree claims awaiting the action of the settler, in order to become a great agricultural region. Certainly, here is a rich field for men of limited means and unlimited day's works, to become prosperous landholders. Lands can be had within a short distance of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway, for nothing more than the taking. Probably there is no such large body of very fertile soil in the United States that is so accessible to transportation, and possessing so many and varied attractions of soil and location, as this Antelope valley, on the Devils Lake division of the Manitoba road.—*St. Paul Globe.*

"But oh! what damned minutes tells he o'er" who suffers, but waits: who writhes yet moans, before he makes up his mind to send out for just twenty-five cents worth of Salvation Oil, the pain cure.

They say the average politician is getting hoarse talking about tariff and no tariff; but he cures his cold every night with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and begins afresh next morning with the lark.

## JUST LOOK THESE OVER.

### A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schooner Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free trial bottles of this standard remedy at Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruit, Zeeland.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough, Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Catarh cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarh Remedy. Price 50 cents Nasal Injector free.

### For Sale!

House and lot on Eighth street, near depot. Suitable for small family. Has a well of soft water and a yard hydrant connected with city water works. 50-51. FRED WADE, Saugatuck, Mich.

That Hacking Cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane. Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolf's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Drugists, Holland, Mich. 6-ly

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Croup, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruit, Zeeland, Mich.

# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 189 Fulton Street, N. Y.

## Not Selling Out! G. Van Putten & Sons

But selling Goods

### CHEAPER THAN EVER.

No shop worn or dirty Jewelry, but good clean goods at honest prices, at the old reliable store of

## Otto Breyman

—dealer in—

### Jewelry, Watches, DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner. Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

## REMOVED!

We have removed our Plumbing, Tin and Sheet Iron business to the building of H. D. Post, where we have better facilities and more room, and are prepared to do any kind of work in our line at short notice, such as

## PLUMBING,

STEAM FITTING.

Galvanized Iron and Tin Work.

Wood and Iron Pumps, Sinks, Etc.

Drive Wells put down to order and Pumps repaired.

T. VAN LANDEGEND.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10, 1886. 45-1f.

## ATTENTION

### Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long  
Basswood Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.  
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory. ED. VEF SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

## Bargains in Boots!

Men's and Boys'

## BOOTS CHEAP.

We wish to call the attention of every man and boy, who is in the habit of wearing BOOTS, to the fact that we will for the next 60 days sell our entire stock of Men's and Boys'

## Calf and Kip Boots,

at greatly reduced prices in order to make room for spring goods.

Come early and secure a fit.

VAN DUREN BROS.

Store, two doors west of Post Office. Holland, Mich., Dec. 24, 1886. 18-1f.

Have on hand their Fall and Winter Stock of

## Dress Goods,

FLANNELS

Woolen Blankets, Comforters,

## LADIES' & GENTS' UNDERWEAR.

Yarns, Hosiery, Fur Caps,

Flannel Dress Shirts,

It will positively

## PAY YOU

To examine our stock and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 25, 1886.

THE FINEST

## Boots and Shoes

—AT—

## E. HEROLD'S

Honest Goods

—AT—

Honest Prices!

## BEST \$3.00 SHOE

in the city, always on hand.

I have the Celebrated

## GRAY BROS.' SHOE

for Ladies. Call and see them.

Repairing promptly and neatly done.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

## Eight Dollars

Will buy a

## LIFE-SIZE PORTRAIT,

(20x24), at

## Jackson's Gallery,

103 Monroe St., Grand Rapids.

Call and See Samples.

I am still making

## CABINETS

At \$3.00 per dozen.

Lower rates to clubs of three or more.

Cards at \$1.50 per dozen.

Old Pictures copied and enlarged.

B. D. JACKSON,

103 Monroe St., Grand Rapids.

SMOKE

## "J. M."

HAVANA FILLED

## CIGARS.

Price 5 Cents.

FOR GOOD AND

# Reliable CLOTHING

Visit the Old and Reliable House of

## J. W. BOSMAN.

An Immense Stock

## WINTER CLOTHING

Of every description for MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS and CHILDREN. With our well earned reputation for fair dealing, well made and honest goods, we only desire to say to the people of this city and vicinity who read the advertisements of houses offering goods so much lower than their neighbors, that it would be useless for us to do business and charge more than other firms. Don't think for a moment we are so foolish as to try and do business in that way. Remember, you can wear our clothes into other stores, compare them, and return for your money if you think you can do better elsewhere.

Winter Overcoats commence at 2.95 and up to \$20.

Winter Suits for Men commence at \$4.50 and up to \$20.

Suits for Boys commence at \$3 and up to \$11.

Small Boys', a charming little suit, only \$2. Better, up to \$11.

A great variety in Holiday Goods, in Mufflers, Neckwear and Underwear.

## J. W. BOSMAN.

Holland, Mich.

## A. B. BOSMAN

is now doing

# -UPHOLSTERING-

—AND—

## REPAIRING FURNITURE

of all kinds.

He has engaged a competent man from Grand Rapids and guarantee satisfaction in this line.

Don't forget that I am still selling

# -STOVES-

and exchanging New Stoves for old ones.

I am still purchasing all kinds of

## Second-Hand Goods.

## GIVE ME A CALL.

A. B. BOSMAN.