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### Holland City News, Volume 19, Number 50: January 10, 1891

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIX.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1891.

NO. 50

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND, - MICH.

MULDER & NAGELKERK,  
PUBLISHERS.

Rates of advertising made known  
on application.

**THIS is the dull season in Real Estate, nevertheless the time To Buy. — Spring will see great activity and higher prices. Notice following Low Prices:**

1 Lot 12th st., (\$50 down, bal. \$3 per month) \$200 00  
1 Lot center of city (\$25 down, balance \$5 per month) \$175 00  
1 Large lot 87 1/2 by 132, beautiful lot, 15th street, for \$275 00  
If sold before January 1st 1891.  
1 House and lot, 12th street, cheap on small payment down and on easy payments.

I shall divide Albers property between River and Pine streets into 50 feet lots soon. Now is the time to select your lot.

Property bought and sold.  
**W. C. WALSH.**

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### Attorneys and Justices.

**DIERKMA, G. J.,** Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

**FAIRBANKS, L. J.,** Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St. near Tenth.

**POST, J. C.,** Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office, Post's block, corner Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

**CITY BAKERY, J. Peslak & Bro.,** Proprietors. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

### Banks.

**FIRST STATE BANK,** with Savings Department, Capital, \$35,000. L. Cappon, President; L. Marjelle, Cashier. Eighth street.

### Barbers.

**BAUMGARTEL, W.,** Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

### Commission Merchant.

**BEACH, W. H.,** Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market prices paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

### Drugs and Medicines.

**CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremer's, M. D.,** Proprietor.

**DOESBURG, J. O.,** Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumery. Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

**SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D.,** proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

**WALSH, H. B.,** Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

**YATES & KANE,** druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

### Dry Goods and Groceries.

**BERTSCH, D.,** dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishings Goods, Eighth street.

**BOOT & KRAMER,** dealer in Dry Goods. No. 104. Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

**CRANDALL, S. B.,** dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

**DEJONGH, C.,** dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

**DE VRIES, D.,** dealer in General Merchandise and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

**STREETER, BASTIAN,** general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crochery in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

**VAN DER HAAR, H.,** general dealer in Dry Goods, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

**VAN PUTTEN, J. & SONS,** General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provision, etc. River street.

**WILSE, J.,** dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods. Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite City Hall.

### Furniture.

**BROUWER, JAS. A.,** Dealer in Furniture. Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer & Co's old stand, River St.

### Flour Mills.

**WALSH, DE BOO & CO.,** Manufacturers of Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roller Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

### Hardware.

**KANTERS BROS.,** dealers in general hardware. Stoves and gas fittings a specialty. No. 22 Eighth street.

**VAN DER VEEN, E.,** dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheetiron ware. Corner River and Eighth st. eets.

### Hotels.

**PHOENIX HOTEL, C. H. Jacobus,** proprietor. On Eighth street near W. M. depot. Refurnished and renovated throughout. Rates, \$1.50 a day.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

**FLIEGMAN, J.,** Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ice Yokes. River street.

**HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Setl,** Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

**HUNTLEY, A.,** Practical Machinist Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

**HUNTLEY, JAS.,** Architect, Builder and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

**KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. B. Kier,** Proprietor. Architect and builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street.

**PHOENIX PLANING MILL,** Scott & Schuurman, Proprietors, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and brick. River street.

**TAKKEN & DE SPEIJER,** Manufacturers of Carriages, Wagons, Outters Sleighs. Sole owners of IXL Patent Wagon. Special attention to Horsehoesing and Repairing. River street.

### Merchant Tailors.

**BUSSE BROS.,** Merchant Tailors.

### Meat Markets.

**DEKRAKER & DE KOSTER,** dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, River street.

**VAN DER VEERE, WILLIAM, S.,** First Ward Meat Market. Choice meats always on hand. Eighth street, near Fish.

### Photographer.

**L. FAYETTE, J.,** Photographer. The best work and the lowest prices. Gallery, 2nd door east of the City Hotel.

### Physicians.

**HUIZINGA, J. G., M. D.,** Physician and Surgeon. Office, corner of River and Eighth Sts. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m. Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat a specialty.

**KREMERS, H.,** Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market. Office at the drug store of H. Kremers. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

**MABBS, J. A.,** Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's drug at re. Residence, corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in the house formerly occupied by L. Spruietema. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., and 3 to 5 p. m.

### Saloons.

**BROWN, P.,** dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

**SEERY, MICHAEL,** dealer in Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Saloon in First Ward, three doors east of City Hall.

### Watches and Jewelry.

**BREYMAN, OTTO,** Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

**STEVENSON, C. A.,** successor to H. Wykhuysen, Jeweler and Optician, Eighth street opposite Walsh's drug store.

### Miscellaneous.

**WOLTMAN, A.,** Manufacturer of Fine Havana Cigars, and dealer in Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, etc.

**BEST, MRS. R. B.,** has a very fine line of Fancy Goods and materials for fancy work. Office, Ninth street, between Market and Cedar streets.

**DE KEYSER, C.,** Newspaper and Periodical Subscription Agency. Leave order for any publication in U. S. or Canada with him at F. O.

**KEPPEL, T.,** dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, salt, land and calcined plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar street.

### SOCIETIES.

#### F. & A. M.

A regular Communication of **UNITY LODGE, No. 19, F. & A. M.,** will be held at Masonic Hall Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening, Jan. 20, March 5, April 2, 30, May 23, July 2, 30, August 27, Sept. 24, Oct. 22, Nov. 26, Dec. 24. St. John's days June 21 and November 27. O. BREYMAN, W. M. A. HUNTLEY, Sec'y.

#### K. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 88, meets in K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 p. m. on Monday night next. All our Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application. B. H. HADENMAN, Commander. JOHN J. CAPPON, B. R.

### Holland City Laundry.

The undersigned has opened a new laundry in the brick building opposite Lyceum Hall, and east of Dr. Kremers' drug store.

First-class work guaranteed. Let everyone patronize this home enterprise.

Goods can be left at the laundry office, or at the branch office, Pensink's Bakery. They will also be called for and delivered, if desired.

I have also the agency for a first-class Grand Rapids Dyeing House.

G. J. A. PESSINK.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 21, 1890. JF

Cheaper than the cheapest. The only reliable. The Masury liquid paints are the best manufactured. For sale only by Dr. Wm. Van Putten. 14tf.

Great bargains in paints, oils, kalsomines, brushes &c., at Dr. Wm. Van Putten's. Save money and get the best for spring renovating.

### The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alternative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c. at P. W. KANE'S Drugstore.

The largest and finest assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silverware in the City, is to be found at Stevenson's Jewelry Store.

Otto Breyman & Son carry the largest and finest line of ladies and gents' watches in the county, and their prices beat them all.

### The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with cough, cold or any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottles free at P. W. KANE'S Drugstore.

## CITY AND VICINITY.

### Fine winter weather.

Stanley lectured at Grand Rapids Monday evening.

The next state encampment of the G. A. R. will be held at Muskegon, March 10, 11 and 12.

Saugatuck Commercial: The pay roll at Rogers & Bird's ship-yard, amounts to about \$300 per week.

The Common Council has generously raised the annual allowance of the members of the fire department to five dollars.

The peach growers along the east shore of Lake Michigan report the present outlook for a peach crop as very promising.

Brewer Seif has taken the lead in the cutting and storing of ice, this season. He commenced hauling Tuesday, and others are following.

The number of telephones taken in this city, is not on the increase at present; 48 dollars a year is considered by many as an extortionate charge.

It is reported that the C. & W. M. has contracted for the extension of its line from New Buffalo to Chicago, to be completed before September 1, and that Benton Harbor will be made a division terminus.

The C. & W. M. has adopted a new uniform for the men on the train service and station work. The cloth will be the same as now, blue flannel. As fast as the uniforms now worn by the men wear out they must be replaced with those of the new style.

List of letters advertised for the week ending Jan. 8th, '91, at the Holland, Mich. P. O.: George Desprout, Mr. Henry Decker, Mr. George Hateman, Mr. Henderson Herrington, Miss Sena Higgins, Dave E. Silley, Dave Sins, Mr. F. Meyer, J. Ostewin. J. G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

Caton & De Kruif, of Zeeland, have sold a two-year old bay colt, sired by Woodlark, to Mr. Jeddies, of Adrian, Mich., for \$1,000. This is undoubtedly the highest price ever paid for a colt, 19 months old, that was bred in Ottawa county. Nine hundred dollars was refused for a filly, sired by "Zeeland," at four months of age.

At a congregational meeting of Hope church, held Thursday evening, the treasurer's annual report was read, which showed the financial condition of the society to be very satisfactory. The election of officers resulted in the re-election of Profs. C. Doesburg and G. J. Kollen as elders, and B. J. De Vries and D. B. K. Van Raalte as deacons.

One day last week, while the floors of the H. C. Ref. church on Market street were left unlocked, some unknown individual lifted the tin contribution boxes from the wall, near the door, broke the locks, and pocketed the contents. The amount thus appropriated is not known, but estimated variously at from \$5 to \$15. The gifts in these boxes were for the support of the Theol. School, at Grand Rapids.

D. Cordux, a farmer residing four miles from the city, on the road to the lake shore, came to town Saturday and reported that a horse and light wagon, with a dog, were found that morning at his barn door. From the description given the property was soon identified as belonging to John Francis, a butcher of Saugatuck, who had been seen leaving the city with his rig for home, Friday evening. The intoxicated condition of the man at the time, and the fact that he was supposed to have some money on his person prompted an inquiry. A telegram from Saugatuck, Saturday evening, however, revealed the fact that somehow or other Mr. Francis had reached home that day, and that he would call for his outfit the next day.

A very large audience filled Hope church last Sunday night to hear the gospel preached by Rev. A. J. Benjamins, pastor of the M. E. church of Whitewater, Wis. The sermon was a powerful defense of the truth of the gospel, by means of the gospel itself. The open, simple truthfulness of the Book; the ethical standards contained therein; the wonderful life of Jesus, and the testimony of personal experience; these four walls of defense were built up so strong, and polished so bright, that in the mind of the hearer they stood like Zion bulwarked. Such a sermon becomes a source of everlasting power to him who hears and holds it. In one short half-hour these reasons for "the hope within us" were established so well, that all the doubt of the ages cannot shake them. We earnestly hope that Bro. Benjamins may soon spend another vacation in Holland.

J. T. B.

The new masonic home at Grand Rapids will be dedicated Jan. 28.

Circuit court convenes in Grand Haven, Monday.

After a lay-off of a few days the Werkman factory has again resumed operations.

Miss Kate Rankins, of Coopersville, was married, Wednesday, to W. J. Noble, of the same place.

Died at Graafschap, Monday noon, Mrs. K. Van Zanten, aged 59 years. The deceased was an old resident there.

While the passenger traffic on railroads may be dull, there is no visible falling off in that of the tramps. This is his season of the year.

Dr. G. H. Veldhuis, lately with Dr. B. J. De Vries, of this city, has left for St. Ignace, Mich., where he will open a dental office for himself.

Miss Minnie J. Coate has entered upon her duties as assistant principal of the high school, at the opening of the winter term, Monday.

A shop-lifter sent in three dollars, by mail, the other day, to Eaton & Lyon, booksellers at Grand Rapids, for goods taken from their store some time ago.

Allegan is working up a boom. Besides the attempt at boring for oil, efforts are being made to secure the Russell Carriage Works there, at present located in Otsego.

Jurriena, the fifteen-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Dykhuys, was buried Saturday. Several relatives, from Grand Haven and Montague, were in attendance.

Miss Fannie Ford, sister of congressman-elect Ford, and late clerk in one of the departments at Lansing, has been appointed to a \$900 clerkship in the pension bureau at Washington.

For 22 years the headquarters of the Kalamazoo division of the Lake Shore railroad have been located in Kalamazoo, but within the next week the division offices will be moved to Grand Rapids.

Remember the lecture this (Friday) evening, by Prof. H. R. Pattengill, of Lansing, under the auspices of the S. O. Teachers' Association. The place has been changed from the high school room to Hope church.

The ladies of Grace Episcopal church will give a social entertainment on Tuesday evening, Jan. 13, at the residence of Mrs. D. L. Boyd, when the curtains will be disposed of. All are cordially invited, especially those interested in curtains.

From the Douglas Record: "Atty J. H. Padgham of Allegan, was in town Wednesday on business connected with the C. L. & M. Ry. He informs us that the project is by no means dead, and that during the coming season we shall see what we shall see."

The entertainment given by the New York Symphony Club, Monday evening, was attended by as fine an audience as Holland has ever presented. The musical skill of these several artists fully deserves the praise that has been so liberally bestowed upon the club. Manager Will Breyman, of Lyceum Hall, deserves the thanks of our citizens for bringing this class of entertainments to our city.

The adjustment of the loss of the Muskegon schoolhouse shows a total loss on building of \$38,420; on contents \$10,155.37; on clock, \$950; making a grand total of \$49,525.37. The following amounts are claimed of the insurance companies: On building \$24,455; on contents \$5,095; on clock, \$950; total, \$30,500. The loss being considered as a total one, this amount will be paid in full.

The main object of the Order of the Knights of the Macabees, as is well known, is to establish a mutual life insurance for its members. With that in view a recent decision of the supreme court of this state is of great interest to the members of this and like organizations of a co-operative nature. The administrator of the estate of a deceased member sued the Knights of the Macabees to recover the amount of insurance due as per certificate issued to the deceased. The evidence in the case set forth that the local lodge had never notified the deceased of a certain assessment, and that the deceased had paid all other assessments that had been asked for. And now the supreme court holds that the insured must keep track and watch all the proceedings of his lodge and Order. He may pay every assessment of which he has notice, but if the lodge officer neglects to notify him of an assessment, and the same is not paid when due, his widow or heirs, upon his death, cannot recover the amount called for by his certificate.

### No cases of diphtheria in the city.

Read notice of Mrs. C. Harmon elsewhere in this number.

P. Van Den Tak is improving his residence on Ninth street.

The Week of Prayer was duly observed by the churches in this city.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. D. Souter, of Holland town, on Monday—a son.

The skating on parts of Black Lake is good, and is being enjoyed by many.

The Ann Arbor students, after a two weeks vacation, have returned to their lectures.

Grand Haven rowdies are interfering with the religious meetings of the Salvation Army there.

Whatever else may be said of the season, it has been very favorable to weddings in this locality.

Maj. B. D. Safford, of Grand Haven, has returned from a western trip, and will remain at home for the present.

Despite the holiday season and trade being over, the attractions at Wetmore & Howe's still continue. Read their new ad.

Miss Nellie Verschure, secretary of the Dorkas Mission Society, returns thanks to all the friends in this city, for recent donations.

It is said that Gen. Cutcheon will move to Minneapolis and settle down to the practice of law when his congressional term expires.

Theol. student A. Pieters will occupy the pulpit once occupied by his late father, in the H. C. Ref. church on Ninth street, next Sunday.

J. Alblas had a four-pound lake trout on exhibit, Tuesday. Twenty years ago a trout of this size would not have been deemed worthy of mention.

A seven-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Teunis Van De Vuste, 21 miles north of the city, died suddenly, Wednesday morning, of hemorrhage in the head. Sunday he was as well as ever, having attended sabbath school.

A public installation of the officers-elect of A. C. Van Raalte Post, G. A. R., will take place next Wednesday evening, at Lyceum Opera House, to which the public are cordially invited. A program of exercises, including remarks by some of our citizens, and music, has been arranged, to be followed by refreshments for all present.

A native Hollander, Jacques Van Raalte, a resident of Glasgow, where he is now consul for the Netherlands, has commenced suit at Baltimore against James G. Blaine, secretary of state of the United States, for the recovery of \$125,000 of southern bonds, issued during the war. — That Dutchman has tackled the wrong man this time.

A few weeks ago two boys of H. Israel, the dairy man, residing north of the city, were arrested for throwing stones into a C. & W. M. passenger train. At the examination the youngest of the two was discharged and the oldest, a lad of 14 years, was held for trial at the next term of the circuit court. For want of bail he was committed to the county jail, where he was taken down with what was said to be paralysis of the throat, and allowed to go home. A few days ago, when partially recovered, he was returned to jail. While home, however, a younger brother was also attacked, with diphtheria, of a very malignant type. The lad died Wednesday, and now a 15-year old daughter is seriously ill with the same disease. Under direction of the attending physician, Dr. F. J. Schouten, all the precautionary measures possible were taken for the protection of the two younger children the family, for whom temporary quarters have been secured in a vacant building of an uncle, one mile from there; others who should have considered it their duty to take them in, having refused to do so. Truly, Mr. Israel's lot is a hard one; he is poor, and about 14 years ago his wife died, leaving him in charge of a large family of small children. The township authorities have stepped in and are doing what they can to provide for the immediate necessities.

### Hope College.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 8, '91.

Editor Holland City News.

DEAR SIR:—Kindly insert the following action of the Council of Hope College, taken last June, and oblige.

"Resolved, that we offer a Hope College scholarship as a prize to the best scholar in the graduating class of each of the High Schools in the cities of Western Michigan, when the course of instruction is such that it prepares to enter our College Department."

Applicants are referred to the undersigned, or to

CHAS. SCOTT, D. D. President, Holland, Mich.  
P. MOERDYKE, Sec'y.

### Wheat 92 cents.

How many mistakes have you made in your date lines, since Jan. 1?

The board of education advertises for several hundred cords of wood. See notice.

The Rev. J. N. Rippey will hold services at the usual hours in Grace church, Holland, next Sunday, Jan. 11.

A slight change has been made in the C. & W. M. time table. The fast train from Chicago, which arrived at 9:35 p. m., reaches here now at 9:30.

J. Meeuwse, the River street butcher, announces in another column, that he will retire from business Feb. 1. All those interested, will do well to read his notice.

J. T. Dyer, president of The Dyer Electric Co., of Chicago, was in the city Monday. He has an interest in the litigation in which the Jenison railroad gate factory is at present involved.

### Personal Paragraphs.

L. Katts is recovering.

J. Lagestee is recovering from a serious illness.

J. C. Post went to the county seat on business, Monday.

Miss Anna Hiefje is making a two weeks visit with her sister in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Mulder took the train for the Valley City Wednesday.

Dick Van Der Veen, of Grand Rapids, spent Sunday with his parents in this city.

Rev. P. Ihrman, of Waupun, visited his wife's parents in Fillmore, this and last week.

Geo. Huntley has been visiting friends in Grand Rapids during the past week.

Supervisor Van Duren was in Grand Haven this week, attending the board of supervisors.

Rev. A. J. Benjamins and family returned to their home, at Whitewater, Wis., Tuesday.

James Brouwer and family visited their friends and relatives at Grand Haven, last Friday.

Prof. J. G. Sutphen returned on Saturday from his holiday visit to his home at Somerset, N. J.

Miss Henrietta Allen, of Holland town, has accepted a position in the store of J. Kolvoord, Hamilton.

Mrs. S. L. Morris, of Grand Rapids, is visiting her nephew Geo. P. Hummer, and numerous friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Manley, of Chicago, visiting friends and relatives here during the holidays, left for home Monday.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## BREEZY BRIEFLITS.

COLLECTED BY WIRE FROM FAR AND NEAR.

An Entertaining and Instructive Summary of the Doings of the Old and New World, Embracing Politics, Labor, Accidents, Crime, Industry, Etc.

### CONDITION OF AMERICAN FARMERS.

Senator Teller Shows That They Are Less Prosperous than French Farmers.

In the Senate, on the 6th, Senator Teller, of Colorado (Rep.), made a speech on the financial bill. Referring to the condition of American farmers, and showing it to be less prosperous than that of the farmers of France, Mr. Teller said that the farmers of America had made themselves heard last November—to his regret and the regret of Senators on his side of the chamber. They had been found voting, almost unanimously, with the Democratic party. Why? They were not Democrats to-day. They had not changed their politics. But they had been dissatisfied with the Republican management of financial affairs. And for one he did not wonder at it. He would give heed to what they said. He had tried last year to have the Senate listen to their voice. He knew that they wanted free coinage of silver, and that they were not afraid of the advent of one, two, or three hundred millions of silver any more than he was. Proceeding to discuss the section of the bill providing for the purchase of 12,000,000 ounces of silver, Mr. Teller said that he wished his hands of any responsibility for that. He had no interest or sympathy with the men who speculate in silver. It had been said in the public press and in another place (meaning the House of Representatives) that when the silver bill of last session passed a large number of Senators were holders of silver bullion. If that were so he had never heard of it. The House refused to take up the Butterworth anti-bill, but the refusal was no indication of the strength or weakness of the measure. The majority refused to give it preference over the subsidy bill. Mr. Funston, of Kansas, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, says the bill has got to pass and will pass some time this session. He is certain that many Republicans voted against it who will support it when it comes before the House in the regular way.

### IS IT WAR OR WHAT?

Concentration of War Vessels in the Pacific—Naval Orders Aroused Comment.

Comment is aroused among navy officers over the series of orders emanating from the Navy Department within the last few weeks, directing the commissioning of warships at San Francisco and the ordering of various other cruisers to Pacific waters. Under the present orders no less than eleven warships and five revenue cutters will soon be in commission in the Pacific and ready for duty. In addition the rumored chartering and arming of seven steamers for revenue-cutter duty in Behring Sea prove correct, the United States naval force will number twenty-three ships, against the five British gunboats and one armored vessel at present protecting Great Britain's interests in the North Pacific. It is now asserted that the Yantic will be sent from New York to the Pacific. This will increase the above force by still another vessel. In view of the present Behring Sea controversy and the rumored chartering of seven steamers for revenue-cutter duty, the above disposition is deemed ominous. As the fishing season does not begin earlier than May the concentration of the twelve warships can be effected before the revenue cutters are ready to proceed to the Behring Sea. It is believed the whole United States force in the Pacific will then concentrate off Port Townsend. Concerning the Omaha, it is thought, even if this vessel is subjected to repairs in San Francisco, she can be got ready to join the Pacific fleet in the spring.

### TO OPEN INDIAN TERRITORY.

Homes for Many Thousands of Settlers Will Be Provided.

Before the end of the present year the Indian nations occupying the Indian Territory will have begun their final dissolution, and their members will have become citizens of the United States, tribal relations will be broken up, and the entire country opened to settlement. Under a section of the bill organizing the Territory of Oklahoma forty members of the Cherokee tribe have made application to Judge J. M. Shackelford, of the United States District Court, to become citizens of the United States, and to receive their lands in severalty from their portion of the Cherokee strip. These applications will be heard by Judge Shackelford at Ardmore the latter part of the present month. Great interest centers in this action, as it will virtually open up the Indian Territory to settlement by dividing the land belonging to the various tribes in severalty, permitting individual Indians to sell or dispose of all or any portion of their shares at will. Homeseekers who have for many years been anxious to get into that rich agricultural region can do so by purchasing land direct from individual Indians. The action of the forty Cherokees brought before Judge Shackelford is unquestionably based on reliable information from Washington to the effect that the Secretary of the Interior believes, and has expressed it as his opinion, that the Cherokees as a tribe have no legal right to the Cherokee strip, and that it may be opened to settlement without regard to their claims. They claim that if these rich lands are to be opened to settlement their people should derive the benefit, and have them divided in severalty before the Government declares they have no legal right to them.

### Accident on the Panhandle.

The west-bound Panhandle passenger train, about one mile east of Coshocton, Ohio, ran into two hand-cars containing twenty-two of its workmen. Two men, John Curran and Robert Davis, of Steubenville, were instantly killed and terribly mutilated. Another, Captain Burgess, of Allegheny, received injuries from which he cannot possibly recover. The other men saved their lives by jumping.

### Employees Will Not Bite.

At a meeting of the Westinghouse employees at Pittsburgh the proposition to work for half pay in cash until the company's embarrassment is over met with little favor.

### Phoebe Will Get \$2,000 a Year.

Secretary Windom has fixed the salary of Miss Phoebe Cousins of the Board of Lady Managers of the Columbian Exposition at \$2,000 per annum.

### Bones of a Mastodon.

The bones of some large animal supposed to be those of a mastodon have been discovered in the bank of the Minnesota River several miles northwest of Mankato, Minn.

### SAY THE TARIFF IS TOO HIGH.

Minnesota Farmers Demand that It Be Reduced—What They Ask.

The resolutions adopted by the Minnesota convention of the Farmers' Alliance opened with a shot at the tariff. The most important of them are as follows:

We demand that the war tariff be radically revised, giving necessary reductions and placing raw material on the free list, to the end that we may be able to compete with the world for a market. We demand governmental control of the railroads of the State and the nation, to the end that reasonable rates shall be established and watering of stock not be permitted, and that our Legislature shall enact a freight-rate law which shall fix rates no higher than those now in force in Iowa, and reduce the passenger rates to two cents a mile. As producers we demand a free and open market for our grain; and that railroads shall receive and ship the same as they do all other commodities. That the trading of wheat bills at stock stations be abolished; and we demand that the Legislature investigate the handling, inspection, and weighing of grain under existing laws. We demand a law forbidding any railroad from issuing any mortgage bonds or stock until an account of the cash, labor, and material, duly sworn to, has been presented to some officer of the State for examination. We demand the reduction of the rate of interest to 7 per cent with stringent penalties for bonuses and commissions. We favor an increase of the volume of money equal to the requirements of an increasing trade, without the intervention of banks of issue. We demand the free coinage of silver and denounce the silver bill passed by Congress as a fraud upon the people; and we also demand that all public officers who directly affect the interests of the people be made elective. We denounce all "spoils" as dangerous and revolutionary measures, devised for partisan purposes. It will open the wounds of the war and retard the happy day of reconciliation and peace, and we hold that one of the greatest aims of the Alliance is the restoration of fraternal feeling and true concord to the people of this entire republic. We demand that the Government foreclose its lien on the Union Pacific Railroad, and take possession and operate the same in the interests of the people of the United States. Option gambling in boards of trade should be abolished, and we ask the State and Congress to pass such laws as shall make every such transaction a criminal offense.

### CLOSING IN ON THE REDS.

A Big Battle Between Troops and Indians Unavoidable.

A dispatch from Pine Ridge Agency in South Dakota says:

The troops are closing in on the Indians, and a big battle is looked for at any hour. Indians are on the way here from Oelrichs and badly needed, as this is the weakest point at the front. Last night the half-breeds took their turn at being frightened, and stampeded in the night for the railroad. A report starting from a dozen different sources spread like wildfire through the camp that many of the hostiles in the guise of friendlies were scattered through the agency, and would at a signal each select his man, kill him, and then escape in the confusion and assist the balance of the hostiles in their attack from the outside. The force here, hardly 500 men, could be wiped out by such a plan, as the cannon would be useless in the dark. Every one was under arms, and sleep was too great a luxury to indulge in. Col. Forsythe has been suspended for trial for the slaughter of last Monday. Gen. Miles and Col. Henry are well and hearty in spite of the efforts made by the newspapers to kill them.

Indians came in this morning saying that about half of the Indians in the hostile camp were willing to accept Gen. Miles' terms and come back to the agency and ask for aid to get away from their comrades. The four-month-old baby found on the battlefield New Year's Day has been adopted by Yellow Bird and christened Maggie C. Nallor, after a Washington lady. The other baby died yesterday.

A special from Rushville, Neb., says: Heavy cannonading has been going on north of here to-day, but no news of a battle has yet been received. The Omaha Guards, who volunteered their services, have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to move to the front. They are in fine form and have a Gatling gun attached to the command.

### BLAINE IS OUT OF IT.

He Is Not a Candidate for the Presidential Nomination.

The Washington Critic has the following Presidential gossip. Its informant is understood to be Senator Joe Blackburn:

Secretary Blaine gives it out these days that he is not a candidate for the Republican nomination for President in 1892. In a recent conversation with a Democratic Senator with whom he is on friendly terms he drew out the efforts he was making for the cause of reciprocity. He outlined his plans for the increase of trade with the nations of South America. He said that he was very much in earnest in his ideas for the extension of our markets, particularly with the southern half of the western hemisphere. He spoke of the importance of the Nicaragua Canal, and of the tremendous benefit it would be to the commerce of the world in general and of the United States in particular. He said he believed he would live to see a ship canal across the Florida peninsula at least by gun. The Democratic Senator in question, who is a good deal of a believer in Mr. Blaine, said he thought he (Blaine) would be the Republican nominee, "for," he said, "if we Democrats cannot elect a President, I would rather see you President than any other Republican." Secretary Blaine expressed his appreciation of the compliment and said: "I am not a candidate and shall not be." He then added that he was more interested in bringing about reciprocity with the South American nations than in anything else. In referring to the matters pressing for immediate attention in Congress he said that it would be a calamity to the Republican party for the election bill to become a law.

### EXTRAORDINARY VOLUME OF BUSINESS.

The Year 1890 Shows a Good Record in Commercial Dealings.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

The new year opens with so much of uncertainty that there is a natural disposition to dwell upon the crowning records of the year just closed, which show an extraordinary volume of business, in many lines surpassing all precedent. Iron, cotton, leather, boot and shoe, and meat production have not been at any previous year. Thus 2,319,312 cattle were slaughtered at Chicago, against 1,763,310 in 1889, a gain of 25 per cent, and 5,723,083 hogs, against 4,211,707 in 1889, a gain of 36 per cent. At Boston 3,535,211 cases of boots and shoes were shipped, against 2,309,980, a gain of 4 per cent. The clearing-house exchanges show that the volume of all business in 1890 exceeded that of any previous year by at least 10 per cent, though in part this increase was due to the higher range of prices during the greater part of the year. The increase in prices of all commodities compared with a year ago is 5.5 per cent, and the average has been about 5.5 per cent higher for eight months. But this unprecedented volume of business has not been altogether successful, and the recorded failures have been in number and in amount of liabilities larger than in any previous year since 1884.

### EX-TREASURER SPINNER DEAD.

His Long Career Ended at the Advanced Age of 90.

Gen. Francis E. Spinner, ex-Treasurer of the United States and a former power in Republican politics, died the day before New Year's at the residence of his son-in-law, the Hon. J. M. Schumacher, at Jacksonville, Fla.

Gen. Spinner went to Florida immediately after retiring from office on account of health, and, being fond of outdoor life, spent much time at Pablo Beach, living in a tent and enjoying himself in hunting and fishing. The malady to which he finally succumbed was cancer of the face, and, despite his great sufferings, he always preserved an undimmed heroic front. Up to a week ago he was able to be up and short periods, and conversed with those around him. When the cancer broke through to the brain his mind began to fail, and at times he became delirious. He was attended by his faithful physician, Dr. Mitchell, and everything that human skill could do was done in his behalf until death came. At his bedside were Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Schumacher and Mr. and Mrs. James F. Woodworth. His end was peaceful and painless, and death came to him as a sleep. Francis E. Spinner was born at Mohawk, German Flats, N. Y., in January, 1802. His father was a German clergyman.

### THEIR MONOPOLY DESTROYED.

How the German Government Got Ahead of the Iron Barons.

The German Railway Minister has declared war against the iron barons. The latter, having by high tariffs succeeded to a certain extent in getting rid of foreign competition, next set to work to dictate exorbitant prices to the German Government, while they sold to foreign countries at comparatively cheaper rates. It has now been decreed that in all purchases of materials for the Prussian railroads the lowest tender is in the future to be accepted irrespective of the nationality of the contractor and that German material is only to be preferred where the prices asked are the same. The managers of the Bavarian State Railway have had to complain of a similar tendency to extortion on the part of the coal contractors. They have now decreed that in future coal is to be bought at the lowest tender, and this has enabled the Bohemian mine-owners to obtain large orders to the detriment of their Rhinish Westphalian competitors, a fact which causes a good deal of dissatisfaction in quarters interested.

### A LONDON "BABY FARM."

How the Miserable Farmlands are Carried On in the British Capital.

London is constantly being horrified at the discovery of "baby farms" where infants are treated in the cruellest manner possible; but in spite of the metropolitan police these disgraceful institutions flourish and apparently are only discovered by accident. At Brixton, a portion of London, on the Surrey side of the Thames, a woman who gave the name of Mrs. Reeves, and who is known to have figured under several aliases, was arrested on the complaint of her neighbors for carrying on the illegal business known as "baby farming." When the police searched her residence they found eight emaciated, filthy, sickly babies crowded into one small, ill-ventilated room. Apparently the infants were in a starving condition. Mrs. Reeves, in any case, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law, and should one of the children die the charge of murder may be made against the "baby farmer."

### Big Crash at Cincinnati.

The Duerber-Hampden Watch Company of Canton, Ohio, one of the largest concerns in the United States, has made an assignment in Cincinnati to Howard Douglas. The collapse of Duerber is no surprise to those on the inside, for he has been considered shaky for some time. He moved his extensive works in Newport, Ky., just across the river from Cincinnati, about two years ago, and greatly enlarged his business, adding to the manufacture of watch cases that of watch works. Mr. Duerber was one of the few men who fought the watch trust and determined to drive him to the wall. At his Canton factory he employed nearly 2,000 hands.

### Gobbled Up by Germany.

The schooner W. F. Beebe, just arrived in San Francisco from the Marshall Islands, brings intelligence tender to confirm the rumor that the German government had taken possession of the islands. The schooner reports that the chiefs were compelled to sign a petition requesting Germany to establish a protectorate over the group. One chief, however, who declared himself in favor of allegiance only to the United States, refused to sign the petition, which has been forwarded to Berlin. A German cruiser is stationed at Joluit, and the German agent has announced that the islanders will be required to pay a yearly tax on copra.

### Will O'Brien Be Leader?

It is understood that Mr. William O'Brien, M. P., has cable Mr. John Dillon, M. P., now in New York, that Mr. Parnell consents to retire if Mr. O'Brien is made leader of the Irish party. It is further understood that the Bolognole conference adjourned in order to await Mr. Dillon's reply to this cable message. It is also reported that Mr. Dillon is consulting with several prominent friends of Ireland who reside in the United States previous to answering the important question put to him after the close of the conference.

### Twenty Years for Bulldozing.

The motion for a new trial in the case of Beverly and Melly O'Neal and Alexander Terrell, convicted of manslaughter in bulldozing negroes, was overruled in the District Court at Baton Rouge, La., and they were each sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary. The bulldozing was organized to deter colored people from living on and working lands instead of working as laborers thereon.

### Explosion in a Wood Pulp Mill.

A bark machine in the Cascade Wood Pulp Works at Lycopot, N. Y., exploded, wrecking part of the mill and seriously injuring George Welch, the Superintendent; John Hammond of Medina; and John Ferris of that city. They were cut and bruised by flying pieces of the metal, some of which tore holes through the roof and sides of the building. The explosion was caused by the overheating of the cylinder.

### Got Away with \$26,000.

Detectives have recovered \$5,000 of the money stolen from the Chatham (Ont.) branch of the Bank of Montreal by J. N. Henry, one of its employees. It was given up by a friend with whom Henry had left it. The defalcations of the absconder are now fixed at \$26,000, of which he got away with \$26,000 in cash. A reward of \$5,000 is offered for his arrest.

### He Was Promptly Lynched.

Near the town of Lang, in Falls County, Texas, the house of Mrs. G. Fisher was entered by a negro named Charlie Beall, who first assaulted her, beat her brains out with a hatchet, and left her for dead. A passing neighbor discovered the dying woman and the alarm was given. In less than one hour from the time Beall had left his victim a company of determined men were on his trail, and at 2 o'clock the next morning they overtook him in Milan County. Beall con-

fessed to assaulting the woman. He was immediately sentenced to death and the sentence was executed by hanging him to a tree.

### Cyclone in Louisiana.

A telegram received at New Orleans states that a cyclone struck Ketchi, a small town on the Shreveport and Houston Railroad in De Soto Parish. The Masonic Hall and postoffice and several stores were demolished. The Spencer House and a number of dwellings were more or less damaged. No lives were lost. The damage is estimated at \$30,000.

### Demanding Work or Bread.

At Bromley, County Kent, in England, 850 unemployed laborers marched to the offices of the local authorities and demanded work, threatening that unless they were relieved they would loot the bakers' shops. The town authorities promised to open relief works, whereupon the men dispersed. The tradesmen of the town gave each man twopenny to buy bread.

### Big Suit Settled.

The long contest in the Federal Court at Louisville, Ky., between the Breckinridge company, limited, of London, and Dr. Hugh Kennedy and his heirs has been settled by the purchase of Dr. Kennedy's interest by the Englishmen. The property involved was the canal coal mines at Cloverport, Ky., valued at \$3,000,000.

### Five Men Instantly Killed.

Five men were instantly killed by the explosion of a cylinder-head of the towboat Annie Roberts. The boat was bound for Pittsburgh. The damage to the boat will not exceed \$1,000. A complete list of the dead is: Frank Perry, Ben Lawson, James Swall, J. B. Shaw, James Gray. Engineer Rens was seriously injured.

### Militia Ordered to Chadrone.

Gov. Thayer, of Nebraska, has telegraphed instructions to the commander of the State militia at Long Pine to move at once to Chadrone, the scene of the threatened Indian outbreak. Orders were also given to the commanders at Fremont, Central City, and Tekamah to be prepared to start at any time.

### New Remedy for Diphtheria.

A Hungarian physician named Dr. Bors has discovered a remedy for diphtheria which seems to be exceedingly efficacious. During the recent epidemic of this disease only 2½ per cent. of his patients died, while in other cases of practicing physicians the mortality reached 75 per cent.

### Killed a Chicago Contractor.

At San Jacinto, Texas, Mr. Farro, an extensive railroad contractor, got into a dispute with a negro named Tom Gwynne, one of his employees. Gwynne struck Farro over the head with a club, crushing in his skull. Farro died from the injury. Gwynne is still at large. Farro hails from Chicago.

### Workmen Instantly Killed.

Eleven men were killed in the Utica mine at Angel's Camp, Col. A load of men were being lowered into the mine, and when about 150 feet from the surface the rope broke, precipitating all a distance of 450 feet to the bottom of the shaft.

### Hurricane in Texas.

A terrific wind storm did great damage to buildings and other property at Abilene, Texas. The roof of one of the Episcopal churches was blown away, a number of houses were unroofed and others were blown off their foundations. No loss of life is reported.

### Earthquake in Indiana.

Two shocks of earthquake were felt at Elwood, Ind., the other day. The first, lasting thirty seconds, occurred at 4 p. m. The second followed immediately and lasted fifteen seconds, oscillating from west to east. No damage was done.

### Iowa Troops Ready.

A dispatch from Mason City, Ia., says: The Sixth Regiment, Iowa National Guard, the strongest in the State, Col. Benton commanding, has been ordered to hold itself in readiness to march to the frontier for service against the Indians.

### Ghost Dance Among Kickapoos.

The Kickapoo Indians began a ghost dance on their reservation near Hiawatha, Kan., Sunday, and have been at it ever since. No trouble is expected to result from their fanaticism.

### Ice from Mineral Water.

A Chicago man is reported to have organized a company with \$500,000 capital for the purpose of manufacturing ice from the Hygeia mineral spring water at Waukesha, Wis.

### Ex-Senator Wadleigh Ill.

Bainbridge Wadleigh, ex-Senator from New Hampshire, is lying dangerously ill at the residence of his son-in-law in Boston with kidney disease.

### Death of Emma Abbott.

Emma Abbott, the well-known opera singer, died at Salt Lake City the other day of pneumonia, after an illness of only two or three days. She was 40 years old.

### THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	\$3.25	@ 5.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades	3.00	@ 4.00
SHEEP	3.00	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.91	@ .92
OATS—No. 2	.48	@ .49
RYE—No. 2	.41	@ .42
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.25	@ .28
CHEESE—Full Cream, Nat.	.09	@ .10
SOY—Fresh	.32	@ .33
POTATOES—Western	.30	@ .36
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping	3.50	@ 4.75
HOGS—Choice Light	3.00	@ 3.75
SHEEP—Common to Prime	3.00	@ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.93	@ .94
CORN—No. 1 White	.49	@ .49
OATS—No. 2 White	.44	@ .44
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE	4.00	@ 5.25
HOGS	3.00	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.92	@ .98
CORN—No. 2	.47	@ .48
OATS—No. 2	.42	@ .43
BARKLEY—Minnesota	.69	@ .71
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 4.60
HOGS	3.00	@ 3.75
SHEEP	3.00	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.92	@ .94
CORN—No. 2	.49	@ .49
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	.42	@ .43
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.85	@ .87
CORN—No. 3	.49	@ .49
OATS—No. 2 White	.43	@ .44
RYE—No. 1	.65	@ .67
BARKLEY—No. 2	.66	@ .67
DETROIT.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 4.50
HOGS	3.00	@ 3.75
SHEEP	3.00	@ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.92	@ .93
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.48	@ .48
OATS—No. 2 White	.45	@ .46
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT	.94	@ .95
CORN	.43	@ .43
OATS—No. 2 White	.43	@ .44
BUFFALO.		
CATTLE—Good to Prime	4.00	@ 5.00
HOGS—Medium to Heavy	3.50	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	1.28	@ 1.28
CORN—No. 2	.57	@ .58
EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	3.50	@ 5.00
HOGS—Light	3.25	@ 4.00
SHEEP—Medium to Good	4.00	@ 5.50
LAMBS	4.00	@ 6.00
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE	3.50	@ 5.00
HOGS	3.25	@ 4.00
SHEEP	4.00	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.05	@ 1.06
CORN—No. 1	.59	@ .61
OATS—Mixed Western	.48	@ .48

### A FIERCE GOTHAM FIRE.

AN ENTIRE BLOCK OF BIG BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

The Fifth Avenue and Herrmann's Theaters in Ruins—Hotel Guests Forced to Flee for Their Lives—The Top Story of the Sturtevant House a Prey to the Flames—Firemen Have a Miraculous Escape.

[New York dispatch.] Fire which it was feared would result in the loss of the lives of at least half a dozen brave firemen broke out in the Fifth Avenue Theater shortly after midnight this morning.

Within an hour that famous playhouse was practically destroyed. Herrmann's Theater was in flames, and the entire block in grave peril. The fire broke out under the stage of the Fifth Avenue Theater. At half past 12 o'clock an explosion was heard in the building, and a moment later the upper part of the city was illuminated by a huge sheet of flame which rose to the roof of the theater, enveloping the entire building and Herrmann's Theater immediately adjoining.

Six firemen had gone through Herrmann's Theater to the roof and had just succeeded in hoisting a length of hose up when the furnace opened directly at their feet. When from the crowd went



up a great shout for the scaling-ladders they were quickly run up and a vain effort made to reach the imperiled men. A deadly silence that lasted for a full minute resulted, and then a moan of agony arose from the crowd. Firemen were seen to bend their heads and wipe away the tears that they could not prevent from flowing. It was thought that the men had certainly been hurled into the raging furnace beneath, and they were given up as lost. But from the crowd on the Twenty-eighth street side a few moments later came up a cheer. It announced the rescue of the firemen by means which seemed miraculous.

For miles around the flames could be seen shooting high into the heavens, and an enormous crowd gathered and crowded the neighboring streets.

From the roof of the Fifth Avenue Theater the flames ran along the cornices of Prof. Herrmann's new theater, which had recently been completed and was one of the prettiest and most expensive playhouses in the city. In an instant the entire roof was ablaze. A high wind sprang up and carried the fire with a rapidly defying the twenty-three fire companies which were there to fight it. The estimated loss on the Fifth Avenue Theater was \$100,000 by H. C. Mipor and \$500,000 by the Gilsey estate. Miss Fanny Davenport loses \$50,000, exclusive of her costumes, and Prof. Herrmann's loss is placed at \$50,000.

### DECREASE OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

It Has Gone Down \$11,005,398 During the Last Month.

The following is the public debt statement for December:	
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT	
Bonds at 4½ per cent.	\$ 59,177,550
Bonds at 4 per cent.	53,742,700
Refunding certificates at 4 per cent.	940,490
Aggregate of interest-bearing debt exclusive of U. S. bonds issued to Pacific railroads	\$619,019,740
Debt on which interest has ceased since January 1, 1891	1,682,503
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST	
Legal-tender notes	\$346,681,016
Old demand notes	56,023
National bank notes	
Redemption account deposited in Treasury under act of July 14, 1890	51,328,093
Fractional currency, less \$3,375,034 estimated as lost or destroyed	6,910,626

Aggregate of debt bearing no interest, including national bank fund deposited in the Treasury under act of July 14, 1890	
1890	\$404,970,704
Certificates issued on deposit of gold and silver coin and legal-tender notes:	



## A NEW YEAR'S SERMON.

PREACHED BY THE GREAT  
BROOKLYN DIVINE.

We Describe a Forward Movement—The  
Conflict Between Right and Wrong.  
Christians Should Not Lose Courage, but  
Should Press on to Victory.

Dr. Talmage's sermon of last Sunday  
is a ringing battle cry to Christians and  
Christians everywhere, calling upon them  
to join in a combined charge on the in-  
trenchments of sin and Satan.

The eminent preacher spoke as follows  
from the text Luke xiv, 47, "Tarry ye  
in the city of Jerusalem until ye be en-  
dued with power from on high."

For a few months, in the providence of  
God, I have two pulpits, one in Brooklyn  
and the other in New York, and through  
the kindness of the printing press an  
ever widening opportunity. To all such  
hearers and readers I come with an  
especial message. The time has arrived  
for a forward movement such as the  
church and the world have never seen.  
That there is a need for such a religious  
movement is evident from the fact that  
never since our world was swung out  
among the planets has there been such  
an organized and determined effort to  
overthrow righteousness and make the  
ten commandments obsolete and the  
whole Bible a derision. Meanwhile  
alcoholism is taking down its victims by  
the hundreds of thousands, and the  
political parties get down on their knees,  
practically saying: "Oh, though almighty  
rum jug! we bow down before thee.  
Give us the offices, city, State and  
National. Oh, give us the offices and we  
will worship thee for ever and ever,  
Amen."

The Christian Sabbath meanwhile, ap-  
pointed for physical, mental, and  
spiritual rest, is being secularized and  
abolished. As if the bad publishing  
houses of our own country had exhausted  
their literary fifth, the French and Rus-  
sian sewers have been invited to pour  
their scurrility and moral slush into the  
trough where our American swine are  
now wallowing. Meanwhile there are  
enough houses of infamy in all our cities,  
open and un molested of the law, to in-  
voke the omnipotent wrath which buried  
Sodom under a deluge of brimstone.  
The pandemoniac world, I think, has  
massed its troops, and they are this mo-  
ment plying their batteries upon family  
circles, church circles, social circles,  
political circles, and national circles.  
Apollyon is in the saddle, and, riding at  
the head of his myrmidons, would cap-  
ture this world for darkness and woe.

That is the side of the conflict now  
raging. On the other side we have the  
most magnificent gospel machinery that  
the world ever saw or Heaven ever in-  
vented. In the first place, there are in  
this country more than 80,000 ministers  
of religion, and, take them as a class,  
more consecrated, holier, more consist-  
ent, more self-denying, more faithful  
men never lived. I know them by the  
thousands. I have met them in every  
city. I am told, not by them, but by  
people outside our profession, people en-  
gaged in Christian and reformatory work,  
that the clergy of America are at the head  
of all enterprises, and whoever else fail  
they may be depended on. The truth of  
this is demonstrated by the fact that  
when a minister of religion does fail, it  
is so exceptional that the newspapers  
report it as something startling, while a  
hundred men in other callings may go  
down without the matter being consid-  
ered as especially worth mentioning.

In addition to their equipment in  
moral character the clergy of this coun-  
try have all that the schools can give.  
All archaeological, rhetorical, scientific,  
scholastic, literary attainment. So much  
for the Christian ministry of all denom-  
inations. In the next place, on our side  
of the conflict we have the grandest  
churches of all time, and higher style of  
membership and more of them, and a  
host without number of splendid men  
and women who are doing their best to  
have this world purified, elevated, gas-  
pelled. But we all feel that something  
is wanting. Enough hearty songs have  
been sung and enough earnest sermons  
preached within the last six months to  
save all the cities of America; and sav-  
ing the cities you have the world, for  
they overflow all the land either with  
their religion or their infamy.

But look at some of the startling  
facts. It is nearly nineteen hundred  
years since Jesus Christ came by the  
way of Bethlehem caravansary to save  
this world, yet the most of  
the world has been no more touched by  
this most stupendous fact of all  
eternity than if on the first Christmas  
night the beasts of the stall, amid the  
bleating of their own young, had not  
heard the bleating of the Lamb  
that was to be slain. Out  
of the eighteen hundred million  
of the human race, fourteen hun-  
dred million are without God and with-  
out hope in the world, the camel driver  
of Arabia, Mahomet, with his nine  
wives, having half as many disciples as  
our blessed Christ, and more people are  
worshipping chunks of painted wood and  
carved stone than are worshipping the  
living and eternal God. Meanwhile, the  
most of us who are engaged in Christian  
work—I speak for myself as well as  
others—are tolling up to our full capac-  
ity of body, mind and soul, harnessed  
up to the last buckle; not able to draw a  
pound more than we are drawing, or lift  
an ounce more than we are lifting.

What is the matter? My text lets out  
the secret. We all need more of the  
power from on high. Not muscular  
power, not logical power, not scientific  
power, not social power, not financial  
power, not brain power, but power from  
on high. With it we could accomplish  
more in one week than with-  
out it in a hundred years. And I am  
going to get it. If in answer to prayer,  
earnest and long continued, God will  
grant it me, his unworthy servant.

Several times in the history of the  
church and the world has this power  
from on high been demonstrated. In the  
Seventeenth century, after a great sea-  
son of moral depression, this power from  
on high came down upon John Tillotson  
and Owen and Flavel and Baxter and  
Bunyan, and there was a deluge of mercy  
higher than the tops of the highest  
mountains in England and America, re-  
ligion was at a low water mark.

The infidel writings of Shaftesbury  
and Hobbess and Chubb had done their  
work. But power from on high came  
upon both the Wesleys and Lady Hunt-  
ington on the other side the Atlantic,  
and upon William Tennant and Gilbert  
Tennant and David Brainerd on this side  
the Atlantic, and both hemispheres felt  
the tread of a pardoning God. Coming  
to later date there may be here and there

in this audience an aged man or woman  
who can remember New York in 1831,  
when this power from on high descended  
most wondrously. It came upon pastors  
and congregations and theaters and com-  
mercial establishments. Chatham Street  
Theater, New York, was the scene of a  
most tremendous religious awakening.  
A committee of Christian gentlemen  
called upon the lessee of the theater and  
said they would like to buy the lease of  
the theater. He said, "What do you  
want it for?" They replied, "For a  
church." "For wh-a-a-t?" said the  
owner. "For a church," was the reply.  
The owner said, "You may have  
it, and I will give you a thousand dollars  
to help you on with your work." Arthur  
Tappan, a man mightily persecuted in  
his time, but a man, as I saw him in his  
last days, as honest and pure and good  
as any man I ever knew, stepped on the  
stage of old Chatham Theater as the ac-  
tors were closing their morning rehar-  
sal, and said, "There will be preaching  
here to-night on this stage," and then  
gave out and sang with such people as  
were there the old hymn:

The voice of free grace cries, escape to the  
mountain,  
For all that believe Christ has opened a fountain.

The bar-room of the theater was  
turned into a prayer room, and eight  
hundred persons were present at the  
first meeting. For seventy successive  
nights religious services were held in  
that theater, and such scenes of mercy  
and salvation as will be subjects of con-  
versation and congratulation among the  
ransomed in glory as long as heaven  
lasts. But I come to a later time—1857  
—remembered by many who are here.  
I remember it especially as I had just  
entered the office of the ministry. It was  
a year of hard times. A great  
panic had flung hundreds of thousands  
of people penniless. Starvation entered  
habitations that had never before known  
a want. Domestic life, in many cases,  
became a tragedy. Suicide, garroting,  
burglary, assassination were rampant.  
What an awful day that was when the  
banks went down! There has been  
nothing like it in thirty years, and I  
pray God there may not be anything  
like it in the next thirty centuries. Talk  
about your Black Fridays! It was  
Black Saturday, Black Sunday, Black  
Monday, Black Tuesday, Black Wednes-  
day, Black Thursday as well as Black  
Friday.

This nation in its extremity fell help-  
less before the Lord and cried for par-  
don and peace, and upon ministers and  
laymen the power from on high de-  
scended. Engine houses, warehouses,  
hotel parlors, museums, factories from  
12 to 1 o'clock while the operatives were  
resting, were opened for prayers and  
sermons and inquiry rooms, and Burton's  
old theater on Chambers street, where  
our ancestors used to assemble to laugh  
at the comedies, and all up and down the  
streets, and out on the docks and on the  
deck of ships lying at the wharf, people  
sang, "All hail the power of Jesus' name,"  
while others cried for mercy. A  
great mass meeting of Christians on a  
week day, in Jayne's hall, Philadelphia,  
telegraphed to Fulton street prayer  
meeting in New York, saying, "What  
hath God wrought?" and a telegram  
went back saying, "Two hundred souls  
saved at our meeting to-day."

The ship came through the Narrows  
into our harbor, the captain reporting  
that himself and all the crew had been  
converted to God between New Orleans  
and New York. In the busiest marts of  
our busiest American cities, where the  
worshippers of Mammon had been count-  
ing their golden beads, men began to cal-  
culate, "What shall it profit a man if he  
gain the whole world and lose his soul?  
The waiters in restaurants after the clos-  
ing of their day's work knelt among the  
tables where they had served. Police-  
men asked consent of the commissioners  
of police to be permitted to attend re-  
ligious meetings.

At Albany members of the New York  
legislature assembled in the room of the  
Court of Appeals at half past 8 o'clock  
in the morning for prayer and praise.  
Printed invitations were sent out to the  
fremen of New York saying, "Come as  
suits your convenience best, whether in  
fire or citizens' dress, but come! come!"  
Quarrymen knelt among the rocks.  
Fishermen knelt in their boats. Weavers  
knelt among the looms. Sailors knelt  
among their hammocks. Schoolmasters  
knelt among their classes. A gentleman  
traveling said there was a line of prayer  
meetings from Omaha to Washington  
City, and he might have added a line of  
prayer meetings from the Atlantic to the  
Pacific coast, and from the St. Lawrence  
to the Gulf of Mexico.

As the power from on high in 1857 was  
more remarkable in academies of music  
and lyceum halls and theaters than in  
churches, why not this winter of 1891 in  
these two academies of music, places of  
secular entertainment where we are dur-  
ing the rebuilding of our Brooklyn Taber-  
nacle, so grandly and graciously treated  
by the owners and lessors and lessees;  
why not expect and why not have the  
power from on high, comforting power,  
arousing power, convicting power, con-  
verting power, saving power, omnipotent  
power? My opinion is that in this clus-  
ter of cities by the Atlantic coast there  
are 500,000 people now ready to accept  
the gospel call, if, freed from all the  
conventionalities of the church, it were  
earnestly and with strong faith presented  
to them.

In these brilliant assemblies there are  
hundreds who are not frequenters of  
churches, and who do not believe much  
if at all in ministers of religion or eccle-  
siastical organizations. But God knows  
you have struggles in which you need  
help and bereavements in which you  
want solace, and persecutions in which  
you ought to have defense, and perplex-  
ities in which you need guidance, and  
with a profound thoughtfulness you  
stand by the grave of the old year, and  
the cradle of the young year, wondering  
where you will be and what you will be  
when "rolling years shall cease to move."

Power from on high descend upon them!  
Men of New York and Brooklyn  
I offer you God and heaven! From the  
day you came to these cities what a  
struggle you have had! I can tell from  
your careworn countenances, and the  
tears in your eyes, and the deep sigh  
you have just breathed that you want  
re-enforcement, and here it is, greater  
than Blucher when he re-enforced Wel-  
lington; greater than the Bank of Eng-  
land when last month it re-enforced the  
Barings—namely, the God who, through  
Jesus Christ, is ready to pardon all your  
sins, comfort all your sorrows, scatter all  
your doubts, and swing all the shining  
gates of heaven wide open before your  
redeemed spirit. Come into the kingdom  
of God! Without a half second of delay  
come in!

Many of my hearers to-day are what  
the world calls and what I would call  
splendid fellows, and they seem happy  
enough, and are jolly and obliging, and

if I were in trouble I would go to them  
with as much confidence as I would to  
my father if he were yet alive. But  
when they go to their rooms at night, or  
when the excitement of social and busi-  
ness life are off, they are not content,  
and they want something better than  
this world can offer. I understand them  
so well I would, without any fear of be-  
ing thought rough, put my right hand  
on their one shoulder and my left hand  
on their other shoulder, and push them  
into the kingdom of God. But I cannot.  
Power from on high, lay hold of them!

At the first communion after the ded-  
ication of our former church, three  
hundred and twenty-eight souls stood up  
in the aisles and publicly espoused the  
cause of Christ. At another time four  
hundred souls, at another time five  
hundred. And our four thousand five  
hundred membership were but a small  
part of those who within those sacred  
walls took upon themselves the vows of  
the Christian. What turned them?  
What saved them? Power from the  
level? No; power from on high.

But greater things are to be seen if  
ever these cities and this world is to be  
taken for God. There is one class of  
men and women in all these assemblages  
in whom I have especial interest, and  
that is those who had good fathers and  
mothers once, but they are dead. What  
multitudes of us are orphans! We may  
be 40, 50, 80 years old, but we never get  
used to having father and mother gone.  
Oh, how often we have had troubles that  
we would like to have told them, and  
we always felt as long as father and  
mother were alive we had some one to  
whom we could go. Now, I would like to  
ask if you think that all their prayers in  
your behalf had been answered. "No,"  
you say, "but it is too late, the old folks  
are gone now."

I must courteously contradict you. It  
is not too late. I have a friend in the  
ministry who was attending the last  
hours of an aged Christian, and my  
friend said to the old Christian, "Is there  
no trouble on your mind?" The old man  
turned his face to the wall for a few  
moments, and then said: "Only one  
thing. I hope for the salvation of my  
ten children, but one of them is yet saved;  
yet I am sure they will be. God means  
to wait until I am gone." So he died.  
When my friend told the circumstances  
eight of the ten had found the Lord, and  
I have no doubt the other two before this  
have found Him. Oh, that the long  
postponed answers to prayer for you, my  
brother, for you, my sister, might this  
hour descend in power from on high.

The history of these unanswered pray-  
ers for you God only knows. They may  
have been offered in the solemn birth  
hour. They may have been offered when  
you were down with scarlet fever or  
diphtheria or membranous croup. They  
may have been offered some night when  
you were sound asleep in the trundle  
bed, and your mother came in to see if  
you were rightly covered in the cold  
winter night. They may have been  
offered at that time which comes at least  
once in almost every one's life, when  
your father and mother had hard work  
to make a living, and they feared that  
want would come to them and you. They  
may have been offered when the lips  
could no longer move and the eyes were  
closed for the long sleep.

Oh, unanswered prayers of father and  
mother, where are you? In what room  
of the old homestead have they hidden?  
Oh, unanswered prayers, rise in a mist  
of many tears into a cloud, and then  
break in a shower which shall soften the  
heart of that man who is so hard he can-  
not cry, or that woman who is ashamed  
to pray! Oh, armchair of the age, now  
empty and in the garret among the rub-  
bish, speak out! Oh, staff of the pilgrim  
who has ended his weary journey, tell of  
the parental anxieties that bent over  
thee. Oh, family Bible, with story of  
births and deaths, rustle some of thy  
time-worn, leaves, and let us know of  
the wrinkled hands that once turned thy  
pages, and explain that spot where a tear  
fell upon the passage: "Oh, Absalom,  
my son, my son, would God I had died  
for thee!"

Good and gracious God! what will be-  
come of us, if after having such a devout  
and praying parentage, we never pray  
for ourselves. We will pray. We will  
begin now. Oh, for the power on high,  
power to move this assemblage, power to  
save Brooklyn and New York, power of  
evangelism that shall sweep across this  
continent like an ocean surge, power to  
girdle the round earth with a red girdle  
dipped in the blood of the cross! If this  
forward movement is to begin at all,  
there must be some place for it to begin  
and why not this place? And there  
must be some time for it to begin, and  
why not this time?

The Holy It Happened.

Edgely—Hello, old man; I hear that  
you are married. Wasn't it rather sud-  
den?

Wooden—Well, yes, a bit sudden,  
perhaps.

Edgely—How did it happen?

Wooden—Well, you see, it was this  
way. I was calling on Miss Simoon,  
from Chicago, and she said: "Do you  
think, Mr. Wooden, that marriage is  
always a failure?" "Why, no," said I,  
"not always. I can imagine a case  
where it would undoubtedly be a per-  
fect success." At this she leaped up,  
threw her arms around my neck, and  
said: "This is very sudden, but you  
have made me the happiest of women.  
Let next Tuesday be the day."

Chinese Humor.

People sometimes wonder whether  
Chinamen have any wit, satire or hu-  
mor in their make-up. The following  
experience may throw a little light on  
the subject: A couple of strangers in  
city thought it would be interesting to  
see an opium "joint." They were told  
that a certain Chinaman, who was  
standing before his door in Mott street,  
kept one. Approaching him, they  
made known their wish. A smile more  
spacious than pretty lit up the Mongo-  
lian's face as he replied: "Police-  
stanger and detective pay me one  
dollar to smoke pipe, and then charge  
me two dollars for keep still. Now, I  
sell keep-still myself to Mexican man,  
and opium to my fiends."—New York  
Times.

The Value of Electricity.

One of the beneficent results of the  
various experiments which have been  
made during the last two years, with a  
view to determine the value of electric-  
ity for killing purposes, is the estab-  
lishment of the fact that not only can  
cattle be despatched by the electric  
current without the least pain, but that  
the meat of the animal is actually im-  
proved by the passage of the current,  
and will keep longer than by any other  
method.

## INDIANS WERE VICTORS

THEY REPULSED THE SOLDIERS  
OF UNCLE SAM.

Another Terrible Battle with the Red-  
skins Near Pine Ridge Agency—The  
Troops Go Out to Meet the Indians and  
Are Driven Back—Six Soldiers Killed.

(Pine Ridge (S. D.) dispatch.)

The day opened with an attack on the  
wagon train of the Ninth Cavalry, with-  
in a mile and a half of the agency. Col.  
Henry and four companies of the Ninth  
arrived at daylight. An hour after, the  
Indians fired into the wagons. In a few  
moments both the Seventh and the  
Ninth were out and in line of battle on  
the bluffs north of the agency. The  
firing was seen plainly from here. In  
one hour the skirmish was over and the  
soldiers started for breakfast, but were  
destined to go without.

A courier arrived with word that the  
Catholic Mission was on fire, and the  
teachers and pupils being massacred.  
In twenty minutes the weary, hungry,  
and exhausted cavalrymen were once  
more in motion. They found that the  
fire, the black smoke of which could be  
plainly seen, was the day school, one  
mile this side of the mission.

The Indians were found to number  
1,800 and over. The Seventh formed a  
line and began the fighting, which was  
carried on by only 300 or 400 Indians at  
a time, while the great mass kept con-  
cealed. Col. Forsyth suspected an am-  
bush and did not let them draw him on  
into dangerous ground. Col. Henry  
started one hour later than Forsyth and  
and, owing to the exhaustion of his  
horses, had to travel slowly. The Sev-  
enth became surrounded by Indians, but  
just as the circle was ready to charge the  
Ninth broke in upon the rear and they  
fell back. The weary soldiers slowly re-  
treated, reaching the agency at dark.

The infantry had been ordered out,  
but was stopped by the sight of the head  
of the column of cavalry. The soldiers,  
brave and heroic as they are, were over-  
powered.

There are not enough troops at this  
point to clean out these Indians, who are  
still camped within seven miles of the

to Fort Robinson, the nearest military  
post. Rushville is crowded with settlers.  
The churches and all public rooms are  
thrown open, and no effort is being  
spared to make the refugees comfort-  
able. They are here, as previously re-  
ported, on the advice of Gen. Brooke.  
They are not only ready to defend their  
homes, but many are anxious to enlist  
with the regulars if further fighting  
should occur.

NOT AN INDIAN WAS LEFT.

How the Reds Went Down Before the  
Fire of the Soldiers.

The Omaha Bee's correspondent at the  
camp on Wounded Knee telegraphs as  
follows concerning the battle there:  
In the morning, as soon as the ordi-  
nary military work of the early day was  
done, Maj. Whitesides determined upon  
dismantling the Indians at once, and at 6  
o'clock the camp of Big Foot was sur-  
rounded by the Seventh and Taylor's  
scouts. The Indians were sitting in a  
half circle. Four Hotchkiss guns were  
placed upon a hill about 200 yards  
distant. Every preparation was made,  
not especially to fight but to show  
the Indians the futility of re-  
sistance. They seemed to recognize  
this fact, and when Maj. Whitesides  
ordered them to come up twenty at a  
time and give up their arms, they came,  
but not with their guns in sight. Of the  
first twenty but two or three displayed  
arms. These they gave up sullenly,  
and observing the futility of that method  
of procedure, Maj. Whitesides ordered a  
detachment of K and A troops on foot  
to enter the tepees and search them.  
This work had hardly been entered upon  
when the 120 desperate Indians turned  
upon the soldiers, who were gathered  
closely about the tepees, and imme-  
diately a storm of firing was poured upon  
the military. It was as though the order  
to search had been a signal. The sol-  
diers, not anticipating any such action,  
had been gathered in closely, and the first  
firing was terribly disastrous to them.  
The reply was immediate, however, and  
in an instant it seemed that the draw in  
which the Indian camp was set was a  
sunken Vesuvius. The soldiers, mad-  
dened at the sight of their falling com-  
rades, hardly awaited the command, and  
in a moment the whole front was a sheet

## MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

INCIDENTS THAT HAVE LATELY  
OCCURRED.

An Interesting Summary of the More Im-  
portant Doings of Our Neighbors—Wed-  
dings and Deaths—Crimes, Casualties,  
and General News Notes.

Henry B. Brown, whom President  
Harrison appointed Associate Justice of  
the Supreme Court of the United States  
in place of Samuel F. Miller, deceased,  
hails from this State, and has held  
prominent judicial offices in Detroit. He  
graduated from Yale in 1856 and soon  
after moved to Detroit. He was ap-



JUDGE HENRY B. BROWN.  
pointed Assistant United States District  
Attorney in 1863, and in 1865 was elected  
Circuit Judge of Wayne County. He  
was appointed United States District  
Judge in 1875, in which position he was  
when promotion reached him. He pub-  
lished a compilation of "Admiralty Re-  
ports" some years ago.

Mr. JOHN ALLEN of Corunna, while  
attempting to stop a runaway team that  
was being driven before a wagon by his  
son, received serious and probably fatal  
injuries, the wagon tongue striking him  
in the side and crushing several ribs  
near the spine.

LUCAS FISHER, aged 88, an old Ger-  
man resident, died at the residence of  
his daughter in Adrian Saturday.

The Exchange Hotel at Waterford was  
totally destroyed by fire. Fires had been  
started in the ball room to warm up for  
a big dance to take place at night, and  
the building took fire from the chimney.  
Loss, about \$8,000; insurance, \$4,000.

Among the prominent gatherings to be  
held in Detroit during the coming sum-  
mer is that of the Michigan brigade of  
the uniformed rank of the Knights of  
Pythias. There are eleven lodges of the  
order in that city, each of which has  
voted a sufficient sum to make the en-  
campment a financial success. The date  
for the meeting of the brigade has not  
been definitely settled. Prizes will be  
offered in competition drills, open to all  
companies with the exception of the one  
in Hastings, which has carried off the  
championship prize at recent national  
conventions of the order.

BURGERS entered the office of the  
Markham Air Gun Company, at Ply-  
mouth, and were operating on the safe  
when the night watchman swooped down  
upon them. The intruders took fright  
at his unexpected near approach, rushed  
down the stairs to the front door of exit,  
and, finding it locked, broke it open and  
escaped, leaving their elegant 38-caliber,  
double-action revolver and a key in the  
office. Andrew Lapham's store was also  
entered and about \$2 in cash taken from  
the safe, also some cigars and shoes. An  
effort was also made to enter the post-  
office, but for some reason was aban-  
doned. At the conclusion of their raid  
they went up stairs and forced open the  
door of Joe Tessman's tailor shop, built  
a rousing fire, partook of a big lunch of  
crackers and cheese, and before daylight  
decamped to parts unknown. On their  
rounds they smashed the burglar-proof  
department of Mr. Frisbie's safe, the  
outer door being unlocked. They at-  
tempted to break into E. J. Bradner's  
store, but were frightened away by the  
dog in the store. Truly 'twas a great  
night for burglars.

RUSSELL TYLER and John Cameron,  
Detroit railroad flagmen, were both run  
over and killed.

MISS THURSTON CUMMINGS of Canton,  
aged about 38 and living alone on her  
farm, was aroused the other night by a  
man knocking at her door and request-  
ing lodging for the night. She refused  
to admit him and he broke down the  
door, assaulted her and cut her throat,  
but not fatally. He then plundered the  
house, after which, finding her alive, he  
stabbed her three times in the side with  
a bread-knife. She lay in her blood  
until the following afternoon, when,  
with a great effort, she went to the door  
and called a neighbor, who summoned  
other neighbors and a physician. The  
doctor thinks there is doubt of her re-  
covery. The villain is a young man,  
stout of build, and is still at liberty.

FIFTEEN persons have been drowned  
in Little Traverse Bay since 1883. Of  
this number the bodies of two or three  
have been recovered, and these by mer-  
est chance. It is believed that there is  
an undercurrent which sweeps in  
around the southern shore of the bay,  
carrying all bodies out to the open lake.  
When the Champlain was burned several  
of the bodies were carried in by this  
current and found above Petoskey, twenty  
miles from where the people were  
drowned. Just at the entrance of the  
harbor, on the north side, is a very deep  
hole, supposed to be the deepest on Lake  
Michigan. This undercurrent passes  
over this hole, and many of the people of  
Harbor Springs and Petoskey think the  
bodies drop into it and that the bottom  
is covered with bones.

The ordination of Miss Belle Rich-  
ards to mission work at the First Con-  
gregational Church, in Kalamazoo, was  
a most remarkable service. The candi-  
date was married same day to Rev. F. R.  
Bunker, who, with her, bears a commis-  
sion from the American Board of For-  
eign Missions to Central Africa, where  
they go to take up a twelve years' work.

The other day, while engaged in some  
chores in his woodshed, Milton Shaft,  
of Perry, heard a strange noise in the wood-  
pile, and on turning around beheld a  
biddy hen with thirteen chickens at her  
heels which she had hatched out in the  
snow. Such devotion to business should  
not go unrewarded and Mr. Shaft should  
rig that hen in a plush newmarket and  
give her and her little family a snug lit-  
tle coop and a baseburner all by them-  
selves.

The Village Marshal of Decatur locked  
up a woman for drunkenness the other  
day, and still that is a strictly prohibi-  
tion town.



TWO STRIKE BAND ATTACK A SUPPLY TRAIN.

agency. If the infantry had gone out,  
the chances are that the agency would  
have been burned to the ground by the  
2,500 so-called friendlies, who are still  
camped near here.

Every one is exhausted. No sleep,  
little food, hard riding, and steady fight-  
ing have exhausted every one.

Owing to the firing being at long range,  
the damage done the troops was small.  
Lieut. Mann, of Company K, Seventh  
Cavalry, was wounded. He was shot  
through the side. The First Sergeant  
of Company K is also wounded.

The fights of yesterday and to-day  
leave Company K without a single of-  
ficer, either commissioned or non-com-  
missioned.

Clauson, a private in Troop C; Kirk-  
patrick, of Troop B; R. J. Nolan, of  
Troop K, and W. Kern, of Troop D,  
Seventh Cavalry, were wounded.

The only man killed was a private of  
Troop E, Ninth Cavalry, but his name  
has not been ascertained.

A special to the Omaha Bee from Pine  
Ridge Agency says:

"The Seventh and Ninth Cavalry ar-  
rived here late this evening and found  
the wildest excitement prevailing. Im-  
mediately after their arrival a courier  
brought word that the Catholic mission,  
occupied by children, sisters, and priests,  
had been attacked and the small build-  
ings and haystacks surrounding the  
church burned. The Indians were under  
the command of Little Wound and  
Two Strike. The cavalrymen immedi-  
ately remounted on receipt of the news  
and hastened to the scene of the trouble.  
A courier just in says that a collision  
occurred between the troops and the In-  
dians, and that six soldiers were killed.  
The fight was still in progress when he  
left."

The Omaha Bee's special from Rush-  
ville says:

Advices from the seat of war give the  
news of another encounter between the  
troops and Indians at a point within  
four miles of the agency. The Seventh  
and Ninth Cavalry were just coming in  
from yesterday's battlefield, followed at  
some distance by their provision train.  
On reaching the point named, a large  
band of Indians, headed by Chief Two  
Strike, dashed suddenly upon the train,  
captured it, and were making off to-  
ward the Bad Lands, when the cavalry  
wheeled and gave pursuit. In the battle  
which followed over thirty Indians were  
wounded, but no soldiers were killed.

According to the latest reports Two  
Strike's Indians had yesterday been con-  
sidered peaceable and subdued, but their  
sudden change of mind causes the  
greatest fears here that perhaps none of  
the so-called friendlies can be relied on.  
However, word from Gen. Brooke to the  
settlers to-day is somewhat reassuring,  
it being to the effect that a great body  
of the savages have remained loyal all  
the while, and that nearly all the rebels  
are dead. He further says the settlers  
here are not now in danger.

Reliable news is also at hand that Col.  
Henry is now approaching the agency  
with 700 Indians captured in the Bad  
Lands. This is believed to include all  
the remnants of the rebels on the reser-  
vation, and hopes are entertained of a  
speedy settlement. It has cost the lives  
of about 250 Indians and twenty-five or  
thirty soldiers killed and wounded to  
effect this result, if indeed it may be said  
that peace is yet established.

The bodies of gallant Capt. Wallace and  
the other dead soldiers arrived here at  
noon from the agency, and will be shipped

of fire, above which the smoke rolled,  
obscurating the central scene from view.  
Through this horrible curtain single In-  
dians could be seen at times flying before  
the fire, but after the first discharge from  
the carbines of the troopers there were  
few of them left. They fell on all sides  
like grain in the course of a scythe.

Indians and soldiers lay together, and  
the wounded fought on the ground.

Off through the draw toward the bluffs  
the few remaining warriors fled, turning  
occasionally to fire, but now evidently  
caring more for escape than to fight.  
Only the wounded Indians seemed pos-  
sessed of the courage of devils. From  
the ground where they had fallen they  
continued to fire until their ammunition  
was gone or until killed by the soldiers.  
Both sides forgot everything excepting  
only the loading and discharging of guns.  
It was only in the early part of the affray  
that hand-to-hand fighting was seen.  
The carbines were clubbed, sabers  
gleamed, and war clubs circled in the air  
and came down like thunderbolts. But  
this was only for a short time. The In-  
dians could not stand that storm from  
the soldiers. They had not hoped to.  
It was only a stroke of life before death.  
The remnant fled, and the battle became  
a hunt.

It was now that the artillery was  
called into requisition. Before, the fight-  
ing was so close that the guns could not  
be trained without danger of death to  
the soldiers. Now, with the Indians fly-  
ing where they might, it was easier to  
reach them. The Gatling and Hotchkiss  
guns were trained, and then began  
a heavy firing, which lasted half an  
hour, with frequent volleys of musketry  
and cannon. It was a war of extermina-  
tion



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1891.

## A Reminiscence.

The editor of the News was the recipient this week of the following note:

Nunica, Mich., Jan. 2, 1891.

Mr. VAN SCHELVEN.  
Dear Sir!—I enclose you two letters of the honored pioneer, Dr. Van Raalte, which, if they have any historical value, may be preserved. I found them among some of my father's old papers, and inclose them to you as the historian of the Holland Colony.

Very Respy Yours,  
PERRY PENNOYER.

These letters carry us back to the first year of the settlement of the colony. They are dated Sept. 30 and Nov. 22, 1847, and are addressed to Mr. Pennoyer, one of the earliest and staunchest friends and advisers of Dr. Van Raalte and a most faithful helper of the Holland colonists.

The main purport of the letters is in regard to the purchase of lands and tax sales. As a reminiscence of the man, the situation, and the times, we give the following verbatim extracts:

Mr. H. PENNOYER.

Grand Haven, Mich.

"I am very much obliged towards you for your warning and instructions concerning the lands. I am very much occupied by all kind of business, now also by attending of many sick people, therefore I cannot leave the Colony, and would have forgotten the sale of the lands without your warning.

Looking upon the list of lands which are for sale, so I must profess that I not have the right understanding of the matter. Some descriptions I can not understand; and than I comprehend not how that land can be sold that I have bought of the State. It is best the whole matter to recommend to your care, and be you than so good to do according your knowledge....

Also I send you \$80, for buying such lands as according your knowledge for me are secure to buy. When the lands which I not have bought of the State not secure enough to be buy, than I wish not to buy those: than I wish rather the money to save. But I give the matter in your hand, and you must know what good is to do.

I wish that your physician would be so kind to spare for me an bottle quinine, some gum opii and some sulphate of potas. How difficult is it for us to come at the Grand Haven. I pray, you will do what you can to get an road from Port Sheldon to the head of the Black Lake. Every moment we feel that difficulty, and it will grow worse in winter-time; and our people can nothing do on it—it is too sick, too feeble; and the few men of good health are too occupied in the care of buildings. I pray you therefore, help us in this matter.

Often, very often, have I send for an first-rate drane-saw (I do not know or it is the right name, but it is an saw for two men to saw big trees), but it is always forgotten. Will you by the first opportunity send one for me? Perhaps can that same man him bring for me with him. I will give the money with him....

How is it with the lands of the Indians? I wish that they came for sale. When you can do something to get that ready, I would be very much obliged.

Sir, I trouble you often with our matters, by our ignorance; therefore I am sorrow that I not have asked an bill in behalf your troubles. I feel we ought you to pay your troubles and such I wish to do; therefore send me a bill....

When your Indians meet, will you talk with them over the selling their lands? Will you also talk with the owner of the vessel over such contract, when you meet him? I am looking for an request concerning our harbor.

Your thankful friend,

A. C. VAN RAALTE.

The above can be truly appreciated only when read by the dim reflection of that primitive period. It was the first year of the settlement and the number of colonists was still few. The drift of the letters also goes to show how Dr. Van Raalte, as the father of the Colony, was virtually charged with all its wants—and they were many.

Columns of comments might be written by us on the above letters, indicative as they are, incidentally, of the wide scope and conception of Dr. Van Raalte, not only as the founder of this city and locality, but as the great leader of the emigration from the Netherlands, that followed.

Take, as one instance, that last line, where he says: "I am looking for an request concerning our harbor." What does he mean? Nothing less than that at that early day, with only a handful of isolated colonists hardly located in their first log shanty, he was already bringing a pressure to bear upon the general government at Washington for an appropriation for our harbor, through the friendly co-operation of Gen. Cass and Cha's E. Stuart. It so happens that we have in our possession the original draft by Dr. Van Raalte of the first petition sent by the colonists to congress for an appropriation for Black Lake harbor. The "style" is similar to the above letters, and like all documents which by the lapse of time have become intrinsically historic, is only of interest when read in connection therewith.

This reference explains further how these weak colonists, only a few years thereafter, undertook themselves to do this work and how they bonded their towns for the sake of improving their harbor. And also, why ever since, and until this day, they insist that those who represent them in the halls of congress, or are charged with these matters, shall not overlook this interest.

## Our County Legislature.

In addition to the routine business, incident to the January session, the board of supervisors of Ottawa county, at their meeting this week, disposed also of the county seat agitation.

Besides the October petition, to locate the court house at the "four-corners" of Allendale, Blendon, Olive and Robinson, the village of Coopersville had sent in a communication to the board, signed by 450 voters of Polkton, pledging themselves "to vote to bond the township for \$20,000 for the purpose of locating and building the court-house and county buildings in Coopersville." This was said also to be accompanied by an additional bonus of \$10,000, on the part of the village itself.

A majority of the committee charged with this weighty affair reported that "they have talked the matter over with parties from different parts of the county and have come to the conclusion that a majority of the tax-payers are anxious to see this question settled, by selecting some central point and submitting it to a vote. In looking over the ground in the central part of the county they find that a suitable location can be had near where the townships of Allendale, Blendon, Olive and Robinson corner, with good, natural advantages for drainage, easy to reach from any part of the county and near by the M. & O. R. R. bed, graded a number of years ago, and which in the opinion of the committee will be completed and put in operation in the near future. In the opinion of your committee, if the county seat were located at that point, it would be the means of building up a town and settling up and improving a large tract of land in the interior of the county that is now nearly worthless, and make it valuable and greatly increase the taxable valuation of the county. It would be the means of securing one or more free bridges across Grand River, connecting the north part of the county with the south part, hence being more to the interest and welfare of the tax-payers than any other point. Therefore the committee recommend that this board designate the N. & E. of the N. W. & S. E. of Sec. 6, T. 6 N. R. 14 W, township of Blendon, as a proposed site for the county seat of Ottawa county, and have the proposition submitted to the electors to be voted upon at the annual township meeting in the year 1891."

This report was signed by Messrs. Norington and Alward, and Mr. Barrett, of Polkton, presented a minority report, recommending the village of Coopersville, it being situated on the line of a railroad and in such close proximity to the Poor Farm.

When matters were finally brought to a vote the Coopersville site received 8 votes out of the 20, whereupon Mr. Fox offered a substitute in behalf of Allendale Centre (E. & of N. E. of Sec. 22-7-14), without any tender of a bonus. This proposition received 4 complimentary votes. On the final vote of the "four corners", recommended by the committee, the vote stood 7 yeas and 13 nays.

The proceedings thereupon became decidedly farcical, Mr. Clark offering a resolution to locate the county seat at Robinson and Mr. Molloy, of Wright, to disorganise the county.

Thus ended the county seat agitation for the present, and the good people of Grand Haven once more breathe easy.

In regard to the proposed attempt to set-off the township of Chester from Ottawa county and annex it to Muskegon, the board adopted a resolution (by an unanimous vote, except Chester) to use all legal and just proceedings by this Board and the individual members thereof, to prevent this setting off; and that the clerk at once procure a number of printed petitions or remonstrances to be taken by the members of the board and signed by their constituents, to be forwarded to the legislature.

The board also adopted the bi-annual resolution relative to the Auditor General's office, to relieve the state from all further connection with the matter of delinquent taxes and have each county enforce the collection and sale of lands within its limits.

## Lansing Notes.

The crowd at the capital, in attendance upon the organization of the Legislature, was greater this year than ever before, and the pressure of the scores of applicants for positions is feared to exceed the physical endurance of His Excellency, the Governor.

The House was organized by the veteran clerk D. L. Crossman, and secretary L. M. Miller assisted Lieut. Gov. Strong in starting the machinery in the Senate.

The new secretary of the senate is J. W. Murphy, of Detroit; Sen. Wisner, of Saginaw, pres. pro tem.; and J. Andrews, sergeant-at-arms.

The House officials are Philip B. Wachtel, of Petoskey, speaker; Geo. F. Richardson, of Ottawa, speaker pro tem.; Lyman Brant, of Detroit, chief clerk; W. P. Preston, of Mackinaw, sergeant-at-arms.

The contest for the speakership up to the time of the democratic caucus, Tuesday evening, was very spirited. F. W. Cook, of Muskegon, had withdrawn, and the first ballot stood: Wachtel, 25; Connor, 22; Richardson, 12. It took seven ballots to reach a choice, the last vote giving Wachtel 34, Connor 20 and Richardson 10.

The House republicans cast their 31 votes as follows: For speaker, G. J. Diekema, of Ottawa; speaker pro tem, C. L. Eaton, of Van Buren; Clerk, S. F. Cook, of Lansing; Sergeant-at-arms, Geo. W. Foote, of Hillsdale.

The speaker-elect was conducted to the chair by Messrs. Furguson, of Ingham, and Richardson and Diekema, of Ottawa.

The messages of the retiring and incoming governors were delivered Thursday before a joint meeting of the two houses, with the judges of the supreme court and all the state officials in attendance. Both were well received.

The membership of the present House is not pre-possessing in appearance, but it is too early in the session to analyse its capability and its leading men.

Gov. Winans gave a reception in the executive parlors, Wednesday evening. Ex-Govs. Luce and Begole assisted, and the crowds were immense.

The senate democratic caucus, which was a secret affair, was the scene of a lively scramble. The members from Detroit subsequently endeavored to break the caucus slate, but failed.

The retiring act of Gov. Luce, in pardoning Tom Navin, Adrian's kid mayor, is freely criticized. Still, on the whole, Gov. Luce has issued less pardons than any of his predecessors. Bagley issued 126 in four years, and Crosswell, 108; Jerome, 40, Begole 79, and Alger 48, in two years, and Luce only 62 in four years.

The citizens of Lansing, gave Gov. Luce a public reception, last week. The affair was very elaborate and absolutely non-partisan, and intended as a tribute from his many personal friends at the capital. He was made the recipient of a beautiful set of silver table ware.

Margaret Custer Calhoun, sister of the late Gen. Custer, is likely to be appointed state librarian, and the position of railroad commissioner has been tendered to Geo. L. Yaples.

Isaac Sanford, of Grand Haven, has been given a place on the capitol police force.

The cash box of the state, when turned over to the new Treasurer, contained \$609,000 in cash and \$515,000 in securities, the latter being held chiefly on account of insurance companies doing business in this state.

The appropriations asked for by the several state institutions, are fully as large as last year. The three insane asylums are crowded, and additional room for 500 patients will soon have to be provided.

Thursday evening both houses took a recess till Monday evening next when the speaker will announce the house committees. The senate committees were appointed Monday. Senator Porter of this district, is a member of the committees on enrollment of bills, mechanical interests (of which he is chairman), roads and bridges, state affairs, state library, executive business and horticulture.

Senator Garvelink is on agriculture, horticulture and public improvements.

The democratic state central committee has called the spring convention for the nomination of a supreme justice and university regents, at Lansing, between February 23 and 26, the day to be fixed later by the chairman.

The Board of Education of Muskegon, through the superintendent of its schools, made another—the third—effort, last week, to entice one of the teachers of our Public Schools to throw up her contract here, and accept a similar situation in the city of saw-mills, platted heights, and great expectations. This time the offer was made to Miss Mary Huntly, and, as in the two preceding instances, was likewise promptly rejected. In none of these cases the Board of Education of the city of Holland was apprised of the action; or in any way recognized. With that in view we desire to submit to the gentlemen composing the Board of Education of the city of Muskegon, whether such continued conduct on their part is honorable and commendable. Under our system in this state each school board has ample time during the long vacation, in July and August, to select and engage its quota of teachers. If for any reason vacancies occur during the school year, there is always sufficient material within reach to select from, without making a raid upon a neighboring school and by a tender of increase in salary induce teachers to violate a legitimate contract, fairly and openly entered into, and which it is intended and expected to be honorably carried out. Such action, to say the least, has a tendency to destroy that high sense of honor, of duty, and of moral obligation which is essential to all positions and professions; and to those that are charged with moulding the mind of our youth especially so. Of all bodies, corporate, municipal, or other, a Board of Education should be the last to undermine the due regard and morale of the inviolability of contract. That new and elegant Public Library building of Muskegon, in charge of that very Board of Education, will not be fully equipped, without a few elementary volumes on this and kindred ethics.

## To The Ladies.

If you wish your hair curled, to stay, through the moisture of a warm room, or of a cloudy mist, go to Mrs. C. HARMON.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 9, 1890.

Rock bottom prices on Albums, at M. KIEKINTVELD.

# TO THE PUBLIC!

We have doubled our stock since we are in business. Besides all kinds of

## FURNITURE

Carpets, Wallpaper &c.

We call your attention to our line of

Chenille Curtains, Lace Curtains, and Hanging Lamps.

Give us a Call!

# Wykhuyzen & Rinck,

Main Street, between Bosman & Steketee's,  
HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

## The New Block!

Eighth Street.

## Notier & Verschure

General Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Hats and Caps,

Boots & Shoes,

Groceries & Provisions.

County Produce a Specialty.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10, '90.

45-4w

## Gone!

Christmas and New Years are gone.

But this does not effect our business.

Read!

Best entirely Kid Gloves, \$1 per pair. Every pair warranted.

Best quality all Silk Ribbons,

2 cents per yard and upwards.

Endless variety of HANDKERCHIEFS.

For Birthday and Wedding Presents,

call before looking elsewhere.

Wetmore & Howe.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 8th, 1891.

45-1t

## Henry Cronkwright, BARBER,

Shop: Under Germania Hotel,  
Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

46

## Drug & Store

or

Wm. Van Putten, M. D.

River Street, Holland, Mich.

For the Holiday trade special lines of

Perfumery - and - Fancy - Goods

have been added, which are offered at

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES!

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10th, 1890.

45-4w

## MILLINERY!

SAVE MONEY!

WAKE UP!

and see where you can make your ready money get its worth. It costs us money to talk in this paper to you, consequently we hire no gossip.

Do you wear hats?

There is nothing low about our hats, but the price!

Do not fail to give us a call before buying elsewhere, and be convinced.

Mrs. P. C. WHITBECK,  
78 Eighth Street.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 8th, 1890.

## H. Meyer & Son,

River Street, Holland, Mich.,

DEALERS IN

## Pianos, Organs,

AND SEWING MACHINES.

Pianos: A. B. CHASE, CLOUGH & WARREN, and BRAUMELER.

Organs: UNITED STATES, LAKE SIDE, and FARRAND & VOLTEY.

Sewing Machines: STANDARD, DOMESTIC, WHEELER & WILSON, and all the Leading Machines in the market.

Musical Instruments: Banjos, Guitars, Violins, Music Boxes, etc. Sheet Music and General Musical Merchandise.

Machine Oil and Attachments for all kinds of Sewing Machines.

Musical Instruments and Sewing Machines repaired at short notice.

New Sewing Machines from \$20 and upwards.

## RELIABLE!

Always the Same!

Always the Best!

Always Satisfactory!

is the ground upon which we ask for your trade on our products. Other brands may OCCASIONALLY be as good, but none are as RELIABLE as the

## SUNLIGHT and DAISY BRANDS.

Insist that your Grocer shall furnish you the Home Mills' products.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.  
HOLLAND, MICH.















Wm. BRUSSE & CO.  
Guarantee to sell you anything in  
Clothing, Hats, Caps,  
or Gents Furnishing Goods

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UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY AND

Appropriate for Gentlemen.

SILK MUFFLERS,

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SILK UMBRELLAS,

NECKWEAR,

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

DRESS SHIRTS,

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

Merchant Tailoring.

Full stock of Cloths and Suitings, which we can make up  
in first-class styles, at prices as low as ever.

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Corner Eighth & River Sts., Holland, Michigan.

Groceries & Family Supplies.

Zalsman Brothers

have just opened a new

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on the corner of First Ave. & Twelfth Streets,

Holland, Michigan.

Nov. 25th, 1890.

44 1y

At Reduced Prices!

JONKMAN & DYKEMA,

Eighth Street, Holland, Michigan.

From and after this date we will sell

OVERCOATS

at a Reduction in price of

Twenty-five per cent.

We have on hand a fine line  
and will dispose of the en-  
tire lot at the above dis-  
count, for

CASH ONLY.

Dec. 10, '90. 45



The only non-Alcoholic Vegetable medi-  
cine put up in liquid form ever dis-  
covered.

It is not a vile fancy drink made of rum, poor  
whisky, or other low quality liquors, as some  
plebeians have been misled to believe, but a  
purely vegetable preparation, made from native  
California herbs.

Twenty-five years' use have demonstrated to  
millions of sufferers throughout the civilized  
world, that of all the medicines ever discovered  
Vinegar Bitters only possesses perfect and won-  
derful curative effects upon those troubled with  
the following diseases, viz:

Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Neuralgia,  
Headache, Bile, Serous, Stomach, Diarrhea,  
Jaundice, Gout, Piles, Biliousness, and all other  
diseases arising from blood impurities, and as a  
Vermifuge it is the best in the world, being death  
to all worms that infest the human system.

It is always safe to take at any time, or under  
any condition of the system, for old or young, or  
for either sex. It is put up in two styles, The  
old is slightly bitter, and is the stronger in ca-  
thartic effect. The new style is very pleasant to  
the taste and a perfect medicine for delicate  
women or children. Each kind is distinctly  
marked on top of cartons.

Many families keep both kinds on hand, as  
they form a complete medicine chest.  
As a Family Medicine, for the use of ladies,  
children and men of sedentary habits, the New  
Style Vinegar Bitters has no equal in the world.  
It is invaluable for curing the fits that beset  
childhood, and gently regulate the bowels to  
which women at every period of life are subject.

Ladies, get a bottle from your druggist and try it.  
If your druggist has not the New Style Vinegar  
Bitters, ask him to send for it. If you once  
try it you will never be without this priceless  
remedy in the house.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

The only Temperance Bitters known.  
It stimulates the Brain and quiets the  
Nerves, regulates the Bowels and re-  
nders a perfect blood circulation through-  
out the human system, which is sure to re-  
store perfect health.

GEO. W. DAVIS, of 169 Barron St., New  
Orleans, La., writes under date May 31st, 1888,  
as follows: "I have been going to the Hot Springs  
Ark., for fifteen years for an itching humor in  
my blood. I have just used three bottles of Vinegar  
Bitters, and it has done me more good than  
the springs. It is the best medicine I have ever  
used."

JOSEPH J. EGAN, of No. 75 West St., New  
York, says: "I have not been without Vinegar  
Bitters for the past twelve years, and consider  
it a whole medicine chest in our family."

MRS. MATTIE FERGUSON of Dryden, N. Y.,  
says: "Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine I  
ever tried; it saved my life."

T. F. BAILEY, of Humboldt, Iowa, says:  
"Vinegar Bitters cured me of paralysis ten years  
ago, and recently it cured me of rheumatism."

VINEGAR BITTERS.

The Great Blood Purifier and Health  
Restorer. Cures all kinds of Headache,  
also Indigestion and Dyspepsia.  
Send for a beautiful book free.  
Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,  
582 Washington Street,  
New York City.

FILLS THE BILL!

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YOU WANT.

- 1 A CLEAN, WHOLESOME PAPER that you  
can safely take into your family.
- 2 A PAPER THAT IS INSTRUCTIVE AND  
ENTERTAINING while of sound principles.
- 3 A PAPER that gives the LATEST HOME  
NEWS, the latest Foreign and General News.
- 4 WASHINGTON AND CONGRESSIONAL  
NEWS, All Michigan Legislative and Pol-  
itical News.
- 5 RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS; QUOTA-  
tions of FARM PRODUCTS, LIVE STOCK  
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taining to the Farm and Garden, Stock,  
Poultry, etc.
- 9 A HELPFUL PAPER, one that tells the  
housewife of home life, thoughts and expe-  
riences.
- 10 A PAPER ABUNDING IN ORIGINAL  
SKETCHES; bright sayings, wit and hu-  
mor.
- 11 GOOD STORIES and PLEASANT MATTER  
for young people, that the children may  
always regard the paper as a friend.
- 12 LITERARY SELECTIONS and STORIES  
suitable for older people, for they, too, like  
to enjoy a leisure hour.

SUCH A PAPER

THE WEEKLY  
DETROIT-FREE-PRESS

And Its Household Supplement.  
The largest and most complete newspaper pub-  
lished in Michigan, 12 to 16 pages every week.  
For \$1.00 a Year.

THE FREE PRESS is just the paper for Farmers,  
Farmers' Wives, Farmers' Sons, Farmers' Daugh-  
ters, Country Merchants, Country Store-keepers,  
Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Builders, Stone Masons,  
and all other laborers who form the backbone of  
our country and who want to be thoroughly post-  
ed in what is going on in the World.  
Send for a sample copy free and a list of  
our special offers.

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SAVE YOUR STRENGTH

By Using ALLEN B. WRISLEY'S  
GOOD CHEER SOAP

LATEST AND BEST INVENTION-LITTLE OR  
NO RUBBING OF CLOTHES

REQUIRED-ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT  
FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CLOSELY

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions  
of a mortgage executed by Jan. Burquest and  
Ottawa county, Michigan, to William F. Zee-  
land, on 11th of December, 1888, in the sum of  
liber 17 of mortgages, of page 33, by which de-  
fault the power of sale is said mortgage con-  
tained has become operative; and upon which  
mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date  
of this notice, the sum of Five Hundred and  
Seventy-three Dollars and fifty cents (\$573.50)  
and no suit or proceedings having been in-  
stituted at law to recover the debt secured by  
said mortgage, or any part thereof, notice is there-  
fore given, that by virtue of said power of  
sale, and the statute in such case made and pro-  
vided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale  
at public vendue of the mortgaged premises  
thereby described, to-wit: All of that tract of  
land situate and being in the village of Zeeland,  
in Ottawa county and State of Michigan, known  
and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number  
Two (2) of Block number Two (2) of Keppel's ad-  
dition to the village of Zeeland, excepting the  
East part of said lot two which is twenty four  
(24) feet in width and extends the whole length  
of said lot, according to the recorded plat of said  
Keppel's addition. Said sale to take place at the  
Court House of the Ottawa County Court House,  
at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the  
Thirtieth day of March, A. D. 1891,  
at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to  
pay the amount due on said mortgage, with in-  
terest and costs of for closure and sale, including  
the attorney fee provided by said mortgage and  
by law.

Dated December 30th, 1890.  
J. C. POOT, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Satur-  
day the twentieth day of December, in the year  
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.

In the matter of the estate of Kinas Rozema,  
deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified,  
of Albertus G. Van Hees, executor of will of said  
deceased, praying for the examination and ad-  
justment of his final account, that he may dis-  
tribute said estate be discharged from his trust,  
have his bond cancelled and said estate closed.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the  
Nineteenth day of January next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at  
law of said deceased, and all other persons inter-  
ested in said estate, are required to appear at a  
session of said Court, then to be holden at the  
Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in  
said county, and show cause, if any there be,  
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be  
granted; And it is further Ordered, That said  
petitioner give notice to the persons interested  
in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and  
the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this  
order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
a newspaper printed and circulated in said coun-  
ty of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) Attest:  
CHAS. E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Fri-  
day, the second day of January, in the year one  
thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.

In the matter of the estate of Jacobus Van  
Booe, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified,  
of Jakobus Van Den Berg, purchaser from heirs  
at law of said deceased, praying for the determi-  
nation of the heirs at law and who are entitled to  
the lands of Jacobus Van Booe, late of Holland  
town in said county, deceased.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the  
Thirtieth day of January next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at  
law of said deceased, and all other persons inter-  
ested in said estate, are required to appear at a  
session of said Court, then to be holden at the  
Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in  
said county, and show cause, if any there be,  
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be  
granted; And it is further Ordered, That said  
petitioner give notice to the persons interested  
in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and  
the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this  
order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
a newspaper printed and circulated in said coun-  
ty of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) Attest:  
CHAS. E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Fri-  
day, the second day of January, in the year one  
thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.

In the matter of the estate of Johanna C. Kramer,  
deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified,  
of Jakobus Van Den Berg, son and heir at  
law of said deceased, praying for the determi-  
nation of the heirs at law and who are entitled to  
the lands of Johanna C. Kramer, late of Holland  
town in said county, deceased.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the  
Thirtieth day of January next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at  
law of said deceased, and all other persons inter-  
ested in said estate, are required to appear at a  
session of said Court, then to be holden at the  
Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in  
said county, and show cause, if any there be,  
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be  
granted; And it is further Ordered, That said  
petitioner give notice to the persons interested  
in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and  
the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this  
order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
a newspaper printed and circulated in said coun-  
ty of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) Attest:  
CHAS. E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Sat-  
urday, the Twenty-seventh day of December,  
in the year one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-one.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.

In the matter of the estate of Owen Van O'Lind-  
ge, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified,  
of Mariette S. Van O'Lindge, sole legatee in  
said will, named, praying for the probate of  
instrument in writing filed in said Court, pur-  
porting to be the last will and testament of Owen  
Van O'Lindge, late of Holland city in said County,  
deceased, and for her appointment as adminis-  
tratrix with the will annexed of said estate.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the  
Twenty-seventh day of January next, at  
eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at  
law of said deceased, and all other persons inter-  
ested in said estate, are required to appear at a  
session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate  
Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said coun-  
ty, and show cause, if any there be, why the  
prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner  
give notice to the persons interested in said  
estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the  
hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to  
be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a  
newspaper printed and circulated in said county  
of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) Attest:  
CHAS. E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

This is a point you will do well to  
heed: Come in and see our holiday  
attractions; it is a beautiful sight and  
you will be glad when you have done  
so. Remember we force our goods  
upon no one, and you need not feel the  
slightest obligation to buy anything  
merely because you happen to be in our  
store. Come in—you will be very wel-

come.

D. BREYMAN & SON.

Railroad News

If you want to buy  
Children's, Boys' or Men's Suits  
CHEAP,  
CALL AT  
E. J. Harrington's  
Cheap Cash Store.

Also  
Overcoats, Hats, Caps,  
and Underwear,  
DRY GOODS  
AND  
Groceries.

A few Job Lots in Clothing  
to be sold Out Less than Cost!

Forty acres of land for sale; also one or  
two houses and lots.

E. J. Harrington.

Chicago and West Mich. Railway  
Fruit Belt Line.

Time Table in Effect Jan. 4, 1891.

Trains Arrive and Depart from Holland as below:

DEPART—CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

For Chicago	9 55	1 40	12 35
For Grand Rapids	9 55	1 40	12 35
For Muskegon and Grand Haven	9 55	1 40	12 35
For Hart, Pen water, and Big Rapids	9 55	1 40	12 35
For Allegan	9 55	1 40	12 35

ARRIVE.

From Chicago	5 20	3 00	9 30
From Grand Rapids	5 20	3 00	9 30
From Muskegon and Grand Haven	5 20	3 00	9 30
From Hart, Pen water, and Big Rapids	5 20	3 00	9 30
From Allegan	5 20	3 00	9 30

\* Daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.  
Palace Sleeping Cars to and from Chicago on  
night trains.  
Tickets to all points in the United States and  
Canada.

GEO. DE HAVEN, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

E. VanderVeen

PIONEER  
HARDWARE,

Cor. River and Eighth Sts.

Closing out!

at reduced prices!

A complete line of  
Coal and Wood

Heating Stoves!

Also a few  
Second-hand Coal Stoves

AT COST.

Call early while stock is complete.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 2, 1891. 13-1y

Boots & Shoes

and

RUBBER GOODS

for

FALL AND WINTER

I keep constantly on hand the elegant

Moore and Shafer Ladies' Shoes,

which are not equalled in the market.

BARGAINS.

J. D. Helder.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10th, 1890. 45-1y

J. G. HUIZINGA,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
HOLLAND, MICH.  
OFFICE—COR. RIVER & EIGHTH STS.  
22-1y



THIS SPACE

belongs to the

Central

Dental Parlors

A FULL LINE OF

FARM

Implements

—AT—

J. Flieman & Son's,

River Street, Holland, Mich.

Agents for the Whitely Solid  
Steel Binder, the great open end  
Harvester Binder for successfully  
cutting all lengths and kinds of  
grain. Also for Whitely's Solid Steel  
Mower. This Machine is entirely dif-  
ferent from and Superior to any  
other Mowing Machine ever pro-  
duced.

Plows,

Wagons,

Cultivators,

Seeders,

Hay Rakes,

Buggies,

Carts,

Harrows,

Land Rollers,

Feed Cutters,

Corn Shellers.

No more  
of this!



"THE COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with  
rubber. This allows the shoe and prevents can-  
cancer from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."

At Retail By,

Simon Sprietsma,

DEALER IN

Fine Shoes,

HOLLAND, MICH.

CITY

Meat Market.

Corner Eighth & Fish Streets,

W. Van der Veere, Proprietor.

Fresh and Salt Meats.

A full and complete line of  
the choicest meats con-  
stantly on hand.

Cash Paid for Poultry.

Orders taken at homes when requested.

Meat delivered free of charge.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 1, 1890. 1-1