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### Holland City News, Volume 18, Number 49: January 4, 1890

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XVIII.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1890.

NO. 49

## THE CITY OF HOLLAND

is located on Macatawa Bay, a beautiful body of water having its outlet in Lake Michigan, six miles distant. It is an incorporated city, with an excellent system of waterworks, ten miles of graded and gravelled streets, two public parks, three brick school buildings, and many handsome residences and substantial business blocks. Hope College, the Western Theological Seminary and a complete public school system, provide superior educational advantages, and eight churches look after the religious welfare of its inhabitants. The famous Macatawa Park and Ottawa Beach resorts are here, and bring thousands of visitors to the town each summer. Holland has railway connections with Chicago, Grand Rapids, Muskegon and Detroit, and also a direct steamboat line to Chicago. Three hotels, two bunks and a large number of first-class retail stores are found in the city. Its manufacturing interests include three tanneries, two roller flouring mills, one large furniture factory (with another in process of construction), three planing mills, machine shop, foundry, wagon works, tinsmith and millinery, three breweries, stove factory, stone quarry and agricultural works, together giving employment to 500 operatives.

The town is surrounded by fine farming and fruit lands, and it is the natural market place of a farming population of fifteen thousand persons. The city is growing rapidly and its citizens are at all times ready to assist manufacturers desiring to locate at Holland and to welcome all new residents. Among the principal business and professional men are the following:

### BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

#### Attorneys and Justices.

DIKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, I. J., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

#### Bakeries.

BLOM, C. J., dealer in Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, Foreign Fruits, Tobacco and Cigars. Blom's new block, Eighth street.

CITY BAKERY, J. Peestink & Bro., Proprietors. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

#### Bank.

HOLLAND CITY BANK, foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Eighth street.

#### Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

#### Boots and Shoes.

HELDER, J. D., the cheapest place in the city to buy Boots and Shoes, River street.

VAN DUREN BROS., dealers in Boots and Shoes. A large assortment always on hand. Eighth street.

#### Clothing.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, keeps the largest stock of Cloth and Ready made Clothing in the city. Eighth street.

VORST, W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing clothing a specialty cheap and good. River street.

#### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

#### Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Patents and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumery. Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist. A full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

#### Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods. No tions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

CRANDALL, S. R., dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DE JONGH, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEEKETTE, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crockery in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, A. & SON, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provision, etc. River street.

WISE, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite City Hall.

#### Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Carpets, Picture Frames, etc., River street.

VEERBERK, W., dealer in Furniture, Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Household Decorations and Novelties. Eighth street.

#### Flouring Mills.

WALSH DE ROO & CO., Manufacturers of Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roller Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

#### Hardware.

KANTERS BROS., dealers in general hardware. Stoves and gas fittings a specialty. No. 22 Eighth street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery etc. Tin and sheet iron ware. Corner River and d Eighth streets.

#### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHENIX HOTEL, C. H. Jacobs, proprietor. On Eighth street, near C. & W. M. depot. Refurnished and renovated throughout. Rates, \$1.50 a day.

PARK HOUSE, David L. Boyd, proprietor. Has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished. Terms moderate. Cor. Fish and Ninth streets.

#### Livery and Sale Stables.

HARRINGTON, E. J. Jr., proprietor of Holland City Sale and Exchange Stable. General teaming done, cor. Market and Seventh streets.

#### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

ELIEMAN J. Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Oakes. River street.

## LOCAL JOTTINGS.

CADILLAC is in style. It has the influence.

READ D. Bertsch's business locals in this issue.

A DANCING school will be started here shortly.

Losing your "grippe" is easier said than done, (patent applied for.)

THE public schools and Hope College will open Monday, for the winter term.

FOUND:—A shawl. The owner can have the same by calling at this office.

MR. POND is giving excellent satisfaction in repairing furniture. Call on him.

MCGINTY and the "grip" still go hand in hand. It seems that they cannot be shaken off.

THE new brick block on the corner of Eighth and River streets, will soon be ready for occupancy.

THE receipts of the Ninth street Christian Reformed Church for the year 1889 amounted to \$3,200.

REV. R. DIJKER, formerly of Grandville, has been installed as pastor of the Third Reformed church at Kalamazoo.

DIPHTHERIA still prevails in the city. Every precaution, to prevent the disease from spreading, should be taken.

THE regular monthly meeting of the South Ottawa Teachers' Association will be held in this city next Saturday, Jan. 11, 1890.

CONDUCTOR DEKKER, of the C. & W. M. R'y, and Mrs. Curry, of South Haven, were married at Grand Haven on New Year's day.

THE deserving poor of the city were remembered by the lady societies of the churches of the city on New Year's day in a befitting manner.

IN addition to the officials entitled to attend the State Grand Lodge of the F. & A. M., at Lansing, Mr. F. G. Churchill is elected as a delegate.

THE young ladies of the telephone exchange of this city desire to express their thanks by being so kindly remembered by their patrons during the holidays.

LIST of letters remaining in the post office at Holland, Jan. 2, 1890: Mrs. Chas. Bensins, Edward Yay, Dick Vandavel, Mr. J. C. Wallis.

J. G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

THE members of Erutha Lodge, D. of R. gave a social at the I. O. O. F. hall, last week Friday evening, which was well attended. A good time was enjoyed by all in feasting and dancing.

NEW YEAR'S was a drizzling, rainy day, and our streets were dull and dreary. An observer of the previous day concludes that the homes of many of our rural neighbors were anything but spiritless.

GERTRUDE HARMELING, aged 11 years, eldest daughter of Alida Binne-kant Harmeling, well known in this city, now living in Dakota, lately received the Dr. Miller gold medal of \$25 for the best essay on Patriotism.

MR. W. H. JOSTIN, of Grand Rapids, formerly of this city, has been granted a pension of \$6 a month, through Squire Fairbanks. Mr. John Slotman, of Overisel, has also received an increase, through the Squire's efforts.

THE installation of officers of A. C. Van Raalte Post, No. 262, G. A. R. will take place next Wednesday evening. A full attendance of members is requested. An invitation is extended to the Sons of Veterans to be present.

THERE will be a meeting of the Y. W. C. A. Monday afternoon Jan. 6, at 4 p. m. in their rooms. Miss Bernice Hunting of Alma, Mich., will be there to meet the girls. All interested in Y. W. C. A. work are invited to be present.

RIJK RIKSEN, one of the old settlers of Holland township, died at his residence on last Saturday, at the age of 71 years. The funeral occurred Monday, the remains being followed to the grave by a large number of relatives and friends.

THE Grand Rapids Democrat of Jan. 1st published an interesting account of the growth of the Valley City, during 1889. It showed over 1700 new buildings erected, an increase in all lines of trade, and also of the deposits in their banks. It was certainly an excellent exhibit and indicates that Grand Rapids will soon build out to join Holland and other neighboring towns.

THE residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. Van der Veen, was the scene of a happy gathering of their children and grand-children on New Year's. Messrs. D. E. and E. A. Van der Veen, with their families, from Grand Rapids, were present.

MR. F. L. SOUTER is now the traveling representative of the Walsh-De Roo Milling Co. Mr. Chas. E. Hall represents the company in Grand Rapids. Mr. R. Kanters, their former agent, is now traveling for Lemmon & Peters, wholesale grocers of Grand Rapids.

H. VISSERS, the blacksmith, met with an unfortunate accident Wednesday evening. He was on his way home and in stepping off of the sidewalk on Tenth Street, he fell to the ground, breaking one of his legs, at the ankle. He is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

Mrs. G. Ego, mother-in-law of Capt. Frank Van Ry, has for some time been suffering from erysipelas, and as a result gangrene attacked the left hand. It was found necessary to amputate three fingers, which operation was successfully performed on Thursday by Drs. Van Putten and Wetmore.

MR. HENRY KENYON, of Holland township, is not only an excellent farmer, but a wide-awake business man. He has bought and shipped to New York state this fall, several car loads of stock, from this locality. He is now east with some fine young cattle bought in Fillmore and Overisel townships.

MR. J. H. ZOERMAN, of Graafschap, is one of our enterprising farmers. He also reads the newspapers, and by that means learned that potatoes and apples were bringing good prices east. He is now in New Jersey, where he has taken several car loads of potatoes and apples. He informs us that apples sell for from \$3 to \$4 per barrel, in the eastern markets.

A PROGRESSIVE pedro party was held at the residence of Wm. Swift New Year's eve, and was a grand success. The party was given by the ladies of the Y. W. C. A. and was a grand success. The party was given by the ladies of the Y. W. C. A. and was a grand success.

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THE masons of Unity Lodge, F. & A. M., of this city, celebrated their annual St. John's Day, the 27th of December, by a social at their rooms, in which all the members and their families participated, about one hundred and fifty in all. The table was most elaborately spread with all the luxuries of the season, and a more enjoyable and fraternal gathering has seldom been witnessed in this city. The fraternity has never failed in making a success of socials.

THE school authorities had been led to believe that the water obtained from the pump at the central school building was a possible cause of diphtheria. It was, therefore, resolved to put in the city water, for drinking purposes. Before doing so, however, a sample of the water from the pump was sent to Lansing for analysis. The report from Prof. Kedzie is that the water is perfectly safe for drinking, so that the expense of putting in city water will be saved.

As a hustler James Huntley is a good one. He is the contractor for the new furniture factory. Within the last twenty-two days there has been laid one hundred cords of stone, three hundred and twenty thousand of brick and two hundred thousand feet of lumber used. The lumber has been sawed and delivered since the contract was made. If any of our suburban villages, like Grand Rapids or Grand Haven, can beat this for a winter record, we shall be pleased to hear from them.

THE peculiar weather is the topic of general conversation. On January 2nd, the steamer Lizzie Walsh went to Ottawa Beach, with a load of lumber. On the same day farmers were seen plowing in the fields, as if it were April, instead of midwinter. No frost, ice or snow. We have been advised to dig up Uncle Hiram's toad, so as to give our readers some weather prognostications. We expect to send our reporter to South Blendon to interview the animal, next week, if the government weather department does not send a snow storm before that time.

THE Russian influenza, or "La Grippe", is a mysterious disease which is spreading over the whole globe. In the majority of cases it is but little more than a cold in the head, and two or three days is the limit of its stay with an individual. In Paris however, many deaths have occurred from the disease. It has reached nearly all the large cities of the country, twenty five thousand cases being reported from Boston alone. The only cases in Holland are said to be those of G. P. Hummer, general manager of the furniture factory, and P. W. Kane, who are reported to have been "gripped" on Thursday. Both victims are better. They are thought to have caught the disease from Mr. McGinty on New Year's day.

THEY SAY THEY MEAN BUSINESS.

Charles E. Temple, general counsel for the Grand Rapids & Lake Michigan railroad company, says that if the weather continues favorable the survey for the proposed new line will be commenced next week. Two surveying parties will be put on, one working this way from South Haven and the second working south and west from here. President Telford and General Counsel Temple announce that some important changes have recently been taken under consideration, and that in a few days they will be ready to announce them.—G. R. Democrat.

#### New Year's Day in Holland.

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#### The Meeting of the Agricultural Society.

THE annual meeting of the S. O. and W. A. Fair Association, was held at the Opera House, on Monday afternoon. The meeting was well attended by leading members from the county towns and also the enterprising men of the city.

After a full discussion of the financial affairs of the society, it was resolved to pay the premiums in full. At the same time, the association will not decline any contributions which the persons entitled to premiums may make, as the weather last fall was such that the receipts were very unsatisfactory. But the officers and members of the Holland fair society intend to have it understood by all, that persons making exhibits and obtaining premiums, can have them in full, if they wish, instead of only a fraction of the amount, as is often done by country fairs.

THE best of feeling prevailed at the meeting, and all present announced that they would take off their coats and work to make the fair, to be held here next fall, a complete success. This is as it should be, and we trust that our readers will all be actuated by the same spirit.

THE officers elected for the coming year were as follows: President, H. J. Klomprens, of Fillmore; Vice President, P. H. McBride; Secretary, G. J. Van Duren; Treasurer, Otto Breyman, Executive Board, for two years: M. D. L. Hollis, W. Diekema, and R. Van Zwaluwenberg.

THE death of Mrs. George Ballard, wife of the foreman of the Cappon and Bertsch Leather company, occurred on Saturday morning last.

Mrs. Ballard had long been an invalid, but bore her sufferings with christian patience and resignation. She had been an energetic member and official of the ladies guild of Grace Episcopal Church, and had endeavored herself to every member of the society. Everything that loving hearts and skillful medical help could do could not avail and she passed to rest with the love and respect of all who knew her in life.

THE funeral was attended from Grace Episcopal Church on Tuesday by a large concourse of our citizens. Rev. Dr. Knapp, of Grand Rapids, officiated. The floral offerings were beautiful in design, especially those from the employees of the tannery and ladies guild. The services at the church and grave were of an impressive character and demonstrated the sorrow and sympathy so universally felt.

AMONG the friends of the deceased attending the funeral were Mrs. Jones, of Georgian Bay; Mrs. Wm. H. Ballard, and John Ballard, of Hamilton, Ont.; Mrs. Sarah Schurrah, of Florence, Ont.; Edward Ballard, of Essex Centre, Ont.; Fred Hill, of Stauffville, Ont., and Wm. Boyd, of Fruitport, Mich.

THE pall bearers were David Boyd, Alfred Huntley, Darius Gilmore, James Graham, Peter Kane, and Filmore Bird. Mr. Ballard has the sincere sympathy of a host of friends in his sad bereavement.

PERSONAL NEWS.

Miss Ida Alway of Otsego is visiting Miss Lillie Churchill.

Miss Lottie Calkins, of Allegan is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. Paul Steketee visited South Haven on New Year's day.

Dr. P. Holleman, of Roseland, Ill., is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. C. Broom, of Grand Rapids, visited his parents here this week.

Mr. L. Kameraad, of Grand Haven, called at the News office last Saturday.

Misses Katie and Alta Stockdale, of Wayland, are visiting friends in the city.

Mr. D. J. Te Roller, and sister Bika, spent New Year's day in Kalamazoo visiting friends.

Mr. John Huist, of Muskegon, spent New Year's day visiting friends and relatives in this city.

Mrs. James Troxel, of Grand Rapids, was in the city, this week, visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Charles Crandell, of Big Rapids was in the city last week, visiting his brother S. R. Crandell.

Mr. Gelmer Kuiper, of Grand Rapids, a graduate of Hope College, '89, was in the city this week.

Rev. Daniel Van Pelt, formerly pastor of Hope Church, arrived in the city from New York this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Beeuwkes, of Grand Rapids, visited Mr. and Mrs. G. Van Schelven on New Year's day.

A. C. V. R. Gilmore and Benjamin A. Mulder enjoyed New Year's day in seeing the sights in Grand Rapids.

Mr. Geo. S. Harrington, of Fillmore left for Chicago last Tuesday on a visit to his son, Austin Harrington.

Mr. Marion McCance returned to Wauseon, O., Friday morning, accompanied by his nephew, Alvin McCance.

Rev. H. Utterwick and wife, of Grand Rapids, enjoyed New Year's day visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Gillespie were in Big Rapids, on New Year's, where they enjoyed the day in visiting relatives and friends.



## DOINGS OF THE DAY.

## EVENTFUL HAPPENINGS IN EVERY KNOWN HEMISPHERE.

An Interesting Summary of the Latest News by Wire—Fires, Accidents, Crimes, Politics, Religion, Commerce and Crops, Sandwiched with Minor Affairs.

## IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.

The influx of foreigners decreased 100,000 last year.

The immigration to this country during the year just closed is about 100,000 smaller than it was during 1888, when it was a little more than 500,000. There has been a pretty steady decline since 1882, when the tide reached its highest point, bringing into the country in that year about 720,000 aliens. Germany continues to send the largest number coming from any single country, nearly 100,000. England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales combined send about 140,000. From Norway and Sweden the tide is still strong, as it has been for many years, about 45,000 coming this year. The total for 1889 will complete the record for seventy years, during which accurate statistics have been compiled. These will show that the United States has received from foreign countries since 1820 an aggregate of about 15,000,000 of people, of whom Great Britain has sent about 6,000,000, Germany about 4,500,000, Norway and Sweden about 800,000, and France about 350,000. Ireland alone has sent nearly 3,500,000, and Canada has sent 1,500,000.

## LYING ON THEIR ARMS.

Tennessee Murderers Camped in the Mountains Defy Arrest.

At the last term of the Tennessee Supreme Court held in Knoxville, five Barnards were convicted of the murder of Henry Sutton and sentenced to be hanged. The case attracted wide attention, especially as in a few weeks all were pardoned by the Governor of Tennessee. A few days ago three of the Barnards and Bill Fugate, who boasts of having killed six men, went to the house of Sampson Williams, father-in-law of the murdered man, with the determination of killing him. He was away. On his return he fled to Sneadville, the county seat, for protection. The Barnards are camping at a distillery near Williams' house with homicidal intent. The county officials are taking steps to arrest them, and this will lead certainly to a bloody battle. The scene of the trouble is miles away from a telegraph line and in the heart of the Cumberland Mountains.

## NOT CRUEL PUNISHMENT.

Death by Electricity Declared to Be Constitutional.

A ROCHESTER (N. Y.) dispatch says: "The general term of the Fifth Department has handed down a decision in the case of Kemmer, the murderer, condemned to death under the new law providing for the execution of criminals by electricity, which the court holds to be constitutional. Kemmer's attorneys contested the case on the ground that he was sentenced to a 'cruel and unusual punishment' contrary to the Constitution of the State of New York and of the United States."

## BLAINE'S BROTHER DEAD.

A Professor in an Indian Training School in Oregon.

PROF. MELVILLE B. BLAINE, principal teacher at the Chemawa Indian Training School, near Salem, Oregon, and brother of Secretary James G. Blaine, died after a brief illness, aged 63 years. He was a man of rare ability, a fine speaker, and able educator. He managed the campaign in Oregon for James G. in 1884, and through the Secretary's influence was recently appointed teacher at the Chemawa Government school. He moved to Oregon in 1876 and had resided there since.

## FURNITURE IN FLAMES.

A Blaze at Faribault, Minn., Which Did Much Damage.

FIRE broke out in Ansil L. Hill's furniture factory, at Faribault, Minn., the other night. The firemen could not approach within fifty feet of the burning building on account of the intense heat. The loss of property will exceed \$60,000, fully insured. The cause of the fire was spontaneous combustion. It started on the third floor in the paint shop.

## FAILURES FOR 1889.

The Number Larger and the Liabilities Greater than for Five Years.

BRADSTREET'S reports 11,719 failures in the United States for the year 1889, with liabilities of \$140,359,490 and assets of \$70,599,769. This is the largest number of failures and greater liabilities than for any year in the last five years. The increase in the number of failures over 1888 is 1,192; increase in liabilities, \$20,117,088; increase in assets, \$5,599,586.

Hands me Gift of a New York Woman.

A BOSTON dispatch says: Although the authorities of Arlington have not been officially informed of the fact, it is understood that next spring work will be begun on a library building which will cost when completed not less than \$250,000. Ten thousand volumes will be placed in it as a nucleus and presented to the city. The giver of this royal gift is Mrs. Maria Robbins, of New York.

A War in Railway Rates.

As a result of the collapse of the Western Passenger Association a rate war has been begun, and the St. Paul Road has cut the first-class rate from St. Paul to Chicago \$2.50, and has made a cut of 70 cents in Milwaukee. The Wisconsin Central is charged with making secret immigrant rates with steamship companies.

May Fight Slavin.

RICHARD K. FOX, of New York, has received a cable from London that Peter Jackson, the black champion of Australia, wants to fight Frank Slavin. The Pelican Club, of London, has concluded to offer a \$5,000 purse for a fight between them, and it is expected that a match will be concluded in a few days.

Jackson Agrees to Fight John L.

Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, has called his acceptance of the terms offered by the California Athletic Club for a meeting with John L. Sullivan.

## EVENTS OF THE WEEK.

## EASTERN OCCURRENCES.

THE Pittsburgh syndicate of operators, called the Southern Coal Company, will be dissolved at once, and the thirteen firms in the combination will resume business on their own account.

JUDGE PATTERSON, at New York, has continued the injunction restraining the Central Trust Company, C. P. Huntington, and others from issuing stock of the reorganized Houston and Texas Central Railway.

ALL the tramps in and around Boston were given a Christmas dinner by Mr. George Parker, who had for thirty-four years been "on the turf." The parable of the prodigal son and a temperance address were read after the dinner and 330 of the diners walked up and signed the pledge for a year.

A BALTIMORE (Md.) dispatch says: The Chicago express on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad struck a horse near Dickerson Station, Md. The engine was overturned and Ames Reed, the engineer, was killed, and T. L. Harrison, the fireman, badly injured.

A FRIGHTFUL collision occurred between two freight trains in the deep cut just south of Moyers Station, Pa., about three miles south of Scottsdale on the Southwest Road. Engineers Johns and Dayton, together with the entire crews of both trains, were injured, some very seriously. Both engines were wrecked and about fifteen cars piled on top of each other to the height of thirty or forty feet. The collision was the result of a mistake in train orders.

A WILKESBARRE, Pa., dispatch says: A cave-in of large proportions occurred at Plains, a suburb. Without warning the surface of the earth settled and great holes were formed, some of them thirty feet deep. St. Leo's Catholic Church was damaged, as was the parsonage and several other buildings. Several acres were affected.

CONSTABLE WASHBAUGH, of Greensburg, Pa., has arrested the Hon. John R. Byrne, of Pittsburgh, on a warrant sworn out several days ago by the Hon. Edward Callaghan before Justice Keener, of Pittsburgh, for conspiracy. Mr. Byrne gave bail for a hearing.

MRS. DELIA PARNELL, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, states that she has received only one-quarter of the \$5,000 reported to have been presented to her, and that when all her obligations are met there will be but a small margin left for future necessities.

THE furnaces of the Chestnut Hill Iron and Ore Company at Columbia, Pa., which have been idle for three years, are being repaired to put in blast immediately. They are among the largest in the State.

A NEW YORK dispatch says that John Bostwick, representing English capitalists, has just returned from London, where he submitted propositions from some of the largest leather manufacturers in Newark for the sale of their factories to a syndicate. The propositions were in the main approved, and the deal will probably be made.

THE accounts from New York give the number of victims of the influenza at 50,000. There is also an unprecedented death rate from pneumonia, bronchitis, and consumption. At Boston, a similar state of things prevails, and a large number of deaths are reported as due to the epidemic.

A PHILADELPHIA (Pa.) dispatch says that Alexander Beck & Son, carpet manufacturers, of that city, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. The assignee estimates the liabilities at \$130,000 and the assets at barely \$100,000.

MRS. VICTORIA SCHILLING, the millionaire Morisini's wayward child, who eloped with Schilling, her father's coachman, some years ago, is dying of consumption at her father's home in New York.

JACK MASON, the actor, is critically ill at his apartments in Boston from pneumonia. He is playing this season at the Boston Museum, but has not been able to appear for several days. The disease has recently taken a more serious turn.

In Windsor Locks, Conn., a small-pox epidemic has broken out among the women employed in the rag-room of the Seymour paper mills. The disease was imported with the rags from Egypt.

## WESTERN HAPPENINGS.

A COUNTY-seat election is soon to be held in Rawlins County, in the northwestern part of Kansas, the towns of Atwood and Blakeman competing for the honor of being the seat of government. The latter town has begun a novel method of campaigning. A fund has been subscribed to buy all the houses in Atwood and move them to Blakeman, and thus depopulate its rival. Forty-seven dwelling houses and stores have already been moved to Blakeman and the purchasing committee is negotiating for a majority of the remainder. The people of Atwood are said to be hard up and quite willing to dispose of their houses at a fair price. The Blakeman purchasing committee is backed by a railroad and a town company and finds no difficulty in raising the funds. The Blakeman people are confident of success at the coming election.

The immense barn at Rocky River, eight miles from Cleveland, Ohio, owned by Dan P. Eells, and the farm-house adjoining, have been totally destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$30,000. In the barn were fourteen head of Holstein cattle, only one of which was saved.

CONTINUED outrages by "White Caps" are exciting the people in the region of Concordia, Kan. John McKee, suspected of robbery, has been severely beaten by a band that included a well-known physician.

A HELENA (Mont.) dispatch says that Messrs. Hamilton and McHatton, the contesting Judges in Silver Bow County, have placed their resignations in the hands of the Governor.

An engine and sixteen cars on the Lake Erie and Western Road, at Glynwood, Ohio, were completely wrecked by one section of a freight train crashing into another. No lives were lost.

AT Tahlequah, I. T., a general fight took place, in which David Williams was killed, Mose Crittenden, a penitentiary guard, mortally wounded, and several

others slightly hurt. An old grudge between the principals, revived by whisky, was the prime cause.

TWO LITTLE boys and a girl, children of Mrs. Lena Schipp, were burned to death in a cottage at No. 2021 Pierce street, Denver. Mrs. Schipp earns a living by taking in washing. That morning she went out to bring home some clothes, locking the door. During her absence the cottage caught fire from a stove, and the three children who were locked within were burned to death. A large crowd of people witnessed the tragedy. The fire was so far along when discovered that nothing could be done to save the little ones.

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue has been informed by telegraph of the seizure of the Fresno wine distillery, near Fresno, Cal., for alleged fraudulent distilling.

ON account of the mild weather, the directors of the Carnival Association at St. Paul have decided to abandon the carnival and Ice Palace.

THE Nadeau winery near Los Angeles, Cal., has been destroyed by the breaking of a levee. Nearly \$100,000 worth of wine was destroyed.

THREE-FOURTHS of the inhabitants of Denver and Cheyenne are said to be suffering from Russian influenza.

JACK FARRELL, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and William Higgs, of St. Paul, Minn., both light weights, fought at Tacoma, Wash. Farrell was knocked out in three rounds.

A PORTLAND (Ore.) dispatch says: The steamer Oregon ran into the Clan McKenzie, a four-masted English vessel, sinking her off Coffin rock. Two men were killed. The Clan McKenzie was bound from Rio Janeiro to Portland to load. The Oregon was on her way to San Francisco, and after the collision went ashore, but got on and returned to Portland. The Clan McKenzie was at anchor at the time of the accident, and was cut into about thirty feet. The men killed were colored sailors of the McKenzie and were crushed to death in their bunks. Another sailor was seriously injured. The Oregon's bow was badly damaged.

NAHDIEZAZ, an Apache Indian who murdered Lieut. Seward Mott of the Tenth Cavalry on the Gila River, San Carlos Reservation, March 10, 1887, has been hanged at Globe, Ari.

THE Farmers' Alliance of Douglas County, Kansas, have adopted resolutions boycotting dressed beef men or butchers who handle the products of the so-called beef combine.

THE World's Fair Executive Committee, of St. Louis, has elected Governor Francis, Mayor Noonan, ex-Governor Stanard, Colonel Charles H. Jones and E. S. Rowe, all members of the committee, to represent St. Louis before the Congressional World's Fair Committee. They will leave for Washington in a few days, accompanied by a delegation of twenty-five thoroughly representative citizens of St. Louis and the State, who will add their forces to those of the above committee in urging the claims of that city as a site for the World's Fair.

SOUTHERN INCIDENTS.

THREE days has elapsed since an installment of interest fell due, a day which mortgagee notice the sum of six hundred fifty six and 81/100 (\$656.81) dollars, and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Notice therefore, is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and provided the premises described in said mortgage will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder on the

3rd day of March 1890, at one o'clock in the afternoon at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, State of Michigan, that being the place where the circuit court for Ottawa County is held, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due thereon, together with interest, legal costs and the attorney's fee provided for by law, the mortgaged premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as all of those certain lots or parcels of land situated lying and being in the Township of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows to-wit: The North West quarter (1/4) of the South East quarter (1/4) and the West half (1/2) of the South West quarter (1/4) of the South East quarter (1/4) of Section Seventeen (17) in Town Five (5) North of Range Fifteen (15) West, containing Sixty (60) acres of land to be same more or less. Dated Holland, Mich., November 29th, 1889. GEORGE METZ JR., Mortgagee.

P. H. McBRIDE, Attorney for Mortgagee.

AN ATLANTA (Ga.) dispatch says that nearly \$9,000 have been raised for a monument to Henry W. Grady, and only a few subscriptions have been received outside Atlanta as yet. Believing that Mr. Grady's admirers in all parts of the country desire to help in the work, the monument committee has decided to hold the lists open for some days.

ROBERT GARRETT is in very poor health. He is at times much depressed and occasionally becomes very excited. He is still at his country place at Up-lands, near Catonsville, Md. A consultation of several doctors from New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore was held at Up-lands two weeks ago. Mr. Garrett's friends are not encouraged by the reports from his physicians.

## THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

COMMISSIONER RAUM, of the Pension Bureau, is quite ill at his home on Rhode Island avenue, in Washington.

The widow of General George H. Thomas died suddenly in her home at Washington Christmas night.

The Secretary of the Navy has adopted a new design for the flag of the navy to take effect July 1, 1891. It will be applied to both the flag and the Union Jack of the navy, and consists of a rectangular arrangement of the forty-two States.

LOYD & Co., of Ellensburg, Wash., the principal mercantile firm in the city, have assigned, after executing chattel mortgages to Tacoma banks. The liabilities will exceed \$150,000, and the principal creditors are in Chicago, St. Paul, and New York.

## ACROSS THE OCEAN.

THE Chinese customs authorities have purchased the steamer Kuling with the object of preventing the opening up of the upper Yang-Tse-Kiang.

PLATEN LAKE, in Hungary, is frozen over, and many persons driven across in carriages. This is an unprecedented occurrence.

THE ex-Empress of Brazil, who was visiting in that city with Dom Pedro, died suddenly of heart failure, at Oporto, aged 68 years. Since her death Dom Pedro has been fairly deluged with telegrams and

letters condoling with him on the loss of his wife. The last utterances of the ex-Empress were expressions of regret that she could not be surrounded by her children and that she could not return to beautiful Brazil. A dispatch from Rio Janeiro says the news of the death of the ex-Empress was a great shock to the people. The regret is very general, for she was greatly loved, and her charities were innumerable. She was, in fact, held in higher estimation than Dom Pedro himself.

THE wharves of the New Zealand Steamship Company, at Sydney, New South Wales, have been destroyed by fire, to other with a large quantity of stored produce.

A BOMBAY cable says: Two thousand delegates attended the first meeting of the National Congress. Mr. Bradlaugh was present as a visitor. Sir William Wedderburn, the President of the congress, condemned the Indian bureaucracy and claimed for the people of India the same control over their government that the people of England possess over theirs. He instanced many abuses under the present irresponsible, despotic government.

A LISBON cable says: "The decree prolonging the military dictatorship in Brazil for a year has dismayed the Portuguese Republicans and a decided reaction in favor of the monarchy has ensued. The formal accession of the King therefore takes place under much more favorable circumstances."

THE town of Aci Reale, in Sicily, has been shaken by an earthquake. Several houses collapsed and many persons were buried in the ruins.

A LONDON cable says: The eightieth anniversary of W. E. Gladstone's birth absorbed so much attention as to make it a day of national remembrance. Telegrams and letters of congratulation and admiration poured into Hawarden from not only all quarters of England but literally from all parts of the world. All the members of the Gladstone family branches were gathered at Hawarden to meet and greet their eminent kinsman. The church attended by Mr. Gladstone was crowded at the morning service and a large throng remained outside unable to gain admittance. Mr. Gladstone took his usual part in the service, reading the lessons, and said a few words of devout thankfulness for the blessings of health and friendship.

THERE is a serious shortage of coal in Belgium, owing to the labor troubles in the mining regions. Manufacturing interests are beginning to suffer, and even the Government is unable to obtain its usual supply of coal.

HUNDREDS of the foreign residents of Brazil have protested against the naturalization scheme of the provisional republican government, by which they are to be forced to become Brazilian citizens.

## FRESH AND NEWSY.

COL. ROBERT J. STEVENS, United States Consul at Victoria, B. C., died recently in Seattle, Washington, where he had gone to spend Christmas. Col. Stevens was born in Newport, R. I., and was 65 years old. He served in the army, entering the service as a Major in 1861. In 1883 he was appointed Secretary of the committee on Appropriations in the United States Senate. He resigned this position to accept of the position of Consul at Victoria. He was occupied about six years.

A railway organization known as the Kansas City the other day to take on the recent cut to 18 cents by the of the cattle rates between Kansas and Chicago. The committee was in all day, and decided to make a and a rate on the through business points in Kansas and Nebraska to river points, and relative to the Kansas City to Chicago.

SIDENT HARRISON left Washington Thursday afternoon on a duck expedition to the lower Potomac. He, Bateman's steam yacht, and was until Saturday. He was accompanied by Mr. Bateman, Senators Edmunds, Hawley, Justice Gray, of the Supreme Court, and Mr. J. W. Thompson, of Washington.

contractors for the construction of a new cruiser Baltimore have notified the navy department that the vessel is not ready to be accepted on the condition that the contractors finish any work that may be found incomplete.

A GORGEOUS solid silver dessert service, valued at \$50,000, and intended for a Christmas gift, will be presented to J. Pierpont Morgan by Cornelius Vanderbilt and others representing the New York Central Railroad Company, for services rendered in reorganizing the West Shore Railroad Company.

## MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Prime	4.75	@	5.25
Good	3.50	@	4.50
Common	2.50	@	3.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades	3.25	@	3.75
SHEEP—No. 1 Red	4.00	@	5.50
CORN—No. 2	.77	@	.77 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.31	@	.32
RYE—No. 2	.20	@	.20 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2	.44	@	.45
BUTTER—Cream Creamery	.23	@	.26
CHEESE—Full Cream, B. S.	.19	@	.19
EGGS—Fresh	.18	@	.19
POTATOES—Choice new, per bu.	.37	@	.43
PORK—Mess.	8.25	@	9.00

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—Cash	.73	@	.74
CORN—No. 2	.32	@	.32 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White	.22	@	.23
RYE—No. 2	.44	@	.45
WHEAT—No. 2	.44	@	.45
PORK—Mess.	40	@	47 1/2
PORK—Mess.	9.00	@	9.25

DETROIT.

CATTLE	3.50	@	5.00
HOGS	3.00	@	3.75
SHEEP	3.50	@	5.25
WHEAT—No. 3 Red	.40	@	.41 1/2
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.38	@	.39 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White	.25	@	.26

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—Cash	.81	@	.81 1/2
CORN—No. 2 White	.32	@	.32 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.22	@	.23
RYE—No. 2	.44	@	.45
WHEAT—No. 2	.44	@	.45
PORK—Mess.	10.50	@	11.00

NEW YORK.

CATTLE	3.50	@	5.00
HOGS	3.50	@	4.25
SHEEP	3.50	@	5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.85	@	.85
CORN—No. 2	.41	@	.42
OATS—No. 2	.27	@	.28
PORK—Prime Mess.	10.50	@	11.00

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE	4.00	@	5.00
HOGS	3.25	@	3.75
SHEEP	.77	@	.78
CORN—No. 2	.35	@	.35 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.19	@	.20
RYE—No. 2	.44	@	.45 1/2

INDIANAPOLIS.

CATTLE—Shipping Steers	3.50	@	4.75
HOGS—Choice Light	3.50	@	3.75
SHEEP—Common to Prime	3.00	@	4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.76	@	.77 1/2
CORN—No. 1 White	.31	@	.31
OATS—No. 2	.23 1/2	@	.24 1/2

CINCINNATI.

HOGS	3.00	@	3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.77	@	.78
CORN—No. 2	.31	@	.31
OATS—No. 2	.27	@	.27
RYE—No. 2	.47 1/2	@	.48

BUFFALO.

CATTLE—Good to Prime	3.50	@	4.75
HOGS	3.25	@	3.75
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.80	@	.81
CORN—No. 2	.36 1/2	@	.37 1/2

## BURNED IN THEIR BEDS.

## A FAMILY NEARLY WIPED OUT BY A NIGHT FIRE.

Two Sons Narrowly Escaped the Awful Fate of Their Parents, Eight Brothers and Sisters and a Guest—Intoxication of the Parents Given as the Cause of the Cremation.

A Hancock (Mich.) dispatch says: A calamity, the horrors of which have seldom been equaled in this country, was that which occurred at the little village of Hurontown, when the family of Theodore Gross, consisting of the parents and eight children, with one visitor, were cremated by the burning of the house in which they lived. It appears that the family attended a dance the previous night and did not return home until about 2 o'clock, being followed at 2:30 by their son Theodore, Jr., who is employed in the Huron stamp-mills. Having prepared to retire, he, as he supposed, blew out the lamp and went to bed. Soon after, however, his brother Nicholas awoke him and declared that he heard screams that seemed to come from a room next to theirs and which was occupied by three of their sisters and their little brothers. Running to the door, they were horrified to find the room a mass of flames and fire rapidly climbing the stairway. Finding it impossible to assist their brothers and sisters, who were being roasted alive in the new fire furnace, and being warned by the stifling heat and smoke which encircled them that they must flee, if they would save their own lives, they rushed to the nearest window and leaped to the ground, having received serious cuts from the glass. One attempted to enter the house on the ground floor, where the father, mother and two children slept, but he was driven back by the roaring flames that now completely enveloped the building.

Many spectators had gathered by this time, but it was utterly impossible to render any assistance to the unfortunate prisoners, and the crowd was compelled to stand by and hear their agonizing cries.

In the course of three hours a searching party went over the ruins and discovered the charred remains of the eleven bodies, which were distinguishable only by the size of the bones. They were gathered in a sleigh box and deposited in the public hall. The victims were: THEODORE GROSS, MRS. GROSS, his wife, JOHN GROSS, TONY GROSS, JOSEPH GROSS, MICHAEL GROSS, CATHERINE GROSS, MARY GROSS, LIZZIE GROSS, LENIE GROSS, all children, LENA ERBST, the guest.

The ages of the children range from 2 to 22 years. There is no reliable information as to how the fire started. Theodore Gross, Jr., says that it might have originated from the lamp that he supposed he extinguished before he went to bed. One point is certain—it started on the inside of the house. There are rumors that the dreadful calamity occurred through the carelessness of the parents, who are alleged to have returned home intoxicated from the dance.

The holocaust is the second which has occurred in the little village in the last two weeks. In the former three lives were lost.

## MURDERED IN THEIR BED.

Jerry O'Neill and Wife, of Mount Sterling, Wis., Murdered While Asleep.

A Boscobel (Wis.) dispatch says: A double murder was committed at Mt. Sterling by an assassin of whom not the slightest trace has been found. Between 3 and 4 o'clock two revolver shots rang out at the side of the house of Jerry O'Neill, two window panes were shattered and dropped to the floor, and O'Neill and his wife lay dead in their bed. Two of O'Neill's daughters, who were sleeping in an adjoining room, were awakened by the shots. They ran immediately to their parents' bedroom only to find them dead. The girls set up a cry that aroused the hired men on the place. They woke the neighbors and a search was instituted for the murderer. This availed nothing, as the murderer had quite a start and made his escape through the woods. So far there is not the slightest clue to the perpetrator of the terrible crime, but all the towns in this region have been notified of the murder and officers are on the lookout. There is no known reason why this cowardly murder should be committed. Mr. O'Neill was a wealthy farmer, who had long resided near Mount Sterling, and both he and his wife were highly respected. They had no known enemies and their children are well known among all who know them.

The people of the village and the neighboring farmers are greatly excited over the crime, and should the murderer be found in the woods, where he is supposed to be in hiding, it is not improbable that he will be lynched.

## EIGHT NEGROES LYNCHED.

Taken From a Jail and Hanged with Bullets.

Barnwell (S. C.) dispatch: The murderers of Heffernan and Martin, eight negroes in all, have been lynched here. The sheriff anticipated trouble, it seems, from information of the jailer.

About 300 men, all disguised or unknown to the jailer, entered the jail. After putting him under control the party applied to the jailer to deliver some of the prisoners, and when he came to receive the expected prisoners he was overpowered.

Eight negroes were riddled with bullets just on the outskirts of the boundary line of the town.

Charleston (S. C.) dispatch: Advice from a jailer Court House says that all is quiet and no further outbreak is feared as the result of the lynching of the eight negroes. The threats of vengeance come chiefly from infuriated black women. The talk of the negroes leaving the State is not looked upon as serious, as the community at large are their friends and denounce the horrible butchery.

Sheriff Lancaster for a long time had the jail thoroughly guarded, as threats of violence had been



## A MODERN EYE.

BY DE WITT STERRY.

She sits so still in the high-backed pew!  
While the preacher wanders on  
Through wearisome sections one and two  
And theories pro and con.

A sunbeam smiles on her bandied hair  
And strays to her lady cheek,  
Till the cold gray aches grow clear and fair  
And the dreamer's senses weak.

O! worshipful priest, I share your thought,  
Of the troubled path of life;  
But another text my mind has caught  
Than yours and its worldly strife.

'Tis the tale of the fateful bonnet, shawl,  
And the modest gown of gray,  
Who lures my mind from your fervent call  
And touches my thoughts to stray.

Forgive the rhyme, and the dreams that crowd  
Your truths from my worldly ken—  
Ah! I know to whom my faith is vowed  
When the preacher breathes amen.

—Judge.

## RELINQUISHED HIS CLAIM.

A Story of the Oklahoma Boom.

BY J. H. RITCHIE.

In the settlement of our Western States and Territories, that personage familiarly known among the settlers as a claim jumper has never been very popular among his neighbors. But my experience with the Claim-Jumper was quite different from the usual experiences of those who have met with them in contesting the right to a claim on the broad prairies of the West.

Having been engaged in farming in an Eastern State, I sold my effects for a few hundred dollars, and some time before the 22d of April, a day memorable in the history of Oklahoma Territory, I set out on horse-back for Indian Territory and arrived on the border of Oklahoma several days before the time set for the opening of the lands.

Selecting a camping place in a cotton-wood grove on the banks of a small stream that enters the northern border of Oklahoma, I pitched the little tent I had brought along, and went into camp to wait the time when that great struggle to get possession of a quarter section of land should take place, and in which thousands of hard pioneers were doomed to disappointment by finding themselves a little too late. As soon as I had placed my camp in proper order, and partaken of a lunch of dried beef, cheese and crackers, I set out to scout up the creek to see if I could discover any other campers. About two hundred yards from my camp, a ravine came down to the creek, and as I went down into it, I saw a covered wagon and carriage just a short distance above me. Seeing several men and women around the camp, I concluded to walk up there and have a chat with them. The party consisted of an old lady and gentleman and their two sons and a daughter, who was apparently about 22 years old. I found the family to be very intelligent and far above the average "Boomers" in point of traveling equipment. After remaining at the camp some time the men folks had occasion to leave to lariat their ponies on the grass, and obeying the old man's injunction to remain until their return, I engaged in a conversation with the daughter, whom I found to be very intelligent, and possessing a face that for beauty I thought I had never seen the equal. Although I had arrived at an age at which bachelors are generally supposed to be impervious to cupid's darts, I had to confess to myself before I had remained an hour that I was desperately in love with the black-eyed beauty, and I was well satisfied that my feeling toward her were reciprocated. In fact it was another case of love at first sight, and I went back to camp that evening feeling that life had a new charm for me. It had been my intention to camp very near the line of Oklahoma, and I supposed that I was on the outside of the dead line. The next day, April 21st, I rambled up the creek a few miles in quest of game, and discovered several camps of "Boomers" making active preparations for the final race to occur on the morrow. It was my intention to visit the camp of my new acquaintances again that evening, but upon arriving at my camp I found that my pony had broken his lariat rope and ran away. Fearing that the 22d might find me without a horse to make the race, by which I hoped to secure one of those beautiful homesteads which is always supposed to be just a little way ahead, I set out in hot pursuit of my pony, and succeeded in finding him some four or five miles away from camp. In my haste to find my pony I had taken no note of the direction I had taken, only following the pony's trail through the tall grass, and at sun-set, which occurred before I had gone more than a mile, from where I had found the pony, I suddenly realized that I was hopelessly lost. Resolved, however, to get back to camp, I traveled around for several hours, but finally had to give it up for that night and after tying my pony to a shrub on the bank of a ravine, I lay down on the grass to await the coming of daylight. It is needless to say that I slept but very little that night, and that little time which I did sleep was disturbed by dreams of a pair of black eyes and the sound of a bewitching voice which, on account of the events of the morrow, I might never have the pleasure of hearing again. Morning came, and I awoke and mounted my pony and rode rapidly in the direction of a fringe of timber that I knew bordered the banks of the creek on which I had first pitched my camp to await the coming hour of starting. Although it had been unintentional on my part, yet the fact that I had actually been in Oklahoma, after the President's proclamation, and before the 22d, gave me no little uneasiness; but I decided to run my chances and possibly the land department would, under the peculiar circumstances under which I labored, grant me exemption from the operation of that section of the law that prevented a person acquiring title to lands in Oklahoma who entered that territory after the issuing of the proclamation and before the 22d day of April. Anyway, I concluded to make the attempt to secure a homestead, for if I did not try it I would be sure not to get one. Taking these views, I joined in the race, with the result that on the morning of the 23d I found myself the proud possessor of one of the finest quarter sections of land in Oklahoma. After giving

it a thorough inspection I was greatly elated to know that I was the only person laying claim to it, although other claims near by had as many as a half-dozen claimants, and I was glad to know that no person was aware of the peculiar embarrassing circumstances in which I was placed. However, my dreams of peace were not long to remain undisturbed.

About a week after I had located my claim a young man came riding up in front of my tent, and after a friendly greeting he inquired of me if I was not the man who had lost a pony and had crossed the line into Oklahoma before the 22d while hunting it. I was, as it were, thunderstruck by these remarks, but before I could reply he resumed: "I was satisfied you were the man when I saw that black pony of yours, and you are very unlucky, for somebody will be sure to jump your claim and you will be sure to lose it."

Fearing that this might be his errand now, I asked him if he had been lucky enough to secure a claim, to which he replied he had. Then I told him I really was the person referred to, but that I hoped to come out all right when the land department was made acquainted with the circumstances. After talking a little while longer he mounted his horse, saying that he was going to Guthrie to file on his claim. I had located my tent on the north side of the claim, which ran down to the creek, forming quite a little bottom, or valley, which was covered with a growth of young timber. For several days I did not go out on the prairie, being busily engaged in cutting poles and constructing a rude cabin, but one day, concluding that I would need a stock of supplies, I started to Guthrie to do some trading. On my return, two days after, I discovered, to my surprise, that my claim had been jumped, for in my absence a small pole cabin had been built on the south end of my claim. I rode up to the door of the cabin, which was closed, and after knocking and getting no response, I pushed the door open, and, looking in, was surprised to notice how neat everything was. "Evidently," said I to myself, "this person must be a person of considerable refinement, considering the array of toilet articles to be seen." I closed the door and stood thinking for a while, and finally it occurred to me that the person who built the cabin might not have been aware that I occupied the quarter section, as my camp was at a very isolated place, and I concluded to post a notice on the door, informing the claim jumper of my prior claim to that particular quarter section. This done I rode to my camp to await developments. I did not go back for several days to see if my contestant had relinquished the claim he had jumped, or not, but having business that called me to Guthrie, I went there again. I finished my business, and to my surprise I found on returning, the following notice written in a delicate hand, posted on my door.

To the person who built this cabin:

"Do you not know, sir, that the fact, which I can prove, that you were in Oklahoma before the 22d debars you from acquiring a title to this claim? If you do not, you should read the President's proclamation. I have come to stay, and you may as well vacate for I mean to hold this claim."

(Signed)

"THE PARTY LOCATED ON THE SOUTH SIDE."

This was all there was of it. No person's name was attached, but it was enough to make my blood boil, and I decided to use more stringent measures to oust the Claim Jumper. Accordingly I rode over to the cabin next night, and finding it empty I proceeded to tear it down, scattering the logs in every direction. Then I went back to camp, and busied myself all day at work digging a well. On the following day, concluding that it might be well to see if any attempt had been made to rebuild the cabin, I went out on the prairie to reconnoiter. Sure enough there was the cabin rebuilt. I began to think that the Claim Jumper was at least a determined person, and intended to make his word good as stated in the note on my door. Being equally determined I decided on a regular campaign which I intended to keep up all summer. So back to my own cabin I went, and arming myself with a Winchester rifle and an ax, I set out for the cabin on the south side, determined to demolish it or die in the attempt. As I came in sight of the cabin I barely got a glimpse of some one closing the door, and as I walked on I carefully watched the cabin to see if any person would leave it, but no one was to be seen. Arriving at the cabin door I knocked several times but receiving no reply I called loudly several times and there was no answer. Then I said in loud tones:

"This is my claim, and I will not allow any Claim Jumper to stay on it, and I want you to come out and we will settle the matter. I am a poor man and this is the only chance of securing a homestead at present, and being here first I am determined to hold it at all hazards."

Although these were brave words I felt a sense of fear on finishing them. How did I know but what I was talking to some reckless desperado who might be glad of this chance to fill me with lead. After waiting several moments without any reply, my courage began to return, and I said to myself that the occupant of the cabin was as big a coward as I was, and was trying a game of bluff. With this thought in my mind I called out again:

"I say, stranger, if you will not come out I will tear this cabin down over your head."

Not a move could I hear inside, and no one answered me. I then went around to the south side, and found that it had been carelessly built, and that with the aid of a pole I could pry off the roof, and then tumble the whole structure over. So I placed a pole in position, and began to pry on it. The roof slipped a little and I was about to bear my weight on the pole again, when I heard a woman scream inside. Surely, I thought, the Claim Jumper has a family, and after this I laid my pole down and went around to the door. I said:

"Madam please tell your husband, as he seems very deaf, to come out, as I wish to make him understand me, I have no intention of doing any one any personal injury."

There was profound silence for a moment, and then I heard the woman say: "There is no man here, and if you enter I will shoot you!"

"Then where may I see your husband?" I asked.

At this question I heard her laughing to herself, then she said: "I have jumped this claim myself."

"Great heavens!" I replied, "come to the door and let us talk matters over. Then I heard her unbolting the door and it was suddenly thrown open.

"In heavens name," I cried, "is that you, Miss Wallace?" and I staggered back against the wall almost speechless, for there in the door, revolver in hand, stood the young lady I had so sadly fallen in love with a few days before. After my emotion had subsided, I advanced to meet her with outstretched hands.

"I sincerely beg your pardon, Miss Wallace, for my terrible rudeness, and I am sure you will now always hate me."

"You have my pardon," she answered, taking my proffered hand. "You did not know it was I."

A smile lit up her countenance as she told me her story, which in brief was that she had come West, resolved to take up a claim, but failed to get one, although her father and brother had succeeded. Her brother happening to see me at my claim, recollected seeing me on the day before the opening of the territory, and decided at once that she should contest the claim on the ground that I had been in Oklahoma before the day set for opening the lands to settlement. He had not seen me while at their camp, and was not aware of the friendship that had sprung up between us, and, said she, how was I to know it was our new found friend? Now I will go and tell father and mother, and I am sure they will not want me to contest your claim, for they took a great liking to you."

"No, you won't do any such thing," I replied. "Stay where you are, or go and file on the claim, and I will abandon it."

"Why can't we both live on it," said she, "for we can divide it. I will go over to my parents, who live about two miles from here, and tell them whose claim I jumped."

I offered to accompany her, and, as she accepted, we walked to her father's claim. They welcomed me very warmly, but their surprise was great when Miss Wallace told her story. She remained with her parents and I returned home. Passing by the cabin on the hill, I could scarcely help shedding tears at the rude way in which I had treated the brave young lady, and it is not any more than the truth to say that I spent a sleepless night, and once more that fair face and those laughing black eyes haunted my dreams.

I made frequent visits to Mr. Wallace's claim, and Miss Wallace's brother and I moved both cabins on my claim together, and Miss Wallace has filed on the claim, I being willing to relinquish my claim for her heart, and within two months after the opening of Oklahoma, a newly wedded couple moved into the double log cabin, Miss Wallace having become my wife. She often remarks that she hopes that she will be as successful keeping house as she proved to be as a claim jumper.

## A Unique Game of Ten Pins.

It was a unique game of ten pins I was wont to play in those days. Small natives swarmed like bees whenever I went abroad; you see, I was the one baoli—or foreigner—who had unlimited leisure, and they knew not at what moment it might suit my fancy to embark upon some erratic expedition such as they delighted in. At a moment's notice I could command a troop of horses worthy of an outlaw chief. If I retired to the billiard hall to amuse myself with the light and airy cue, the windows and doors commanding the four sides of the table were certain to be darkened with a cloud of witnesses—but I am forgetting the ten pins.

There was a small kanaka for every pin, and one for each ball. These in some mysterious way hung upon the wall at the far and fatal end of the bowling alley, at the imminent peril of life and limb. Whenever I made a ten strike, which I positively did occasionally, it was invariably received with a deafening round of cheers—not omitting the "tiger." But still I was not happy, for I always feared to find the alley, after the atmosphere had cleared a little, strewn with the Hawaiian slain.—Charles Warren Stoddard, in November Overland.

## Not Easily Picked Off.

Why is it that ninety-nine men in a hundred feel an irresistible impulse to—

Prescribe for a cold,  
Advise the editor,  
Bet on base ball,  
Murder the umpire,  
Holler at a fire,  
And pick a thread off another man's coat?

Nobody knows, no one is ready to give any more of an answer than "human nature." But such are facts. A member of an uptown club stood contemplating the open fire. On his shoulder nestled a white thread.

"I say, Charlie,"

A club man picked up the raveling. It seemed to be threaded in the cloth. He pulled out about a yard, when Charlie dived into his breast pocket and drew out a spool of white thread.

"Here, Jack, take all the thread you want."

"That's a bottle on me, Charlie," said Jack, as he fell back into the small group who had watched the operation. Then Charlie set his trap for the next victim. In half an hour he caught ten. He had run the thread through his coat. Instead of being a raveling it was one end of a two hundred yard spool.—Washington Post.

## Where Man Has No Rival.

"Talk about the capability of woman! Why, she is already a dangerous rival of man in many pursuits."

"Yes; but there is one in which she will never eclipse him."

"What is that?"

"Trying to say 'truly rural' at 2 o'clock in the morning."—Judge.

## DR. TALMAGE IN SYRIA.

A SERMON SUGGESTED BY THE LOCALITY AND SEASON.

The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, of Brooklyn, was at Beyrout on the 24th of December, and preached to a group of friends on "The Sky Anthem." His text was Luke ii, 14: "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men," on which he delivered the following discourse:

At last I have what I longed for, a Christmas eve in the Holy Land. This is the time of year that Christ landed. He was a December Christ. This is the chill air through which He descended. I look up through these Christmas skies, and I see no loosened star hastening southward to halt above Bethlehem, but all the stars suggest the Star of Bethlehem. No more need that any of them run along the sky to point downward. In quietude they kneel at the feet of Him who, though once an exile, is now enthroned forever. Fresh up from Bethlehem, I am full of the scenes suggested by a visit to that village. You know that whole region of Bethlehem is famous in Bible story. There were the waving harvests of Boaz, in which Ruth gleaned for herself and weeping Naomi. There David the warrior was thirsty, and three men of unheeded self-denial broke through the Philistine army to get him a drink. It was to that region that Joseph and Mary came to have their names enrolled in the census. That is what the Scripture means when it says they came "to be taxed," for people did not in those days rush after the assessors of tax any more than they now do.

The village inn was crowded with the strangers who had come up by the command of government to have their names in the census, so that Joseph and Mary were obliged to lodge in the stable. You have seen some of those large stone buildings, in the center of which the camels were kept, while running out from this center in all directions there were rooms, in one of which Jesus was born. Had his parents been more showily appareled I have no doubt they would have found more comfortable entertainment. That night in the fields the shepherds, with crooks and kindled fires, were watching their flocks, when hark! to the sound of voices strangely sweet. Can it be that the maidens of Bethlehem have come out to serenade the weary shepherds? But now a light stoops upon them like the morning, so that the flocks arise, shaking their snowy fleeces and bleating to their drowsy young. The heavens are filled with armies of light, and the earth quakes under the harmony, as, echoed back from cloud to cloud, it rings over the midnight hills: "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace good will to men!" It seems that the crown of royalty and dominion and power which Christ left behind him was hung on the sky in sight of Bethlehem. Who knows but that that crown may have been mistaken by the wise men for the star running and pointing downward?

My subject, in the first place, impresses me with the fact that indigence is not always significant of degradation. When princes are born, heralds announce it, and cannon thunder it, and flags wave it, and illuminations set cities on fire with the tidings. Some of us in England or America remember the time of rejoicing when the Prince of Wales was born. You can remember the gladness throughout Christendom at the nativity in the palace at Madrid. But when our glorious Prince was born, there was no rejoicing on earth. Poor and growing poorer, yet the heavenly recognition that Christmas night shows the truth of the proposition that indigence is not always significant of degradation.

In all ages there have been great hearts throbbing under rags, tender sympathies under rough exterior, gold in the quartz, Parian marble in the quarry, and in every stable or privation wonders of excellence that have been the joy of the heavenly host. All the great deliverers of literature and of nations were born in homes without affluence, and from their own privation learned to speak and fight for the oppressed. Many a man has held up his pine knot light from the wilderness until all nations and generations have seen it, and off of his hard crust of penury has broken the bread of knowledge and religion for the starving millions of the race. Poetry, and science, and literature, and commerce, and laws, and constitutions, and liberty like Christ, were born in a manger.

All the great thoughts which have decided the destiny of nations started in obscure corners, and had Herods who wanted to slay them, and Iscariots who betrayed them, and rabble that crucified them, and sepulchers that confined them until they burst forth in glorious resurrection. Strong character, like the rhododendron, is an Alpine plant, that grows fastest in the storm. Men are like wheat, worth all the more for being flailed. Some of the most useful people would never have come to positions of usefulness had they not been ground and pounded and hammered in the foundry of disaster. When I see Moses coming up from the ark of bulrushes to be the greatest lawgiver of the ages, and Amos from tending the herds to make Israel tremble with his prophecies, and David from the sheepcote to sway the poet's pen and the king's scepter, and Peter from the fishing net to be the great preacher at the Pentecost, I find proof of the truth of my proposition that indigence is not always significant of degradation.

My subject also impresses me with the thought that it is while at our useful occupations that we have the divine manifestations. Had those shepherds gazed their flocks among the wolves, they would not have heard the song of the angels. In other words, that man sees most of God and Heaven who minds his own business. We all have our posts of duty, and standing there God appears to us. We are all shepherds or shepherdesses, and we have our flocks of cares and annoyances and anxieties, and we must tend them.

We sometimes hear very good people say: "If I had a month or a year or two to do nothing but to attend to religious things, I would be a good deal better than I am now." You are mistaken. Generally the best people are the busy people. Elisha was plowing in the field when the prophetic mantle fell on him. Matthew was attending to his custom house duties when Christ commanded him to follow. James and John were mending their nets when Christ called them to be fishers of men. Had they been snoring in the sun Christ would not have called their indolence into the apostleship. Gideon was at work with the flail on the threshing floor when he saw the angel. Saul was with great fatigue hunting up the lost asses when he found the crown of Israel. The prodigal son would never have reformed and wanted to have returned to his father's house if he had not first

gone into business, though it was swine feeding. Not once out of a hundred times will a lazy man become a Christian. Those who have nothing to do are in very unfavorable circumstances for the receiving of divine manifestations. It is not when you are in idleness, but when you are like the Bethlehem shepherds, watching your flocks, that the glory descends and there is joy among the angels of God over your soul penitent and forgiven.

My subject also strikes at the delusion that the religion of Christ is dolorous and grief infusing. The music that broke through the midnight heavens was not a dirge, but an anthem. It shook joy over the hills. It not only dropped upon the shepherds, but sprang upward among the thrives. The robe of a Saviour's righteousness is not black. The Christian life is not made up of weeping and cross bearing and war waging. Through the revelation of that Christmas night I find that religion is not a groan, but a song. In a world of sin and sick bed and sequels, we must have trouble; but in the darkest night the heavens part with angelic song. You may, like Paul, be shipwrecked, but I exhort you to be of good cheer, for you shall all escape safe to the land. Religion does not show itself in the elongation of the face and the cut of the garb. The Pharisee who puts his religion into his phylactery has none left for his heart. Fretfulness and complaining do not belong to the family of Christian graces which move into the heart when the devil moves out. Christianity does not frown down amusements and recreations. It is not a cynic, it is not a shrew, it chokes no laughter, it quenches no light, it defaces no art. Among the happy, it is the happiest. It is just as much at home on the playground as it is in the church. It is just as graceful in the charade as it is in the psalm book. It sings just as well in Surrey gardens as it plays in St. Paul's. Christ died that we might live. Christ walked that we might ride. Christ wept that we might laugh.

Again, my subject impresses me with the fact that glorious endings sometimes have very humble beginnings. The straw pallet was the starting point, but the shout in the midnight sky revealed what would be the glorious consummation. Christ on Mary's lap, Christ on the throne of universal dominion—what a humble starting! What a glorious ending! Grace begins on a small scale in the heart. You see only men as trees walking. The grace of God in the heart is a feeble spark, and Christ has to keep both hands over it lest it be blown out. What an humble beginning! But look at that same man when he has entered Heaven. No crown able to express his royalty. No palace able to express his power and his dominion. Dripping from the fountain that drips from the everlasting Rock. Among the harpers harping with their harps. On a sea of glass mingled with fire. Before the throne of God, to go no more out forever. The spark of grace that Christ had to keep both hands over lest it come to extinction, having flamed up into honor and glory and immortality. What humble starting! What glorious consummation!

The New Testament church was on a small scale. Fishermen watched it. Against the uprising walls crashed infidelity. The world said anathema. Ten thousand people rejoiced at every seeming defeat, and said: "Aha! aha! so we would have it." Martyrs were fired: "How long, O Lord, how long?" Very humble starting, but see the difference at the consummation, when Christ with his mighty arm has struck off the last chain of human bondage, and Himalaya shall be Mount Zion; and Pyrenees, Moriah; and oceans, the walking place of Him who trod the wave cliffs of stormed Tiberias, and island shall call to island, sea to sea, continent to continent, and, the song of the world's redemption rising, the heavens, like a great sounding board, shall strike back the shout of salvation to the earth until it rebounds again to the throne of God, and all heaven, rising on their thrones, beat time with their scepters. Oh, what an humble beginning! What a glorious ending! Throne linked to a manger, heavenly mansions to a stable.

My subject also impresses me with the effect of Christ's mission upward and downward. Glory to God, peace to man. When God sent his Son into the world, angels discovered something new in God, something, they had never seen before. Not power, not wisdom, not love. They knew all that before. But when God sent his Son into this world then the angels saw the spirit of self denial in God, the spirit of self sacrifice in God. It is easier to love an angel on His throne than a thief on the cross, a scribe in His worship than an adulteress in her crime. When the angels saw God—the God—the God who would not allow the most insignificant angel in Heaven to be hurt—give up His Son, His Son, His only, only Son, they saw something that they had never thought of before, and I do not wonder that when Christ started out on that pilgrimage the angels in Heaven clapped their wings in triumph and called on all the hosts of Heaven to help them celebrate it, and sang so loud that the Bethlehem shepherds heard it: "Glory to God in the highest."

But it was also to be a mission of peace to man. Infinite holiness—accumulated depravity. How could they ever come together? The Gospel bridges over the distance. It brings God to us. It takes us to God. God in us, and we in God. Atonement! Atonement! Justice satisfied, sins forgiven, eternal life secured, Heaven built on a manger.

But it was also to be the pacification of all individual and international animosities. What a sound this word of peace had in the Roman Empire that boasted of the number of people it had massacred, that prided itself on the number of the slain, that rejoiced at the trembling provinces. Sicily and Corsica and Sardinia and Macedonia and Egypt had bowed to her sword and crouched at the cry of her war eagles. She gave her chief honor to Scipio and Fabius and Cæsar—all men of blood. What contempt they must have had there for the penniless unarmed Christ in the garb of a Nazarene, starting out to conquer all nations. There never was a place on earth where that word peace sounded so offensively to the ears of the multitude as in the Roman Empire. They did not want peace. The greatest music they ever heard was the clanking chains of their captives. If all the blood that has been shed in battle could be gathered together it would appear a navy. The club that struck Abel to the earth has its echo in the butcheries of all ages. Edmund Burke, who gave no wild statistics, said that there had been spent in slaughter thirty-five thousand millions of dollars, or what would be equal to that; but he had not seen into our times, when in our own day, in America, we expended three thousand millions of dollars in civil war.

Oh, if we could now take our position on some high point and see the world's

armies march past! What a spectacle it would be! There go the hosts of Israel through a score of Red seas—one of water, the rest of blood. There go Cyrus and his army, with infuriate yell rejoicing over the fall of the gates of Babylon. There goes Alexander, leading forth his hosts and conquering all the world but himself, the earth reeling with the battle gash of Arbela and Persepolis. There goes Ferdinand Cortes, leaving his butchered enemies on the table lands once fragrant with vanilla and covered over with groves of flowering cacao. There goes the great Frenchman, leading his army down through Egypt like one of its plagues, and up through Russia like one of its own icy blasts. Yonder is the grave trench under the shadow of Sebastopol. There are the ruins of Delhi and Alahabad, and yonder are the inhuman Sepoys and the brave regiments under Havelock avenging the insulted flag of Britain, while, cut right through the heart of my native land is a trench in which there lie one million Northern and Southern dead.

Oh, the tears! Oh, the blood! Oh, the long marches! Oh, the hospital wounds! Oh, the martyrdom! Oh, the death! But brighter than the light which flashed on all these swords and shields and musketry is the light that fell on Bethlehem, and louder than the bray of the trumpets, and the neighing of the chargers, and the crash of the walls, and the groaning of the dying armies, is the song that unrolls this moment from the sky, swept as though all the bells of Heaven rang a jubilee, "Peace on earth, good will toward men." Oh, when will the day come—God hasten it!—when the swords shall be turned into plow-shares, and the fortresses shall be remodeled into churches, and the men of blood battling for renown shall become good soldiers of Jesus Christ, and the cannon now striking down whole columns of death shall thunder the victories of the truth.

When we think of the whole world saved we are apt to think of the few people that now inhabit it. Only a very few compared with the populations to come. And what a small part cultivated. Do you know it has been authentically estimated that three-fourths of Europe is yet all barrenness, and that nine hundred and ninety-one one-thousandths part of the entire globe is uncultivated? This is all to be cultivated, all inhabited and all gospelized. Oh, what tears of repentance when nations begin to weep! Oh, what supplications when continents begin to pray! Oh, what rejoicing when hemispheres begin to sing! Churches will worship on the places where this very hour smokes the blood of human sacrifice, and wandering through the snake infested jungles of Africa Christ's heel will bruise the serpent's head. Oh, when the trumpet of salvation shall be sounded everywhere and the nations are redeemed, a light will fall upon every town brighter than that which fell upon Bethlehem, and more overwhelming than the song that fell on the pasture fields where the flocks fed, there will be a song louder than the voice of the storm lifted oceans, "Glory to God in the highest," and from all nations and kindred and people and tongues will come the response, "And on earth peace, good will toward men!" On this Christmas day I bring you good tidings of great joy. Pardon for all sin, comfort for all trouble and life for all dead. Shall we now take this Christ into our hearts? The time is passing. This is the closing of the year. How the time speeds by. Put your hand on your heart—one, two, three. Three times less it will beat. Life is passing like gaselles over the plain. Sorrows hover like petrels over the sea. Death swoops like a vulture from the mountains. Misery rolls up to our ears like waves. Heavenly songs fall to our like stars.

I wish you a merry Christmas, not with worldly dissipations, but merry with Gospel gladness, merry with pardoned sin, merry with hope of reunion in the skies with all your loved ones who have preceded you. In that grand and best sense a merry Christmas.

And God grant that in our last moment we may have as bright a vision as did the dying girl when she said: "Mother"—pointing with her thin white hand through the window—"Mother, what is that beautiful land out yonder beyond the mountains, the high mountains?" "Oh," said the mother, "my darling, there are no mountains within sight of our home." "Oh, yes," she said, "don't you see them—that beautiful land beyond the mountains out there, just beyond the high mountains?"

The mother looked down into the face of her dying child and said: "My dear, I think that must be Heaven that you see." "Well, then," she said, "father, you come, and with your strong arm carry me over those mountains into that beautiful land beyond the high mountains." "No," said the weeping father, "my darling, I can't go with you." "Well," she said, clapping her hands, "never mind, never mind; I see yonder a shining one coming. He is coming now, in His strong arms to carry me over the mountains to the beautiful land—over the mountains, over the high mountains!"

## The Prayer Book Dodge.

Traveler—Oh, kind sir, take all, take all, but leave me this, my pocket Bible, a parting gift from my mother when I was a boy?

The Highwayman (as he gathers up a very poor haul)—Keep your prayer book an begone.

The Traveler (ten minutes later)—Well, that was a pretty close shave. If that chump had known that Bible covered \$2,000 in bank notes, he wouldn't have been so quick to let me keep it.—Town Talk.

## The Line Must Be Drawn.

St. Louis man—I will bet you a new suit the fair will be held in St. Louis.

New York man—Where is the suit to be made?

St. Louis man—In St. Louis, of course.

New York man—I must decline the bet.—Clothes and Furnisher.

If you want your favors to be remembered, show them to people when they need them. A man with more money than he knows what to do with cares nothing for an extra dollar, but the man who needs a dollar to save his life will never forget the man who gives him the coveted coin.—Atlantic Globe.

A WOMAN over 100 years old, anti-corrugible, who had spent all the Christmases she can remember in prison, has been sent to a year's imprisonment for theft.

The picture of a man was never taken that he did not feel five years afterward that he looked foolish.



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1890.

These figures represent the year upon which we are just entering. We have all wished each other a happy new year, and the News joins in this greeting to its readers.

Whether the year will be happier or more sorrowful than 1889 has been to us, no mortal can say. Hope is the good angel which makes us all imagine that we never are, but always to be blest. So we look forward to the future as the time of happiness, until life's end is reached.

Aside from the anticipations of coming joy which the new year brings, it is a time for good resolutions, and the abandonment of evil habits. To all who celebrate the opening of the year by abandoning their evil courses, we wish them success, and know that the year will bring them satisfaction and happiness, if they persevere in their determination and conquer their vices.

The opening of the year is also a time for contemplation upon the past, as a preparation for the work of the future. Looking backward over our lives, we can all see the mistakes we have frequently made. The wise man profits by his errors, and does not repeat them. So we should carefully consider the causes of our failures in the past, and if the fault has been our own, to avoid their repetition in the future.

Life is often compared to a drama, in which we each have our parts to perform. Whether as prince or peasant we have an influence in the world about us, and something to do to keep the vast machinery of life in motion. Let us each begin the new year with the resolution that we will make the community in which we live better for our presence.

In a great city a man often does not know and is not known by his nearest neighbor. In such a place the miser can hoard his wealth regardless of the joys or sorrows of all about him and take no part in the life of the people among whom he lives, and nothing is known, or thought of it until his miserable existence ends. In a small town or city, or a farming community, a person knows and is known by all about him. This gives him a knowledge of the cares and sorrows of his neighbors, and it should be his earnest desire to alleviate them. He is also made acquainted with all matters of public interest; and is called upon to assist in enterprises for the general benefit.

Our readers belong to the latter class, and we trust that during the coming year, each will do his or her full share to help all those about them who are in distress, and to also lend their aid to work for the best interests of the communities in which they reside, by helping every meritorious public enterprise. Then, indeed, will 1890 be a happy new year to us all.

## The Southern Orator.

Henry W. Grady, of Atlanta, Georgia, who died last week, was one of the most eloquent men of the new south. The following extract is taken from an address made by him in New York city three years ago. It will be read with interest by our old soldiers, for while it describes how the boys in gray went home, after Lee's surrender, many of the boys in blue did not find matters much better on their return to the north. "You have just heard an eloquent description of the triumphant armies of the North and the grand review at Washington. I ask you, gentlemen, to picture if you can the footsore soldier, who, buttoning up in his faded gray jacket, the parole which was taken, testimony to his children of his fidelity and faith, turned his face southward from Appomattox in April, 1865. Think of him as ragged, half starved, heavy hearted, enfeebled by want and wounds. Having fought to exhaustion, he surrenders his gun, wrings the hands of his comrades, and lifting his tear-stained and pallid face for the last time to the graves that dot the old Virginia hills, pulls his gray cap over his brow and begins the slow and painful journey. What does he find—let me ask you, who went to your homes eager to find all the welcome you had justly earned, full payment for your four years' sacrifice—what does he find when he reaches the home he left four years before? He finds his home in ruins, his farm devastated, his slaves freed, his stock killed, his barns empty, his trade destroyed, his money worthless, his social system, feudal in its magnificence, swept away, his people without law or legal status, his comrades slain, and the burdens of others heavy on his shoulders. Crushed by defeat, his very traditions gone, without money, credit, employment, material, or training—and, besides all this, confronted with the gravest problem that ever met human intelligence—the establishment of a status for the vast body of his liberated slaves. What does he do—this hero in gray with a heart of gold—does he sit down in sullenness of despair? Not for a day. Surely God, who had scourged him in his prosperity, inspired

him in his adversity! As ruin was never before so overwhelming, never was restoration swifter. The soldier stepped from the trenches into the furrow; horses that had charged upon your lines, General Sheridan marched before the plow, and fields that ran red with human blood in April were green with the harvest in June."

## A Northern New Year.

Ye Editor's Happy New Year in Northern Michigan.

Sunshine, Snow and Sleighting.

ALBA, ANTRIM CO., MICH.,  
January 1, 1890.

To the Reader:

The joys and sorrows of the editor have been told in song and story. His life is always a checkered one. To-day he feasts on delicious pumpkin pies made by some sweet country Mary and inhales the fragrance of beautiful roses presented to him by some fair city maiden, to-morrow he vainly tries to keep himself and family from freezing, by thinking of the nice, dry stove-wood his country subscribers have failed to bring on their subscription account.

Again, he enjoys the pleasures of home life, surrounded by his flock, and without a moment's warning is obliged to journey to the ends of the earth to secure some new thing for his insatiate gentle readers.

The above was about the train of thought which was rushing through our brain as we boarded the railroad train, on the last day of the year, to go to the northland in search of some evidences of winter.

Christmas had been kind to us, and we had not only enjoyed a good dinner at home, but also voyaged to the park, on the steamboat. But here we are on New Year's day, two hundred miles from the babies in the forests of northern Michigan.

To reach this future metropolis, we left the warm, sunny clime of home, where snow flakes were not visible, rode all day northward through the "piney" towns which line the black serpent marked "G. R. and I," on the railroad map, until weary and hungry we dropped from the train at the station given at the prelude of this article.

The journey was not an unknown one to us, but how changed from the first time we traveled it in 1875! The grand old trees came close up to both sides of the narrow lane which had been cut for the passage of the train. North of Clam Lake (now the city of Cadillac) the "cities" were but holes in the woods, with a saw mill, store and saloon. Twice during that first trip we saw from the car-windows deer running along the railroad right of way and disappearing into the deep shadows of the magnificent forest. The clear, sparkling waters of the streams were then alive with trout and grayling. We have made this trip several times since, and each journey found more of the forest cleared away and some of the towns larger, while others were smaller, than in 1875.

Yesterday's run from Grand Rapids was varied by the sight of the bare ground for 60 miles north of the Valley City, then came a faint trace of snow and ice, enough along the edges of lakes and rivers for adventurous boys to skate on. Passing the 100 mile point, at Cadillac, the supply of snow increased, until at Crofton, the earth was covered with the fleecy mantle to the depth of about 4 inches. The cedars and hemlocks had their dark green branches laden with the pure white snow in true holiday attire. Miles of old pineries, where the fire had killed thousands of trees, which were left at the first cutting, and their tall dead trunks now stand as ghosts, with leafless branches outstretched like arms pointing to the ruin and desolation man has wrought. An occasional farm is passed, where the stumps appear to have been sown broadcast, and a long-legged man could easily cross whole fields by stepping from one to another. The towns are but a few miles apart, with the everlasting saw mill, lumber piles and hotels. Leaving Kalkaska, the hardwood timber becomes the rule and pine the exception. At Mancelona the Antrim Iron company are working night and day to manufacture iron and help to use up the hard maple forest.

But we are wandering a long way from new year's and the sunshine, snow and sleighrides, which are referred to in the headlines, prefacing this letter. All of these delightful accompaniments of winter we have enjoyed, but a strict regard for veracity compels us to state that they belonged to yesterday and the dead year 1889. When Alba was reached yesterday the sun was shining, the beautiful snow covered the ground, and the merry jingle of bells was heard. We, therefore, retired for the night in the fond hope that the morning would bring in the new year, with possibly an old-fashioned snowstorm, and certainly leave enough snow for a sleighride. But, must we say it? Ugh! The infant year came to us with a dreary, dismal drizzling rain, gray skies and general gloom and sadness.

But it might have been worse,—in fact we felt thankful that neither a snow blockade nor an earthquake occurred, both of which were possible. The people of the little town made the best of things, the brass band paraded the streets and discoursed sweet music to help dispel the gloom occasioned by

the wretched weather, and friends wished each other the happy new year of other latitudes. Beyond these mild outbreaks and an extra piece of pie for dinner, the day did not differ from that of November 16th.

Now, we have told all about the New Year festivities, we will close with a few words in regard to this part of our State. The forests are the main feature of the landscape, and the source from which the bread and butter comes to supply the people of these northern counties, after the tourist departs with the coming of the September frosts. Magnificent maples, rock-elm, and basswood trees are found here sufficient to supply "hardwood" lumber for many years to come. Hemlock for "park" and huge cedars are also still plenty.

David Ward, of Detroit, owns whole sections and almost whole counties of virgin forests of pine and hardwood throughout Northern Michigan, much of it about Alba. Mr. Ward is about 60 years of age and his wealth is estimated at from twenty-five to thirty millions, the greater part of which is in these timber lands. He came to Alba yesterday, and took a sleigh for his lumber camp, located near here, where he is spending the happy new year—dining on pork and beans and working as hard as the proverbial colored man. Like a poor editor he cannot afford to spend the holiday at home with his babies.

Mr. Ward, among his other enterprises, is building a railroad about forty miles in length, which is to pass through Alba, and will help to make it the future great city of the north.

For the farmer this place does not offer many attractions. The frosts linger long in the spring and come very early in the fall, so that corn cannot be depended upon. Still there are farmers near Alba who raise excellent crops of hay, oats and potatoes, and who are contented and happy. J. C. P.

## What Ticked a Hoosier.

One day I was riding along a highway in Indiana when I came upon a pile of bedding and articles of crockery and hardware in front of a farm house, and seated on the horse-block was a corpulent old man with a very red face. Naturally enough I asked him what had happened, and he went off in laughter which lasted a full minute before he could reply.

"Them duds belong to Ben and Mary."

"But who are Ben and Mary?"

"Ben's my—my—ha! ha! ha! I've luffed till I'm almost dead. Ben's my son, and Mary is his—ha! ha! ha! wife."

"But who tumbled those things out there?"

"I did."

"And where are Ben and Mary?"

"She's gone home and he's broke for the woods. Stranger, excuse me, but I'd have to laff if there was a corpse in the house. It's too durned funny for anything—ha! ha! ha!"

And he yelled and whooped until he could have been heard half a mile. When he sobered up a little I asked: "Is there a joke in this somewhere?"

"Is there? Whoop! I should say there was! Go into the house and you'll find the old woman nigh dead with laffing."

"Well, what is it?"

"You see, Ben got married about three months ago. Purty good boy, but inclined to be tricky. He married a purty fair gal, but she's dreffully ambitious. They cum home to live, and about a month ago wanted me'n the old woman to deed over the farm to them and be taken keer of the rest of our lives. We didn't like the idea, but they hung to it, and so last week I made out a deed and handed it over. It wasn't a deed describin' this farm, but some other farm, though it all looked reg'lar nuff."

"You doubted their faith, eh?"

"I kinder did, and so—ha! ha! ha! Say, stranger, don't think hard of me, but I've got to laff or bust. Just tickles me way back to my shoulder blades!"

He went off into another fit, and when he got his breath again he continued:

"This mornin' was the sixth day since they got the deed. As soon as breakfast was over Ben said they'd concluded to git along without our valued company, and suggested that as it was nine miles to the poor-house we make an early start. He intended to turn us smack out doors without a dollar, but he got left. I told him he'd better look into the deed a bit, and he went to town and discovered the trick I had played. You orter seen them two when they come back! Why, why—"

And he laughed again until I had to pat him on the back to prevent a catastrophe.

"They were the humblest, down-troddenest, used-uppest, gone-to-pieces pair you ever set eyes on. Ben got a plug of terbacker and a hoss pistol and left fur the woods, and Mary tied a wet towel around her head and hoofed it fur her father's house. I've brought out their duds and piled 'em up here, and if they don't send for 'em before noon they ken go to the dogs."

"Well, they deserve it."

"Yes, they do, but it was a narrer escape for me. If that deed had been all right me'n the old woman would be paupers to-day. But 't wasn't all right, and—"

And I had driven at least half a mile before I lost the sounds of his laughter.—New York Sun.

## A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for an affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at the drug stores of Yates & Kane, Holland, A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

## Look Here!

Many a table, stand, or chair is unfit for use for want of repair. If you have a broken bedstead, or bureau, and don't bring them to me, who is to blame? For with glue, varnish, and proper tools for the work, I will make them as good as new. Shop on Eighth street, near Dr. Schouten's drug store.  
G. M. FOND.

We have given C. Blom the agency in Holland for our Barley Malt Whisky. Distilled from malted barley, it is rich and nutritious and free from all impurity. For the sick and feeble it is a true tonic.  
E. H. CHASE & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Ky.

## Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale at the drug stores of Yates & Kane, Holland, A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

No lady need go without a cloak as I will sell my entire stock of cloaks after Jan. 6 at 20 per cent off. This is better than you can do in many places in Michigan. Come in and secure a good bargain. Remember date.

D. BERTSCH.

Lieber Walsh, druggist, desires to inform the public, that he is agent for the most successful preparation that has yet been produced, for coughs, colds and croup. It will loosen and relieve a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. The article referred to is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a medicine that has won fame and popularity on its merits and one that can always be depended upon. It is the only known remedy that will prevent croup. It must be tried to be appreciated. It is put up in 50 cent and \$1 bottles.

## Consumption Surely Cured.

To the EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,  
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York.

W. L. Douglas celebrated \$3.00 shoe at Van Duren Bros. This is the best shoe for the money made.

Dry Goods and Groceries a fine stock at Notter & Verschure's.

## Ask for SMOKETTES,

SEED AND HAVANA

## 5 Cent Cigar,

Better than two-thirds of the 10 cent Cigars, yet sold everywhere for a nickel.

FOR SALE BY

DR. SCHOUTEN,  
C. BDOM, JR.,  
DR. KREMERS,  
H. L. ROSIN,  
YATES & KANE,  
JOHN PESSINK.

Ask your grocer or flour-dealer for our

## WHEAT CRITS

Pure, Nutritious, Delicious.

If you have not yet tried them, call and get a free sample package.

—OUR—

## SUNLIGHT and DAISY ROLLER FLOURS

are the best. Buy these brands only and make home happy.

The attention of farmers is called to our Custom Stone and Bolt for Rye, Buckwheat and Feed Grists.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

HOLLAND, MICH.

THE LADIES' FAVORITE  
THE LIGHT-RUNNING  
NEW HOME  
THE FINEST WOODWORK TO THE BEST  
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE & ORANGE MASS  
CHICAGO, 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. BOSTON, 100 N. BOSTON ST. ST. LOUIS, MO. FOR SALE BY DALLAS, TEX.  
Meyer, Brouwer & Co.

# GILMORE & WALSH

Ask the citizens of Holland to call and examine their new stock of goods for the

## HOLIDAYS.

We promise you the best quality in everything in our line, and all our goods are of the latest styles.

## We still lead in low Prices

and propose to keep at the head.

We will never be undersold and in style and finish of goods we are showing by far the

## Finest Stock ever Offered to the citizens of Holland.

Call and see our stock of

## FURNITURE,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS,

## FANCY CHAIRS,

PARLOR SETS, BEDROOM SETS,

Side Boards, Wall Paper, Hanging Lamps,

ETC., ETC.

Call and see us, and save money by doing so.

## GILMORE & WALSH.

## W. Brusse & Co.

HAVE A LARGE LINE OF

## Gents' Underwear, Mufflers

## AND SHIRTS,

which will be closed out at greatly reduced prices for the balance of the winter.

Also a large assortment of

GLOVES, MITTENS AND PLUSH CAPS.

Soft and Stiff Hats in the latest shapes and styles.

## CUSTOM SHIRTS!

Leave your measure and have your Shirts made to order. First-class Goods and prices low.

## WM. BRUSSE & CO.

SMITH'S BILE BEANS  
"TIME TESTED"—"VICTOR CROWNED."  
If you would be well and live to a ripe old age, you should keep a never failing supply of SMITH'S BILE BEANS always at hand. Their Tonic, Alterative and Cathartic qualities have been "time tested," and the thousands of testimonials which we have, and still receive, show that there is nothing better on sale. If you feel BILIOUS or UNSTRUNG, the LIVER no doubt is to blame, and a single dose of BILE BEANS (one bean) will LINE YOU UP. Call on your Druggist for them. Sold everywhere, 25c. PER BOTTLE. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. J. F. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS, MO.  
READ THIS—"I wish to add my testimony to the efficacy of Bile Beans for all Bilious and Nervous Troubles. Myself and wife have lately given them trial, with most satisfactory results. We shall always keep them in the house."  
H. T. FARRINGTON, 607 1/2 Agt Equitable Life Ins. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

## The Finest Stock of Boots and Shoes

—AT—

## Van Duren Bros.,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

## GIVE THEM A CALL.

We have a first-class shoemaker in our employ, and all custom work and repairing brought to us will receive prompt attention.



**Grand Haven.**

**Grand Rapids.**  
Jan. 2.  
We wish the editor and all the readers of the News a happy and a prosperous new year.... Nearly all the places of business were closed yesterday, in honor of the day. Services were held in most of the city churches reminding people of the fact, that at the beginning of the new year the should turn over a new leaf.... The following are some figures of the business of Grand Rapids during 1889. The several collections for beer, cigars etc., during the calendar year, in this district were \$213,061.28; an increase of \$3000.00 over last year.... The bank clearings last year aggregated \$34,068,269.71, an increase of \$3,135,927.42 over 1888.... The number of failures in the city last year was 37 and in 1888 there were 20.... The total number of deaths in 1889 was 851, of which 112 were in August.... The police court records show \$4,659.84 having been collected during the year 1889.... During the past year 1,150 marriage licenses were issued by the County Clerk against 1,102 during 1888, a slight decrease. On Dec. 23 and 24 thirty-four licenses were issued, which is more than at any other two days during the year.... In this city the old custom amongst the Hollanders, of making new year calls, is yet practised to a great extent, as on new years day every true Hollander went to his neighbors and wished them a happy and prosperous new year, and then the good lady of the house came forth with some choice cake, and a glass of either wine, whisky or something strong, and in that way thanks their for the pleasant wishes. We recommend these new year calls only **KEEP THE LIQUOR OUT OF IT**.... Mr. Nason living just outside the city, recently lost his wife and three children, leaving him alone. He has the sympathy of a great many friends.... We have had a fire here every day for several days past; yesterday Mr. Kirby's barn burned with contents and a horse valued at \$800. — "INDEPENDENT"

### A NEW GAME.

**The Latest Amusement. Takes the Form of an Information Party.**

The newest game takes the form of an information party, and is begun by passing to each gentleman a card, and to the ladies small pieces of paper which should be numbered. Those who discover the same number on their card and paper are partners for the game.

Each person must think of a question, sensible or ridiculous, historic or in regard to the weather, to be written on the cards, after which the cards are to be gathered together, and the leader reads each in turn, giving a few moments for the partners to consider the subject and write the answer which should be read aloud in turn. This is where the fun of the game begins, as many of the answers are exceedingly queer. Those having a correct answer mark their card 10, wrong answer 0, and if the answer is anywhere near right it is counted 5. Where all are added prizes may be distributed as in progressive games for the best and the poorest record.

The instructive part of the game is the discussion which follows the questions. The height of Bunker H. monument is what everybody lives near it ought to know, and yet at an information party held a few evenings ago only one person in a company of twenty was sure of the exact num-

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

**First-class work guaranteed.**

Office hours. 9 to 10 a. m., 12 m. to 2 p. m., and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone 156.

## JUNE MANUFACTURING C



## OLD 89 TAKES LEAVE.

### BRIEF REHEARSAL OF SOME OF ITS NOTABLE HAPPENINGS.

Record of the Great Dead of the World—Loss of Life and Property by Casualties of Various Kinds—Legal Executions and Victims of Mob Law During the Year.

### CHRONOLOGICAL.

JANUARY.

- 1—One of the features of New Year's Day was a total eclipse of the sun, the totality lasting less than three minutes, and being visible only in California; successful observations were made by scientists.... Governor Hill, of New York, inaugurated for a third time.... Colored people of Atlanta, Ga., celebrate the twenty-sixth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation.
- 2—Bill giving women the right to vote at municipal elections killed in Ohio House of Representatives.
- 3—Ohio Senate passes a bill providing that executions shall be by electric shock instead of by the rope; similar bills introduced in the Missouri and Illinois Legislatures.
- 4—Massachusetts House of Representatives adopted proposed constitutional prohibition amendment.
- 5—W. H. Barry, believed to be the Whitechapel friend "Jack the Ripper," arrested at Dundee, Scotland, for another shocking murder.
- 6—James Robbins, of Franklin, Ind., sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for stealing two chickens, valued at 30 cents.
- 7—The heaviest snowstorm on record in that region prevailed at Columbus, S. C.

MARCH.

- 1—Bill passed the Legislature making train robbery in the territory a capital crime.
- 2—The announcement was made from Peru, South America, that the police or servants of magistrates will cure hydrophobia.
- 3—Ex-President Grover Cleveland elected an active member of the New York Bar Association.
- 4—The Northern Pacific Railway secured control of the Wisconsin Central, thus giving it access to Chicago, the greatest railway center on earth, and adding 767 miles to its length.

APRIL.

- 1—Discovery of rich placer gold diggings reported at Bear Paw Mountains, Montana.
- 2—The ocean steamer Danmark, of the Thingvalla Line, from Copenhagen for New York, with 100 passengers and crew, and a shaft of her propeller when about 800 miles from Newfoundland, but was taken in tow by the steamship Missouri, Capt. Hamilton Murrell, which took aboard all of the Danmark's passengers and crew, and proceeded safely to the Azores; the Danmark being found abandoned in the meantime, caused profound grief and mourning throughout Christendom for a fortnight.
- 3—Merle Stanley, an athlete, jumped from the high bridge on the Cincinnati Southern Road into the Kentucky River, the distance being 283 feet; the bridge, with one exception, is the highest in the world.
- 4—The Minnesota Legislature passed a law making it a misdemeanor for any newspaper to print anything more about the hanging of criminals than the mere announcement.
- 5—Steamship Gaelic arrives at San Francisco, from China and Japan, making the fastest time, recorded, from Hong Kong, 13 1/2 days, and from Yokohama, 13 days 15 hours 45 minutes.

MAY.

- 1—Appealing loss of life in the Conemaugh valley, Pennsylvania, caused by the breaking of the dam on the South Fork of the Conemaugh River.
- 2—President Harrison issued an order to the army to disperse with the Sunday drill and inspection of arms.
- 3—Jacob Walker and Frank Davy, young men residing at Niagara Falls, while boating above the falls, were drawn into the rapids and swept over the Horseshoe fall; "Pete" Walker, uncle of Jacob, committed suicide two years before by lying down in his boat and going over the American fall.
- 4—First new wheat of the season arrived at Baltimore, from Virginia, and sold at \$1.50 a bushel.... In latitude 43, longitude 48.37, the French steamer La Cyprie, the largest seaborne ever reported—estimated to be 160 feet high by 77 1/2 feet long.

JULY.

- 1—Governor Lowry, of Mississippi, expressed the opinion that the proposed extension of the Northwestern Railway laid itself liable to forfeiture of its charter by its action in conveying Sullivan and Kilrain, with other participants, to a prize fight.
- 2—The ocean steamer made the run from The Needles to Sandy Hook (3,100 miles) in 6 days 21 hours 37 minutes, the best time on record over that course.
- 3—Chicago experienced a remarkable rainstorm; in 24 hours more than four inches of rain fell.

AUGUST.

- 1—Grand national monument in honor of the Pilgrims dedicated at Plymouth, Mass.; sons and daughters of Plymouth and visitors from far and near were present in large numbers.
- 2—Ex-Judge David S. Terry, of California, killed by Deputy Marshal David Nagle at Lathrop, Cal., while protecting Judge Stephen J. Field from assault at the hands of Terry.
- 3—The high court of the Ancient Order of Foresters, in session at Minneapolis, voted to sever the life decision being in force over the admission of colored men to the order, the English high court insisting upon it and the American objecting.
- 4—Mrs. Maybrick, an American woman who was to have been hanged at Liverpool, England, for the murder of her husband, had her sentence commuted to penal servitude for life, the decision being in accord with public sentiment. Mr. Lincoln, the United States Minister, and many members of the American colony in London signed a petition for the reprieve of Mrs. Maybrick.
- 5—Four tramps, arrested at Moberly, Mo., for vagrancy, were sold at public auction; two went to farmers at \$2 a head and one was bid in for 75 cents; the three to serve their purchases for four months.
- 6—Steamship City of Paris made the trip from Queenstown to Sandy Hook lightship, N. J., in 5 days 19 hours 18 minutes.
- 7—During the three months ending at date there were exported to England 90,000 head of cattle, 40,000 pounds of fresh beef, and 34,000 pounds of canned beef.

SEPTEMBER.

- 1—Empress Augusta of Germany reported to have joined the Catholic Church.
- 2—The largest bar of gold ever cast was turned out at the Helena (Montana) assay office; it weighs 500 pounds and is worth over \$100,000.
- 3—Slight damage to corn crop reported from Iowa; in Kansas, Nebraska, and Missouri, Nebraska, Iowa, and Minnesota.
- 4—Another of London's fallen women found butchered by a mysterious assassin, making the twelfth tragedy of this character in the Whitechapel district.
- 5—First consignment of Chicago cattle arrived at Mainz, Germany.

OCTOBER.

- 1—During the year, up to date, 3,111 miles of new railroads were built in the United States.
- 2—A wife-beater was given thirteen lashes at the public whipping post in Baltimore—the fifth whipping since the passage of the law in 1882.
- 3—Atwell, a three-year-old horse, trotted a mile in 2:12 at Terre Haute, and was thereupon purchased for \$105,000.
- 4—Twin stars added to the national constellation by the addition of North and South Dakota to the grand sisterhood of states.
- 5—M. S. Oakes, of Decatur, Ala., died of hydrophobia from a dog bite received seventeen years ago.
- 6—One more State—Montana—formally admitted to the Union by proclamation of the President.
- 7—Washington, the fourth star of Columbia's new constellation, became a State of the Union.
- 8—Dom Pedro, Emperor of Brazil, deposed, and a republican form of government established; the old Emperor was ordered to leave Brazil, and will be allowed a certain amount to live on in Europe; he sailed for Lisbon.
- 9—John Chama, of Pottawatomie, was cured his Creator, and fell paralyzed and stricken dumb.
- 10—In the master of Moore and other Mormon applicants for citizenship at Salt Lake City, Utah, Judge Anderson rendered a sweeping decision that Mormons who have passed the endurance house cannot become citizens; neither can foreigners who are merely members of the church.

NOVEMBER.

- 1—Alton Day, N. H., killed by earthquake shocks; a crater and a volcano broken in many places; the middle of the bay, rung by the disturbance.
- 2—Commencement of the inauguration of George Washington, first President of the

United States; Chief Justice Fuller delivers a masterly oration in the House of Representatives, in the presence of the President and various branches of the Government.

### ILLUSTRIOUS DEAD.

JANUARY.

- 1—Colonel John C. Dent, brother of Mrs. General Grant, at Carthage, Mo.
- 2—David Irving, who was acquainted with President Washington, and served in the war of 1812; Waseka, Minn., aged 113.
- 3—Owen Brown, son of John Brown, the Liberator; Pasadena, Cal., aged 64.
- 4—Alvin B. Taylor, inventor and manufacturer of printing presses.... Ex-Congressman O. R. Singleton, of Mississippi.
- 5—Mrs. Jay Gould, wife of the cent-millionaire.... Rev. Dr. Alexander T. McGill, professor of theology at Princeton College.
- 6—Alessandro Gavazzi, anti-Popery lecturer; London, aged 79.
- 7—Mme. Ima Di Murka, opera singer.
- 8—Isaac Bell, Jr., ex-U. S. Minister to the Netherlands.
- 9—Congressman James N. Burnes, of Missouri.
- 10—Archduke Rudolf, Crown Prince of Austria-Hungary, aged 31.

FEBRUARY.

- 1—Mrs. P. T. Frelinghuysen, widow of the ex-Secretary of State, aged 72.
- 2—Judge William M. Merrick, Supreme Court District of Columbia.
- 3—Flora Bowman (colored), at Baltimore, Md., aged 114 years 10 months 12 days.
- 4—Thomas M. Nichol, the earnest and eccentric advocate of "honest money."
- 5—Rear Admiral Chandler, U. S. N.
- 6—General H. M. Hunt, the famous artilleryist, and Governor of the Soldiers' Home at Washington.
- 7—Dr. Holland N. McTear, senior Bishop of the M. E. Church South.
- 8—James C. Flood, one of the money kings of California.... Dr. D. W. Bliss, who attended President Garfield during the latter's long illness.
- 9—Joseph H. Lenhart, Supreme Receiver of the Incident Office of United Workmen.
- 10—Ex-U. S. Senator John W. Johnston, of Virginia.

MARCH.

- 1—Ex-Congressman Magoon, of Wisconsin.
- 2—Miss Mary L. Booth, editor of Harper's.
- 3—Capt. John Ericsson, the eminent engineer and designer of the famous ironclad Monitor; New York, aged 86.
- 4—Congressman R. W. Townsend, of Illinois.
- 5—John C. Campbell, ex-Justice of the States Supreme Court.
- 6—Hon. Moses Field, the original Greenback advocate in Michigan.... Henry Tamborik, the celebrated Italian tenor singer.
- 7—Associate Justice Stanley Matthews, United States Supreme Court.
- 8—John Bright, eminent English statesman and philanthropist, aged 73.
- 9—Major Marcus A. Reno, formerly of the Seventh U. S. Cavalry.
- 10—Philip Remington, head of the well-known firm of E. Remington & Sons, of Ilion, New York.
- 11—Rear Admiral T. H. Patterson, U. S. N., retired.
- 12—David A. Gage, one of Chicago's pioneer citizens, and in early days a popular hotel-keeper.
- 13—John P. Usher, who was Secretary of the Interior under President Lincoln.
- 14—Don Sebastian Lerdo de Tejada, ex-President of Mexico.
- 15—Hon. Elijah M. Haines, for many years ex-Speaker and one of the most prominent figures in Illinois politics.... I. U. Bevia, whose project to make St. Louis the capital of the nation gained for him the name of "Capital-mover".... Ex-Congressman J. E. Ellis, of Louisiana.
- 16—Ex-Senator W. H. Barnum, of Connecticut.... Carl Rosa, the composer.

MAY.

- 1—General William S. Harney, a hero of the Black Hawk and Mexican wars.
- 2—Hon. Henry A. Foster, ex-U. S. Senator, at Rome, N. Y., aged 89.
- 3—Washington Irving Bishop, mind-reader.
- 4—Bear A. and Donaldson, U. S. N.
- 5—Hon. Allen Thorndike Rice, just appointed U. S. Minister to Russia, aged 31.
- 6—Laura Bridgman, Boston's noted blind and deaf mute, who was made widely famous by Charles Dickens in his "American Notes," aged 29 years.
- 7—Dr. S. P. Moore, who was Surgeon-General of the Confederate States.
- 8—Leonard Swett, a distinguished lawyer of Chicago, who was a close personal friend and intimate friend of Abraham Lincoln.
- 9—Rev. William Hosmer, a conspicuous figure in the anti-slavery agitation and one of the first temperance advocates.
- 10—Gen. A. C. Meyer, late U. S. General of the Confederate army, who served in the Seminole war in Florida and in the Mexican war.... Father John Carroll, of Chicago, the oldest Catholic priest in the United States, and perhaps the world, aged 93.
- 11—Rev. Wm. H. Beecher, eldest brother of the late Henry Ward Beecher, at Chicago, aged 87.
- 12—Mrs. Lucy Webb Hayes, wife of ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes.
- 13—Gen. Simon Cameron, the venerable political leader and financier, of Pennsylvania, aged 90.
- 14—Maria Mitchell, the noted astronomer; York, Mass., aged 70.... Caroline E. Spurgeon, the third of the Patti sisters, all noted for their wonderful voices.

JULY.

- 1—Theodore Dwight Woolsey, ex-President of the University, aged 85.
- 2—Hon. John Norquay, ex-Premier of Manitoba.
- 3—Julia Gardner Tyler, wife of ex-President John Tyler.... Bishop J. H. Machebeuf, Prelate of Colorado.
- 4—Ex-Congressman Edmund Rice, of Minnesota.
- 5—Hon. A. N. Cole, known as the "Father of the Republican Party"; Wellsville, N. Y., aged 83.
- 6—Father Curley, of Georgetown (D. C.) College, the oldest priest in the United States, aged 83.
- 7—Ex-U. S. Senator Edward Henry Rollins, of New Hampshire.
- 8—Horace S. Leland, the well-known hotel man; Springfield, Ill., aged 53.
- 9—Mrs. Dr. Hettie K. Painter, who gained prominence during the rebellion as nurse, and highly esteemed by the Woman's Relief Corps and G. A. R. men.... General Henry Dupont, head of the great DuPont powder house.
- 10—John L. Johnson, an aged colored man, the original "Old Black Joe" of musical renown; Mount Holly, N. J., aged 112 years.
- 11—Hon. Charles W. Clisbee, Secretary of the Republican national conventions of 1880, 1884, and 1888; Cassville, Mich., aged 56.
- 12—Henry Shaw, the venerable philanthropist of St. Louis, and founder of the famous botanical gardens.... Colonel Alfred Aylward, who fought with the Union forces during the civil war and also with Garibaldi and with the Boers in the Transvaal.
- 13—George Fawcett Rowe, actor and playwright.

SEPTEMBER.

- 1—Henry W. Grady, prominent in New York politics during the Tweed regime, and known as "Prince Hal."
- 2—Tony Delight, a widely known barber misadventurously killed Chicago, aged 29.
- 3—Congressman Samuel Sullivan Cox, of New York, famous as a statesman, actor, and wit.
- 4—Bob Younger, one of the notorious bandit king; Stillwater (Minn.) penitentiary.
- 5—Mrs. Elizabeth S. McClellan, mother of General George B. McClellan; Philadelphia, aged 90.
- 6—Wilkie Collins, the famous English novelist.
- 7—Ex-Surgeon General Joseph B. Beale, U. S. N.
- 8—General David Harvey Hill, a prominent officer of the Confederate army.
- 9—Ex-Congressman William Longbride, of Iowa.
- 10—E. G. Bartlett ("Wild Curly"), a famous meadow and a survivor of the Mountain Meadow massacre.
- 11—General Samuel D. Sturgis, U. S. A.

OCTOBER.

- 1—Ex-Gov. John F. Hartman, of Pennsylvania.
- 2—King Louis I. of Portugal, aged 51.
- 3—M. Tschernichewski, novelist and father of nihilism; St. Petersburg, aged 61.
- 4—David S. Wambold, the well-known minstrel performer; New York, aged 53.
- 5—Hon. George H. Pendleton, ex-U. S. Minister to Germany.
- 6—Margaret Archer Tupper, well-known poet and prose writer; London, England, aged 79.

DECEMBER.

- 1—Jefferson Davis, the leader in the great rebellion.
- 2—J. B. Bathbone, founder of the order of Knights of Pythias.
- 3—Mrs. Scott-Lord, sister of Mrs. President Harrison.
- 4—Gen. David Atwood, proprietor of the Wisconsin State Journal.... "Aunt Mary Tyler," the original heroine of the household poem "Mary Had a Little Lamb"; Somerville, Mass., aged 83.
- 5—Robert Browning, English poet and playwright.
- 6—Carl Fornes, once the greatest bass singer in the world.
- 7—Benjamin Henry Day, founder of the New York Sun, aged 79.

FLOOD AND FLAMES.

- 1—Richardson's drug house at St. Louis, Mo., burned; loss \$500,000.
- 2—A fire in Pennsylvania left death and

destruction in its path. An unfinished seven-story building at Pittsburgh, a silk-mill at Reading, and a mill at Sunbury being demolished; the loss of life at Reading exceeded forty, mostly young girls; at Pittsburgh twenty perished; and at Sunbury half the working force were killed or injured. The storm created havoc at Niagara Falls, the suspension bridge nearest the falls being carried away and deposited in the river; over \$1,000,000. Two gas reservoirs at Brooklyn, N. Y., exploded; loss, \$500,000.

FEBRUARY.

- 1—Fire at Buffalo, N. Y., covered a territory of six acres; losses, about \$3,000,000.
- 2—Collision of steamer Glencoe with bark Largo Bay, off Healy Head, fifty-four miles out, with all on board, ninety-four persons killed.
- 3—The American men-of-war Trenton, Vandalla and Nipiso and the German men-of-war Adler, Olga and Eber were driven on a reef off the Samoa islands and wrecked; following a record of the officers and men lost: Eber, the captain and all other officers except one, and seventy-six men; Vandalla, the captain, four officers, and forty men; Nipiso, seven men; Adler, twenty-five men.
- 4—The loss of property by Germany and the United States was \$3,000,000.
- 5—Mysterious explosion in the Park Central Hotel, at Hartfield, Conn.; thirty-five or more perished in the blazing ruins.

APRIL.

- 1—Destructive prairie fires in Dakota; many people perished in the flames; the pecuniary loss exceeded \$300,000.
- 2—New York experienced the greatest fire it has had during this generation; one life was lost, many people injured, and \$4,000,000 worth of property destroyed.
- 3—Fire at Gokole-Alia-Ken, Japan; over a score of lives lost, 1,000 houses destroyed, and 10,000 people made homeless.
- 4—Steamer Alaskan foundered in the Pacific Ocean, off the coast of Oregon; thirty lives lost.
- 5—St. Sauveur, a suburb of Quebec, almost wiped out by fire; 500 buildings burned, 1,300 families left homeless, with loss of \$800,000.
- 6—Johnstown, Pa., almost completely swept from the face of the earth by the bursting of a reservoir above the town; a strip of country two miles long and half a mile wide was devastated by the deluge; over 5,000 lives lost, two railroads, and \$300,000,000 worth of property destroyed.
- 7—Woodville, Minn., and Mineral Point, Cambria, and Conneaut, small towns in the valley of the Conneaut, were utterly destroyed.

JUNE.

- 1—The horrors of the Johnstown disaster blinded the world's eyes to the sufferings in other flooded districts; at Williamsport, on the Susquehanna, from 50 to 100 lives lost, and \$7,000,000 worth of property swept away.
- 2—Business portion of Seattle, the chief city of Washington Territory, reduced to ashes; loss, \$7,500,000.
- 3—Fire at Grinnell, Iowa, once wrecked by a cyclone; forty-eight houses in ruins; loss, \$100,000.... Near Armagh, Ireland, a train in which were 1,300 persons, chiefly Methodist Sunday-school children, and the train was wrecked, with a loss of seventy-three lives.
- 4—Ellensburg, Wash. Terr., scorched by flames, and ten blocks of the business portion destroyed; loss, \$100,000.
- 5—Bakersfield, thriving city of Southern California, wiped out by fire; loss, \$12,000,000.
- 6—Fire at Lu Chow, China, burned for twenty hours; 10,000 dwellings destroyed, and caused the loss of 1,500 lives, no less than 1,500 persons having burned in the flames.
- 7—The Yellow River overflowed its banks in China, causing the loss of 1,500 lives, and the widespread destruction of the number of persons drowned being too great to be counted.

AUGUST.

- 1—Business portion of the city of Spokane, Wash., destroyed by fire; twenty-five blocks reduced to ashes; loss, \$14,000,000.
- 2—Great flood in Japan, which destroyed the city of Yokohama; 10,000 persons drowned.
- 3—Much damage done by gales on the English coast; severe hailstorms passed over Austria; many persons killed; heavy storms in France caused much damage.
- 4—Famine at Omdurman, Khartoum, Sudan, and other river towns of Egypt, causing many deaths from starvation, and forcing the survivors to become cannibals.
- 5—In an earthquake at Kherson, on the Russian frontier, 129 persons were buried alive.

SEPTEMBER.

- 1—Explosion in colliery near Edinburgh, Scotland; sixty-two miners entombed.
- 2—Explosion of dynamite in a carriage factory at Antwerp, Belgium's commercial city; 150 persons killed, 250 seriously hurt, and 300 slightly wounded.
- 3—Damage to property aggregating millions of dollars done by a cyclone which swept the Atlantic coast for two days; Coney Island, and with all its pretty summer resorts, was one magnificent wreck; the hurricane in New York City was phenomenal in its fury; eight hundred persons on the race-track at Brighton Beach.
- 4—Landslide at Quebec; thirty persons killed.

OCTOBER.

- 1—Explosion in Benthies colliery at Longton, England; sixty persons buried.
- 2—Fifty women and girls crushed to death by falling walls of a carpet factory at Glasgow, Scotland.
- 3—Fire in the Bay State shoe town of Lynn utterly destroyed all the factories, stores, and dwellings in Ward Four; loss, \$1,000,000; 600 operatives thrown out of employment.
- 4—Bom. Mass., visited by a great fire; loss, \$50,000.
- 5—Collapse of a platform of a theater at Wien, province of Shantung, China, during a performance; 300 persons killed.

DIED BY LEGAL PROCESS.

- 1—Robert Elder at May's Landing, N. J.
- 2—John Yancy at Yancyville, N. C.... Charles McGill at Orono, Me.... James Scammon at Entw. La., Ed Fry at Marietta, Ga.... Charles Blackman at Ellenville, N. Y.
- 3—James Ross at Brandenburg, Ky.
- 4—John Lee at Alexandria, Minn.
- 5—Virgil Jackson at Maud, N. Y.
- 6—Willie Green, Anderson Mitchell, and Daniel Jones at Arkadelphia, Ark.
- 7—Timothy Barrett at Minneapolis, Minn.... Monroe Wilkinson at Scottville, Ky.
- 8—Jud Pritchett at Chatham, Va.
- 9—John H. Swift at Hartford, Conn.
- 10—Sydney Grant at Winton, Ind.... Malachi Allen and Jim Mills at Fort Smith, Ark.
- 11—Casar Frazier at Charleston, S. C.

NOVEMBER.

- 1—Three notorious Bald-Knobsers, Dave Walker, his son William, and John Matthews, at Ozark, Mo.
- 2—Nelson Colbert at Washington, D. C.
- 3—Alexander Henderson at Danbridge, Ga.... Will Dibell at Thomasville, Ga.... John Pickett at Leesburg, Ga.
- 4—Hardy Hamilton at Rome, Ga.
- 5—Andrew Grimes at May's Landing, N. J.
- 6—Peter S. Barrett at Marietta, Ga.... Mrs. Sarah Jane Whitting at Philadelphia, Pa.
- 7—Tunis Lahee at Paterson, N. J.
- 8—John Kelly at Canandaigua, N. Y.
- 9—Thomas Jefferson at Memphis, Tenn.... Charles Wirt at Somerville, Tenn.
- 10—Albert Buller at Little Falls, Minn.
- 11—Charles Sellers at Bayville, La.... Tom Bowling at Baton Rouge, La.
- 12—Charles Dilger and Harry Smart at Louisville, Ky.

DECEMBER.

- 1—George D. Bryson at Bowdoin, Mont.
- 2—Four men—Patrick Powell, James Nolan, John Lewis, and Ferdinand Carroll—hanged on a scaffold in the Tomba jail yard, New York City. All had murdered women; two were married and two others their mistresses.... Jim McCoy at San Antonio, Texas.
- 3—George Allen at Charleston, Miss.
- 4—Thomas Brown at Woodstock, Minn.
- 5—William Drager and John Olson at Placerville, Cal.
- 6—Pietro Baranovski at Pottsville, Pa.
- 7—Louis Nugent at Baton Rouge, La.... Willie Williams at Abbeville, Ga.... Fig G. Vann at Summerville, Ga.
- 8—Joseph Hillman at Woodbury, N. J.
- 9—Peter S. Barrett at Marietta, Ga.... Wm. A. Harvey at Goldsboro, N. C.
- 10—John Theodore Wild, alias Greenwald, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
- 11—Thomas Spooner at Port Allen, La.

JANUARY.

- 1—Bud Sporn, near Meridian, Miss.
- 2—Al Gilman, Wash. Terr., an Italian with the assumed name of Albert Schaffer.
- 3—James Wille, at New Rochelle, Mo.

George Meadows, at Pratt Mines, Ala.

Henry Thomas, at Bolivar, Mo.

George Haggman, at Schuyler, Neb.

Magruder Fletcher, at Tazewell, Va.

Buck Newton at Lebanon, Tenn.

John Wolfenberger at Rutledge, Tenn.

George Briggs at Hempstead, Texas.

Unknown negro at New Iberia, La.

Scott Bailey at Halifax Court House, Va.

Noah Dickson at Walnut Grove, Ala.

Albert Martin at Fort Huron, Mich.

John T. Newell and George Babcock at Ainsworth, Neb.

Pat Cleary at Lincoln, Kan.... Dick Connelly and Huey, near Oskola, La.

Reynolds and Thomas J. Lloyd at Huntsville, Tenn.

James Deavin and Charles Tennyson at Corydon, Ind.

Clizzard, alias Hawkins, at Tiptonville, Tenn.

Tony and Cravasso, brothers, at Pineville, Ky.

Thomas Ardell at Shepherdsville, Ky.

Felix Keyes at Lafayette, La.

Kate Maxwell, the noted "Cattle Queen," and her partner, James Averill, postmaster at Sweetwater River, Wyo.... Two Missouri horse-thieves near Kelly, N. M.

Dan Malone at Covington, La.

George Lewis near Belden, Texas.

Joseph Chaca, at Wallace, N. M.... James Kelly at Paris, Ky.

Two brothers named Hollis in McDowell County, Kentucky.

Fred Looshman at Roslyn, Wyoming.

Walter Asbury near Savannah, Ga.

John Turner at Fayetteville, W. Va.

Warren Powers at East Point, Ga.... Four ringleaders of a riotous mob of negroes at Silemound, Miss.

Charles Hall at Columbia, Mo.

John Steel at Birmingham, Ala.

Robert Berrier at Lexington, N. C.

James Hickey in Chilton County, Alabama.

Harold near Columbus, Miss.

Green McCoy and Milton Haley at Hamilton, Ky.

Owen Anderson at Leesburg, Va.

George Washington near McComb, Miss.

Hans Olson at Preston, Wis.

Joe Vermillion, at Upper Marlboro, Md.

In Johnson County, Wyoming, eleven members of Katie Jack's gang of horse-thieves and cut-throats.

Doe Jones, at Owensboro, Ky.

Lincoln's Half Hour as a Treasury Watchman.

James Eter, an old soldier who for over twenty years has been one of the day watchmen in the War Department, which is occupied by the Bureau of the Second Auditor of the Treasury, relates with pride an interesting experience he had in 1863. As he was alone in the building one sultry July Sunday morning, a tall, clerical-looking man entered from Seventh street and politely asked him whether Surgeon Barnes was in his office. He replied that Barnes had not been there since the preceding day. The stranger thanked him and retired, but returned half an hour later with the same inquiry. Again receiving a reply in the negative, he said:

"I am Mr. Lincoln, the President. You allow me to take your place as watchman, while you go to Surgeon Barnes' house and tell him I want to see him. Let me have your badge, and I will sit right here in your chair and carefully attend to your duties till you come back."

The veteran, in relating the story, says that for a moment he was speechless from astonishment, but, quickly recovering himself, he pinned his badge on the coat of the President of the United States and hurried off after Dr. Barnes, whom he brought back with him.

"Well," said the President, as he returned the badge to its rightful possessor, "I have proven true to my trust as your substitute, and nothing has gone wrong while you were away."

The old watchman feels proud to think that he is the only policeman who was ever relieved by the President. Surgeon Barnes lived on Lafayette square, and it took Eter half an hour to go there and back; so for that space of time Abraham Lincoln acted as a watchman at the Treasury Department.

Changing Canaries' Color.

The following is from the proceedings of the Berlin Physiological Society: Starting with the observed fact that canaries, fed with cayenne pepper, acquire a ruddy plumage, Dr. Sauerman has based upon it a scientific investigation of canaries, fowls, pigeons, and other birds. From these he obtained the following results: Feeding with pepper only produces an effect when given to young birds before they moult; the color of the feathers of older birds cannot be affected. Moisture facilitates the change of color to ruddy hue, which is again discharged under the influence of sunlight and cold.

A portion of the constituents of cayenne pepper is quite inactive, as, for instance, piperin and several extractives; similarly the red coloring matter alone of the pepper has no effect on the color of the feathers. It is rather the trolein, which occurs in the pepper in large quantities, together with the characteristic pigment, which brings about the change of color, by holding the red pigment of the pepper in solution. Glycerine may be used instead of trolein to bring about the same result.

The same statement holds good with regard to the feeding of birds with aniline colors. The red pigment of the pepper is also stored in the egg yolk as well as in the feathers. The first appearance of the pigment in the yolk may be observed as a colored ring four days after the commencement of feeding with the pigment dissolved in fat. After a further two days' feeding the whole yolk is colored.

Abrupt Transitions.

It was a justice of the high court to whom, in former days, was attributed the famous exordium of a charge to a jury in a case of larceny: "For forty centuries the thunders of Sinai have echoed through the world, 'Thou shalt not steal.' This is also a principle of the common law and a rule of equity." When Swift and Pope made their celebrated excursions into the art of sinking into poetry they never contrived any bathos more perfect or complete than this. Almost as delightful, though expressed without the same literary skill, is the sentence of a president of a court-martial: "Prisoner, not only have you committed murder, but you have run a bayonet through the breeches of one of her Majesty's uniforms." Perhaps, however, the best of all such judicial utterances is that ascribed to a rural justice of the peace: "Prisoner, a bountiful Providence has endowed you with health and strength. Instead of which you go round the country stealing hens."

GENERAL BRINE, R. E. (with the sanction of the English war office), and two members of the Balloon Society have left for Gibraltar. They took with them two balloons of a capacity of 40,000 and 30,000 cubic feet. Their expedition is a scientific one to determine the currents at a high altitude across the Straits of Gibraltar. The prevailing wind at a low altitude has always been from the Atlantic to the Mediterranean. Aeronauts, meteorologists and scientists take considerable interest in this attempt to solve the problem of the currents at a high altitude between Gibraltar and Africa.

At present prices it is estimated that the ivory collected by Emin Pasha would be worth a million sterling.

## THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

### APPOINTMENTS OF SPEAKER REED BEFORE ADJOURNMENT.

The West Gets a Fair Share of the Important Committee Memberships and Chairmen—The List of







## THE HOME.

### Dreams.

BY S. WALTER MORRIS.

Some tiny elves, one evening, grew mischievous, it seems,  
And broke into the store-room where the  
Sundman keeps his dreams,  
And gathered up whole armfuls of dreams,  
All bright and sweet,  
And started forth to peddle them a-down the  
village street.

Oh, you would never, never guess how queer-  
ly these dreams sold;  
Why, nearly all the young folks bought  
dreams of being old;  
And one wee chap in curls and kilts, a gentle  
little thing,  
Invested in a dream about an awful pirate  
king.

A maid, who thought her pretty name old-  
fashioned and absurd,  
Bought dreams of names, the longest and the  
quickest ever heard;  
And, strange to say, a lad, who owned all  
sorts of costly toys,  
Bought dreams of selling papers with the  
raggedest of boys.

And then a dream of summer and a barefoot  
boy at play  
Was bought up very quickly by a gentleman  
quite gray;  
And one old lady—smiling through the grief  
she tried to hide—  
Bought bright and tender visions of a little  
girl who died.

A ragged little beggar girl, with weary, wis-  
tful gaze,  
Soon chose a Cinderella dream, with jewels  
all ablaze—  
Well, it wasn't many minutes from the time  
they came in sight  
Before the dreams were all sold out and the  
elves had taken flight. —St. Nicholas.

### Good Things to Eat.

The following recipes are taken from  
the Philadelphia Press, which paper  
received them from the distinguished  
ladies whose names are given below.

FROM MRS. HARRISON.

"EXECUTIVE MANSION,"  
Washington, Dec. 18.  
"Make a light biscuit dough, (made  
with milk) and let it rise over night.  
In the morning roll it out thin and cut  
into shape with a biscuit-cutter. In the  
center of each place a roll of sausage  
the size of a good-sized hickory  
nut and roll it up in the dough. After  
letting them stand in the pan for a few  
minutes bake and serve hot.

"These rolls are also good cold, and  
when children we used to have them to  
take to school for our luncheon in bad  
weather

"CAROLINE S. HARRISON."

FROM THE PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER.  
Here is Mrs. McKee's recipe for es-  
calloped oysters prepared with maca-  
roni: "Boil the macaroni soft, put a  
layer into a baking-dish, cover with  
oysters, pepper, salt and butter, then  
another layer of macaroni, then a layer  
of oysters until the dish is filled.  
Bake."

MARY D. MCKEE.

CODFISH BALLS.

The favorite breakfast dish in the  
Chief Justice's family on a Christmas  
morning are codfish balls. They will  
be made in a way undreamed of. Mrs.  
Fuller learned the art when a bride,  
visiting the Chief Justice's main home.  
Two of his old aunts taught her. She  
prefaces the recipe with an injunction  
that the codfish should be carefully  
picked. Here it is: "Equal parts cod-  
fish and mashed potatoes, thoroughly  
mixed with cooked red beets, chopped  
fine. Mould into balls, brown in the  
fat of salt pork, and garnish with the  
crisp bits of fried pork.

MRS. MILLER'S MINCE PIE.

Mrs. Miller, wife of the Justice of  
the Supreme Court, is one of the most  
famous cooks of Washington. One of  
her favorite dishes she makes with her  
own hands, and no French or native  
cook has ever been allowed to touch  
the Christmas mince pie, fruit cake or  
fig pudding in the Miller household.  
Her mince pies are known everywhere,  
and lucky is the larder that will have  
one the night before Christmas. She  
learned how to make them in St. Louis  
years ago, and she especially demands  
of all who follow her that they use raw  
instead of cooked meat. Just there the  
Miller mince pie differs from that the  
world knows under the name. The  
best of the recipe, Mrs. Miller says,  
she cannot give to the public. That is  
the art of tasting. She can tell to a  
certain whether it is right, and she  
acknowledges that at the last she often  
adds a grain more cinnamon or lemon  
juice. Her recipe is as follows:

"Two pounds raw beef, chopped fine;  
two pounds suet, chopped fine; four  
pounds good tart apples, two pounds of  
currants, two pounds of raisins, two  
pounds citron, two pounds brown sugar,  
one quart good New Orleans molasses,  
four ounces of salt, one and one-half  
ounces mixed spices—cinnamon, cloves,  
and allspice, with preponderance of  
cinnamon; one-half ounce white pep-  
per, two nutmegs, juice of choice lemons,  
one quart cider. Mix dry parts  
with salt—that is meat, suet, and spices.  
Then put in apples, then fruit, then  
cider, then sugar. Make two, and if  
possible, six weeks before using.

SPICED GINGERBREAD FROM MAINE.

Here is a delicate morsel from  
Maine. It is a receipt for spiced gin-  
gerbread kindly furnished by Mrs.  
Frye, wife of the Senator: Three eggs,  
one cup of molasses, one cup of sour  
milk, one cup of chopped raisins, one  
teaspoonful of soda, heaping, two cups  
of flour. Spice to taste.

CAROLINE F. FRYE.

Mrs. Cullom wife of Senator Cullom  
of Illinois, is an expert in candy mak-  
ing, as well as a maker of wonderful  
pies. Her chocolate creams always  
form a part of her Christmas cooking,  
and they will probably be made by  
thousands of your readers after her  
recipe is read. She has written it out  
carefully and warrants it good. It is  
as follows:

"Grate a package of sweetened cho-  
colate, and two tablespoons of wa-  
ter and set the bowl in a tin of water  
on the stove to melt. While melting  
roll some of the cream into balls, dip  
these one at a time in the chocolate,  
lifting out with a fork. Put on a but-  
tered dish to harden. Use any kind of  
flavoring desired in cream."

"If you pull it, it's taffy."  
I can not refrain from adding Jesse  
Miller's recipe for Christmas candy.

Jessie is the 14-year-old daughter of the  
Attorney General and is especially  
proud of the candy, because the Presi-  
dent has eaten it and the boys at school  
where her brother is say it is the best  
they have ever tasted. No one will be  
able to make it, as Miss Jessie says  
most of the recipe is "in her head."

This is the way she tells it:  
"A cup of brown sugar, a cup of  
black molasses and a big piece of but-  
ter. Don't use confectioners' sugar  
or it won't be sticky enough and will  
taste just like the kind you buy. Try  
it by blowing through a curled broom  
splint and tasting. It is two kinds of  
candy. If you pull it, it's taffy. If  
you don't, it's butter scotch."

MISS GRUNDY, JR.

### Refreshing Sleep.

Why lay awake nearly all night with  
that troublesome cough when you can  
get a remedy that will cure and at the  
same time give you rest and sleep. Try  
it for Coughs, Cold, Consumption  
tickling of throat, pain in chest and all  
kindred diseases and you will never use  
any other. It is Dr. Pete's 35 cent  
Cough Cure. For sale by H. Walsh.

A fine line of Ladies' Underwear at  
Mrs. M. Bertsch.

### Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the  
peculiar way in which the proprietor of  
Kemp's Balsam for Coughs and Colds  
does is indeed wonderful. He author-  
izes all druggists to give those who call  
for a sample bottle Free, that they may  
try it before purchasing. The  
Large Bottles are 50c and \$1.00. We  
certainly would advise a trial. It may  
save you from consumption.

For good wearing wagon grease  
cheap call at J. O. Doesburg's.

## LEGALS.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.  
At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on  
Saturday, the Twenty-eighth day of December, in the  
year one thousand eight hundred and eighty  
nine.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.  
In the matter of the estate of Jan Veyer,  
deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified,  
of Louis Veyer, executor in said estate, and  
praying for the probate of an instrument in writ-  
ing, filed in said court, purporting to be the last  
will and testament of Jan Veyer, late of Ottawa,  
in said county, deceased, and for his own appoint-  
ment as executor thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the  
Twenty-seventh day of January

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs  
at law of said deceased, and all other persons  
interested in said estate, are required to appear  
at a session of said court, then to be holden at the  
Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in  
said county, and show cause, if any there be,  
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be  
granted: And it is further Ordered, That said  
petitioner give notice to the persons interested in  
said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and  
of the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this or-  
der to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
a newspaper printed and circulated in said coun-  
ty of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

CHARLES E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.) Attest.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.  
At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Satur-  
day, the Fourteenth day of December, in the year  
one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.  
In the matter of the estate of Janette Van  
Voorst, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified,  
of Annes J. Hillebrand, administrator with the  
will annexed of said estate, praying for the ex-  
amination and allowance of his final account and  
that he may be discharged from his trust as such  
administrator.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the  
Thirtieth day of January next

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at  
law of said deceased, and all other persons inter-  
ested in said estate, are required to appear at a  
session of said court, then to be holden at the  
Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in  
said county, and show cause, if any there be,  
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be  
granted: And it is further Ordered, That said  
petitioner give notice to the persons interested in  
said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and  
of the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this or-  
der to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
a newspaper printed and circulated in said coun-  
ty of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.) Attest.

### Executor's Sale.

In the matter of the Estate of Antoine Bant  
deceased.  
Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at pub-  
lic auction, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday,  
the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock  
in the afternoon, at the front door of the post office  
in the Village of Zeeland, in the County of Ot-  
tawa, in the State of Michigan, pursuant to Li-  
cense authority granted to me on the 9th day of  
November A. D. 1889, by the Probate Court of  
Ottawa County, Michigan, all of the estate, right,  
title and interest of said deceased, in and to the  
real estate situated and being in the County of  
Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, known and  
described as follows: To-wit: Beginning at the  
East half of the North East quarter and the  
South West quarter of the North East quarter  
of section Thirty-two (32) and the South East  
quarter of the North West quarter and the North  
East quarter of the South West quarter of said  
Section Thirty-two (32) all in Town Six (6) North  
of Range Fourteen (14) West; Lot Three (3) of  
Block Twelve (12) of South-West addition to the  
city of Holland; The West half of Lot Thirteen  
(13) of Block Four (4) of the Village of Zeeland;  
Lot Fourteen (14) of Block Four (4) of the Village  
of Zeeland; and so much of Lot One (1) of Block  
One (1) of Koppel's addition to the Village of Zeeland  
as is bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at  
the South East corner of said Lot and running  
thence East along the South line of said Lot fifty  
two (52) feet, thence North one hundred (100) feet,  
thence West Twenty (20) feet, thence North to  
the North line of said Lot, thence East to the  
North East corner of said Lot, and thence South  
to the place of beginning.

Dated, Nov. 27 A. D. 1889.

JANETTE BANT, Ex-ecutor.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions  
of a certain mortgage dated April 1, 1885,  
made and executed by Marcus De Fow and  
Geriet De Fow of the Township of Olive, Ottawa  
County, Michigan, to George Metz, Jr., of Grand  
Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, and recorded  
in the office of the Register of Deeds  
of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the 18th day  
of April 1885 in Liber 26 of Mortgages on page 396,  
which mortgage contains a power of sale, which  
has become operative by said default, and no suit  
at law or in equity having been instituted to re-  
cover the debt secured by said mortgage or the  
money due thereon and on which mortgage there  
is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the  
sum of Ten hundred and twenty one and 35-100 dol-  
lars (1021.35). Notice therefore is hereby given  
that said mortgage will be foreclosed under said  
power of sale and the statute in such case made  
and provided by a sale of the mortgage premises  
inclosed in said mortgage to satisfy the amount  
due thereon with interest from the date of this  
notice and all legal costs of foreclosure, together  
with an attorney fee of twenty five dollars pro-  
vided for in said mortgage, at public auction to the  
highest bidder on the

10th day of March A. D. 1890,  
at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the  
front door of the Court House in the City of Grand  
Haven, in the County of Ottawa, State of Michi-  
gan, that being the place where the circuit court  
for said county is held. The mortgage premises to  
be sold are described in said mortgage as fol-  
lows, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of  
land situated in the Township of Olive, in the  
County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known,  
known, and described as follows, to-wit: All of the  
south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of  
Section Twenty-two (22) in Township Six (6)  
North of Range Fifteen (15) West, containing forty  
acres of land more or less, according to govern-  
ment survey.

Dated Holland, Michigan, November 29, 1889.  
GEORGE METZ JR., Mortgagee.  
P. H. McBRIDE, Attorney for Mortgagee.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the condi-  
tions of a certain mortgage made by Jan  
Prins and Hillege Prins his wife to the Council  
of Hope College, a corporation duly incorporated  
under the laws of the State of Michigan, in Ot-  
tawa County in said State, dated April 24, A. D.  
1886, and recorded in the office of the Register of  
Deeds, on the 27th day of April A. D. 1886, in  
Liber 36 of Mortgages, on page 1 on which mort-  
gage there is claimed to be due at the date of this  
notice the sum of Six hundred and seventy  
three dollars, and eighty four cents, and an at-  
torney fee of twenty five dollars provided for in  
said mortgage, and a suit or proceedings at law  
having been instituted to recover the money  
secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:  
Now, Therefore, by virtue of the power of sale  
contained in said mortgage, and the statute in  
such case made and provided, notice is hereby  
given that on Monday the

30th day of December, A. D. 1889  
at one o'clock in the afternoon I shall sell at  
Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the  
front door of the Court House in the City of  
Grand Haven (that being the place where the  
Circuit Court for Ottawa County is holden), the  
premises described in said mortgage, or so much  
thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount  
due on said mortgage, with eight per cent inter-  
est, and all legal costs, together with an at-  
torney's fee of twenty five dollars, covenanted for  
therein, the premises being described in said  
mortgage as all that certain piece and parcel of  
land situated in the Township of Olive in the  
County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and  
known and described as follows: The North half  
of the North half of the South East quarter of  
section twenty one (21) of town six (6) North  
of Range fifteen (15) West.

Dated October 14th 1889.  
THE COUNCIL OF HOPE COLLEGE,  
Mortgagee.  
AREND VISSCHER, Attorney for Mortgagee.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions  
of a certain mortgage made by Daniel J.  
Lozier and wife Oona A. Lozier, of Holland Ot-  
tawa County, Michigan, to George Metz, Jr., of  
the City of Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michi-  
gan, dated July 22nd, 1887, and recorded in the  
office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County,  
Michigan, on the 3rd day of August 1887 in Li-  
ber 15 of mortgages on page 16. (By the provisions of  
said mortgage the whole amount of the principal  
said interest becomes due after the lapse of thirty  
days from and after any installment of principal  
or interest falls due and is not paid and more  
than thirty days has elapsed since an instal-  
ment of interest fell due), a day which mortgage  
there is claimed to be due at the date of this  
notice the sum of six hundred fifty six and ei-  
ght (656.8) Dollars, and no suit at law or in  
equity having been instituted to recover the debt  
secured by said mortgage or any part thereof  
Notice therefore, is hereby given that by virtue of  
the power of sale contained in said mortgage and  
of the statute in such case made and provided  
the premises described in said mortgage will be  
sold at public auction to the highest bidder on the

3rd day of March 1890,  
at one o'clock in the afternoon at the front door  
of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven,  
Ottawa County, State of Michigan, that being the  
place where the circuit court for Ottawa County  
is held, or so much thereof as may be necessary  
to satisfy the amount due thereon together with  
interest, legal costs and the attorney's fee pro-  
vided for by law, the mortgage premises to be  
sold are described in said mortgage as all of  
certain piece or parcel of land situated in  
the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan,  
known and described as follows to-wit: The North  
W at quarter (1/4) of the South East quarter  
(1/4) and the West half (1/2) of the South West  
quarter (1/4) of the South East quarter (1/4)  
of Section Seventeen (17) in Town Five (5)  
North of Range Fifteen (15) West, containing  
Sixty (60) acres of land be the same more or less.  
Dated Holland, Mich., November 29th, 1889.  
GEORGE METZ JR.,  
Mortgagee.  
P. H. McBRIDE,  
Attorney for Mortgagee.

(A true copy.) Attest.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-  
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the  
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Satur-  
day, the Fourteenth day of December, in the year  
one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-  
bate.

In the matter of the estate of Sytze Baron,  
deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified,  
of Annes J. Hillebrand, administrator with the  
will annexed of said estate, praying for the ex-  
amination and allowance of his final account and  
that he may be discharged from his trust as such  
administrator.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the  
Thirtieth day of January next

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for  
the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at  
law of said deceased, and all other persons inter-  
ested in said estate, are required to appear at a  
session of said court, then to be holden at the  
Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in  
said county, and show cause, if any there be,  
why the prayer of the petitioner should not be  
granted: And it is further Ordered, That said  
petitioner give notice to the persons interested in  
said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and  
of the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this or-  
der to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
a newspaper printed and circulated in said coun-  
ty of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous  
to said day of hearing.

CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.) Attest.

### Executor's Sale.

In the matter of the Estate of Antoine Bant  
deceased.  
Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at pub-  
lic auction, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday,  
the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock  
in the afternoon, at the front door of the post office  
in the Village of Zeeland, in the County of Ot-  
tawa, in the State of Michigan, pursuant to Li-  
cense authority granted to me on the 9th day of  
November A. D. 1889, by the Probate Court of  
Ottawa County, Michigan, all of the estate, right,  
title and interest of said deceased, in and to the  
real estate situated and being in the County of  
Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, known and  
described as follows: To-wit: Beginning at the  
East half of the North East quarter and the  
South West quarter of the North East quarter  
of section Thirty-two (32) and the South East  
quarter of the North West quarter and the North  
East quarter of the South West quarter of said  
Section Thirty-two (32) all in Town Six (6) North  
of Range Fourteen (14) West; Lot Three (3) of  
Block Twelve (12) of South-West addition to the  
city of Holland; The West half of Lot Thirteen  
(13) of Block Four (4) of the Village of Zeeland;  
Lot Fourteen (14) of Block Four (4) of the Village  
of Zeeland; and so much of Lot One (1) of Block  
One (1) of Koppel's addition to the Village of Zeeland  
as is bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at  
the South East corner of said Lot and running  
thence East along the South line of said Lot fifty  
two (52) feet, thence North one hundred (100) feet,  
thence West Twenty (20) feet, thence North to  
the North line of said Lot, thence East to the  
North East corner of said Lot, and thence South  
to the place of beginning.

Dated, Nov. 27 A. D. 1889.

JANETTE BANT, Ex-ecutor.

# ATTENTION! The World's Fair - All Ready for the Holidays!

is Chicago's latest, but

A fine lot of  
**Top Buggies**  
just received at

**J. FLIEMAN'S.**

These buggies will be sold cheap.

The improved Ira I. Hunt Spring  
Tooth Harrows and Cultivators kept in  
stock. Steel clad on bottom without  
extra charge to purchasers, and farmers  
need not be afraid to purchase them,  
as there is no royalty to pay, as there  
is, or may be on some other harrows.

**The St. Joseph Manufacturing  
Co. Plows and Repairs. These  
are the best.**

My shop is the best place in Holland  
to have your wagon or buggy repaired  
and painted.

The new Truce Brace and Common  
Sense Sand Band is now used on my  
wagons. This is a good thing. Call  
and see it.

Farmers and other good citizens are  
invited to call at my wagon works and  
examine the fine stock I have on hand.  
All goods sold are warranted.

JACOB FLIEMAN,  
HOLLAND, MICH.

## WATCH!!

But don't wait when you want to buy

**Watches, Clocks,  
Jewelry, Silverware,**

But everything kept in a first-class

**JEWELRY STORE**

But go to

**O. BREYMAN & SON**

And be assured of good goods, low  
prices and courteous treatment.

We have in our employ a  
first class watchmaker and are  
prepared to do repairing of all  
kinds in a satisfactory manner  
and on short notice.

We sell goods cheaper than  
ever and are constantly adding  
to our stock all the latest de-  
signs and novelties in Jewelry  
and Plated Ware.

Call on us and examine our goods,  
learn our prices and be convinced.

O. BREYMAN & SON.

Holland, Mich., March 15, 1888.

## SALESMEN

Salary or Commission Paid Weekly;  
steady work; reliable stock; prompt  
free; no experience needed. Write for terms  
and testimonials. (Refer to this paper.)  
**J. B. NELLIS & CO.**  
Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

## ANCHOR LINE MAIL

STEAMSHIPS  
ARE STRICTLY  
FIRST CLASS  
AND AMONG  
THE LARGEST, FASTEST AND FINEST IN THE WORLD.  
Passenger accommodations unequalled.

New York to Glasgow via Londonderry.

Furness, Dec. 4th. | Ethiopea, Dec. 14th.  
Circassia, Dec. 7th. | Anchuria, Dec. 21st.

New York to Agoras, Gibraltar and Italy.

Anasyra, Dec. 18th. | Victoria, Jan. 4th.

Sailors, Second-Class and Steerage rates lowest  
terms. Excursion Tickets returned, made available to re-  
turn by either the Pictureque Clyde and North of Ire-  
land, or River Mersey and South of Ireland, or Naples  
and Gibraltar.

Excursions to Paris and Continental Tours on low-  
est terms. Travelers' Circular Letters of Credit and  
Drafts for any amount at discount rate. Apply to  
any of our local agents, or to  
**HENDERSON BROTHERS, Chicago, Ill.**

## Chicago and West Michigan Railway

**TIME TABLE.**  
Taking Effect Dec. 15, 1889.

Trains Arrive and Depart from Holland as below:

DEPART—CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

For Chicago..... 9 25 a.m. 12 30 p.m. 12 40 a.m.  
For Grand Rapids..... 9 25 a.m. 12 30 p.m. 12 40 a.m.  
For Muskegon and Grand Haven..... 9 25 a.m. 12 30 p.m. 12 40 a.m.  
For Hart, Pen water, 5 30 6 40  
For Big Rapids..... 5 30 6 40  
For Allegan..... 9 25 2 40

ARRIVE.

From Chicago..... 4 50 9 15 9 35 p.m.  
From Grand Rapids..... 9 25 2 35 6 35 9 35 11 50  
From Muskegon and Grand Haven..... 9 25 2 35 6 35 9 35 11 50  
From Hart Pentwater..... 9 25 5 00  
From Big Rapids..... 2 30 11 40  
From Allegan..... 10 15 1 15 4 15 9 15

Daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.  
Palace Sleeping Cars to and from Chicago on  
night trains.  
Tickets to all points in the United States and  
Canada.

W. A. GAVETT, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.  
J. F. BEEKIE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket  
W. A. CARPENTER, Traffic Manager.

**E. HEROLD,**  
Eighth street, has something new in  
the line of

**BOOTS and SHOES**

at reasonable prices. An experience of  
many years enables him to select the  
best stock and to suit all classes of  
customers.

We have just received a  
bran new stock, and it will be  
money in your pocket to call  
on us and inspect these goods.  
We guarantee satisfaction.

**Gray Bros. Shoes**

A Specialty.

E. HEROLD.

The time for cold weather is  
at hand, and so is our well  
selected stock of

## WINTER GOODS.

bought direct from manufacturers, and  
will be sold at small margins, which  
means lower than the lowest.

**SUITS! SUITS!  
OVERCOATS!  
PANTS! PANTS! PANTS!**

Fur and Plush Caps,  
Wool Shirts and Underwear,  
for

**Men, Boys and Children.**

Also several hundred different kinds  
of Mufflers, Gloves, Mittens, Neckties,  
Hosiery, Silk Handkerchiefs, Cuffs and  
Collars, Cuffs and Collar Buttons, Um-  
brellas, and Rubber Goods.